

PRESIDENTIAL VOTES		
STATES	For Gen. Jackson	For Mr. Adams
Alabama	11	0
Arkansas	11	0
California	11	0
Florida	11	0
Georgia	11	0
Illinois	11	0
Indiana	11	0
Iowa	11	0
Mississippi	11	0
Missouri	11	0
Ohio	11	0
South Carolina	11	0
Tennessee	11	0
Virginia	11	0
West Virginia	11	0
Wisconsin	11	0
Wyoming	11	0
Total	132	0

The foregoing table shows a correct view of the present state of the Electoral votes for President and Vice President, as it is, perhaps, possible to attain at the present time. From the data here furnished, we perceive the certain election of Gen. Jackson, by the votes of nine states, which are all conceded by our opponents. 132 votes constitute an election.

It must be remembered, that the foregoing statement is the one least favourable to General Jackson—it is properly the statement of our enemy. Giving it our complexion, it would assume a shape too formidable for the nerves of our opponents.

Again we say to the friends of Mr. Adams—why lay waste the character and glory of the country in so hopeless a contest? Why struggle against a doom that history has already recorded on her page of truth? It is an old saying, that to cease to do evil, is an atonement for guilt almost equal to virtue. *Philad. Mercury.*

Extraordinary.—“Arise Daughter, and go to your daughter’s daughter’s daughter’s daughter.”

A female child was born in Penn township, Pennsylvania, on the 7th inst. where there were in the room at the time, the child, the mother, the grandmother, the great grandmother, and the great great grandmother—making five generations; all first born children but the great great grandmother. The great great grandmother dressed the child, and came on foot more than half a mile; is in the habit of visiting her children, walking alone; and frequently returning at night. She bids fair to live to see another generation of her descendants.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE BIBLE.

At a late meeting of the officers and managers of the Raleigh Bible Society, says the Register of the 6th inst., an Agent was appointed to go through this County, for the purpose of increasing the circulation of the Bible, in pursuance of a Resolution passed at the annual meeting in December last.

The Rev. Mr. Winston, an Agent of the American Bible Society, (of which this Society is Auxiliary,) being present, he was requested to give to the meeting such information as he had been able to collect in the journey which he had lately taken through this State, in order to ascertain the state of the Bible cause. This request was cheerfully complied with, and the account proved very interesting to the Board. Mr. W. is of opinion, that there are in this State, ten thousand families destitute of the Bible; that in one-half the Counties there are no Bible Societies; that many of the Societies in existence are very inefficient, some of them not having met for two, three or four years; that in some portions of the State, the operations of Bible Societies are opposed, even by those who profess to be Christians. But though these facts are discouraging, it is believed, that the Bible is gaining efficient, zealous friends and advocates, in many parts of the State. The Iredell Bible Society has resolved to supply the destitute in that county, and the work is by this time probably effected. There were found in Iredell, more than 230 families without a Bible. This fact was ascertained by the Sheriff of the County, at the time he collected the taxes. Granville County will probably be supplied with Bibles in a few weeks, agents having been engaged to effect the object, and the Bibles being on hand. The Orange Bible Society have also passed a similar resolution, and it is hoped the object will soon be effected. Besides these Counties, the Societies in seven or eight others have expressed their determination to ascertain the wants of the destitute families within their bounds, during the present summer, with a view to supply them as soon as practicable.

On hearing what had been effected in Iredell, and what will probably soon be accomplished in Granville, Orange and other Counties, this Society has resolved, in case the Agent now employed should not accomplish the work, to obtain like information by means of the Magistrates appointed in the several Captain’s Districts, for receiving the lists of taxable property.

We are persuaded that such a request need only to be made, to meet with a ready compliance.

COPPER COIN.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia Daily Chronicle, proposes what he thinks an important and desirable change in the copper coinage of the country. It is to make the cent about the size and weight of the dime. The advantages of the change, he says, would be:

1st. The saving of copper to the treasury. What this would amount to; he has no means of estimating accurately; but, when taken in connection with the great increase in the amount which would, in this more convenient form, be circulated through the country, it could not but be very considerable.

2d. The much greater convenience to the public of so small and neat a coin. In many of the Southern and Western States copper coin is seldom seen, and nothing can be bought for less than the sixtieth of a dollar.

3d. The copper coin would not be melted down.

The chief objection to the change recommended would be the strong inducement to counterfeiting. How far this might be prevented by some peculiar preparation of the metal, and whether iron would not, in some respects, be preferable to copper, are questions which experience only can decide.

A friend has furnished the editor of the Baltimore Gazette, with a sample of remarkably fine coffee from Liberia. The only thing it wants is age, being of this year’s crop. One of the most respectable grocers of Baltimore, who is fully competent to decide upon such matters, pronounced it, without knowing whence it came, to be not inferior to the Mocha, and better than the Java, which is selling in our market for 16 cents.

It is mentioned in a late Paris paper, that, during the reading of the minutes, in the session of the Chamber of Deputies, crowded round Gen. Lafayette, to congratulate him on the perfect re-establishment of his health. The Chamber was engaged in hearing and discussing of the electoral lists and of juries. General Lafayette was sworn, and then took his seat.

Circuit Court of U. States.—The Court of the United States for this District commenced its session on Monday last—present Chief Justice Marshall and the Hon. Judge Potter. No suit of general interest was tried, the Court having continued, upon the affidavit of the defendant’s agent, the suit of Rev. Jonathan Whitaker vs. Rev. Frederick Freeman, instituted several years since for a libel. We understand that this suit was continued upon the ground that the defendant was without counsel in the Court, in consequence of the unexpected absence of a gentleman of the Bar upon whose services the defendant had relied.

The suit of Fitzgerald vs. Williams, for a malicious arrest and prosecution of the plaintiff, (a citizen of Georgia,) upon a charge of stealing negroes, was also continued by the Court upon the affidavit of the defendant.

There being but little other business in the Court, it adjourned yesterday.

A sign in Boston.—Hyatt, in playing Billy Black for his benefit, at the Tremont, attempted to read some conundrums, reflecting on General Jackson—he was hissed so loudly, that he came to the foot lights and burned the paper. I’ll thank his honor, the Mayor of Washington, if he will notice this.—*Noah.*

The depth of rain which fell in England in 1827, was 1274 inches, or 7850 hogsheads per acre, or 1,211,281 tons weight on a square mile—a weight about 833 times greater than that of the atmosphere on the same space.

The new Palace which has been some time building in London for the town residence of the King, an extravagant cost has been denominated as disgraceful for its architectural deformities, and ordered to be taken down. A loud call is made for the exposure of the person whose bad taste ruled. Mr. Nash, the architect, has cleared himself.

Wolf, the missionary, being prevented from prosecuting his intended mission to Palestine, in consequence of the present unsettled state of Turkey, tends to visit scattered Jews in Africa, and to explore the country as far as Tombuctoo.

The London Morning Chronicle affirms that, according to the latest and most authentic accounts, the number of Dissenters in Great Britain, including the Scotch Presbyterians in both kingdoms, amounts to ten millions of souls.

Salisbury:
MAY 27, 1828.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ANDREW JACKSON.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JOHN C. CALHOUN.

“Freemen, cheer the Hickory Tree.
In storms its boughs have shelter’d thee;
O’er Freedom’s Land its branches wave,
‘Twas planted on the Lion’s Grave.”

Those Editors who favor us with an exchange, will please hereafter give a more definite direction to their papers, than “Printer, Salisbury,” for, as there are now two papers printed in Salisbury, it is impossible for the Post-master here, to know for whom such packets are intended.

We are authorized to say, that Henry A. Martin, Esq. will be a candidate at the ensuing August election, to represent the freemen of Stokes county in the House of Commons of the next Legislature of this state.

The lines on the death of Mr. D. C. McNeely, are received; and shall find a place in our next or succeeding paper.

Major General.—In the House of Representatives, on the 15th inst. the bill to abolish the office of Major General in the military peace establishment of the U. States, was passed by a large majority: the bill was sent to the Senate on the same day, read twice, and, after a short discussion, referred to the military committee.

Adjournment of Congress.—The Senate have concurred in the resolution from the other house, to adjourn on the 26th inst.: so that Congress must have terminated its labors yesterday.

Internal Improvement.—The bill making appropriations for purposes of internal improvement, the passage of which seemed at one time to be hazarded by a disagreement between the two Houses, having been referred to a committee of conference, has now passed into a law, the managers on the part of each House having mutually receded from some of the most objectionable amendments. The resolutions for receding were passed by the Senate on the 16th inst., yeas 27, nays 12; it was also passed by the House of Representatives; so that the bill is a law of the land.

The Catawba Journal, heretofore, for three years or more, published in Charlotte, has been discontinued in that place, and was issued in Salisbury, on Tuesday last, under the title of the Yaden and Catawba Journal. It continues, as heretofore, to advocate the cause of the present incumbents of the National Government.

The newly organized Superior Court of the City of New-York, was opened at the City Hall on the 5th inst. Chief Justice Jones, associate justices Josiah Ogden Hoffman, and Thomas J. Oakley, were qualified, and took their seats. Charles A. Clinton, Esq. eldest son of the late Governor Clinton, has been appointed Clerk of this Court. He is a gentleman of talents and extensive acquirements.

A further defalcation, on the part of the late Treasurer of Virginia, Jerman Baker, who committed suicide in consequence of his embarrassments, has come to light: In 1824, the funds of the Cincinnati Society of Virginia, were placed in the State Treasurer’s hands; about \$10,000 of which are missing; which, added to the deficiency in the State’s funds, will make the whole of the unfortunate Treasurer’s defalcation amount to about \$36,000!

Corn, &c.—In Tuscaloosa, Alabama, on the 19th ult. corn sold for \$1 per bushel; corn meal, the same: the article was very scarce. Corn can be had in Salisbury, in any quantity, for 37 1-2 cents per bushel; Bacon, 8 to 10; Flour, \$4 to 4 50 per barrel.

A Duel.—A correspondent of the Richmond Whig, communicates to that paper the particulars of a fatal duel, which took place at Powhatan court-house, during court week, a short time since, between two gentlemen by the names of Archer and Crump; in which the latter was shot dead on the first fire. Archer happened to insult Crump; for which the latter sent the former a challenge, who very reluctantly accepted it, and afterwards made every concession that a high-minded man could make; but all would not do, without a fight: it took place, within sight of the court-house, while the Judge was on the bench; Crump was killed, and Archer admitted to bail, to stand his trial at the next court: Crump had a family, of five or six children: Archer is a bachelor.

From the National Gazette.
Washington Irving received three thousand pounds sterling, from Murray, the London bookseller, for his *Life of Columbus*.

Facility of Journeys.—A letter was received at Mount Mourne post-office, Iredell county, in this state, on the 29th April, 1828, which was post-marked at Bell Air, South Carolina, Nov. 13th, 1826—it having been nearly eighteen months travelling thirty-seven miles, the distance between the two offices; whereas, it should not have taken at farthest, more than ten hours. This circumstance is made public, for the purpose of inducing a greater degree of carelessness on the part of certain post-masters; for it must have been owing to the gross negligence of some one, or more, of them, that the letter above-named was so long performing so short a journey.

THE 1st ELECTORAL DISTRICT.

On the 6th instant, at the residence of Mr. John Burgin, in Burke county, it being the place appointed by law to compare the polls for the congressional election for that district, the gentlemen, members from the counties after mentioned, met in Convention, for the purpose of nominating an Electoral Candidate in favour of Andrew Jackson, as President, and John C. Calhoun as Vice President.

The counties composing the said Electoral district, being called over, it appeared that regular meetings had taken place in Burke and Haywood; and their representatives in this convention duly appointed. The county of Rutherford being called, Mr. Carson, from that county, stated, that no meetings purposely on the subject of the Presidential Election had been called in that county; but the Grand Jury, at their last superior court, having been discharged from any further attendance upon the court, formed themselves into a committee, and resolved, unanimously, that they would use all lawful, fair and honourable means to promote the election of A. Jackson as President, and John C. Calhoun as Vice President. They then appointed six representatives from that county, to meet in this convention: His colleagues and himself believing it to be a very convenient and fair test of the voter’s sentiments in their county, have attended, and offer this recommendation as their credentials. Which being approved of, *nemine contra dicente*, the members proceeded to organize the convention.

Mr. John McDowell, of Rutherford, was appointed President; and Col. Alney Burgin, secretary. Mr. Carson, of Rutherford, stated that there having been no definite number of members fixed upon as the ratio of any county, they were unequally represented: he moved, therefore, that in voting for the candidate to be proposed, they should ballot by counties, and not by polls. This proposition being agreed to, the representatives of each county withdrew, and after due consideration, reported each in favour of Col. Robert Love, of Haywood. Upon which, the following resolutions were adopted unanimously:

Resolved, that this convention recommend ROBERT LOVE, of Haywood county, as a person every way qualified as an Electoral Candidate for this district; and that, in the event of his receiving a majority of the suffrages of North-Carolina, he will vote for Andrew Jackson as President, and John C. Calhoun, as Vice President.

Resolved, that this convention regard the right of suffrage in the election of President, as the most important of civic privileges; but that, as it is now exercised, it is as injurious to the community as though they did not possess the right at all; and therefore earnestly recommend that the voters in this district attend on the day fixed by law for that election, and discharge faithfully the solemn duty to their country.

Resolved, that the following persons be appointed as committees of Vigilance in their respective counties:

In the county of Haywood, Felix Axley, Gen. Thos. Love, Col. Jacob Smith, Col. John Tatum, Maj. William Dever, John B. Love.

In Buncombe county, Gen. Wm. D. Smith, Capt. John Miller, Thos. Foster, James Gudger, and John Young, Esqrs. and Col. Robert Bell.

In Burke county, Mark Brittain, Esq. Col. David Newland, Col. David Baker, Col. Wm. Dickson, Rev. Richard Bird, and Francis Glass, Esq.

In Rutherford county, Doct. O. Erwin, Moses Logan, James Blackwell, Richard Burchet, Theodorick Burchet, Esq. and Col. Benj. Bradley.

Resolved, that these proceedings be published in the Western Carolinian and North-Carolina Star and Gazette.

JOHN McDOWELL, Chm.
ALNEY BURGIN, Sec’y.

American Engineers are said to be engaged by the Porte in fortifying the Dardanelles.

No Minister to England, had been appointed, at our last dates from Washington, which are to the 17th inst.; and as we have before said, no appointment will probably be made, till after Congress adjourns; when Mr. Webster can be sent by the President, in despite of the “factious” senate, and in fulfilment of Mr. Adam’s pledge to the Federal party.

An infamous publication, made up of forgery and falsehood, known as the “coffin handbill,” has found its way into this part of the country: a quantity of them, printed both in German and English, has been received for distribution by certain persons in this place, but by whom sent, or whom received, we are disposed, in charity, not to disclose at this time; for we believe that some, at least, of the party, would as willingly rest under an accusation of petit larceny, as be charged with having circulated so disgraceful a production.

A friend suggests to us, that some of the members of one of the learned professions, appear to be the principal agents in this coffin-handbill transaction: He excuses them, however, on the ground that the handbill affords an apt emblem of their practice; but expresses a hope that but few subjects for those sombre receptacles which are likely to be the accompaniments of that practice, and of which the handbill is so peculiarly emblematic, may be furnished from among his Jackson friends.

Wretched Depravity.... We reluctantly discharge a duty which devolves on us as public journalists, in noticing what we believe to be an unprecedented instance of human depravity. On Tuesday night, the 13th inst. two girls, sisters, were apprehended in Lincoln county, 6 or 7 miles east of the court-house, on suspicion of having murdered an infant child, of which one of them was supposed to have been delivered a short time previous; and were committed to jail on Wednesday morning. On its being rumored that the brother of the girls was concerned in the foul transaction charged against them, the Sheriff of Lincoln, and others, went in pursuit of him, and overtook and arrested him in Mecklenburg county; from whence he was taken to Lincoln, and lodged in jail on Sunday. All three of the parties were examined before a special court of magistrates; and the following facts, among others, came out in evidence, or by the voluntary confession of the parties:

The younger of the sisters, who was only between 13 and 14 years old, was delivered of a living child; which her elder sister killed and buried in the garden, being instigated thereto by the threats of her brother, who declared he would kill her if she did not do so....and who, the girls say, is the father of the child! Previous to the arrest of the girls, their brother made his escape, went into Mecklenburg county, was married to a respectable young lady on Thursday, and was apprehended, as above stated, by the Sheriff of Lincoln, on Saturday night.

We refrain from entering into further particulars of this unique and soul-sickening transaction, or from indulging in such reflections as the occasion would seem to call for; as, in due time, there will be a judicial investigation of the whole affair; when justice will be meted to all the parties.

County Affairs.—At the May term of Rowan County Court, held in this town last week, Fielding Slater was elected Sheriff, in place of Isaac D. Jones, who declined a re-election: John Beard, Jr. County Trustee; John H. Hardie, Register; Wm. B. Wilson, and George Utzman, Coroners. The county tax was laid at 60 cents the poll, and 15 cents on the hundred dollars worth of property.

Under an act of assembly, which vests a discretionary power in the Magistrates of the county to select three of their body, whose duty it is made to preside at the regular terms of the county courts, Thomas G. Polk, Achibald G. Carter, and John Andrews, Esqrs. were elected to discharge that duty for the ensuing year.

Murder.—We learn that a man by the name of Hart, was barbarously murdered, a few days since, on the borders of Stokes county, in this state: the body was dragged about a quarter of a mile, and thrown into a creek, for concealment: suspicion fixed upon a man of the neighbourhood, as the murderer; but we have not understood whether he has been apprehended or not.

Good Dividend.—The American (New-York) Insurance Company, has declared a dividend of 12 per cent. on the capital stock, for the last six months. A profitable concern.