

Strayed or Stolen,

FROM the subscriber at Lexington, N. C. on Friday evening, the 10th inst. a dark grey Mare, 4 years old, with feet, 16 hands high, has two small knots above each eye, which are plainly to be seen on examination. Also a scar on her left hind leg, just above the hoof; the bone of her tail has been cut; she had, when she went away, a tolerably long switch tail, white at the end; no other marks recollected. Lam led to believe she was stolen, as the time to which she was sold was 1871. I will give a reward of twenty-five dollars for the thief and mare, or an dollar for the mare alone, and all reasonable expenses paid. 3778
August 14, 1877. DAVID WAGGONER.

State of North Carolina, Lincoln county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, July session, 1877. Thomas Hixon and others, by their guardian E. H. Hixson, vs. Samuel A. McKennie and wife, Solomon Store and wife, and John Fiddell and wife: It appearing to the court that the defendants, Samuel A. McKennie and wife, Solomon Store and wife, and John Fiddell and wife, are not inhabitants of this state, it is therefore ordered by court, that notice be given by publication six weeks in the Western Carolinian, requiring the said Samuel A. McKennie and wife, Solomon Store and wife, and John Fiddell and wife, to appear at the next county court of pleas and quarter sessions, to be held for said county at the court-house in Lincoln county, on the fourth Monday after the fourth in September next, then and there to answer or demur to the said petition, otherwise it will be taken pro confesso, and adjudged accordingly. Witness V. McBee, Clerk of said court, at Lincolnton, the 3d Monday in July, 1877. 180 VANDRY McBEE, c. c.

State of North Carolina, Lincoln county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, July session, 1877. John M. Mox, vs. Henry Sides: Original attachment, levied on three negroes, viz: Milton, Sarah, and Sam. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Henry Sides, the defendant, is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered by court, that he appear at the next county court of pleas and quarter sessions, to be held for Lincoln county, at the court-house in Lincoln county, on the fourth Monday after fourth in September next, reply and plead to issue, or judgment by default will be entered up against him. Ordered, that publication hereof be made six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian. Witness V. McBee, Clerk of the said court, at Lincolnton, the 3d Monday in July, 1877. 180 VANDRY McBEE, c. c.

State of North Carolina, Lincoln county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, July session, 1877. Joseph Gladon, vs. Henry Sides: Original attachment, levied on a wagon and a still. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Henry Sides, the defendant, is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered by court, that he appear at the next county court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for Lincoln county, at the court-house in Lincoln county, on the fourth Monday after the fourth in September next, reply and plead to issue, or judgment by default will be entered up against him. Ordered, that publication hereof be made six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian. Witness V. McBee, Clerk of the said court, at Lincolnton, the 3d Monday in July, 1877. 180 VANDRY McBEE, c. c.

State of North Carolina, Lincoln county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, July session, 1877. Isaac Erwin, vs. Nathan M. Hoyle: Original attachment, levied on land, and summoned Burrell Wells and others, garnishees. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Nathan M. Hoyle, the defendant, is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered by court, that notice be given by publication six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, requiring the said Nathan to appear at the county court of pleas and quarter sessions, to be held for said county at the court-house in Lincolnton, on the fourth Monday after the fourth in September next, reply and plead to issue, or judgment by default will be entered up against him. Witness V. McBee, Clerk of said court, at office, the 3d Monday in July, 1877. 180 VANDRY McBEE, c. c.

State of North Carolina, Lincoln county:

COURT of pleas and quarter sessions, July session, 1877. James Hinsel and others, vs. Henry Sadler, dec'd. It appearing to the court, that Zachariah Sadler, one of the defendants, is not an inhabitant of this state, it is therefore ordered by court, that notice be given by publication six weeks in the Western Carolinian, requiring the said Zachariah Sadler to appear at the next county court of pleas and quarter sessions to be held for said county, at the court-house in Lincolnton, the fourth Monday after the fourth in September next, then and there to answer or demur to the said petition, otherwise it will be taken pro confesso, and adjudged accordingly. Witness V. McBee, Clerk of the said court, at Lincolnton, the 3d Monday in July, 1877. 180 VANDRY McBEE, c. c.

State of North Carolina, Rutherford county:

SUPERIOR Court of Law, April term, 1877. Lewis McLean vs. Cynthia McLean: Petition for divorce. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Cynthia McLean, the defendant, is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered by court, that publication be made three months in the Western Carolinian, giving notice to the defendant, that she appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be held for Rutherford county, at the court-house in Rutherford county, on the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday of September next, then and there to answer, plead or demur to said petition, otherwise it will be taken pro confesso, and adjudged accordingly. Witness James Morris, clerk of said court, at office, the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday of March, A. D. 1877, and in the 51st year of the Independence of the United States. 3m79 JAMES MORRIS, CPE.

State of North Carolina, Stokes county:

SUPERIOR Court of Law, April term, 1877. Eve Snow vs. William Snow: Petition for divorce. It appearing to the court, that two subpoenas were issued to the defendant and returned not found, and proclamation having been made according to act of assembly, it is ordered by the court that publication be made in the Greensboro Patriot and Western Carolinian for three months, that unless the defendant appears and files at next term of this court, which will be held at Germantown on the 3d Monday in September next, the petition will be heard ex parte, and judgment entered accordingly. 3m181 THOS. T. ARMSTRONG, CPE.

Co-Partnership.

NOTICE.—The subscribers having recently formed a connection for the transacting of a WHOLESALE Grocery and Commission Business, would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. Having made the necessary arrangements for the better conducting of a Commission Business, being provided with good Ware Houses, for the storage of COTTON, a safe, substantial, and well built Boat for the transportation of all produce that may be entrusted to their care; with a pledge that no want of attention on their part in the facilitating of all Commission Business they may be favored with, they flatter themselves with the hope of giving very general satisfaction. Their Ware-houses are now ready for the reception of country produce generally. Cotton will be received on storage, sold here, or shipped coastwise, if required. They have now on hand a very general assortment of GROCERIES, with a heavy stock of every article in their line, which is well selected, and which they flatter themselves they will be enabled to offer on as good terms as any House this side of Baltimore. HORTONS & HUTTON, Fayetteville, August 1st, 1877. 754

NEW Medical and Drug Store. E. WILLEY & Co. A. H. now receiving and opening, in Salisbury, a very general supply of MEDICINE, DRUGS, &c. which they offer for sale, wholesale and retail, on terms accommodating to the times. Arrangements being made at the North, they will be constantly receiving all articles in their line, of the latest importations. E. WILLEY, having devoted fifteen years to the Practice of Physic, flatters himself that he shall be enabled, by paying strict personal attention to the Apothecary Business, and particularly to the chemical and compound preparations, to please all those who may wish to purchase. Country Physicians, Merchants, & other individuals, are respectfully invited to call and supply themselves; or, by sending their orders, they shall be as faithfully dealt with as by personal application. Salisbury, June 1st, 1877. 65

Valuable Property. BEING determined upon removing to the Western Country, the subscriber offers for sale, the whole of his valuable possessions, lying on the south side of the Yadkin river, and on both sides of Grant's Creek, adjoining lands of James L. Long, Adam Miller, and others, between 3 and 6 miles of Salisbury, Rowan county, N. C. There is, in all, 1000 acres of Land, a good portion of which is first rate land in the county. On the premises there are a good country dwelling-house, corn-cris, stables, and all necessary out-houses. A sufficient quantity of land in under cultivation, probably to employ 14 or 15 hands; with a sufficient quantity of excellent meadow ground cleared, to answer all purposes, and a considerable quantity uncleared. The land is susceptible of being, and will be, as may suit purchasers, divided into two or more plantations. Also, will be disposed of, the subscriber's interest (the half) in the valuable MILL, known as Long's Mill, on Grant's Creek, between 3 and 4 miles from Salisbury: The subscriber being determined to sell, all the above property, or any part of it, will be disposed of on the most accommodating terms to the purchaser. Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to examine the premises;—which, in my absence, will be shown by my brother, James L. Long, living near Long's Ferry;—or by my Overseer, on the premises. RICHARD W. LONG, Rowan county, July 3d, 1877. 704

For Sale, or Rent, MY House and Lot in the Town of Concord. It is in a central part of the town, and is a very eligible stand for the Mercantile or any other kind of business, having been advantageously occupied as a Store for many years; there is a good Dwelling, and necessary out buildings, on the lot, immediately adjoining the store. A great bargain may be had in the purchase of the premises. If not sold, they will be Rented again. For further particulars, apply to MICHAEL BROWN, Salisbury. 64

House and Lot for Sale, OR RENT. THE subscriber offers for Sale, or Rent, the house and Lot in the Town of Lexington, N. C. formerly owned and occupied by John P. Mahy: the lot is large and has on it a convenient two story dwelling house, containing nine comfortable rooms; with a good Kitchen, Smoke-House, Ice-House, Stables, &c. The Garden is not inferior to any in the place. The lot has on it a good Well, and is convenient to and has on very accommodating terms. Persons desirous of purchasing, or renting, are invited to view the premises. JOHN H. HENLEY, August 25th, 1877. 6182

Estate of Jacob Goble, sen. HAVING qualified, at August term, 1877, of Rowan County Court, as Executors on the estate of Jacob Goble sen. deceased, we desire all persons indebted to said estate, to make payment immediately; and all those having claims against said estate, will present them legally authenticated, for payment, within the time prescribed by law, otherwise this notice will plead in bar of their recovery. FREDERICK COPE, GODFREY RATTS, August 20, 1877. 3779

Committed to the Jail OWEN county, on the 20th of May, 1877, a negro man who says his name is SANDY, he is 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, about 25 years old, very black, speaks quick, has lost some of his upper front teeth rather on the left side, both ears cropped, and says he belongs to James Blackman, Lancaster district, South Carolina, who purchased him in the lower part of this state, and that he left his master below Charlotte. The owner is desired to come and prove property, pay charges, and take the negro away. CHARLES PHELPS, Jailor, May 31st, 1877. 65

Blank Bank Bonds, DRAWN after the form recently adopted by the State Bank, for sale at the office of the Western Carolinian. July, 1877.

PONTY.

RELIGION. Oh! wide they wander from the path of truth, Who point Religion with a brow of gloom! Her step is buoyant with unfeeling youth, Her features radiant with immortal bloom.

In life's gay morning, when the crimson tide Of pleasure dances through each burning vein, She leads with guardian care her charge aside From the broad passage of unending pain.

And when the fleeting joys of time are past, And dark dependency on the spirit preys, She hails, with holy hope, the sufferer cast To brighter regions his confiding gaze.

From selfish fears—from low debasing cares, From here she leads the sinking soul to save; For her its sweetest smile creation wears, For her no terror has the frowning grave.

No—should this scene in headlong ruin close, Each shatter'd planet from its orbit move, She would not tremble, for full well she knows, The arm is near her of Unbounded Love.

On her white breast a sparkling cross she wore, Which Jews might kiss, and infidels adore. Her lively looks a sprightly mind disclose, Quick as her eye, and as unfeeling as those; Favours to none, to all she smiles extends; Oft she rejects, but never once offends.

Bright as the sun her eyes the gaze strike, And, like the sun, they shine on all alike. Yet graceful ease, and sweetness void of pride, Might hide their faults, if belles had faults to hide; If to her share some female errors fall, Look on her face, and you'll forget them all.

He that loves a rosy cheek, Or a coral lip admires, Or for starlike eyes doth seek, Pled to maintain his fires; As old Time makes these decay, So his flames must waste away.

But a smooth and steadfast mind, Gentle thoughts and calm desires, Hearts with equal love combin'd, Kindle never-dying fires. Where there are not despise, Lovely cheeks, or lips, or eyes."

FOR THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

Mr. White: The sixth anniversary of the Irredell County Bible Society, was held in Statesville on the first Monday in August. It was quite gratifying to witness, on this occasion, a very numerous audience, embracing no inconsiderable proportion of the intelligence and piety of the county. The Rev. John Robinson, of Poplar Tent, delivered an excellent and appropriate discourse, from these words: "But can ye not discern the signs of the times?" (Mat. 16. 3.) After a perspicuous explication of his text, in which he showed the great criminality of the Jews in rejecting the abundant evidence which Christ afforded of his Divine Mission, the preacher proceeded to enumerate and illustrate several signs of the present day. He considered, and very justly too, it is believed, the establishment and prosperity of Missionary, Bible, Tract, and Sunday school Societies, and the observance of the Monthly Concert of Prayer throughout the Christian world, as constituting some of the peculiar signs of the times in which we live. Not to discern the signs in the moral and religious world at this day, indicates a state of mind nearly allied to that with which the Jews rejected and crucified Jesus Christ. For in the one instance, Christ gave the Jews the most convincing evidence of his Divine Character, but they rejected that evidence; in the other, the present world equally clear signs that he is about to establish his holy religion and his glorious kingdom throughout the whole earth; but thousands unhappily see not, believe not, these signs.

This discourse, of which the writer is utterly unable to give any adequate description, was truly animating to the friends of Christ, and highly instructing to those who have not been accustomed to bestow much attention on such subjects. Impressions favourable to Bible Societies, and other kindred institutions, must have been made on minds of candor and intelligence. The light of Divine truth is advancing on the empire of darkness, with rapidity and a majesty which cannot much longer be concealed, or regarded with indifference by a son or daughter of Adam. James Campbell, Esq. of the Methodist connexion, read the annual report of the managers: 37 Bibles and 63 Testaments, have been put into circulation during the past year. Since the society went into operation (in Dec. 1822) 1330 Bibles and Testaments have been received into its depository. Of these, only 38 Bibles 85 Testaments remain. During the past year, \$150 has been remitted to the American Bible Society; which added to \$700 forwarded in preceding years, makes \$850, a sum nearly equal to the original price of 1330 Bibles and Testaments which have been received from the Parent Society, and 50 pocket

Bibles, which are now on their way from New-York.

The Sheriff has recently, in collecting the annual taxes of the county, rendered the Bible Society an important service, for which its managers feel truly thankful. He readily undertook, at the request of the managers, to ascertain the number of families in the county destitute of a Bible. With the assistance of several gentlemen, he ascertained that there are 350 families in Irredell county, which are without the Sacred Volume. But as the examination was not, in some instances, thorough, (perhaps in comparatively few was it entirely so,) the Sheriff is of the opinion that the number of destitute families in the county is not less than 300. It is a gratifying circumstance, that the Sheriff and his associates, in prosecuting their benevolent object, uniformly met with kind treatment. It is not known that any offence was given, or any abuse was offered.

Of the resolutions agreed to by the Society, the three following are worthy of mention:

1. Resolved, unanimously, that 300 copies of the report of the managers be printed for circulation;

2. Resolved, unanimously, that the thanks of this society be given to the Rev. J. H. Robinson, for his able and impressive discourses; and that he be requested to furnish a copy for publication.

3. Resolved, unanimously, that 300 Bibles, and 100 Testaments, be ordered, with the view of supplying every destitute family in Irredell county with a copy of the Holy Scriptures. The funds of the Society now on hand, are far from being sufficient to meet the expense attending the execution of this resolution. But the Society having hitherto experienced the blessing of the Most High, in their humble efforts to promote the circulation of the inspired volume, and feeling that the spiritual wants of their fellow-men call upon them for more vigorous efforts, they would cheerfully proceed in what appears to them to be the path of duty. They would thankfully and promptly perform the work allotted them, lest the night overtake them when no work can be done. And they would renewedly and respectfully invite the philanthropist, the patriot and the Christian, to co-operate with them in prosecuting a work which brings good to man, and glory to God. A MEMBER.

* As Mr. Robinson retired from the Society at an early hour, it is not known to the writer, whether he will consent to the publication of his sermon.

OPIUM EATING.

In a late medical dissertation on the different agents of intoxication, it is asserted that a fondness for opium, as of ardent spirits, increases with use until it becomes nearly essential for bodily comfort and peace of mind. Some will take to the extent of one or two drachms daily, others make a practice of swallowing half an ounce of laudanum night and morning. The most extraordinary instance on record, of the power of habit to bring the body to withstand this drug is the case of a person in England who daily took eight thousand drops of laudanum, containing 320 grains of opium. This enormous quantity he suddenly reduced to 1000 drops, or 40 grains. "Instantaneously," says he, "and as it by magic, the cloud of profoundest melancholy which rested upon my brain, like some black vapours which I have seen roll away from the summits of the mountains, drew off in one day; passed off with its mirky banners as simultaneously, as a ship that has been stranded and is floated off by the spring tide." Charleston Observer.

NOBODY.

There is not a more arrant knave in all Christendom than a certain noted personage who goes by the name of Nobody.

If your furniture be broken or defaced, and you make inquiry of your kitchen folks, it presently appears from their testimony, that it was done by Nobody.

If your farming tools be lost or spoiled, and you inquire who lost or spoiled them, you will find it was Nobody.

If a false and scandalous story be told against you, and be breezed over town and country before you know it, and you try hard to find out the original author, nine chances in ten, that it will turn out that Nobody made it. Boston paper.

MRS. WHIPPLE.

The Hampshire Gazette, in commenting on the acquittal of Mrs. Whipple, as an accomplice in the murder (at Albany, New-York) of her husband, John Whipple, remarks: Though she has escaped from the arm of retributive justice in this world by the acquittal of the jury, yet those who read the testimony adduced in the case, must be convinced that she is one of the most profligate and abandoned wretches that ever escaped the halter—that she was accessory to the murder of her husband, whom she had sworn to love, honor and obey—that husband from whom she had ever received the most kind, tender and affectionate treatment. She is permitted to live, but she will live an object of abhorrence and detestation, shunned and avoided by every friend of virtue and decency. "This world," says the N. Y. Com. Advertiser, "can present only a desolate waste to her contemplation. She can only look to some solitary nook, where she may hide her head until she is summoned to her last account. Before that time comes, may she have made her peace with the Judge, from whose sentence there is no appeal."

"They Say."—"They say" tells that which is not true at least three quarters of the time. He is about the worst authority you can produce to support the credibility of your statement. Scarcely was there ever a suspicious report put in circulation, but this Mr. They Say was the author of it, and he always escapes responsibility and detection, because living just no where, he can never be found. Who said that Mr. E., the merchant, was supposed to be in a failing condition? Why, "They Say" so. Is it a fact, that Miss G. is not so circum-spect as she should be? Why, "They Say" so. Plague on this Mr. They Say. He is half brother to that Mr. Nobody who always does all the mischief, and lives no where, but in the inventive brain of those who undeserving respect themselves, are desirous to pull down others to their own level. We always suspect the truth of a report which comes from the authority of "They Say."—Gard. Chron.

LOVERS' ATTENTION!

Telegraph.—If a gentleman wants a wife, he wears a ring on the first finger of the left hand; if he be engaged, he wears it on the second finger; if married, on the third; and on the fourth if he never intends to be married. When a lady is disengaged, she wears a hoop or diamond on the first finger; if married, on the third; and on the fourth if she intends to die a maid. When a gentleman presents a flower, a fan or a bracelet to a lady with his left hand, it is on his part an overture of regard; should she receive with the left hand, it is considered as an acceptance of his esteem; but if with the right hand it is a refusal of an offer. Thus by a few single tokens explained by rule, the passion of love is expressed; and, through the medium of the telegraph, the most delicate and difficult communications without difficulty, communicate his sentiments of regard for a lady; and (in case his offer should be declined) avoid experiencing the mortification of an explicit refusal.

Sheridan being in the country on a visit, an elderly maiden lady, for whose society he had no fancy, set her heart on being his companion in a walk. He excused himself at first on account of the badness of the weather, but was soon afterwards intercepted in an attempt to escape without her. "Well, it has cleared up, I see." "Why, yes," he answered, "it has cleared up, enough for one, but not for two."

It may be useful to our fair readers to know that muffs, tippets, and other articles of fur which, when put into any kind of wood or paper box or drawer, are generally liable to injury from moths, if put into tin-boxes, will remain for years uninjured.—Album.

Apple trees.—Mr. Lowell, of Roxbury, states in the New England Farmer, that a disease has this year appeared on many apple trees, which resembles in its effects the disease of the pear trees. It attacks the extremities, which die suddenly, and become hard and dry.

It is safer to be attacked by some men, than to be protected by them.

"How do dent?" was pr