

# Western Carolinian.

SALISBURY, N. C. TUESDAY, MAY 13, 1828.

[VOL. VII.....NO. 414.]

Printed and Published, week a week,  
By PHILIP WHITE.

THE terms of the Western Carolinian are, \$3 per annum—or \$2 50, if paid in advance...but payment in advance will be required from all subscribers at a distance, who are unknown to the Editor, unless some responsible person of his acquaintance guarantees the payment. No paper discontinued, (except at the option of the Editor) until all arrears are paid. Advertisements will be inserted at fifty cents per square for the first week, and twenty-five cents for each week thereafter. All letters addressed to the Editor, must be post-paid, or they may not be attended to.

**CARD.**  
**E. WILLEY & CO.**  
(At the Sign of the Mortar and Pestle.)

**HAVE** just received from New York, a large supply of  
**Drugs, Medicines, and Paints;**

which, together with their former stock, make their present assortment replete with the most valuable Medicines sold in our country. As they are determined to make this establishment worthy of public patronage, they now offer for sale, Wholesale and Retail, the above Medicines, &c. on the most reasonable terms.

Physicians in this section of the country, as well as those to the westward, who, heretofore, have been in the habit of supplying themselves with Medicines from the north, and elsewhere, will find it for their interest to encourage the efforts of the present proprietors, in making this a useful and permanent stand.

N. B. Orders carefully and punctually put up, agreeably to directions; and on the shortest notice. Salisbury, Nov. 20th, 1827. 89

### STAGE LINE

#### FROM RALEIGH TO SALISBURY.

The subscriber having purchased this route of Mr John Moreing, Jun. respectfully informs the public that no exertions in his power shall be wanting to render it as expeditious, safe and comfortable as it has hitherto been under the superintendence of its former indefatigable and worthy owner.

There will be no changes in the route. The Stage, as usual, will continue to run from Raleigh to Salisbury, via Pittsborough and Ashborough, once a week. It leaves Raleigh every Friday at 2 o'clock, p. m. and arrives at Salisbury on Monday at 10 o'clock, a. m. Price of passage from Raleigh to Salisbury, 7 dollars, and at the same rate for any distance on the route. All trunks and other baggage taken into the Stage, shall be delivered at the place to which they are directed, on the responsibility of the subscriber. The subscriber hazards nothing in saying that this is the nearest, cheapest and most agreeable route from Raleigh to Salisbury; and he, therefore, with the greater confidence solicits public patronage.

GEORGE WILLIAMS, Jr. 3mt14  
January 8, 1828.

### The well known and admired Horse DION.

**WILL** stand the present season at the subscriber's stable, in the Forks of the Yadkin, and at Thomas Gheen's, on the Wilkesborough road; and will be let to mares at the low price of five dollars the season, which may be discharged by paying four dollars within the season; two and a half dollars the single leap, to be paid at the time of service; and eight dollars to insure a mare to be with foal, the insurance money will be claimed in every instance as soon as it is discovered the mare is with foal, or the property changed. The season will commence at Thomas Gheen's on Thursday, the 17th inst. and he will be regularly there every ninth and tenth day thereafter, accidents excepted; and the balance of his time at the subscriber's stable. All possible care will be taken to prevent accidents, but no liability for any. JOHN LOCKE, Jr. 5t14  
April, 10th, 1828.

### RAN OFF

**FROM** the subscriber, on the 6th inst. an iron gray MARE, supposed to be six years old this spring, about 14½ hands high, thick mane and tail, had on when she went off a draw-reined bridle, and was newly shod all round. She will probably aim to go to Rutherford, in this state; or York district, S. C. Any person giving information of said beast, so that I get her again, shall be handsomely rewarded by me. J. A. MURCHISON. 2t14  
Iredell co. N. C. April 30, 1828.

### LIST OF LETTERS

- REMAINING in the post-office at Lexington, North Carolina, on the 21st April, 1828.
- |                        |                    |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| John Barret,           | David Lockebill,   |
| John H. Barret,        | Jacob Mikel,       |
| Jonathan Barret,       | Benjamin Mize,     |
| Sarah Barret,          | Philip Mock,       |
| Benjamin Billings,     | Peter Myers,       |
| Benjamin Billings, Jr. | Joseph Northern,   |
| John Blackburne,       | James Payne,       |
| James Bryant,          | Jordan Perry,      |
| David Buckhardt,       | Mary Pope,         |
| Levi Campbell,         | Michael Redwine,   |
| Thomas Cedy,           | Thomas Sawyer,     |
| Rachel Cunningham,     | Peter Shules,      |
| Julia Daniel,          | Jacob Skein,       |
| Benjamin Ferabee,      | Sally Smith,       |
| Joseph Ferabee,        | Patsy Smith,       |
| Andrew Fonia,          | Joseph Spence,     |
| Bannister Glidewell,   | George Tash,       |
| George Grimes,         | Ruth Teague,       |
| George Hages,          | William B. Toomy,  |
| Christopher Heiderick, | John Wallis,       |
| Sidney Johnson,        | James Wright,      |
| Zachariah Johnson,     | Jonathan Williams, |
| James Kennedy,         | William Williams,  |
| Henry Keply,           | David Waggoner,    |
| Christian Kinney,      | Jane M. Woods,     |
| Elizah Lanier,         | Alfred Wadson,     |
| Oliver Lambeth,        | William Wadsworth, |
| Epos Lanning,          | 3t14               |
- B. D. ROUNSAVILLE, P. M.

### HAYWOOD COUNTY.

April 19th, 1828.—Agreeably to appointment, a large number of the citizens of Haywood county friendly to the election of Gen. Andrew Jackson as President, and John C. Calhoun as Vice President, convened at the court-house in Waynesville, N. C.; and after the meeting being organized,

On motion of Col. James McKee, Maj. Wm. Dever was called to the Chair; and on motion of Felix Axley, Esq. James R. Love, was appointed secretary. And on motion of Col. Jas. McKee, Felix Axley, Esq. should be requested to deliver an address suitable to the occasion. And agreeably to request, he arose and delivered the following address:

Mr. Chairman: We, as members of a great Republic, and whose peace, happiness and personal security, depend entirely upon the choice we make in our public servants, every individual member of this republic ought to watch with a vigilant eye, and with a scrutinizing eye, the conduct of those who have in their hands the administration of the constitution and laws of their country. The people, collectively, hold the supreme power of a republican government exclusively in their hands; and they, and they alone, have the right to call in question the conduct of the public functionaries. They are able to judge when the government is badly administered, for they alone are affected by it. And when they see, by the conduct and the declarations of their public servants, setting at defiance the constitution and will of the sovereign power, it then behooves the republican people to act, and act promptly, decisively, and fearlessly, too, for the purpose of displacing those already in power, who have proven to be unfaithful servants; and place others in their room and stead, in whose intelligence, integrity and patriotism they can more safely confide.

At the last presidential election, we had, with regret and indignation, to behold our dearest rights and privileges most shamefully plundered away, by one whom the American people used to think better of; and to one in whom they never could have expected any thing else. Such a course of intrigue and bargaining is certainly more disgraceful to be practised in a plain republican government, than any other; as it gives the crowned heads of Europe the opportunity of tauntingly throwing in our teeth, "this is your boasted republic!"

America is the country where the rights of man are tenaciously observed; where the voice of the people must be obeyed. They, with a smile of self-satisfaction, will exultingly ask, "Was it observed in the election of John Q. Adams to the Presidency? We with mortification will have to admit it was not. John Q. Adams usurped the Presidential chair in a similar manner that a great many of the sovereigns of Europe usurped their thrones by a system of political maneuvering and corrupt bargaining, in accordance too with the lessons taught him by his God-father, the Royal King of England, while taking lectures at the Court of St. James.

John Q. Adams was elected contrary to the express will and wish of a majority of the American people; and instead of pursuing a course in the administration of the government, that would have a tendency to conciliate and reconcile the indignant feelings of the people, which he had exasperated by a manifest violation of their rights, has pursued a course of policy diametrically opposed and at war with the genuine principles of our government. And are we now to sit, unconcerned, gaze and stare like children at a raree-show?—Is it consistent with the character of genuine republicans? No, we hope not. They must and will rise in the majesty of their strength, and visit with merited retribution those servants who have neglected to improve their talent.

The time is fast approaching, when again the free people will have the opportunity of selecting from among them some one of their citizens worthy to be their chief Magistrate. It is most devoutly wished that intelligence, integrity and patriotism, will govern the choice of the electors. And what citizen is there combining more of the sterling virtue, than there is in Gen. Andrew Jackson, of Tenn? Who has spent the vigor of his youth in the service of his country; who, like the faithful servant, has improved his talent; and who has never compromised the integrity of his country, for the sake of power or filthy lucre. He has made the public weal his polar star; and has pursued it with an undeviating course. He has never solicited office; he has never been seen dancing attendance at great men's levees, seeking and intriguing for preferment or promotion. His talents and virtues have always been a sufficient recommendation to the government, whose call into service he always promptly obeyed without waiting to inquire what his outfit and salary would be. When his country has no longer use for his services, then do we see him, Cincinnatus-like, retire to the bosom of his family and friends; and there pursuing the humble avocation of the farmer, receiving and treating with politeness and hospitality, all those whose curiosity or respect may draw to his hospitable mansion. This is a faint and slight portrait of the character of the man whom the American people will delight to honor.

But what can we say of his competitor? We won't say what we wish there was no reason for us to repeat. What has his course in public life been? Where is the brilliant monument of his public life? Where is the treaty he has negotiated and concluded, which has secured honor or wealth to his country? I fear our eyes would grow dim with age in searching the public documents, before we would find one treaty or public act of his, that adds honor to his name or glory to his country. There is one treaty he has made, which will remain an eternal monument of his avarice and mercenary disposition: and that was with the Secretary of the Treasury Department, out of which he drew upwards of one hundred thousand for his quondam services. It might be possible, when he was negotiating this treaty, he recollected the old adage, that an overflowing Treasury is a curse to a nation. And by his having some pretext to draw out and take upon himself the trouble to appropriate it to whatever charitable uses would seem good in his own eyes, it would, at least, be

somewhat a saving in the end, to the general government, as it would prevent the house of representatives from debating a whole session away to ascertain what would be the most judicious manner to dispose of this hundred thousand dollars, which Mr. John Q. Adams has been so obliging as to take on himself the trouble to disburse.

Will the American people coolly and dispassionately sanction outrages upon the constitution and laws, which were sealed by the blood of departed heroes? Will they fold their arms and suffer themselves to be lulled to sleep in the cradle of carnal security, and respond to the cry of peace, when there is no peace, while the clarion of their usurper's minions, and the tocsin of destruction, is reverberating through their native land and valleys? Arise ye, the sons of those of seventy six, and wrest from his ill-gotten emprise, the man who has usurped your most invaluable rights, and place him there who will strictly observe the constitution and laws of your country, and who will perpetuate to posterity your free and happy institutions, undegenerated.

On motion of Felix Axley, Esq. the following resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Resolved, that the great political intelligence, the pure and undated patriotism and sterling virtue of Gen. Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee, has high claims upon our confidence, and that we view him better qualified to fill the Presidential Chair than John Q. Adams; and we recommend him to the citizens of the United States as such, and pledge ourselves to support his election by all honorable means.

Resolved, that we have great confidence in the ability and patriotism of John C. Calhoun, of South Carolina, and recommend him as a fit and proper person to fill the Office of Vice President of the United States.

Resolved, that Col. Jas. McKee, Maj. Wm. Dever, Jas. R. Love, Esq. Col. John Testham, Col. Benjamin S. Britain, John Phillips, Esq. Col. Thos. Love, Joseph Dever, Col. Jacob Smith, Felix Axley, Esq. Col. Ninian Edmonston, Nimrod S. Jarrrett, Keder Boon, Esq. Roland Osbourne, Joseph H. Walker, Esq. Benjamin Turner, Capt. John L. Smith, Benjamin Clark, Esq. John M. Carson, Esq. John McDowell, Esq. Joseph Howell, Col. Joseph Cathey, Daniel Bryson, N. G. Howell, Maj. Martin Helley, Wm Welch, and Nathaniel Blackburn, Esq. be appointed Delegates, for Haywood county, to meet the Delegates from the other counties in this district, at John Burgin's, on the first Tuesday in May, to select a suitable person as a candidate for ELECTOR of President and Vice President; and that Col. ROBERT LOVE, of Haywood county, be recommended to them as a suitable person for that purpose.

After the foregoing resolutions were adopted, Col. R. Love rose, and gave the following pledge, as to the course he should pursue if elected:

Gentlemen: As you have been pleased to nominate me as a candidate on the Jackson, or People's Ticket, as your choice as an Elector for the first Electoral District of this state, at the ensuing Presidential Election, it behoves me to give a pledge for whom I am to act in doing of this. I will perfectly accord with my own private and political sentiments, to vote for the men of your choice at the last election, when I acted for you. I cheerfully voted for Gen. Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee, to be President, and John C. Calhoun, to be Vice President. The result of that election you are all apprised of; therefore, I need say but little on that head. Of the ensuing election, I will say, without hesitation, that Gen. Jackson has been the intimate friend of my younger days; for forty years we have been in the habits of friendly intimacy; and of whom, no man, as a political friend, I have esteemed higher. We waded through, and United in the state of Tennessee, in the great political struggle between the elder Adams and Mr. Jefferson; in that struggle I was honored as one of the three Electors, which Tennessee was only entitled to at that day; and at that time I discharged the trust reposed in me to the entire satisfaction of the people of that state, by voting for you, to vote for the men whom I do know are your particular choice. (to wit:) Gen. Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee, to be President; and John C. Calhoun, to be Vice President: In doing so, I have a peculiar pleasure, from my early and most intimate friendship for Gen. Jackson; and as I believe John C. Calhoun to be one of our most worthy patriots. Gentlemen, I humbly thank you for your good will towards me.

On motion of Col. James McKee, Resolved, that the Editors of the Western Carolinian and the Raleigh Star, be requested to give the proceedings of this meeting an insertion in their papers.

On motion of Col. Jas. McKee, Resolved, that the thanks of this meeting be voted to Maj. W. Dever, and Jas. R. Love, for the able and dignified manner they have conducted this meeting.

On motion of Felix Axley, Esq. Re-

solved, that the meeting adjourn. By order of the committee.

WM. DEVER, Chairman.  
JAS. R. LOVE, Secretary.

### CASWELL COUNTY.

A numerous meeting of the citizens of Caswell County, friendly to the election of General ANDREW JACKSON as President and JOHN C. CALHOUN as Vice President of the United States, was held at the Court House on Tuesday the 8th of April. After a short address from Ledford Brown, Esq. explaining the object of the meeting; on his motion James Rainey, Esq. was called to the chair, and on motion of John E. Lewis, Esq. James F. Ruffin was appointed Secretary. After the organization of the meeting, it being discovered that so great was the number of persons assembled on the occasion, the Court House could not contain one-third, the assembly agreed to adjourn to some more convenient place, when the following proceedings were had. Charles Donoho, Esq. offered, for the consideration of the meeting, the following resolutions, viz:

1. Resolved, That the policy and measures of the present administration of the General Government are partial and unjust; and are calculated to enrich a portion of the Union at the expense and injury of the balance.

2. Resolved, That no administration is entitled to the confidence or support of the American people, which makes use of the patronage of the government to secure its own popularity rather than promote the public good.

3. Resolved, That we have no confidence in the political integrity and qualifications of John Quincy Adams for the Presidency of these United States; and that we are decidedly opposed to his reelection.

4. Resolved, That we have confidence in the honesty and ability of ANDREW JACKSON; and that we will use all fair and honorable means to support his election at the approaching contest.

5. Resolved, That we approve of, and will support for, the Vice Presidency of these United States, the Honorable JOHN C. CALHOUN, the present incumbent.

6. Resolved, That we approve of the nomination, made by Counties of Stokes and Rockingham, of General ABRAHAM PHILIPS as a candidate for an elector in this district, and recommend him to our Fellow Citizens as worthy of the trust proposed to be confided in him.

And having prefaced them with a few pertinent remarks, they were seconded by Barlett Yancey, Esq. in an animated and feeling address, recommending to the assembled citizens a cordial support of Gen. Jackson as President. The sentiments of the meeting were then taken on the passage of the resolutions, when they were unanimously adopted.

The following resolution was then offered and adopted, viz: Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Milton Gazette; with a request that they be also published in the Raleigh Star, the North Carolina Journal, and the Western Carolinian.

And thereupon the Meeting adjourned. The exact number of persons present and participating in the deliberations of the meeting, was not ascertained, but no doubt was entertained that it exceeded 500 persons. It was peculiarly gratifying to the friends of our Republican Institutions to perceive the interest and feeling exhibited by the many old men who attended this meeting. Many of them were Soldiers of the Revolution, and zealously participated in the deliberations of the meeting, with the same devotion to the principles avowed on the occasion as characterized their conduct in that great struggle for liberty. Signed by order of the meeting. JAMES RAINEY, Ch'n.

JAS. H. RUFFIN, Sec'y.

In Ohio.—The Hon. D. Hudson, of the town of Hudson, Portage county, Ohio, writes to his friend in Albany: "I am truly happy to state that God in his infinite goodness has been pleased to visit several towns in this part of the country with the gracious influences of his spirit, especially in Tallmage, Franklin, Strongsville, in some measure in Twinsburg, and in a very remarkable manner in Hudson. The work has extended into every part of the towns; and in some neighborhoods, very few individuals have been left who were not hopefully converted. Alb. Chr. Reg.

Cherokees.—We are informed that Mr. Worcester has removed from Brainerd to New Echota, for the purpose of making use of the press as a means of instruction to the Cherokees.

### GEN. JACKSON.....INDIANA.

At the last winter's session of the legislature of the state of Indiana, the senate passed a resolution, requesting the Governor to correspond with Gen. Jackson, and ascertain his sentiments in relation to the expediency and constitutionality of governmental protection of manufactures, and appropriations of money for objects of internal improvements: the following is Gen. Jackson's reply to the inquiry under the aforesaid resolution:

His Excellency, James B. Ray,  
Governor of Indiana.  
HERMITAGE, FEB. 28, 1828.

SIR: I have had the honor to receive your excellency's letter, of the 30th ult., enclosing a set of resolutions of the Senate of Indiana, adopted, as it appears, with a view of ascertaining my opinions on certain political topics. The respect which I entertain for the executive and Senate of your state, excludes from my mind the idea that an unfriendly disposition dictated the interrogatories which are proposed. But I will confess my regret at being forced, by this sentiment, to depart in the smallest degree, from that determination on which I have always acted. Not, sir, that I would wish to conceal my opinions from the people, upon any political or national subjects; but as they were in various ways promulgated in 1824, I am apprehensive that my appearance before the public, at this time, may be attributed, as has already been the case, to improper motives.

With these remarks, I pray you, sir, respectfully to state to the Senate of Indiana, that my opinions, at present, are precisely what they were in 1823 and 4, when they were communicated, by letter, to Dr. Coleman of N. Carolina, and when I voted for the present tariff and appropriations for internal improvement. As that letter was written at a time when the divisions of sentiment, on this subject, were as strongly marked as they are now, in relation both to the expediency and constitutionality of the system, it is enclosed herein; and I beg the favor of your excellency to consider it a part of this communication. The occasion out of which it arose, was embraced with a hope of preventing any doubt, misconception, or necessity for further enquiry, respecting my opinion on the subject to which you refer—particularly in those States, which you have designated as cherishing a policy at variance with your own. To preserve our invaluable constitution and be prepared to repel the invasion of a foreign foe, by the practise of economy, and the cultivation, within ourselves, of the means of national defence and independence, should be, it seems to me, the leading object of any system which aspires to the name of "American," and of every prudent administration of our government.

I trust, sir, that these general views, taken in connexion with the letter enclosed, and the votes referred to, will be received as a sufficient answer to the enquiries suggested by the resolutions of the Senate: I will further observe, to your excellency, that my views of constitutional power and American policy, were imbibed in no small degree, in the times, and from the sages of the revolution, and that my experience has not disposed me to forget their lessons; and, in conclusion, I will repeat that my opinions remain as they existed in 1823 and 24, uninfluenced by the hopes of personal aggrandizement; and that I am sure they will never deprive me of the proud satisfaction of having always been a sincere and consistent republican.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,  
ANDREW JACKSON."

### REVIVAL IN YORK, PENN.

By several letters received from York, we learn that a very excessive and powerful religious excitement prevails, chiefly among the youth in the German Reformed congregation of that place, under the pastoral care of the Rev. J. R. Riley. The number of persons who are its subjects is estimated at about three hundred. It is represented as still increasing, and hopes are entertained that it will become general. It commenced in a prayer meeting which had been for some time conducted in a school house belonging to the church; and so far as we can perceive, without the intervention of any other means or efforts, than those of a faithful ministry.

The Philadelphia National Gazette says—"The business of the season with the interior is unusually active and ample in our city. It is believed that the home trade of Philadelphia much exceeds that of New York.

There are 31 John Smiths in New York, and 14 John Johnsons.