

# Western Carolinian.

SALISBURY, N. C. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1827.

[VOL. VIII.....NO. 893.]

**TERMS.**  
The terms of the Western Carolinian are, \$3 per annum—or \$2 50, if paid in advance—but payment in advance will be required from all subscribers at a distance, who are unknown to the Editor, unless some responsible person of his acquaintance guarantees the payment.  
No paper discontinued, (except at the option of the Editor) until all arrearages are paid.  
Advertisements will be inserted at fifty cents per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent one.  
All letters addressed to the Editor, must be post-paid, or they may not be attended to.

**CASH.**  
**THE MOTHER and LIFE of TRADE.**  
The subscriber having removed his Store to Concord, respectfully invites all those who are indebted to him to come forward and settle by the first day of March next. Those who fail in complying, may rest assured that their notes and accounts will be placed forthwith in the hands of officers for collection.  
EDWARD CRESS.  
Salisbury, Dec. 5th, 1827. 92

**CASH WANTED!**  
The subscriber has declined crediting his Goods, and requests those indebted to him, to make payment against the first of February next, as longer indulgence need not be expected. I will sell

**GOODS**  
at reduced prices hereafter, for CASH ALONE.  
GEO. MC'CONAUGHEY.  
Salisbury, Nov. 29, 1827. 91

**THE SUBSCRIBERS**  
Have in part received their FALL SUPPLY of

**GROCERIES:**  
The whole of which is expected to arrive during the ensuing week, which they offer to their friends and the public in general, for CASH. Their stock will consist in part of the following

**ARTICLES, Viz:**  
30 lbs New Orleans, St. Croix and Porto Rico Sugars,  
25 bbl. loaf and lump do.  
40 bbl. prime Laguira Coffee,  
10 bags Mountain St. Domingo do.  
5 do. Pepper,  
50 pieces cotton Bagging, 42 inches,  
25 coils bale Rope.  
1 box choice Cavendish Tobacco,  
75 bbls apple Brandy—25 do. Rye Whiskey,  
10 do. N. E. Rum—10 do. American Gin,  
5 bbls Jamaica Spirits,  
3 do. Antigua Rum—1 do. Shrub,  
6 pipes old Cognac Brandy, (favorite brands),  
2 do. old Schiedam Gin,  
5 quarts casks Tenerife,  
5 do. do Sherry,  
2 pipe old Madeira,  
8 half pipes sweet Malaga,  
10 do. quarts casks do.  
2 quarts casks old Port,  
8 boxes Imperial,  
6 do. G. Powder, } **WINE.**  
4 do. Y. Hyson, } **TEAS.**  
1 bbl. Copraes, } **LATEST IMPORTATION.**  
1 ceroon Bengal Indigo, in packages of from 3 1/2 to 4 lbs each,  
30 kegs Orange Powder,  
1 box Mustard (for family use)  
5 boxes sperm Candles,  
5 casks choice Goshen Cheese,  
1 cask Epson Salts, (warranted genuine)  
10 kegs ground Ginger,  
1 bbl. Philadelphia Starch,  
50 bags Shot, assorted Numbers,  
101 in whole, half and quarter boxes fresh Malaga Raisins, warranted fresh, and well worthy the attention of families,  
18 tons assorted Swedes Iron,  
1000 bushels Liverpool Salt,  
With many other articles in their line.  
All kinds of Country Produce taken in payment.

**ALSO,**  
10 cases of WOOL HATS,  
9 do. fine fur do.  
4 do. wool and cotton Cards,  
13 pieces twilled negro Cloth,  
10 reams writing Paper,  
Knives and forks, butchers knives, shoe knives, single and double bladed pen and pocket knives, pad locks, stock locks, gun locks, trunk locks, butt hinges, wood screws, horse flams, nail and spike gimlets, table spoons, lead faucets, sheep shears, keyhole, tenon and hand saws, claw hammers, club and cooper's axes, shingling hatchets, post and yankee coffee mills, shovels and tongs, steel yards, poll chains, screw augers, gouges and chisels, chest hinges, shoe pincers and rasps, curry combs, saw mill files, cow hide whips, plated spurs, razors, shaving boxes, spectacles and cases, black lead and slate pencils, English slates, boxes soap, German, English and cast Steel, castings, trace chains, blacksmith's hammers, &c. &c.  
Well worthy the attention of Country Merchants as they will be sold low for cash to close a consignment. HORTONS & HUTTON.  
Fayetteville, October 29, 1827. 901

**CARD.**  
**E. WILLEY & CO.**  
(At the Sign of the Mortar and Pestle.)  
**H**AVE just received from New York, a large supply of  
**Drugs, Medicines, and Paints;**  
which, together with their former stock, make their present assortment replete with the most valuable Medicines sold in our country. As they are determined to make this establishment worthy of public patronage, they now offer for sale, Wholesale and Retail, the above Medicines, &c. on the most reasonable terms.

Physicians in this section of the country, as well as those to the westward, who, heretofore, have been in the habit of supplying themselves with Medicines from the north, and elsewhere, will find it for their interest to encourage the efforts of the present proprietors, in making this a useful and permanent stand.  
N. B. Orders carefully and punctually put up, agreeably to directions; and on the shortest notice.  
Salisbury, Nov. 20th, 1827. 89

## THE PRESIDENCY.

FOR THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

At a large and respectable meeting of the friends of General Andrew Jackson, at Grayson Court-House, Virginia, on Wednesday the 28th November, 1827, Maj. William Oglesby was called to the chair, and Dr. Micajah Oglesby appointed secretary: The object of the meeting having been explained by Samuel McCamant, Esq. on motion, the following persons were appointed a committee, to prepare and report a preamble and resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting, to wit: Mr. McCamant, Mr. James Waugh, Col. Stephen Hail, Capt. Benjamin Cooley, Dr. Micajah Oglesby, Mr. Jonathan Cook, and Mr. Joshua Hawks; who having retired for a short time, reported the following preamble and resolutions, which having been read, were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, it appears that the friends of the administration are calling meetings in different parts of the eastern section of this state, and making a considerable display of their strength, which may induce our friends and the good citizens of our sister states to believe that the friends of General Jackson are decreasing in number, or becoming indifferent to his cause, and whereas, we hold it to be an indispensable duty, which we as republican citizens owe to our country, to declare, in the most unequivocal terms, our warm and sincere attachment to General Jackson, and our opposition to John Q. Adams;—Because, in Gen. Jackson we see the honest man, a patriot well tried, a politician of ample experience and qualifications, a man whose nature has made great, and one whose strength and quickness of judgment sufficiently qualify him for any exigencies in our affairs: We view him as a distinguished individual, as well for his military as his civil services: In offices under the Government of the State of Tennessee and the Government of the United States, as counsel for at law, legislator, senator, judge, and governor: Several of which offices he has been called to more than once by the voice of those who know best how to appreciate his worth: We have met not to bend the knee in adulation to a powerful individual, or pay court to men who hold or have the distribution of lucrative offices, but in the independent character of free and high minded Virginians, to discuss public measures, to scrutinize the conduct of public men, expose their errors, unmask their ambition, and protect our dear-bought rights from dangerous encroachments: We will "honor the man who has filled the measure of his country's glory," the citizen soldier who reposes on his laurels in the shades of private life; a child of '76, who was cradled in the Revolution, and upon whom the Father of our country as he ascended to Heaven, cast his mantle, that he might stand in his stead, in our second war for independence: We will support the patriot whose genius and valor won for him self immortal renown, and for his country never-fading glory: How striking the contrast between this distinguished man and his competitor, John Q. Adams; look for a moment upon our hero in his youth, and then upon the young bantling of nobility: See Gen. Jackson, at an early age, fighting and bleeding for the liberties we now enjoy; his youthful brother perishing at his side by the hand of despotism, and his bereaved mother rapidly following him to the grave, leaving young Andrew an orphan to struggle alone with poverty and destitution: See the youth full Adams, born of illustrious parents, and laid in the lap of wealth, raised and educated in Europe; imbibing in his infancy, and confirming in his approach to manhood, the principles of aristocracy and monarchy: Not many years since he stigmatised our government as "weak and penurious," predicted disaster and defeat to our armies, and at the same time was enriching himself by unconscionable drafts upon its suffering treasury: Gen. Jackson would have sunk his fortune with his country;—John Q. Adams would make his fortune out of the sinking country: John Q. Adams, pursuing the original impulse of his mind, is found at an early day co-operating with and aiding the New England federalists in their attempts at disunion; supporting every measure of his father's administration, and after the elder Adams had been driven from power by an injured and indignant people, he is found wielding his sarcastic pen against the immortal Jefferson, and making every effort in his power to degrade and destroy the democratic party: Such we believe was his course until the cause of federalism became hopeless; when he abandons his former friends, emerges from the ruins of his party, and in order to gain place and power, professes to repent of his sins, puts on the garb of a democrat, and seeks for the reward of an apostate: This we believe is an

outline of the political character of the present incumbent; who has been placed at the head of the nation through management, bargain and intrigue, and against the express will of a majority of the people, of which we think there is ample evidence, before the public to convince the mind of every candid and unprejudiced reader: As freemen, we hold it a self-evident truth, that the elective franchise is a right of the first importance to the citizens of the American republic: it is a high and invaluable privilege which ought to be exercised with inflexible fidelity and accurate discrimination; and as the liberty and happiness of the present age, as well as ages yet to come, are deeply involved in the preservation of this palladium of liberty, it is our duty to transmit it to our posterity, unsullied by the contamination of patronage, and unimpaired by the arts of intrigue: This privilege, thus secured to us by the heroic valor, enlightened efforts, and persevering patriotism of our ancestors—consecrated by the blood of freedom's martyrs generously shed in its attainment; endeared by the many important and practical blessings which it has conferred, and rendered inestimable by happily maintaining political equality, political rights and civil and religious liberty—cannot be surrendered while we remain true to the pure principles of republicanism, or while we cherish that sacred respect which we owe to ourselves as the descendants of men who were jealous of their rights and vigilant in their preservation: Therefore, as American citizens, solicitous of perpetuating our free institutions unimpaired, we deem it an imperative duty to discountenance every citizen recreant to the cause of his country,—to watch our public servants, and honestly scrutinize their conduct, and to preserve the purity of elections from the baneful influence of those insidious arts, corrupt intrigues and degrading bargains which were shamefully practised at the election of the present incumbent: Though we are compelled, for a while, to endure the mournful spectacle of political jugglers, who seem to be obdurate in guilt and insensible to infamy, reaping the harvest of their treachery, yet we trust, that in due season an insulted people will rise in the majesty of their strength, and visit with merited retribution those who have deceitfully betrayed them, thereby showing that they properly appreciate, well know, and knowing, will maintain their rights:

Resolved, therefore, that we will use all fair and honorable means to support Gen. Andrew Jackson, as a candidate for the presidency of the United States.

Resolved, that we deem the election of Gen. Andrew Jackson to the next presidency, essential to the best interest of our country, and that we will leave no fair means untried, individually and collectively, to elevate him to that high and responsible office.

Resolved, that it is our right, it is our duty, to discountenance usurpation, by opposing the usurper; and that upon this principle alone we would be justifiable in using all fair means to prevent the re-election of John Q. Adams.

Resolved, that the temporising policy of the executive, his high toned doctrines, and his contempt of the true principles of the constitution, betray that want of firmness and political honesty which ought to forfeit our confidence and support.

Resolved, that we disapprove of the course pursued by the Secretary of State, in permitting himself to become an electioneering agent; and consider it incompatible with the spirit of our government and degrading to our character.

Resolved, that there are no acts of the present administration that will justify the praises that have been lavished on it; but on the contrary his whole course has been stamped with little else than ill advised appointments, fruitless negotiations, unnecessary missions, and a waste of the public money.

Resolved, that Lewis Hail, and John Blair, our members elect to the General Assembly, be instructed to represent this county at the Jackson Convention to be held in the city of Richmond, on the 8th day of January, 1828; or at such other time as shall be appointed for such convention.

Resolved, that the following persons be appointed a committee of correspondence, for promoting the election of Gen. Andrew Jackson, to wit: Samuel McCamant, Esq. Dr. Micajah Oglesby, William Hail, Stephen Hail, Col. Eli Cook, John Hill, Joseph Fields, Samuel Cox, Ezra Nuckols, William Kenny, John Cook, William Austin, Jacob Connoy, Samuel Fulton, Francis Hail, William Stone, Richard Hail, William Ballard, jr. Thomas J. Morrison, Capt. John B. Michel, Alexander Barrot, Amos Ballard, William Ballard, Esq. John Reaves, Benjamin Phillips,

Enoch Osborn, Alexander Cox, Capt. John Hash, Capt. Thomas Anderson, Capt. Joseph Field, William Jones, Jabez Johnson, Thomas Baldwin, Peter Stephens, Capt. Richard Watkins, and Marshall Seay.

Resolved, that the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the chairman and secretary, and published in the United States Telegraph, Wythe Gazette, Richmond Enquirer, Western Carolinian, and all the papers in the city of Richmond friendly to the cause of Gen. Jackson.

WILLIAM OGLESBY, Chm.  
MICAJAH OGLESBY, Sec'y.

## Legislature of North-Carolina.

SENATE.

Thursday, Nov. 29.—Mr. Shober presented the memorial of sundry members of the south regiment of Stokes county, praying that the officers of said regiment may be compelled to hold the general muster at or near the centre of the district; or that an additional regiment be erected.

Mr. Love, of Haywood, presented the petition of Mary Laylong of Haywood county, praying to be divorced from her husband.

On motion of Mr. Speight of Greene, Resolved, That the joint select committee appointed to examine the accounts of the Treasury, be, and they are hereby empowered to send for persons and papers, and use all necessary means to ensure a full and fair investigation of the subject to them committed.

On motion of Mr. Hinton, Resolved, That the Judiciary committee be instructed to inquire, if any, and what alterations are necessary to be made in the laws respecting the wardens of the poor in the respective counties of the State.

The following engrossed bill making it the duty of the Major General to review the second regiment of Randolph at the usual regimental muster ground was ordered to be enrolled.

Friday, Nov. 30.—Mr. Shober, from the committee appointed to conduct the balloting for a Comptroller, reported that James Grant is elected.

The bill to increase the penalty of the official bonds of the clerks of the several courts of record, and to provide for the deposit and safe keeping said bonds, being read the third time, Mr. Pickett moved to amend the same; which motion was negatived. The bill was then passed and ordered to be engrossed.

Saturday, Dec. 1.—On motion of Mr. Shober, the Judiciary committee was instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending or explaining the acts of Assembly concerning Power in such a way, that when a man dies intestate, possessed of several and distinct tracts of land, a jury summoned for that purpose shall not be restricted to assign for dower the third part in the different tracts separately; but may allot to her, her proportion of the whole in one tract, taking into view the rights of the heirs as well as the interest of the widow.

Mr. Gray presented a resolution in favor of the heirs of Jesse Hendy, deceased, late of Randolph county; which was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Dobson, the name of William P. Ak was added to the nomination for Governor.

Mr. Love, of Haywood, from the select committee to whom was referred the petition of sundry citizens of Haywood county, made a report, which was read; when Mr. Love reported a bill for the division of Haywood county; which passed its first reading. The said report and bill were then committed to a committee of the whole, made the order of the day for Wednesday next, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. McDowell presented the petition of Samuel J. Edney, of Buncombe; and Mr. Ramsey, the petition of Rachel Hamblet, of Chatham, respectively praying for divorces; which were referred to the committee on Divorce and Alimony.

Mr. Shober presented the petition of sundry citizens of Stokes county, praying for authority to clear out the south fork of Muddy creek, and for other purposes. Referred to the committee of Propositions and Grievances.

The engrossed bill authorizing and directing the Speaker of the Senate to exercise all the duties and powers in the meetings of the stockholders, and in the Board of Directors of the State Bank heretofore exercised by the Public Treasurer, passed its first, second and third readings, and was ordered to be enrolled.

## HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Thursday, Nov. 29.—On motion of Mr. Cox, Resolved, that a select committee be appointed, consisting of five members, to enquire into the expediency of amending the existing Patrol Laws of this State.

Messrs. Cox, Speller, N. G. Smith, Borden and Troy form this committee.

On motion of Mr. Elyum, Resolved, That the Judiciary committee be instructed to enquire into the expediency of providing by law, for a certain number of peremptory challenges, in all capital pleas of the State. Which was concurred in.

The following bills were presented, read three times, and passed: a bill passed in 1826, appointing Commissioners to lay off and cause to be opened a public road from Lincolnton to Rutherfordton; by Mr. Neill, a bill compelling the Sheriff of Burke county to give written summons to Jurors; by Mr. Gold, a bill to alter the name of Lindsey Green Doty and Edward Tidwell, of Rutherford, orphan children.

Mr. Allen, of Buncombe, presented a bill to repeal the act passed in 1819, fixing the sum hereafter to be paid to the State for vacant lands; which was read and laid on the table.

Mr. Settle presented a bill to give jurisdiction to Superior Courts in certain cases; which was read and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Boykin, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill to alter the boundary line between the first and second Regiments of Buncombe Militia, which was read the 1st, 2d and 3d times, and ordered to be engrossed.

The engrossed bill to keep open the Tuckasee and Tennessee Rivers and their tributary streams, passed its 1st, 2d and 3d readings, and was ordered to be enrolled.

Mr. Love presented the petition of sundry citizens of Haywood, asking an appropriation of \$1000 for opening a Road; and Mr. Fisher, the petition of John B. Oggs, of Norfolk, Va., praying that certain certificates in his possession, issued by the Commissioners appointed to settle the claims of the officers and soldiers of the Line, in the war of the Revolution, be taken up and paid.

Friday, Nov. 30.—Mr. Newland, from the committee on Divorce and Alimony, reported a bill to secure to Paohee M. Kaughan, such property as she may hereafter acquire.

On motion of Mr. Scott, ordered that the Judiciary committee inquire into the expediency of providing more effectually for the payment of jurors' fees.

Mr. Leonard presented a bill to repeal the several acts of this State relative to the inspection of produce; which passed its first reading.

Mr. Hill, of Wilmington, from the committee on Internal Improvements, to whom was referred the petition of sundry inhabitants of Buncombe county, reported a bill to establish a turnpike road in said county; which was read the first time and passed.

Mr. Hill also made reports on the petition of sundry citizens of the Tuckasee Valley, in Haywood county, praying for the appropriation of \$1,000, for the purpose of opening a road over the Blue Ridge; and on the petition of a number of the citizens of Burke, praying for the appropriation of \$1,000, to be applied to the opening and improving a road from Burke to Rutherford county, recommending that they be rejected. Concurred in.

Saturday, Dec. 1.—Mr. Settle from the committee of Propositions and Grievances, reported unfavorably to the petitions of W. Featherston and John Hardcastle; which report was concurred in.

Mr. Fisher presented a bill authorizing and directing the Speaker of the Senate to exercise all the duties and powers in the meetings of the stockholders, and in the Board of Directors of the State Bank, heretofore exercised by the Public Treasurer; which passed its first, second and third readings, and was ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Troy presented a bill extending the jurisdiction of Justices of the peace in criminal cases; Mr. Boon, a bill prescribing the time within which deeds and conveyances in trust shall hereafter be recorded and registered; and Mr. Ellis, a bill regulating the time and places when and where the Treasurer shall execute his official bond. Which bills were referred to the Judiciary committee. [The latter bill provides that hereafter the Treasurer elect, individuals who are about to become his securities to his official bond, shall execute the said bond in presence of both Houses of the Legislature, and shall in their presence deliver the same to the Governor. That said bond shall be executed within ten days after each and every election of the Treasurer; That within seven days after each and every election of Treasurer, it shall be the duty of the individual elected to said office to present in writing to the Speaker of the House of Commons and the Speaker of the Senate, the names of such persons as are about to become his securities. That previous to the day of