

effect," enlighten, guide, and direct you. Signed in behalf of the Convention of the Friends of the Administration in North Carolina, this 30th Jan. 1828, by WM GASTON, WM DAVIDSON, EDMUND JONES, J. P. DEVEREUX, JOHN L. BAILEY, Committee for that purpose appointed.

The Bargain.—During the discussion of Mr. Chilton's retrenchment resolutions in the House of Representatives, Mr. Randolph spoke thus of the alleged bargain between Messrs. Adams and Clay, by which the former was made President, and the latter Secretary of State: "You have occurred to the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Everett) what was the real cause of the present hue and cry against the Administration, was to him matter of astonishment. He reminded the gentleman that the cause was the manner in which the Administration came into power. It is to be found there—and only there; for he would defy all the public presses in the country to produce the effect which has been produced, were it not for this taint of original sin in the body politic, which cleaves to the Administration, even as the taint of our original sin cleaveth to us."

Mr. R. then proceeded to say some thing on the subject of the supposed collusion in the first instance between Mr. Adams and Mr. Clay. He denied that there was any in the first instance. He contended that Mr. Clay was looking out, electioneering for himself, until he found he could not get the vote of Louisiana, and therefore could not be returned to the House. Mr. Clay, he said, had made his calculations—the death of Mr. Crawford, who was in a state which made the chances 100 to 1 against his living through the summer. But Louisiana refused to give Mr. R. her vote, and Mr. Crawford, with unparalleled obstinacy, refused to die. Mr. Adams was then taken up as a *pis aller* [last shift.] He had a right to say this. He had an interview with a gentleman about that time, not on that subject indeed, but on something relating to the House. That individual had then condescended to electioneering, for he said "If you of the South will give us any other man of the West for President, in the room of J. Q. Adams, I will not support him." Who could dare to deny this? In other words, this was saying—if you will give any other—that is *egement*—I myself—but when the South would not go with him, they lost all their weight and influence.

He asked if there was no proposition to bring Mr. Clay to vote for Mr. Adams? Yes—he insisted that there was a collusion—and a corrupt one—not in writing—not even a verbal one—but one as well understood as if it had been expressed. We know from the facts, that when individuals meet to do a damned deed, they will not always trust themselves to give names to thoughts—will not call a spade, a spade. Thus he, who was willing to take any man from the West in preference to John Q. Adams, takes office of John Q. Adams, and takes it that he may be brought within the line of safe precedents. There was no occasion to make the matter more plain. Cannot we make out apple-pye, without spelling it letter by letter, from letters before us as big as the horn-bone?

General Jackson was no great civilian, but he possessed all the requisites for the Presidency. He contended that it was not necessary that he should be able to write a book, or to make speeches. He contended that the inveterate habit which was produced by constant attention to study, rendered men unfit for the conduct of nations. It was better to select those who understood men—to take those who, as to writing, were untaught, than those who were unteachable. He was not for trusting *dialecticians* with the guidance of public affairs.

The Rev. Professor Woods, of Brown University, Rhode Island, formerly a Professor in the Columbia College, District Columbia, has been unanimously elected President of Transylvania University, at Lexington, Kentucky.

A New Orleans paper states that the mania for gambling appears to be spreading with much rapidity in that city, through all classes of society—it seems to be more contagious than the yellow fever, for the negroes are not exempt from its influence.

The Right Reverend Bishop Hobart, has addressed a letter to the Mayor of the city of New York, declining to order religious services in the churches of his diocese, in respect-ful commemoration of the loss sustained by the state and nation in the death of De Witt Clinton, as recommended by the city authorities. This refusal has excited considerable feeling in that community, as we should think it well calculated to do. The Bishop's fastidiousness is in our opinion ill judged and ill timed. He is afraid forsooth, of countenancing too close a union of Church and State!

COMMUNICATIONS.

FOR THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.
Mr. Editor: I have been considering the great difficulty some of our Justices of the Peace labor under for want of means and opportunity to acquire that information necessary to enable them properly to discharge the laborious and important duties of their office. Some of the Justices, in all of the counties, are not able, without injuring their families, to procure those books, the information to be derived from which is indispensably necessary to enable them to decide on matters brought before them according to law and justice. For the want of such information, a great many erroneous decisions are made by Justices; the consequence of which is, litigation is increased, by reason of the tedious and expensive suits which grow out of their erroneous decisions that are taken from various *opiate* that are
From reflecting on these facts, the idea has occurred to me, that it would be good policy in our Legislature to appropriate a small fund, for the purchase of books, containing the laws of the state, and the duties of public officers, which books might be lodged in the hands of the Clerks of the several counties, to be distributed to those county officers who might need them, to be returned to the clerk's office at the decease or resignation of those who might have them in possession. In this way, every officer would be enabled to procure a book that would teach him his duties. One set of books might answer for a dozen or more sets of officers. I throw out this hint, hoping some one else, better capable of handling a goose-quill than I am, will improve upon it.
March 3d, 1828. A friend of Peace.

Mr. White: You will oblige one who takes your paper, by publishing the Adams Catechism, Mr. Randolph's speech, and all the proceedings that have recently taken place in relation to the bargain, intrigue and corruption between Messrs. Adams and Clay. In my opinion, the evidence is such that all candid men must abandon the present Administration, and exert themselves in behalf of the cause of Gen. Andrew Jackson, the people's choice.

I hope you will soon be through with Mr. Gaston's speech, for it will do neither good nor mischief where the author is well known. He is a federalist of the old school, or he never would have forgotten former days. He would do well to bear in recollection, that his father was murdered by the Tories in the Revolutionary War. And how was his dead body treated by those bloody traitors to their country? Let his son answer! The reason is very obvious why Mr. Gaston is friendly to the present administration: the friends of corruption made a great noise about giving him an appointment: he thought it was his duty, then, to intrigue with them, and endeavor to make the people believe they are honest men; but those who know the history of Mr. Gaston's character, can never place any confidence in what he may fulminate against the cause of the people, in his honeyed style, and deceptive logic.

You will oblige a friend of Gen. Jackson, and perhaps save some honest people from being cheated out of their opinions by Mr. Gaston's "silver-toned" speech, by publishing something like the above in your paper. Yours,
March 6th, 1828.

[The conclusion of Mr. Gaston's address, which we have been induced to publish at the request of a subscriber in Cabarrus, will be found on the first page of to-day's paper: And our correspondent will perceive that an *outrider*, in the shape of an extract from one of Mr. Randolph's speeches, accompanies the address, which we think will have the effect to counteract, in some degree, the subtle poison Mr. Gaston has so artfully compounded, and which the political quacks among us are so industriously administering to the people, but which they cannot get to operate on a community that is already politically sound. The truth is, the people are as averse to swallowing the nostrums of political quacks, as they are of quacks in medicine: and they are right, too; for none of these empirics know any more about administering to the physical and political wants of the people, than a black cat does about trigonometry.]

Concord, March 13, 1828.
Dr. Sir: The other day I got my hands upon the Western Carolinian (of which you are the editor) of the 26th ultimo; and in looking over its columns, I came across the Jackson meeting lately held at Wilkesborough; seeing that Gen. M. Stokes was the chairman of it, I concluded I ought, at least on his account, to see what would be the charges that would be here exhibited against our present chief magistrate of the U. S. and his cabinet; but, as but little is said about the letter, I shall only ask one question, respecting a charge contained among the many against the President: I allude to that part of the preamble which charges Mr. Adams with being the chairman of a meeting held in Boston, where the conduct of Gov. Strong and the Massachusetts legislature were applauded for refusing their aid in the late war, and where the corrupt germ of the Hartford Convention was planned. Now, sir, all I wish to know of the chairman of that meeting, or some one of its members, is, at what time did the meeting in Boston take place alluded to, in what year, and the month of the year?

One of the People.
[We hand over "one of the people," to the chairman and other members of the Wilkes meeting; doubting not but they are willing (and we know them to be able) to make such disposition of his case as truth and justice may call for.]

Charon, March 7.—Cotton, 9 a 10; bacon 9 a 10; flour 5; peach brandy 40 to 45; apple do. 35 to 40; whiskey 40; pork 4 to 5; tallow 9 to 10.

Salisbury:

MARCH 25th, 1828.

Taber P. O. Irredell county.—We understand that the Post-master General has recently changed the name of a Post Office in Irredell county, N. C. from *Rocky Creek* to *Taber Church*, and appointed the Rev. D. GOULD, Post Master, vice W. N. BARR, resigned.

Counterfeiters.—A set of counterfeiters has been broken up, in Humphreys county, Tennessee, and Carroll county, Kentucky. One person was taken in Humphreys county, and three in Carroll; on whom was found all the implements for counterfeiting specie.

We learn that the earthquake which was felt in this place on the night of the 9th inst. was also sensibly felt four hundred miles north of this, in Baltimore, almost every paper we received by mail, from east, west, north and south, makes mention of it.

DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The delegates from the counties of Rowan, Davidson, and Montgomery, appointed for the purpose of designating some fit person as the candidate for the district, to be placed on the Electoral Ticket in favour of General Andrew Jackson as President, and John C. Calhoun as Vice President, convened in Lexington, on Tuesday, the 19th inst., that being the time and place previously agreed on. Present, from Rowan, Gen. W. H. Kerr, Allmand Hall, Archibald G. Carter, and Charles Fisher, Esquires; from Davidson, Doctor Wm. R. Holt, Doctor Wm. Dobson, Henry Dusenberry and Mack Crump, Esquires; from Montgomery, Farquhar Martin, and Whitson H. Chisholm, Esquires. The meeting was organized by appointing Charles Fisher, Esq. chairman; and F. Martin, Esq. a secretary.

On motion of Allmand Hall, it was proposed to the delegation that the name of John Giles, Esq. of Rowan, be placed, as the candidate for this district, on the electoral ticket of the State. No other person being named, the vote was taken on Mr. STANTON'S motion, when it was found that the delegation was unanimously in favour of the nomination of John Giles, Esq.

On motion, it was
Resolved, That the chairman address a letter to the Central Corresponding Committee at Raleigh, informing them of the nomination of JOHN GILES, Esq. as the candidate for this district; and requesting that they place his name on the "Jackson and Calhoun electoral ticket of the State"; and, in due season, announce the same to the public.

On motion of Doctor Holt,
Resolved, That this delegation publish an address to the good people of this district, setting forth, in plain, moderate, and respectful language, the reasons why Andrew Jackson should be elevated to the next Presidency, in preference to John Q. Adams.

A committee was accordingly designated to prepare the address.
On motion, **Resolved,** that the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and forwarded for publication to the Raleigh Star and Western Carolinian.

CHARLES FISHER, Chm.
F. MARTIN, Secretary.

An appropriation of \$10,000 has been made by the legislature of Louisiana, to defray the expenses of the celebration of the 8th January in New Orleans. This is a sufficient refutation of the assertion that the Hero of that day was treated by the Governor and the legislature with coolness and neglect.

Mississippi.—A deficit in the Treasury of the state of Mississippi, of five or six thousand dollars, has been discovered. The committee of accounts have taken possession of the treasurer's negroes and other property, to secure the state against any loss.

William Grigg was killed in Stokes county, in an affray with Fapins Nelson, on Sunday, the 9th inst. Nelson made his escape. This is an awful consequence of the violation of that holy day which should be devoted to the service of God.

Virginia.—John Shackelford of Culpeper county, and Wm. Elzey of Loudon county, are put on the Virginia Adams Ticket, in place of James Madison and James Monroe, who, as we last week informed our readers, declined the honor of serving in such a cause.

Hard Times.—As an evidence of the hardness of the times, the Jackson (Tennessee) Gazette of the 23d ult. says one magistrate of that town has rendered upwards of one thousand judgments for the last year! To comfort our Tennessee neighbors, (as "miserly likes company") we can inform them that judgments are plentier than dollars in North-Carolina.

Not much to brag of.—Somebody writes from Hertford county, in this state, that the cause of the administration is gaining ground in that quarter—exists in the belief that the people there will be about equally divided; and concludes with expressing his opinion that "said county can poll 110 votes!" Terrible! "A tempest in a tea-pot!" Why, the Jackson majority that will be polled in the town of Salisbury alone, we may venture to say, will be more than enough to neutralize the Adams votes that will be given in half a dozen such counties.

In Capt. Fogleman's company, at Holt's store, in Orange county, on the 23d ult. a vote on the Presidency resulted in 94 for Jackson, 8 for Adams.

At a muster in Milton, Caswell county, on the 8th inst. the company voted for a President:
For Andrew Jackson, 85
For John Quincy Adams, 5

A meeting of the friends of Gen. Jackson in Caswell county, is called to take place on Tuesday of April court.

The Rev. Peter D. Frolich, pastor of the Dutch Reformed church in Patterson, New Jersey, committed suicide a few weeks since, by cutting his throat. He was supposed to have been deranged.

Revolutionary Officers.—We learn from a speech of Mr. Van Buren, in the U. S. senate, that of the 2,485 officers belonging to the continental army during the Revolutionary War, only 235 are now living!

New-York.—We have already noticed the mention of the Hon. Martin Van Buren, as a candidate for Gov. of New-York; we have since seen Gen. Marcy, the comptroller of that state, Ambrose Spencer, late chief justice of that state, and Mordcaai Manassah Noah, editor of the New-York Enquirer, (who, one of the papers says, "is a real prime bang up whole-soul fellow" named as candidates. And at an anti-masonic meeting lately held in the western part of the state, Solomon Southwick, Esq. editor of the National Observer, was nominated for Governor; and Col. David C. Miller, who printed Morgan's book of the revelation of masonry, and was in peril of being abducted along with the author, is to run on the same ticket, as Lieutenant Governor. Should Southwick and Miller (both Printers) be elected, the Editors in New-York will have fine times—they will be likely to get all the fat offices in the state,—if they are not attained of masonry!

Judge Edward B. White is announced as a candidate for the next Congress from the city of New-Orleans, to run in opposition to Edward Livingston, Esq. the present member.

The stockholders of the Old Bank of the State of Tennessee have resolved to wind up its concerns, and dissolve the corporation; and have given notice in the Nashville Banner to that effect.

The city of Albany, the seat of government of the state of New York, (situated on the Hudson river, at the head of sloop navigation, 150 miles west of the city of New York) was founded in the year 1612. Its population in 1712 was 4000, in which number there was 430 slaves. In 1796 the population was 6021, and the city contained 862 houses. In 1820 it contained 12,630 inhabitants. At the present time it is supposed to have a population of 20,000.

Lincoln County.—A meeting of the friends of Mr. Adams is to be held at the Academy in Lincoln, on Tuesday evening of Lincoln April court. The caption to the notice calling this meeting, is couched in the following *tolerant, meek, christian-like* language: "Those persons in Lincoln county who wish the continuation of peace in our happy country, and are opposed to war, bloodshed, speculation, and oppression of the poor (—) are requested to attend." &c. Now we ask those supporters of the Administration who denounce the friends of Gen. Jackson for being uncharitable, violent, and proscriptive, to ponder on the above, and say if it is parallel can be found in any thing that has been published by a Jackson paper in this part of the state. Suppose, in calling a Jackson meeting, we should commence something after this manner: "Those citizens of Rowan County, who are friends to the republican institutions of their country, and wish to put a stop to the most corrupt bargaining for the highest offices under their government, that ever disgraced the rottenest monarchy in the old world; and who are opposed to the elevation of a *tory* and monarchist to the Presidency, but in favor of the election of that pure patriot and venerable Hero, Andrew Jackson—are requested to meet." &c. What would—or rather, what would not—be said of us? Why, we should no doubt be overwhelmed with the vilest epithets the ingenuity of our enemies could invent; and ten to one but we should be charged with murdering every militia-man that was killed by the British during the last war. And yet we should be as blameless as the person who perpetrated the caption to the notice calling the Adams meeting above.

At Wilkes Superior Court, held week before last, we learn that among other criminal causes, Jacob Miller was charged and put upon his trial for the murder of Joseph D. Baldwin, a magistrate of Wilkes county, living 10 or 12 miles from the Court-House, who is stated to have been shot near the corner of his house, by Miller, on the night of the 5th inst. In this case there was a mistrial, on account of the great number of persons who had formed and expressed an opinion. The result was the same on the trial of *Parish Barlow*, charged with the murder of his wife, some time last year.

James Capps, the owner of the land on which the most productive gold mine in Mecklenburg county, and perhaps in the state, has been found, died at his residence near Charlotte, on the 7th inst. Poor old man—his gold mine was his grave! The treasures dug from his land gave employment, and subsistence, and even wealth to others; but they proved the death of him who might have profited most by them. Anterior to the discovery of his gold mine, he owned but a few acres of the most sterile and apparently valueless land in Mecklenburg county, which yielded a miserable subsistence to himself and family; but they had stayed on the place, in a half-starved condition, for many years. The discovery of the gold mine, however, had a magical effect on the woe-begone condition of the family. No sooner was the old man's pockets well lined with cash, from the products of his auriferous soil, than himself and family plunged into extravagance and excess; and the BOTTLE, that too common resort of those whom affliction has cast down, or some freak of fortune has suddenly elevated to a condition for which nature and habit has unsuited them, cut short the days of this miserably fortunate old man!

Death of Mr. Hill.—The Raleigh Register, in mentioning the melancholy death of Moses Lloyd Hill, Esq. adds, that "It is a singular circumstance, he had a dream, the night previous, in which he fancied he was drowned." We suspect the informant of the Register has slightly misapprehended the facts in relation to this circumstance. We travelled in company with Mr. Hill, and two other gentlemen, from Statesville to Wilkesboro'. In a free conversation, at the house where we took dinner, the swollen state of the water-courses being frequently alluded to, Mr. Hill casually mentioned that he had dreamt, three several times, of being drowned—or, that he was to be drowned, we do not distinctly recollect which. Believing, as we did, that dreams were mere idle phantasms, what was said made no impression on our mind; and we should probably never have thought of it again, but for the distressing occurrence, of which those dreams now appear to have been most fatally ominous. This declaration was made near a week before Mr. H. was drowned. From these facts, it will be seen that the editor of the Register could not have been accurately advised of the circumstances attending this "melancholy casualty."

In addition to what we have heretofore said, we are now enabled to state, that this afflictive dispensation of Providence was the consequence of an alteration in the Ford. Where Mr. Hill

tempted to across, was the old ford, which had frequently passed in perfect safety; but a fish-dam having lately been constructed there, the water was so much deepened, that another ford was used; of which circumstance Mr. Hill was not apprised; the melancholy consequence was, he was unfortunately drowned.

Another gentleman, who entered the river, immediately behind Mr. Hill, in a carry-all, with difficulty escaped the fate of his companion. We understand now, that Mr. Hill was buried at Maj. Thurmond's, near the fatal place where he lost his life.

MARRIAGES EXTRAORDINARY.
Great doings among the Andrews! Married lately in Exeter, Connecticut,

Andrew Burnham,	to Anna Andrews,
Adonijah Burnham,	to Sally Andrews,
Nehemiah S. Burnham,	to Susan Andrews,
Nathaniel Burnham,	to Hiram Andrews,
John Wagner,	to Dolly Andrews,
Ephraim P. Long,	to Hannah Q. Andrews,
Enoch White,	to Eliza B. Andrews,
Andrew Andrews,	to Ann Andrews,
Caleb Andrews,	to Sally Brown,
Seth Andrews,	to Ruth Butler,
John L. Andrews,	to Anna C. Burham,

An improved way of making "Merry Andrews!"
Rochester Daily Advertiser.

THE CHEROKEES.

We have received the first number of a new weekly paper, just established at New Echota, in the Cherokee Nation, called the *Cherokee Phoenix*.

It is printed on a Super Royal sheet, and edited by a native Cherokee. The matter is represented both in the English and Cherokee languages, in alternate columns.

Thus it seems, is this nation of savages as they are called by some good people, advancing step by step, towards civilization. This same nation too, which, the Governor of a neighboring state lately said, in his message, must be forced from their altars, and their homes, and driven beyond the Mississippi.—*Southern Adv.*

The Legislature of Virginia adjourned on Saturday, after a session of precisely three calendar months, and passing more than 150 acts of chiefly a local or personal description—and after absorbing about \$110,000—or more than a fifth of the revenue of the whole State. The single article of legislative expense, progressively augmenting, and for which no remedy can be found but the numerical reduction of the House of Delegates, is of itself a heavy and dreadful evil, and sufficient to justify the call of a convention.

Mrs. Jackson.—The Louisiana Advertiser says, that "the furniture of the apartment used by Gen. Jackson during his residence in New Orleans, was sold at auction after his departure, with the exception of his bed, his armour, and table. All these articles, remarkable alike for elegance of design and exquisite workmanship, the governor thought might be offered to the acceptance of Mrs. Jackson; and he accordingly ordered them to be sent to her, accompanied by a very complimentary letter; to which Mrs. Jackson acknowledged their receipt in a letter, couched in a very happy style."

Monuments to Governor Clinton.—A meeting was held at Buffalo on the 28th ult. to concert measures for the erection of Two Monuments to the Memory of De Witt Clinton, to be located at the extremities of Erie Canal at Buffalo and Albany; and to appoint a committee who shall act in concert with a like one of the city of Albany, in furtherance of the proposed measure.

Masonry.—A convention of masons (or of those who have been masons) has been held at Le Roy, N. Y. for the avowed object of revealing and publishing the higher degrees of masonry. They adjourned on the 20th ult. but are to meet again. The Rochester "Anti-Masonic Enquirer," states that "upwards of 90 masons renounced the principles and obligations of the order, several of whom had climbed to the top of the Mason's Ladder." Solomon Southwick was of the number. [Of course!]

An oyster has been deposited in the Museum at Portsmouth, Va. which has two mice caught by their heads in its shell. Some oysters had been placed by a gentleman in his pantry, and when the servant went to open them, he found the thieves in that condition.

The death of General Brown has made a vacancy in the command of the United States Army. It seems to be yet uncertain who will succeed as Commander-in-Chief. Gen. Gaines is the senior Brigadier General, but Scott's Brevet of Major General is 21 days older than Gaines' Brevet to the same rank. Gaines is said to be the friend and admirer of Gen. Jackson, while Scott is warmly attached to Mr. Adams.

The *African Investigator*, a literary and political newspaper, has made its appearance at Tripoli, in Africa.