

The spring of the year A. D. 1807, he presided over a meeting convened for the purpose of protesting the Administration of Mr. Jefferson; and in the winter of the same year, we find him abandoning that party, denouncing its views and principles, and advocating the dangerous doctrine that the recommendation of the president compelled the senate of the United States to act, and not deliberate! To these objections, we add, that Mr. Adams was educated and schooled in foreign courts (which has been the boast of his friends) a tutelage ill calculated to inspire a profound respect for the republican institutions of our country; but on the contrary well adapted to inculcate the opinion that our government, in his own language, is "weak and venial," and that the representative of a free people should not be "pained by the will of his constituents."

Your committee believe that the election of Andrew Jackson to the presidency will promote the best interests of our country; we have the fullest confidence in his capacity and political integrity. In his youth, we find him engaged in the glorious controversy, which resulted in our independence; we see him in mature age filling the highest offices of trust which his country could confer on him; and we see him retiring from them with the entire confidence of his constituents, and without a murmur of disapprobation, or a solitary reflection upon his integrity. We have seen him commanding the armies of our country whilst engaged in a war with ruthless enemies. In this situation, he is seen to display talents of the first order, and a devotion to his country, which induced him to risk every thing dear to him as a soldier and a patriot, to save his country. During the last presidential canvass, we beheld him within the reach of the highest office in the gift of a great nation—no law of the republic was to be violated, no feeling of the heart to be outraged, no prejudices of mankind to be shocked, at the reception of it; but he subdued the temptation, as he subdued the foes of his country, and rejected the offer with disdain. In such a man, as President of the United States, the people may safely confide the high destinies of this country.

Your committee, therefore, beg leave to recommend the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we consider that course of policy pursued by the present Administration, as inimical to the best interests of this country; and that we will use all fair and honorable means to prevent the re-election of John Quincy Adams.

Resolved, That reposeing entire confidence in the firmness, republican honesty, and intelligence of Andrew Jackson, we will use every honest endeavour to aid in promoting his election to the presidency.

Resolved, That we heartily approve of the resolutions entered into by the Jackson meetings in Cabarrus and Lincoln, and will cordially co-operate with them in the appointment of delegates, to meet and nominate a candidate for Elector friendly to the election of Andrew Jackson as President and John C. Calhoun as Vice President.

Resolved, Therefore, that Maj. Benjamin Morrow, Charles Alexander, Col. Evan Alexander, David Parks, Esq. compose a committee to meet the Cabarrus and Lincoln delegates, at this place, on Wednesday the 27th inst.

Resolved, That the delegates representing this electoral district, when they shall have nominated a suitable person as a candidate for an elector, that they forward his name to the Central Jackson Committee at Raleigh.

Resolved, That Maj. Jonathan Harris, Col. Wm. B. Porter, the Rev. Isaac Greer, Wm. Campbell, Esq. John Barnett, Esq. Ductor Stephen Fox, Philemon Morris, Esq. Thomas Byers, Captain Abraham Coburn, Peter Raper, Col. David Kerr, Wm. J. Morrison, Capt. Wm. P. Springs, Joseph Blackwood, Esq. Wm. J. Wilson, Robert Watson, Capt. Samuel Meacham, Charles G. Alexander, James P. Rodgers, Robert B. Parks, Doct. James G. Porter, John Ingram, Esq. Capt. Darling Belk, Hugh McCain, Thomas N. Alexander, Thomas Norment, Orin Pearce, Col. Wm. N. Parks, Maj. Abraham C. Labatt, Wm. Flennikin, jr. Henry Massy, jr. John Weeks, Esq. Alexander Nesbit, Wm. Pyron, Jonas Rudisill, son Isaac Frasier, compose the committee of correspondence and vigilance for the county of Mecklenburg.

Resolved, That we adopt the central Jackson committee of vigilance and correspondence formed at Raleigh, on the 24th December, 1827.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the chairman and secretaries, and that copies thereof be sent to the Editors of the Raleigh Star, North Carolina Journal, Western Carolinian, and Catawba Journal, for publication.

JOSEPH WILSON, CH.
Isaac Alexander, Sen. Secretary.
James M. Hutchinson, Secretary.

JACKSON MEETING IN LINCOLN.
At a meeting of the citizens of Lincoln county, friendly to the election of Gen. Andrew Jackson, on the 22d February, Maj. Daniel M. Forney was called to the chair, and Perry G. Roberts appointed secretary. The chairman being conducted to his seat, addressed the meeting in a mild and impressive style; after which it was moved and seconded, that Col. John Hoke, Col. John Zimmerman, Maj. Geo. Huffman, Maj. Elias Alexander, and John D. Hoke, Esq. be appointed a committee to draw up a preamble and resolutions expressive of the object and sense of this meeting; who accordingly retired, and after an absence of a few minutes, returned and made the following report:

Follow Citizens: Your committee, appointed on your behalf, to draft a preamble and resolutions expressive of the sentiments of this meeting, beg leave to report, that they believe the good cause which we are supporting has been ably and sufficiently set forth by the many similar meetings throughout our state, and that a lengthy and elaborate address would not only not be generally read, but unnecessary on the

present occasion. Be it then to say, we are opposed to the present administration; First, because we were opposed to the election of the present incumbent at the last election, for reasons that have not been obliterated since he has been, by congress, placed in the presidential chair.

Secondly; We believe John Quincy Adams came into power, if not by intrigue, at least against the will of the great body of the people, and by a violation of that principle of republicanism, which binds the representative, in such cases, to vote agreeably to the will of his constituents.

Thirdly; that he has assumed powers diametrically opposed to that sacred ark of our political safety, the constitution of the United States; thereby establishing a dangerous precedent.

And fourthly; we do not believe that he possesses that political integrity requisite in the high station he occupies.

These are a few of the many objections we hold to the re-election of John Quincy Adams. And in support of our preference for General Jackson, we will only add, that we are induced to give him our suffrages, because we believe he is pre-eminently qualified for the highest office in the gift of the people. That he has ever discharged the various public trusts confided in him, with dignity and honor, evincing the most ardent patriotism and devotedness to his country. That being brought up among the people, at the fire-sides of those yeomanry who look to no end but the welfare and happiness of our nation, and having waded through the various vicissitudes of time and fortune, he possesses a better knowledge of the genius of the people than those who have lolled in the luxuries of wealth, bred at the feet of kings, and nattered of the splendors of foreign courts.

That he has not been one of those loud, boasting, pretended patriots, who cry "amor patriae," and at the same time are willing to sacrifice the dearest rights of our country; but that he has, in defence of his country's honor, suffered all that human nature could bear. Possessing a great mind, and educated in the school of human nature; born in a time when simplicity of manners adorned our country, he lived at a time that "tried men's souls," and displayed a disposition to maintain the Declaration of our Independence by spilling his blood in its defence; a revolutionary patriot, and contemporary with the father of our country;—providence seems to have designed him as the last connecting link between our beloved Washington and the President of a succeeding generation:

Therefore, Resolved, that we will use every honorable means in our power to advance the interest of Gen. Andrew Jackson, at the next presidential election.

Resolved, that, whereas we possess the highest regard for the talents, integrity, and patriotism of John C. Calhoun, displayed in his political career in the National Legislature, the Cabinet, and the honorable station he now occupies; we will aid in his re-election as Vice President.

Resolved, that we approve of the proceedings of the Central Jackson Committee of this state at Raleigh.

Resolved, that we accord with the resolution of the Cabarrus Jackson meeting, to nominate five delegates, to be appointed Charlotte, for the purpose of nominating an electoral candidate.

Resolved, that a committee of vigilance and correspondence be appointed in our county. Signed, THE COMMITTEE.

After the adoption of the above report, the following gentlemen were appointed delegates in behalf of our county: Maj. D. M. Forney, Larkin Stowe, Esq. Maj. John Michal, Daniel Seigel, Esq. and John D. Hoke, Esq.

The following gentlemen were named as the committee of vigilance and correspondence: Col. John Hoke, Maj. D. M. Forney, V. McBrye, Esq. Maj. E. Alexander, Col. D. Hoke, Col. John Roberts, Maj. G. Huffman, Miles W. Abernathy, Esq. P. G. Roberts, J. Forney, Esq. Maj. A. J. M. Brevard, Maj. John Michal, J. F. Tompkins, J. F. Elliott, Capt. J. Green, Captain J. Gladden, Captain J. Robison, Capt. M. Robeson, Col. P. Hoke, Fredrick Hoke, Esq. Capt. D. Hoke, Thomas Ward, J. D. Abernathy, J. F. Abernathy, G. Milligan, Esq. Capt. T. Bandy, Capt. Harman, John Goodson, Jere. Goodson, H. Whitener, Jos. Wilson, jr. Capt. Henry Rudisill, W. D. Abernathy, M. D. Abernathy, Jno. Neill, D. Zimmerman, J. Arney, Esq. Larkin Stowe, Esq. Lerry Stowe, E. Perkins, Capt. Ward, Jesse Robeson, J. Pionki, Esq. Moses Roberts, Col. J. Zimmerman, D. Seigel, Esq. J. Reinhardt, Esq. M. Summerrow, Capt. Whisinhont, Capt. Beam, H. Killian, C. Smith, Jno. Clay, M. C. Phifer, Capt. Wilson, D. D. Whitener, M. Rudisill, Capt. Enslly, Capt. M. Hull, Capt. Jno. Hoke, V. Martin, Esq. G. D. Wilfong, Geo. Shuford, J. A. Ramsour, J. D. Hoke, H. Carpenter, Capt. M. Kebler, M. Hoyle, A. Hoke, D. Warlick, Esq. Wm. Martin, Esq. A. McAfee, Esq. Wm. Roberts, Wm. Graham, Arthur Patterson, Capt. P. Barringer, Lewis Dellinger, J. Loozt, Wm. Armstrong, C. Weaver, D. Sullivan, Eli State, Capt. L. Hafer, M. Sigman.

On motion of J. A. Ramsour, it was resolved, that the Editors of the Carolinian and Star be requested to publish the foregoing proceedings in their papers.

D. M. FORNEY, CH.
P. G. ROBERTS, Secy.

We have received the first Number of the Southern, printed at Milledgeville, Georgia, by P. C. Guieu and John A. Jones. It is printed in a very handsome style, on an imperial sheet; and the Editors say, "our colours are American—our signal, free trade, state rights and the Federal constitution."

3d Electoral District.—The following are the proceedings of the delegates who met in Charlotte, on the 26th ult. to nominate a candidate for Elector in that (the 3d) district. We learn that Gen. Forney was nominated without a dissenting vote. We anticipate the happiest results from this nomination. The high character of the candidate, affords an assurance of the success of the Jackson ticket in that district.

At a meeting of the delegates, in behalf of the friends of the election of ANDREW JACKSON, as President of the United States, and JOHN C. CALHOUN, as Vice-President, from the counties of Mecklenburg, Lincoln and Cabarrus, held in Charlotte, on the 26th February, Charles Alexander, Esq. was called to the chair, and J. D. Hoke appointed secretary.

On motion of Lawson H. Alexander, Esq. and seconded, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we recommend to the people of the State of N. Carolina, Gen. Peter Forney; a soldier of the revolutionary war, a patriot, and sincere friend of his country at all times, as elector for the district composed of the counties of Mecklenburg, Lincoln and Cabarrus.

Resolved, That Lawson H. Alexander, Esq. Major D. M. Forney, and Thos. B. Smart, Esq. be appointed a committee to draw up an address to the people of this district, in support of Andrew Jackson.

Resolved, That these proceedings be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and be transmitted by them to the Corresponding Committee at Raleigh; and that the Editors of the Catawba Journal, Western Carolinian, Raleigh Star, and all others favorable to the election of Andrew Jackson, be requested to publish the same.

CHARLES ALEXANDER, CH.
J. D. HOKE, Secretary.

Salisbury:

MARCH 11th, 1828.

A Colonization Society has been formed in Greensborough, Guilford county, in this state, similar to the one formed in this town. The constitution, and proceedings on the organization of which, we published week before last.

Gen. Abraham Phillips, of Rockingham county, has been nominated as a candidate for Jackson Elector, in the 5th electoral district of this state, composed of the counties of Stokes, Rockingham, and Caswell. The convention of delegates which made the nomination, assembled at Rockingham court-house on the 26th ult.; Thomas Searey, chairman; Robt. Gallaway, jr. and John P. Poindexter, secretaries. We have received the proceedings, and shall publish them in our next.

Col. Joseph J. Williams, of Martin county, has been nominated by a convention of delegates from Martin, Bertie, Hertford and Northampton counties, as the Jackson candidate for Elector in the 6th electoral district. Col. William B. Lockhart, of Northampton, Dr. Isaac Pipkin, of Hertford, and Col. Joseph J. Williams, of Martin, were put in nomination before the convention. Col. Williams having received the majority of votes, was declared the candidate.

NEWSPAPER FOR SALE.
The proprietors of the Petersburg Intelligencer, offer that establishment for sale. Pecuniary embarrassments have driven them to this measure. The establishment, we should suppose, would be a desirable one for a person inclined to embark in the business of publishing a paper. There are about 900 good subscribers to the paper; and the whole income of the establishment, if pains were taken to collect the debts, would be about \$8,000 per annum; while the expenses, by prudent management, ought not to be half that sum.

Congress.—The probability is, as we have before stated, that the present session of Congress will be a protracted one. As evincive of this, we observe that Mr. Floyd, of Virginia, on the 20th ult. called up the resolution for the adjournment of both houses, on the 8th of April, which he offered some time since; but the House refused to consider the proposition, by a vote of 102 to 68.

The Greeks.—A meeting of more than 300 Ladies, took place in New-York, on the 25th ult. for devising means to raise contributions, in clothing and provisions, to send to the relief of the suffering and starving women and children of Greece. One lady gave \$10 down.

An extensive and destructive fire occurred in the city of New-York, on the 20th ult. Buildings and property, on Fletcher, Front, South, and Fly-market streets, to the value of \$200,000 was destroyed. One man is said to have been killed, while engaged as a fireman, in extinguishing the flames.

"A friend of peace" is received, and shall be attended to in our next.

North-Carolina Money in Tennessee.—The Nashville papers quote N. Carolina bills a 20 per cent. discount; South-Carolina, 3 do.; Georgia, 4 to 5 do.; Virginia, 1 do.; Kentucky do. 18 to 20 per cent. discount.

In this paper, we have concluded Mr. Fisher's able and interesting Report on the establishment of Cotton and Woolen Manufactories, and on the growing of Wool, in North-Carolina. We regret the necessity we have labored under, of dividing the article, and dispersing it through four or five papers; but we had no other alternative left; for the requisitions made on our columns by other subjects, were so great, and so urgent, that the space we were enabled to devote to any one subject was necessarily very limited.

We are authorized to state, that at the election of Commissioners of the town of Lexington, Davidson county, at which 21 votes were given in the sense of the voters was ascertained on the Presidential question; and it appeared that there were

For Jackson, 15
For Adams, 6

West Tennessee Price.—At the town of Memphis, (on the Mississippi river) in the Western District of Tennessee, on the 2d ult., Flour sold at from 4.25 to 4.50; bacon, 6 to 7; whiskey, 25 to 30; cotton, 7.

Supreme Court.—The Supreme Court of this state adjourned on Wednesday, the 27th ult. after a session of nearly six weeks. The Raleigh Register, of the 4th inst. publishes a list of the cases decided at this term; below we have given all that had been carried up from this section of the state:

QUIT CASES.
Susanna Johns and others, v. Kuganna Pickett and others, from Rutherford. Order of reference and Decree of sale of the Buncombe lands. James Bridges and others v. James Rutherford and others from Rutherford. Bill dismissed with costs.

David W. Greenlee v. Samuel Davidson, from Burke. Decree of the Court below affirmed. Robert Donaldson v. Robert Strange and others, from Cumberland. Remanded to the Court below.

Henry Huffstetter Adm'r. v. Nicholas Whisnont, from Lincoln. Decree in favor of the next kin. David Smith v. Margaret Houston, from Mecklenburg. Decree for Complainant. John Smith's Ex'r. v. Azel Sharpe and others from Iredell. Referred to the Master.

Azel Sharpe v. Thomas Hagwell, from Iredell. Bill dismissed with costs. James Allen v. the Buncombe Turnpike Company, from Buncombe. Bill dismissed with costs. George Bird, Adm'r. v. Richard Lewis, from Rutherford. Referred to the Clerk.

Sarah Spencer v. James Greenlee's Adm'r. from Burke. Referred to the Clerk and Master of Burke. COMMON LAW CASES.
James Greenlee, appt. v. William Tate's heirs, from Burke. Judgment of the Court below reversed, and that the grant to the petitioner's ancestor be vacated.

Den on demise of McRae v. the Heirs of Phineas Alexander, from Mecklenburg. Judgment reversed and Judgment for one-third of the land, upon the demise of the feme covert and her husband with costs. Andrew Hoyle, appt. v. the heirs of Mason Hixon, from Lincoln. Judgment of the Court below reversed, and Judgment of partition.

Nathan Hamrick v. Francis Hogg, appt. from Rutherford. Judgment of the Court below reversed, and a new trial granted. Lettie Moore v. Joseph Moore, from Rutherford. Judgment of the Superior Court affirmed.

Lewis Ferrell's adm'r. v. James Greenlee, adm'r. appt. from Burke. Judgment of the Court below affirmed. Alpha P. Moore v. James McNairy, from Guilford. Judgment of the Court below affirmed.

A. Frew's adm'r. v. James Cowan, appt. from Mecklenburg. Judgment that the appeal be dismissed. Thomas D. Watts, appt. v. Thomas Scott, from Orange. Judgment of the Court that the non-suit be set aside, and new trial granted. Josiah Turner v. Saml. Child, Exr. appt. from Orange. Judgment of the Court below affirmed.

Alex. Nesbit, and Co. appts. v. Richmond Pearson's Exr. from Rowan. Judgment of the Superior Court affirmed upon the writ of error, and the original Judgment reversed. Thomas Frazier, appt. v. John Patterson, from Buncombe. Judgment of the Court that this cause be remanded to the Court below for a full statement.

STATE CAUSES.
State v. Archibald Johnston, from New Hanover. Judgment arrested. State v. Joseph Wier, from Cabarrus. Judgment for the State. State v. Cook and Younger, from Surry. Judgment affirmed.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.
By the arrival of the ship Birmingham at New-York, from Liverpool, the editors of the Commercial Advertiser have received English papers to the 8th of January.

The final refusal of the Porte to accept the intervention of the Allied Powers in the affairs of Greece having been repeated to the Ambassadors, after an extraordinary meeting of the Divan, it appears that they demanded their passports which were refused, and that they had left Constantinople on the 8th Dec. Mr. Stratford Canning is stated to have arrived at Corfu, and Mr. Ribaupierre at Odessa; Count Guilleminot had departed for Sardinian vessel to Toulon. Although every preparation for war was making, or was pretended to be making, by the Porte, no disposition actually hostile had been manifested.

We have received information from a source upon which we have the most implicit reliance, that the KING of England at the latest dates, was dangerously ill, and that all hope of his living was abandoned. The information is from a gentleman in London who has access to the highest sources of information. The papers were not permitted to allude to the illness of the King. N. York Telegraph, says: "Lord Goderich is about to resign; Lord Holland, long in the back ground, is coming forward at last.—The ministry is at loggerheads, as is well known.

A change in the British Cabinet was talked of as inevitable. A change of ministry had taken place in France.

DEATH OF GEN. BROWN.
Washington, Feb. 25.—The painful duty devolves upon us of announcing the decease of Major-General Jacob Brown, Commander in Chief of the Army of the United States.—He expired at his residence in this city, yesterday, after a brief illness of three or four days; preceded by a general indisposition of longer duration.

Col. Ambrose M. Sevier has been elected to Congress from Arkansas Territory, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Hon. H. W. Conway.

MARKETS IN SPAIN.
Liverpool, Jan. 8.—There was a good demand for Cotton last week; the sales amount to 14,400 bags, of which 500 bags American were taken by speculators.

Meetings of the People.—In this week's Carolinian will be found the proceedings at meetings of the Friends of Gen. Jackson in Lincoln and Mecklenburg counties; and the proceedings of the convention of delegates from the three counties composing the third electoral district, at which Gen. Peter Forney, of Lincoln, was nominated as a candidate for Jackson Elector in that district.

We are advised that the meeting in Charlotte was the largest assemblage of citizens ever before witnessed in that place; it is estimated that from eight to nine hundred people attended; while there were not to exceed one hundred friends of Mr. Adams attended the Administration meeting in that place on the 22d ult.

It must be gratifying to the friends of Jackson abroad, to hear of this demonstration in favor of him whom they delight to honor, in the old and patriotic county of Mecklenburg—a county which may in truth be called the cradle of the Revolution, in which the youthful Hercules of Liberty was rocked, and cherished, until he was enabled to master the enemies of freedom, and achieve the independence of our country;—and it must be the more gratifying, because of the untiring efforts of the enemies of Jackson, by means of an active press, and the various arts to which political zealots are so apt to resort, to magnify the strength of the Administration, and depreciate that of Gen. Jackson, in that county. But the result of this meeting must remove all doubts as to the strength of parties in Mecklenburg; and the election in November next, will confound those designing persons who have so sedulously labored to impress upon an abused community a belief that the cause of Jackson and the People was on the wane in that county.

The Markets.
Fayetteville, Feb. 28.—Cotton, 8 1/2 to 9 1/2; Beef, fresh in market, 3 cents; Bacon, 6 to 8; peach brandy, 40 to 45; apple do. 25 to 30; flour, 4 to 4 25; whiskey, 25 to 30.

Charlotte, March 1.—Upland cotton, 8 1/2 to 10 1/2; whiskey, 25 to 26; bagging, 42 inch, 22 to 24; sugar, 12 1/2 to 15; molasses, 27 to 28 cents; bacon, 6 to 7; apple brandy, 25 to 28; beets, 22; coffee, 17 to 18; hyson tea, 100 to 110; Jamaica rum, 110 to 115—West India do. 75 to 80. North Carolina bills, 5 1/2 to 6 per cent. discount; Georgia do. 1 to 1 1/2.

Camden, March 1.—Cotton, ordinary to middling, 8 a 6 1/2; middling to fair, 9 1/2 to 9; fair to good, 9 to 9 1/2; prime, 10 cents. Augusta, Feb. 22.—Cotton, middling 8 to 10; prime lots, 9 1/2 to 10. Bacon, 7 to 9; whiskey, 28 to 31; North-Carolina notes, 3 per cent. discount.

Petersburg, Feb. 9.—Cotton, 8 to 9 1/2; tobacco, passed, 5 a 37—refused, 2 a 33; corn, 1 1/2 a 32; bacon, 7 a 8; lard, 7 a 8; apple brandy, 28 a 30; peach 70 a 75 cents.

Cheraw, Feb. 29.—Cotton, 8 a 9.50; bacon 9 a 10; flour 5; peach brandy 40 to 45; apple do. 35 to 40; whiskey 40; pork 4 to 5; tallow 9 to 10.

New-York, Feb. 27.—The transactions in cotton, from the 23d to the 26th inclusive comprise a lot of 120 bales Cuba at 11 cts. short price; about 200 bales New Orleans at 10 1/2 a 12, prime—do. 10 1/2 a 11; and 100 bales Florida and Alabama at 9 1/2, 9 5/8, 9 1/2, and 10 cts.

MARRIED.
In Newbern, on the 19th ult. by the Rt. Rev. John England, Bishop of Charleston, Robt. Donaldson, Esq. of New York, late of Fayetteville, to Miss Susan Jane, eldest daughter of the Hon. Wm. Gaston.

In Cabarrus county, on the 7th ult. by Rev. Daniel Sherer, Mr. Eli Sherer, to Miss Margaret Duke.

DIED.
In this county, on the 9th of August last, Mr. Daniel Webb, sen. in the 73d year of his age. In Chatham county, on the 29th ult. very suddenly, Mr. John Moring, jr. aged about 38. Having returned in the evening from Hillsboro', he complained of being somewhat fatigued, and retired to bed at an early hour; about 11 o'clock, his wife thinking she heard a noise, indicating a difficulty of respiration, proceeded from him, she shook him several times, but receiving no answer, got up, lit a candle, returned to the bed, and found that life was totally extinct.

A CARD.—P. Barry returns his thanks to the citizens of Salisbury, for the very liberal patronage he has now had; and that he cannot take in applicants, but as vacancies may occur. March 8th, 1828. 2/6

REMOVAL.
BOOTS AND SHOES.
THE subscriber (who is on both sides of the Presidential Question) has removed from the shop he formerly occupied, opposite the Bank, to the house of Thomas Allison, on south side of Main street, third house from the Court-House; where he hopes his former customers, and others who want

Boots and Shoes made and repaired, will favor him with a call. Those who pay cash down for work, and don't have to be dunned and warranted before they pay, shall have a deduction made from the usual prices; and those who have been punctual in paying me heretofore, may expect a reasonable indulgence hereafter. All who owe the subscriber, are again asked to pay. EBEN. DICKSON. Salisbury, March 7th, 1828. 05

ABRAHAM L. MASTERS, TAILOR.
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the

Tailoring Business in the town of Lexington, in the Shop formerly occupied by Jacob Libelin; and being furnished with the latest northern fashions, he flatters himself, from long experience in the business, that he can execute any work, entrusted to his care, with neatness and despatch, and on accommodating terms. Lexington, 3d March, 1828. 3/7

STORE HOUSE in LEXINGTON.
THE subscriber's Brick Store House in Lexington, is for Rent. It is situated immediately on the north corner of the Public Square, and is one of the most eligible stands for a Store in the place. For terms, &c. apply to B. D. Hounsaville, Esq. in Lexington, or to the subscriber in Salisbury. SAMUEL LEMLY. Feb. 23d, 1828. 65