Revolutionary Claims.

An act for the relief of certain surviving Officers and Soldiers of the Army of the Revolution.

BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled*, That each of the surviving officers of the army of the Revolution in the Continental Line, who was entitled to half pay by the resolve of October twenty-first, seventeen hundred and eighty, be authorized to receive, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the amount of his full pay in said line, according to his rank in the line, to begin with the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, and to continue during his natural life: *Provided*, that, under this act, no officer shall be entitled to receive a larger sum than the full pay of a Captain in said line.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, that, whenever any of said officers has received money of the United States, as a pensioner, since the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, aforesaid, the sum so received shall be deducted from what said officer would, otherwise, be entitled to, under the first section of this act; and every pension to which said officer is now entitled, shall cease after the passage of this act.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, that every surviving non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, in said army, who enlisted therein for and during the war, and continued in its service until its termination, and thereby became entitled to receive a reward of eighty dollars, under a resolve of congress, passed May fifteenth, seventeen hundred and seventy-eight, shall be entitled to receive his full monthly pay in said service, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; to begin on the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, and to continue during his natural life: *Provided*, that no non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, in said army, who is now on the pension list of the United States, shall be entitled to the benefits of this act.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, that the pay allowed by this act shall, under the direction of the secretary of the treasury, be paid to the officer or Soldier entitled thereto, or to their authorized attorney, at such places and days as the Secretary may direct; and that no foreign officer shall be entitled to said pay; nor shall any officer or Soldier receive the same, until he furnish to said Secretary satisfactory evidence that he is entitled to the same, in conformity to the provisions of this act; and the pay allowed by this act shall not in any way be transferable, or liable to attachment, levy, or seizure, by any legal process whatever, but shall inure wholly to the personal benefit of the officer or soldier entitled to the same by this act.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, that so much of said pay as accrued by the provisions of this act, before the third day of March, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, shall be paid to the officers and soldiers entitled to the same, as soon as may be, in the manner and under the provisions before mentioned; and the pay which shall accrue after said day, shall be paid semi annually, in like manner, and under the same provisions.

A. STEVENSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
S. SMITH,
President of the Senate, pro tempore.
Approved: 15 May, 1828.
JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, *May* 28, 1828.

The "Act for the relief of certain surviving officers and soldiers of the revolution," approved on the 15th day of May, 1828, (of which the foregoing is a copy,) will be carried into effect under the following regulations:

Each officer claiming under the act, will transmit to the secretary of the treasury a declaration, according to the form hereunto annexed, marked A, and each *non-commissioned officer, musician*, and *private*, according to the form marked B, accompanied by the oath of two respectable witnesses, as to his identity, which oath is to be taken before a justice of the peace, or other magistrate, duly empowered to administer oaths in the state or territory in which he resides, and authenticated under the seal of the court of the county in which the oath was administered, as shown in the said forms.

Each officer will also transmit his commission, if in existence and attainable, and each non-commissioned officer, musician, and private, his discharge; which documents, after being registered, will be returned. If the commission or discharge has been lost or destroyed, he will transmit such other evidence as he may possess or can obtain, corroborative of the statements set forth in his declaration.

If the evidence transmitted, taken in connexion with that afforded by the public records at Washington, be found satisfactory, the amount of two years' full pay, at the rate to which the officer or soldier was entitled, according to his rank in the line, at the close of the war, or at the time of his reduction, (as the case may be,) but in no instance exceeding the full pay of a captain of the continental line, will be transmitted to him, at the place of his residence, after deducting therefrom the amount of any pension which he may have received from the United States since the 3d day of March, 1826. He may, however, authorize any other person to receive it for him; in which case, he will execute a power of attorney, according to the annexed form, marked C, which must be acknowledged before a justice of the peace, or other magistrate, and authenticated under the seal of the court of the county, in the same manner as is already prescribed in regard to declarations. But no payment will be made to any such attorney, until he has made oath, according to the annexed form D, that the pay which he is authorized to receive is intended to enure wholly to the personal benefit of the officer or soldier whose attorney he is.

It is requested that all letters to the secretary of the treasury, on the subjects, may be endorsed on the cover, "Revolutionary Claims."

RICHARD RUSH.

[A.]

Form of a declaration to be made by the officers.

For the purpose of obtaining the benefits of an act, entitled "An act for the relief of certain surviving officers and soldiers of the revolution," approved on the 15th of May, 1828, I ——, of ——, in the county of —— in the state of ——, do hereby declare that I was an officer in the continental line of the army of the revolution, and served as such, [here insert, to the end of the war, or (as the case may be) to the time when the arrangement of the army provided by the resolves of congress of the 3d and 21st of October, 1780, was carried into effect, and was reduced under that arrangement,] at which period I was a —— in the —— regiment of the ——line.

And I also declare, that I afterwards received a certificate (commonly called a commutation certificate) for a sum equal to the amount of five years' full pay; which sum was offered by the resolve of congress, of the 22d of March, 1783, instead of the half pay for life, to which I was entitled under the resolve of the 21st of October, 1780.

And I do further declare, that I have received of the United States, as a pensioner, since the 3d day of March, 1826. [Here insert, no money, or (as the case may be) that I have received, as a pensioner of the United States, since the 3d day of March, 1828, the sum of —— dollars, paid to me by the agent for paying pensions in the state of ——.] [Signed]

Before me, ——, [here insert, justice of the peace, or other magistrate, duly empowered to administer oaths,] in the county of ——, in the state of ——, personally appeared, this day, —— and ——, of the said county, who did, severally, make oath, that ——, by whom the foregoing declaration was subscribed, is generally reputed and believed to have been an officer in the army of the revolution, in manner as therein stated.

Witness my hand, this —— day of ——, in the year ——. [Signed]

I, ——, clerk of the court of the county of ——, in the state of ——, do hereby certify, that ——, before whom the foregoing affidavits were sworn, was, at the time, a —— [here insert, justice of the peace, or other magistrate, duly empowered to administer oaths,] and duly empowered to administer oaths.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my [L. S.] hand, and affixed the seal of the said court, this —— day of ——, in the year ——. [Signed]

[B]

Form of a declaration to be made by the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates.

For the purpose of obtaining the benefits of "An act for the relief of certain surviving officers and soldiers of the army of the revolution," approved on the 15th of May, 1828, I, ——, of ——, in the county of ——, in the state of ——, do hereby declare that I enlisted in the continental line of the army of the revolution, for and during the war, and continued in its service until its termination; at which period I was a [sergeant, corporal musician, or private, as the case may be,] in captain ——'s company, in the —— regiment of the —— line. And I also declare that I afterwards received a certificate for the reward of eighty dollars, to which I was entitled, under a resolve of Congress, passed the 15th of May, 1778.

And I further declare that I was not, on the fifteenth day of March, 1828, on the pension list of the United States. [Signed]

Before me, ——, [here insert either a justice of the peace or other magistrate, duly empowered to administer oaths,] in the county of ——, in the state of ——, personally appeared, this day, —— and ——, of the said county, who did severally make oath that ——, by whom the foregoing declaration was subscribed, is generally reputed and believed to have been an officer in the army of the revolution, in manner as therein stated.

Witness my hand, this —— day of ——, in the year ——. [Signed]

I, ——, clerk of the court of the county of ——, in the state of ——, do certify, that ——, before whom the foregoing affidavits were sworn, was, at the time, a —— [justice of the peace, or as the case may be,] and duty empowered to administer oaths.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my [L. S.] hand, and affixed the seal of the said court, this —— day of ——, in the year ——. [Signed]

[C.]

Form of a Power of Attorney.

Know all men by these presents, that I, ——, of ——, in the county of ——, in the state of ——, do hereby constitute and appoint ——, my true and lawful attorney, with a power of substitution, for me, and in my name, to receive from the United States the amount of pay now due to me, under the act for the relief of certain surviving officers and soldiers of the revolution, approved 15th May, 1826, as a —— in the —— regiment of the —— line of the army of the revolution.

Witness my hand and seal, this —— day of ——, in the year ——.

Sealed and delivered in the presence of ——
[Signed] [L. S.]

Before me, ——, a justice of the peace in the county of ——, in the state of ——, personally appeared, this day, ——, whose name is subscribed to the foregoing power of attorney, and acknowledged the same to be his act and deed.

Witness my hand, this —— day of ——, in the year ——. [Signed]

I, ——, clerk of the court of the county of ——, in the state of ——, do hereby certify, that ——, before whom the foregoing power of attorney was acknowledged, is a justice of the peace.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my [L. S.] hand, and affixed the seal of the said court, this —— day of ——, in the year ——.

[D.]

Form of Affidavit to be taken by Attorneys.

Before me, ——, a justice of the peace in the county of ——, in the —— of ——, personally appeared this day, ——, the attorney named in the foregoing power of attorney, and made oath that the same was not given to him by reason of any transfer, or of any attachment, levy, or seizure, by any legal process whatever, of the pay therein authorized to be received, but that the said pay is intended to inure wholly to the personal benefit of the person by whom the said power was executed.

Witness my hand, this —— day of ——, in the year ——.

Before me,—— , [here insert either a justice of the peace or other magistrate, duly empowered to administer oaths,] in the county of ——, in the state of ——, personally appeared, this day, —— and ——, of the said county, who did, severally, make oath, that ——, by whom the foregoing declaration was subscribed, is generally reputed and believed to have been an officer in the army of the revolution, in manner as therein stated.

Witness my hand, this——day of ——, in the year——. [Signed]

I, ——, clerk of the court of the county of ——, in the state of ——, do hereby certify, that —— before whom the foregoing affidavits were sworn, was, at the time, [here insert either a justice of the peace or other magistrate, duly empowered to administer oaths,] and duly empowered to administer oaths.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my [L. S.] hand, and affixed the seal of the said court, this —— day of ——, in the year, ——. [Signed] 8t27

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

E. WILLEY & CO.

At the sign of the Mortar and Pestle, Salisbury, N.C.

HAVING frequently been solicited to publish a list of their *Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Colours*, &c. for the benefit of the public, present the following, as comprising the principal part of their present assortment:

Acid Muriatic	Almonds
Nitric	Pulegii
Sulphuric	Oil of Lavender
Lemon	Cloves
Acetic	Rhodium
Tartaric	Castor
Alcohol	Sweet
Aloes	Sassafras
Alum	Spike
Æthiops Mineral	Rosemary
Ammonia Carb.	Cinnamon
Liq. Vol.	Hemlock
Antimony Crude	Tansey
Pulv.	Pip. Mnt.
Glass	Otto of Roses
Arrow-Root Indian	Opium Turkey
Arsenic	Oxide Bismuth
Asphaltum	Oxymel Squills
Assafœtida	Ointments
Anodyne Liq. of Hoff.	Pearlash
Allspice	Pearl barley
Æther Sulphuric	Pipe Clay English
Aqua Fortis	Pepper Long
Rose	Cayenne
Balsam Copaiva	Black
Peruvian	Pills Anderson's
Tolutan	Lee's
Barbadoes Tar.	Hooper's
Bacc. Juniperi.	Pills Jacob's
Borax	Comp. Assafœ.
Brimstone	Rhubarb
Camphor	Precipitate Red
Castor	White
Cantharides	Petrol Barbadensis
Creta Præparata	Polsdelphis
Calomel	Phosphorus
Cochineal	Potash
Corrosive Sublimate	Potassæ Sulphas
Crocus Martis	Pitch Burgundy
Cocus Indicus	Quassia chip'd
Cubebs	Quicksilver
Cobolt or Fly Stone	Quinine Sulphate
Colocynth Pulv.	Mixture
Cloves	Rad Rhei
Chamomile Flowers	Pulv.
Cinnabar Factitious	Iris Flav.
Cream Tartar	Mezereon
Conserve of Roses	Scillæ
Cortex Cinnamon	Zinzibar
Peru Flav.	ditto Pulv.
Rub.	Valerian
Aurant.	Seneka
Sassafras	Anchusa
Cascarilla	Spigelia Marilandica
Canella Alb.	Angelica
Cortex Mezereon	Serpentaria Virga
Simarouba	Columbo
Cornu Cervi Rasp'd	Columbo Pulv.
Dover's Powders	Glycyrrhiza
Extract of Bark	Curcuma Longa
Cicutae	Galangal
Henbane	Gentian
Jalap	Ginseng
Belladona	Sarsaparilla
Gentian	Elecampane
Liquorice	Althea
Catechu	Colchicum
Spruce	Jalap Pulv.
Liquorice	Ipecacuanha Pulv.
do. refin'd	Rosin White
Essence of Bergamot	Yellow
Cinnamon	Seed Anisé
Lemon	Sweet Fennel
Hemlock	White Mustard
Peppermint	Black ditto
Tansey	Caraway
Winter Green	Coriander
Mustard	Cardamom
Ens. Veneris	Sugar of Lead
Elixir Paregoric	Sanford's Bark
Vitriol	Sodae Sup. Carb.
Emp. Adhaesivum	Phosphas
Cantharides	Soda Powders
Roborans	Seidlitz Powders
Hydrargyri	Spermaceti
Simplex	Spirits of Nitre dulc
Diachylon	of Wine
Mahy's	of Lavender Com.
Fol. Digitalis	of Turpentine
Senna Alex.	of Hartshorn
Uva Ursi	of Camphor
Juniperi Sabini	Sal. Epsom
Flores Benzoin	Martis
Martialis	Glauber
Zinci	Rochell
Sulphuris	Diureticus
Ferri Carbonas	Tartar
Phosphas	Cheltenham
Gum Ammoniac	Nitre
Arabic	Ammoniac Bef.
Tragacanth	ditto Crude
Copal	Saffron Spanish
Elemi	American
Guaiacum	Oiled
Galbanum	Stirax Liquid
Gamboge	Calamite
Elastic	Stanni Pul.
Aloes Soc.	Tartar Emetic
Benzoin	Ammoniated
Kino	Turpentine venice
Gum Shell Lac	Tapioca
Myrrh	Turner's Cerate
Olibanum	Tinct. Assafœtida
Scammony	Aloes c. Myrrh
Thus	Cantharides
Mastic	Aloes
Galls Aleppo	Peruvian Bark
Hellebore Nig.	Digitalis
Alb.	Rhubarb
Hive Syrup	Cinnamon
Isinglass	Guaiacum
Ipecacuanha	Huxham's Bark
Lapis Calaminaris	Iodine
Lac Sulphur	Colchicum
Lunar Caustic	Termeric
Laudanum	Cupsicum
Lichen Islandicus	Stramonium Sing.
Mace	Muriate Steel
Manna Flake	Musk
Magnesia Carb.	Galls
Calc.	Valerian
Musk	Red Saunders
Nutmegs	Opium
Nux Vomica	Blood Root
Oil Aniseed	Vitriol White
Croton	Blue
Worm Seed	Wine, Antimonial.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Rogers' vegetable pulmonic detergent, for coughs, colds, and consumptions.	Stoughton's Bitters
	Aromatic ditto
	Steer's Opodeldoc
	Henry's Magnesia
Biteman's Drops	Roger's Vegetable
Godfrey's Cordial	Harlaem Oil, or
British Oil	Medicamentum.
Turlington's Balsam	

SUNDRIES.

Medicine chests	Strewing Smalt
Camel hair'd pencils	Fine and coarse sponge
Court plasters	Pumice stone
Gold leaf	White leather skins
Silver ditto	Apoth. scales & weights
Gold Bronze	Poland starch
Silver ditto	American ditto
Copper ditto	Twine
Hatter's bow strings	Vanilla beans
Black & red ink powder	Tonqua ditto
Liquid Ink	White wax
India ditto	Yellow ditto
Clark's indelible ditto	Bay ditto
Perkins' ditto ditto	Red sealing ditto
Patent Lint	White chalk
Lampwicks	Red ditto
Lancet cases	French ditto
Com. Mortars & Pestles	Cologne water
Polishing Powders	Antique oil
Pill boxes	Macassar oil
Tooth brushes	Eye-stones
Tooth powders	Eye-water
Pomatum	Rotten stone
Fancy paper	Lamp oil
Swiss Glue	Bole armeni
Castile soap	Tapers
Windsor ditto	Lemon juice
Naples ditto	Hull's Trusses
Transparent soap	Macoboy ditto
Washball ditto	Scotch ditto
White ditto	Snuff boxes
Cephalic snuff	

EARTHEN-WARE.

½ gal. cerate pots	½ do. do. do.
1 qt. do. do.	Gallipots assorted
1 pt. do. do.	Pill tiles

PAINTS, COLOURS, &c.

White lead	Black varnish
Red ditto	Copal varnish
Black ditto	Madder
Venetian red	Copperas
Spanish brown	Turkey umber
Chromic yellow	Terra de sienna
Chromic green	Termeric
Ivory black	Ground fustic
Yellow Ocre	Logwood in stick
Crocus martis	ditto ground
Flake white	Litharge
Paris white	Red saunders
Rose pink	Nicaragua
Cochineal	Verdigris
Chinese vermillion	Vitrioli colcothar
Prussian blue	Spanish whiting
Figured ditto	Arnatto
Spanish indigo	Lamp black
American ditto	

GLASS.

2 Gals. Specie Bottles	1 do. do. do.
1 do. do. do.	1 qt. salt mouth'd
½ do. do. do.	1 pt. do. do.
1 qt. do. do.	½ do. do. do.
1 pt. do. do.	Graduating measures
½ do. do. do.	Phials assorted
1 gal. Tincture Bottles	Funnels
½ do. do. do.	Nipple shells
1 qt. do. po.	Breast pipes
1 pt. do. do.	Bed urinals
½ do. do. do.	Mortars and pestles
6 oz. do. do.	Pungent bottles
4 do. Tincture Bottles	Retorts
2 do. do. do.	Peg lamps

INSTRUMENTS

Evan's Lancets	Gum elast. Catheters
Common do	Stomach Tubes
Spring do.	Wax Bougies
Gum do.	Metallic Bougies.
Scalpels	Gum elastic do.
Lancet phlemes	Female Syringes
Teeth drawers	Male do.
Forceps	Clyster pipes
Seton needles	Spatulas.

June 9th, 1828. 18

Commited to the Jail

OF Wilkes county, a negro Boy, who says his name is BILL, belongs to Ezekiel Trotman, of Alabama, and ran away below Fayetteville. He is 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, well made, rather light complected, between 22 and 25 years old: no particular marks perceptible on him. His owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

CHARLES PHELPS, *Jailor*.

Wilkesboro', May 30, 1828. 17

BOOK BINDING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Salisbury, and the surrounding country, that he has established a *Book Bindery* in said town, on Main Street, a few doors south of the Court-House; where he will be thankful to receive any kind of work in his line of business. From a number of years experience, in Europe and America, he feels confident of being able to give entire satisfaction to all those who may favor him with any description of *Binding*.

Blank Books made to order, after any pattern furnished, on short notice, and at prices which no one can complain of.

Old Books Rebound, either plain or ornamental, on the most moderte terms. All orders from a distance, faithfully attended to. The patronage of the public is repectfully solicited, by their obt servt JOHN H. DE CARTERET.

Salisbury, April 28th, 1827. 62

State of North-Carolina, Rowan county:

SUPERIOR Court of Law, April term, A. D. 1828. Jane Weaver vs. William Weaver: Petition for Divorce. In this case, it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant is not an inhabitant if this state, it is therefore ordered by the court, that publication be made in the Western Carolinan and Raleigh Star for six weeks, that he be and appear before the judge of our next Superior Court of Law to be held for the county of Rowan, at the Court-House in Salisbury, on the second Monday after the fourth Monday in September next, and plead, answer, or demur to said petition, otherwise judgment pro confesso will be entered, and the petition be heard ex parte. 6wt23

Witness, H. Giles, Clerk of said Court, at office, the 2d Monday after the 4th Monday in March, A. D. 1828. HY. GILES, *C. S. C.*

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

M. Achille Murat, the son of the late King of Naples, and nephew of Bonaparte, advertises in the Florida Advocate that he will practise as Counsellor at Law in all the Courts of the Territory. A curious, but not unprecedented revolution in the fortunes of an individual—once a Prince in Europe, now a lawyer in America. Like Dionysius of old once a King of Syracuse, afterwards a School-master in Corinth. The man who has a proper sense of respect for himself thinks it no derogation to be useful in the pursuit of an honorable profession. Fortune can never altogether desert him, if he remain true to himself. One of the most distinguished men in this country (Albert Gallatin) was a native of Geneva. Listening Senates have been instructed by his wisdom, and the Ministers of Kings have deemed it an honor to correspond with him. No country on the Globe presents so many inducements to the enterprizing emigrant to exert their faculties, as the United States. She opens her arms to receive the wanderer. She cherishes, animates and rewards him.—*Comp.*

—

One hundred and sixty acres of unimproved land, adjoining the town of Tallahassee, in Florida, recently sold at public sale, for *nineteen thousand six hundred and ninety-one dollars.*

—

Emigrants.—The ship Jefferson, Cormick, at this port, last week, from Havre, brought out 174 Swiss emigrants, men, women, and children. Their appearance and deportment give assurance that they will benefit both themselves and the country by the change. Between 500 and 600 Swiss emigrants also arrived at New-York. Applications for passage are more than the American vessels can accommodate; from one district of Switzerland nearly 6000 persons were arranging to embark for America.

Baltimore American.

—

CULTURE OF CELERY.

Mr. Knight from experience recommends planting celery at greater distances than is usually done, and covering the beds into which the young seedlings are first removed with half rotten dung, overspread to the depth of two inches with mould, and to keep them very moist. Mr. Wedgwood finds that seedling plants do best to remain in the beds till of considerable size.

—

A horse in Easton, Pa. with harness on ran away, entered the dwelling house of Mrs. Brown, and went up stairs in the second story. "Continuing his travels a little farther, he tumbled down a stair-case, broke the bannisters, and with a terrible crash came rolling into the kitchen, causing no small dismay and scattering of the family—and a great derangment of the supper table.

—

New Stage Coach.—We have been gratified, says the Albany Advertiser, at seeing a newly constructed stage coach, the property of E. Young of this city. Seats placed outside the carriage, in front and rear, so that it will carry twenty one persons. It is a very elegant and substantial piece of workmanship, worthy the inspection of the public. We understand it will be placed, this morning, in front of Washington Hall, for the view of the citizens.

—

A man named Whitman has been sentenced at Philadelphia to thirty days confinement for stealing a newspaper from under a shop door.

—

Unwelcome Guest.—An undertaker, by the name of John Guest, advertises in the New-York papers, that he "will be *happy* to wait on his *friends* in the line of his profession."

—

The school fund of Connecticut is nearly sufficient to place a good school within reach of every family in the state. It exceeds 1,870,000 dollars, and may be expected to reach two millions at no distant day.

—

The Friends.—We learn that at the great annual meeting of Friends, commonly called Quakers, the whole society divided, leaving a large majority in favour of the religious views of the followers of Mr. Hicks. We have not been able to ascertain the points which divide this ancient and respectable fraternity, but understand that one side, the minority, support the old principles of christianity, while the new-lights, or majority believe in the inspiration of Christ but not in his divinity. These are strong dividing points, if such they are.

N. Y. Enquirer.