

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

An arrival at New-York furnishes London advices to the 1st of March. The accounts from Constantinople are interesting, and had created much sensation in Paris and London. It seems that immense bodies of troops had marched into that Capital, especially from Asia; and the consequence was, that many excesses had been committed on the European population.—Indeed, one report stated, that every Russian and all persons under their protection, had been put to death—and the subjects of France and England had likewise been ill-treated. The news was unofficial—but so much confidence was placed in it, that the opinion generally prevailed that war was inevitable. Great Britain was preparing to send troops to the Ionian Islands—but probably the first blow will be given by the Russians on the Pruth.

England.—The London Times of the 28th of February, says "the majority of 44 in the House of Commons, on Tuesday night, in favor of the celebrated Test and Corporation Acts, is in truth what may be called a thundering event. It will sound from one end of the kingdom to the other, and the echo will be heard in foreign parts."

On the 27th of February, the king of England proceeded, in his pony phaeton, to Snow Hill, where Sir John Collins' fox hounds hunted a fox in his majesty's presence!!!

The London Gazette of the 28th of February, contains the appointment of the Marquis of Anglesea, Lieut. General and General Governor of Ireland; and Major General Sir Colin Campbell, to be Governor of the Island of Tobago.

A supplement to the London Gazette of 29th February, contains a proclamation commanding the Peers of Scotland to assemble at Holyrood House, on Monday, the 10th day of April following, to nominate and choose another Peer of Scotland, to sit and vote in the House of Peers of this present Parliament of the United Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, in the room of Thomas Earl of Kellick, deceased.

Lord Cochrane had left London for Paris, to engage the Greek Committee of the continent to further his plan for putting an end to piracy in the Mediterranean.

A dreadful catastrophe occurred at Manchester on the 29th February, by which many persons lost their lives. The number was not ascertained, when the packet sailed, but forty seven dead bodies had been found.

Liverpool, March 1.

We continue to experience a regular and rather extensive demand for Cotton from the trade, but no improvement in price can be noticed in any description; on the contrary new Uplands and Orleans are lower, and Brazils have declined 1-8th per lb. Sea Islands have been in increased demand, but only at previous prices. That confidence which the extraordinary consumption is calculated to inspire, seems for the present to be counteracted by the weight of our stock, and the increased import the last two months; which contrasted with the two first months of the last year, shows an increase of rising 30,000 bags; and hence it is that holders in general are willing sellers. The sales of the week amount to 12970 bags, including 5610 Uplands, 5 a 6 5-8; 30, at 6 1/2d.

Portugal.—By the arrival of the Swiftsure, from Gibraltar, we learn that Don Miguel arrived at Lisbon on the 22d of February, and had sworn to the Constitution.—New York Spectator, 16th inst.

Gen. Bolivar.... Though unwilling to believe all that we hear, we feel compelled to apprehend, that this distinguished leader has lost all claims to the title once so liberally bestowed on him—"the Washington of the South."—Indeed, we begin to think as if nature had thrown the mould away "in which the Father of his Country was formed." Bolivar, lately re-invested with extraordinary powers, appears to exercise them with extraordinary force. Distinguished men have been imprisoned, without charge of offences, and it seems as though it were criminal to inquire why they were arrested. A late letter says, "Every thing is conducted at the point of the bayonet." Many persons are put to death at the discretion of military commanders, and without much ceremony. This is a fearful state of things. Niles.

Fraud in Tea.—The Newburgh (New-York) Gazette of Saturday states that Mr. McIntire of that Village opened a chest of Tea which contained five or six pounds of earthen ware, neatly packed in plates about an inch from the sides, and so arranged as not to be easily discovered by boring the chest or opening the top. The ingenuity of the contrivance would lead to the belief that the fraud was carried on to a considerable extent at the place where the tea was packed. The chest can be easily detected by running a long piece of stiff wire into the hole usually bored for the purpose of examining the quality of the Tea.

Augusta, Geo.... More than 60 members have been added during the past year to the Presbyterian church in Augusta.

Salisbury:

APRIL 29, 1828.

"Hang out your Banners on the outward walls."

FOR PRESIDENT,
ANDREW JACKSON.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JOHN C. CALHOUN.

The Evangelical Lutheran Synod of North Carolina, will convene, according to adjournment, at Union Church, near Salisbury, Rowan county, on the first Sunday in May next; where and when all the members of the above specified body, are earnestly requested to attend.

JOHN RECK.

SALISBURY TRACT SOCIETY.

A society was instituted in the city of New-York, in 1825, styled the American Tract Society; the object of which is, to publish and distribute Tracts, or small Pamphlets, containing from 4 to 12 pages each, at a cheap rate, among all classes of people. These little publications invariably inculcate Moral and Religious sentiments: they are not only eminently useful to the ungodly, but are needful and salutary to the Christian: they are peculiarly adapted, by their small size, which quality recommends them to the attention of those whose volatality of disposition would cause them to shrink from an attempt to read a large book,—and the easy and practical style in which the subjects they treat on, are illustrated,—to promote self-examination, purity of walk and conversation,—growth in grace, and in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour,—and preparation for Heaven." They are of incalculable benefit to young persons; they beget a taste for reading, and thereby contribute towards extending the blessings of education to multitudes in the community, who might otherwise grope their way through the world in gross ignorance, impiety and moral darkness.

All classes of Christians,—Presbyterians, Episcopalians, Lutherans, Baptists, Methodists, &c.,—have united in supporting this institution, and in extending its benefits to the remotest corners of our country. The Rev. Dr. Milnor, a learned and distinguished Episcopalian Clergyman in the city of New-York, is at the head of the Parent Institution.

Mr. Lyen, an Agent of the Parent society, having visited Salisbury a few days since, and suggested the propriety of establishing an Auxiliary Society in the place.

A number of the citizens of the town assembled in the court-house, on the 14th of April, 1828, for that purpose. Charles Fisher was called to the chair, and Michael Brown appointed secretary. The objects and utility of Tract Societies having been fully explained, by Mr. Lyen, and the Rev. Messrs. Rankin and Reck, it was, on motion, resolved, that an Auxiliary Tract Society be organized in Salisbury; a Constitution was adopted, and the following persons elected officers for the ensuing year:

THOMAS L. COWAN, President;
George Vogler, Vice President;
Philo White, Secretary;
Michael Brown, Treasurer;
Rev. Jesse Rankin, Rev. John Reck, Charles Fisher, and Squier Lowry, Directors.
Dr. Alexander Long, and Mr. Nathan B. Carrel, Solicitors.

The following is the Constitution, as adopted by the society:

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE 1.—This Society shall be called the "Auxiliary Tract Society of Salisbury;" the object of which shall be to promote the interests of Evangelical Religion and sound morality in this vicinity, by the circulation of Religious Tracts; and to aid the American Tract Society, instituted at New-York in 1825, in extending its operations in destitute parts of the United States, and of other countries.

ARTICLE 2.—All persons contributing annually to the funds of the Society, shall be members. The payment of five dollars, at one time, shall constitute a member for life.

ARTICLE 3.—Members of the Society shall be entitled to receive Tracts; at reduced prices; to the amount of one half of their subscriptions; and life members to the amount of twenty-five cents annually. One fourth part of the annual receipts of the Society shall be transmitted to the Treasury of the Parent Institution. The remainder of the funds shall be at the disposal of the Board, to be appropriated, either in gratuitous distributions to the destitute, or in aid of the Parent Society, or of the cause of Tracts in such other way as the Board shall judge most useful.

ARTICLE 4.—The Society shall hold its annual meeting on the first Thursday in April, in the town of Salisbury: when a Board, consisting of a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, and four Directors, with two Solicitors, shall be chosen to conduct the business of the Society. Twelve members shall be necessary to constitute a quorum to transact business. In case of failure of an annual election, the existing officers shall continue till a new election.

ARTICLE 5.—The Secretary shall record the proceedings of the Society and the Board, notify the meetings, conduct the correspondence, and prepare the Annual Report.

ARTICLE 6.—The Treasurer shall act as the Society's agent and Depository, take charge of the funds, and report the state of the Treasury at every meeting of the Board.

ARTICLE 7.—The Board shall adopt every practicable method for promoting the object of the Society; and shall assign to the respective members such agency as they think proper, in collecting and obtaining subscriptions, and distributing the Tracts. They shall fill their own vacancies, and enact their own By-Laws, encourage the circulation of the American Tract Magazine and the Christian Almanack, the formation of other Auxiliaries in places adjacent, and shall communicate to the Corresponding Secretary of the American Tract Society, a notice of the formation of the Auxiliary, and of the Constitution adopted, a list of the officers annually elected, such instances of the usefulness of Tracts as may come to their knowledge, and all other intelligence which may be calculated to promote the cause of Tracts. Three shall constitute a quorum.

ARTICLE 8.—Subscribers shall not be entitled to receive Tracts until their subscriptions be paid.

ARTICLE 9.—Meetings of the Society shall be opened and closed by prayer.

A Tract Depository was at the same time established in the town of Salisbury, to be under the care and government of the Auxiliary Tract

Society; and a considerable sum was subscribed by the citizens, and more expected. From this Depository, societies and individuals throughout this section of country, will be able to supply themselves with Tracts on the low terms at which the Parent Institution affords them—that is, twelve hundred pages for \$1.

GEORGIA.—The Milledgeville Journal says efforts are making to get up an Adams Electoral ticket for that state; but remarks, that "it cannot be sustained, with even the remotest prospect of success." It is admitted, by the same paper, that there are two parties in the state; but one of them is for Gen. Jackson, and the other for Old Hickory.

New-York.....The legislature of New-York adjourned on the 21st inst., after a session of 105 days: they are to have an extra session, to commence the 9th of Sept. to complete the revision of the statute laws.

An affray took place in the Rotunda of the Capitol at Washington City, on the 12th inst. between Gen. Duff Green and Mr. John Adams, son and private secretary to the President of the United States. The President sent a message to both houses of Congress, informing them of the occurrence, and submitting it to them whether the affair called for their interposition. The communication was referred to a select committee of seven members.

A complimentary dinner was given to Gen. Jackson, by the citizens of Murfreesboro', on his birthday, 15th ult. The following is Gen. Jackson's volunteer toast:

By General Andrew Jackson. The memory of De Witt Clinton, the patriot, the philanthropist, and the distinguished statesman. In his death, New York has lost one of her most useful sons, and the nation one of its brightest ornaments.

A "Sign" in Stokes.—Mr. Editor: At the muster of Capt. Mitchell's company of Militia, in the north-western part of Stokes county, on Saturday, the 5th inst. the voice of the company present was taken on the question of the Presidency; the result was,

For Gen. Jackson, 8;
For Mr. Adams, 4

Most of the other Captains' companies in Stokes county have voted on the Presidency; all of which are about as nearly unanimous in favor of Jackson, as the above.

In our paper of the 15th inst. we took occasion to contradict a slanderous accusation against Gen. Jackson, made in a Kentucky administration paper, charging him with having used certain profane expressions respecting Mr. Clay. It appears there was a slight error in our information; but the material facts are fully confirmed. The gentleman at Smithland who informed General Jackson, at that place, of Mr. Clay's publication, and of the nature of its contents, seeing the statement of the Kentucky papers, was apprehensive that General Jackson might attribute their origin to him; and without any solicitation or communication from General Jackson, voluntarily addressed to him a letter, of which the following is an extract:

"Smithland, Ky.

DEAR SIR: The object of this letter is to remove from myself any censure, which in all probability may rest upon me—I have seen and read in most of the administration papers of Kentucky, a malicious report, as to what you should have said concerning Mr. Clay and his friends. Permit me, Sir, to state to you that I am entirely innocent, and equally ignorant of how the report originated,—being with you during the short stay you made at the mouth of Cumberland, I am prepared to say, that nothing indecorous escaped your lips, to me, or to any of the company. I well recollect of asking you, if you had seen Mr. Clay's pamphlet, and after giving you a laconic statement of what it contained, instead of shewing any irascibility of temper, you smiled and said, nothing would afford you more pleasure than to know Mr. Clay innocent of the charges that were laid against him: JESSE MILLER."

In addition to the above, (says the Nashville Republican) the negative testimony of every passenger on board of the boat can be furnished—we have seen and conversed with several of them; so far from having heard any such expressions from the mouth of General Jackson as charged by the Focus, they did not even know of the existence of Mr. Clay's book. Many of them heard of it for the first time, at Nashville. Those with whom we had conversed, and who had the best opportunity of knowing, unite in pronouncing the accusation wholly and entirely false and malicious.

Carroll County.—A numerous meeting of the citizens of Carroll county, friendly to the election of Andrew Jackson as President, and John C. Calhoun as Vice President, was held at the court-house of that county, on Tuesday, the 8th of April: James Rainey in the chair; and James H. Ruffin, secretary. The meeting was addressed by Bartlett Vance, Charles D. Donoho, and Bedford Brown, Esquires, in feeling and eloquent terms, in favor of the election of Gen. Jackson. The nomination of Gen. Abraham Philip, of Rockingham county, as the Jackson and Calhoun Electoral candidate for that district, was concurred in. We will give the proceedings entire, hereafter.

Our Adams friend who writes us from Iredell, and says, "We will beat you all hollow in this county; and I hope all the rest of the good

people of this state will be as wise and as considerate as we are," is welcome to take all the comfort to himself he can, from the "hope," with which he seems to prick up his courage: But we can assure him his hopes are fallacious. If it be deemed un-wise and inconsiderate to vote for Gen. Jackson, a vast majority of the citizens of North Carolina, will, after the next November election, have to be set down as foolish people: for no one who pretends to lay claim to a single grain of political forecast, will now have the effrontery to hold up his head, and seriously say he believes there is even a remote probability of the vote of this state being given to Mr. Adams.

State Bank.—Mr. Wm. H. Haywood having resigned his situation as Cashier of this Institution, Mr. Charles Dewey has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

And Mr. Duncan McRae has been unanimously appointed Cashier of the Fayetteville Branch, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Dewey. Ral. Register

Charleston, April 12.—In addition to the phenomena that have characterized the seasons and vegetable kingdom this year, the present condition of certain fruit trees in the vicinity of Charleston, is deemed worthy of remark. Peach, Nectarine, Pear, Apricot and Apple trees, (the last of which had already produced fruit in February,) have since lost their leaves, and now bear not the least appearance of approaching vegetation, or of budding; although green and otherwise vigorous; whilst other trees and plants appear unchecked by the late cold weather. Courier.

The Tariff bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, in the House of Representatives, on the 15th inst. by a vote of 109 to 91. Its form is nearly the same as reported by the committee on manufactures. It has yet to pass the ordeal of the Senate, where it will undoubtedly undergo additional modifications. If it should pass that body, and ultimately become a law of the land, we shall, at a convenient season, lay it before our readers.

Crim. Con. in England.—In February last, a Mr. Tyrrel recovered 6666 dollars damages from the Rev. John Humphrey St. Aubin, a clergyman of the established church, for seducing the wife of Mr. T. Mrs. T's fortune was 45,000 pounds sterling. She left her husband and several children, and eloped to London with the reverend seducer. Mr. Justice Park said he hoped that steps would be immediately taken by the bishop to remove so great a reproach out of the church. The church-living of this infamous priest is said to be worth 2200 dollars a year.

The Markets.

Fayetteville, April 17.—Cotton, 8 1/2 a 9 25; Beef, fresh in market, 3 cents; Bacon, 6 to 8; peach brandy, 45 to 50; apple do. 36 to 40; flour, 4 to 4 25; whiskey, 25 to 30; United States bank notes, 4 1/2 to 6 per cent. premium.

Charleston, April 19.—Upland cotton 8 a 10 1/2; whiskey, 25 to 30; bagging, 42 inch, 22 to 24; sugar, 8 to 9; molasses, 27 to 28 cents; bacon, 6 to 7; apple brandy, 25 to 28; bees wax, 22; coffee, 13 to 18; hyson tea, 100 to 105; Jamaica rum, 110 to 115—West India do. 75 to 80.....Superior Cottons have been sold above our quotations half a cent.....North Carolina bills, 6 1/2 to 7 per cent. dis.; Georgia do. 1 to 1 1/2 per cent. ditto.

Cottons.—In Uplands a fair business was done at the prices of the previous week—the difference between the prices of good Cotton and prime, has however, rather increased. We quote the range for lots at 8 1/2 to 10 1/2—principal sales of middling qualities, 8 1/2 a 9 1/2; prime, 10 1/2 a 10 3/4; that a shade below prime is dull, while very choice continues to command something more than our highest quotation—and a little very inferior, was sold something below the lowest.

Petersburg, April 18.—Cotton, 8 to 9 50; tobacco, \$2 50 a 7—refused, 1 1/2 a \$3; corn, 1 1/2 a \$2; bacon, 7 a 8; lard, 7 a 8; apple brandy, 35 a 40; peach 75 a 100 cents.....North Carolina bank bills, 8 to 10 per cent. discount; Georgia bills, 2 1/2 to 3; South Carolina bills, 1 1/2 to 2 per cent. discount.

Cheraw, April 11.—Cotton, 8 1/2 a 10; bacon 9 a 10; flour 5; peach brandy 40 to 45; apple do. 35 to 40; whiskey 40; pork 4 to 5; tallow 9 to 10.

Caulden, April 19.—Cotton, middling to fair, 8 to 8 1/2; fair to good, 8 1/2 to 9; prime, 9 1/2.

New York, April 16.—Cotton: the sales, from the 12th to the 15th inclusive, amount only to about 500 bales, one half New-Orleans at 10 1/2 a 10 3/4 cts. and the remainder Alabamas at 9 1/2 a 10 1/4 cts.

Married.

In this county, on Thursday last, by the Rev. Wm. A. Hall, Mr. Anderson Hall to Miss Mary Elliott.

Also in this county on the same day, by Philo White, Mr. Samuel Fraley to Miss Loretta Gheen. Also, on the same day, by the same, Mr. Archibald Hill to Miss Polly Mowry.

On the 8th inst. by the Rev. John Silliman, at the residence of Col. William W. Erwin, in Burke county, Col. Alfred M. Gaither, of Iredell county, to Miss Catherine Erwin, daughter of Col. Wm. W. Erwin.

In Surry county on the 15th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Jeans, Mr. Charles Shelton, of Iredell county, to Miss Dorcas C. Smith, of Guilford.

In North Cove, Burke county, on the 17th inst. by the Rev. John Godfrey, Capt. Joseph Conley, to Miss Matilda G. daughter of Daniel Brown, Esq.

In Edgecombe county, on the 27th ult., Mr. Frederick Mayo, to Miss Mania Gager Menet, ta Anders Sylvester Malvina Llewellyn Sherard; (How many wives does Mr. Mayo get out of all these names? He ought to be indicted for polygamy.)

Entertainment.

THE subscriber has removed from the house formerly owned by Capt. Robert Works, dec'd, to the house lately occupied by Mr. David Porter, in the east end of the town; where he will continue his TAF-ERN. He sincerely thanks his friends and the public for the patronage heretofore extended to him; and he solicits the continuance of their favors.

He pledges his unremitting attention to his business, and kindness to those who may be pleased to call upon him. 12 W. KERK. Statesville, Iredell co. N. C. April 14, 1828.

REGIMENTAL ORDER.

Head-Quarters, Salisbury, April 23d, 1828.

THE Commissioned Officers of the 63d Regiment N. C. Militia, are ordered to meet in the town of Salisbury, on Friday, the 9th of May next, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M. equipped as the law directs, prepared with fire-arms, to attend a Drill Muster.

EDW. YARBROUGH, Col. Comdt.

Ran Away

FROM the subscriber, on the 12th inst. a Negro fellow by the name of ZEEK, about 39 years old, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, a stout, well made fellow, has a scar on his upper lip near the corner of his mouth, quite black complexion. It is supposed he will try to make his way for the Western country. Whoever will apprehend said Negro, and deliver him to the owner, near Salisbury, Rowan county, N. C.; or secure him in any jail, so that he can be had by the owner, shall be well rewarded. DANIEL WOOD.

April 24th, 1828.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the post-office at Lexington, North Carolina, on the 21st April, 1828.

John Barret,	David Lookebill,
John H. Barret,	Jacob Mikel,
Jonathan Barret,	Benjamin Mize,
Sarah Barret,	Philip Mock,
Benjamin Billings,	Peter Myers,
Benjamin Billings, Jr.	Joseph Northern,
John Blackburne,	James Payne,
James Bryant,	Jordan Perry,
David Buckhardt,	Mary Pope,
Levi Campbell,	Michael Redwine,
Thomas Cody,	Thomas Sawyer,
Rachel Cunningham,	Peter Shules,
Julia Daniel,	Jacob Skein,
Benjamin Ferabee,	Sally Smith,
Joseph Ferabee,	Patsy Smith,
Andrew Fouts,	Joseph Spence,
Bannister Glidewell,	George Tash,
George Grimes,	Ruth Teague,
George Hagey,	William B. Toomy,
Christopher Hederick,	John Wallis,
Sidney Johnson,	James Wright,
Zechariah Johnson,	Jonathan Williams,
James Kenneday,	William Williams,
Henry Kely,	David Waggoner,
Christian Kinney,	Jane M. Woods,
Elijah Lanier,	Alfred Wilson,
Oliver Lambeth,	William Wadsworth,
Enos Lanning,	314

B. D. ROUSAVILLE, P. M.

STORE HOUSE IN LEXINGTON.

THE subscriber's Brick Store House in Lexington, Davidson county, is for Rent. It is situated immediately on the north corner of the Public Square, and is one of the most eligible stands for a Store in the place. For terms, &c. apply to B. D. Rousaville, Esq. in Lexington, or to the subscriber in Salisbury. SAMUEL LEMLY. Feb. 24d, 1828. 03

Packets for Philadelphia.

THE subscriber having established a line of PACKETS between Philadelphia and Wilmington, N. C. takes this method to inform the public, that a Vessel will leave Philadelphia for Wilmington, N. C. about every ten days, except when prevented by ice in the Delaware. Goods and Produce intended for this conveyance, will be received and forwarded by Messrs. Hutton & Hutton, of Fayetteville, N. C. and Messrs. Slow & Whittier, of Wilmington, N. C. at the lowest rates of freight, and least expense possible. Having three good Vessels in the trade, commanded by careful captains, well acquainted with the coast, and Cabins well filled up for the accommodation of Passengers; he therefore trusts to meet with encouragement. JAMES PATTON, Jr. Smith's Wharf. Philadelphia, March, 1828. Jan 22

A PAIR OF GILT EPAULETS

FOR sale, very low: they have been used, but are not much soiled. Apply at James B. Hampton's watch-maker's shop. Feb. 24th, 1828. 03

FOR SALE OR RENT

THE subscribers having removed their store from Statesville to the upper part of Iredell county, for the purpose of settling their business in Statesville, now offer to Rent or Sell their House and Lot, adjoining the store of Jas. Shepherd. It is a beautiful Lot, with a good store-house and other necessary buildings on it, situated one door from the south-east corner, and is an excellent stand for a Merchant. Any person wishing to Rent or Buy, would do well to call and examine it. For terms, apply to 3113

April 14, 1828. CRAWFORD & GAITHER.

N. B. All persons indebted to the firm, (while at Statesville) are again requested to come forward and make settlement immediately, for no longer indulgence will be given. One or both of them may be found in Statesville, at all public times. C. & GAITHER.

HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Salisbury, and the surrounding country and villages, that he has located himself in this place, where he intends carrying on House, Sign and ornamental Painting, Paper Hanging, Glazing and Gilding, in all their various branches. He flatters himself, from his long experience in the above branches, that he will be able to give general satisfaction. Signs will be as neatly painted and sent to order, as on personal application. As the times are hard, the subscriber intends to work as low for cash, as he can live by. He therefore solicits a share of public patronage. NATHAN B. CARREL. Salisbury, April 13th, 1828. 707