

# DAILY COURIER

AUGUST 19, 1828.

## ELECTION RETURNS.

On Thursday last, the 14th inst. the election for members of the legislature, took place throughout this state. Below we have given such returns as have come to hand:

**Rowan.**—John Scott, senate; Hamilton C. Jones, and John Clement, commons.

STATE OF THE POLLS.		
	Jones.	Clement.
Salisbury, . . . . .	454	202
Mocksville, . . . . .	308	243
Brickhouse's, . . . . .	101	44
Fulton, . . . . .	79	55
Neely's, . . . . .	91	90
Morgan's, . . . . .	84	64
Haden's, . . . . .	43	15
Thompson's Mill, . . . . .	74	106
	1234	760

**Town of Salisbury.**—Charles Fisher, without opposition.

**Cabarrus.**—Lawson H. Alexander, senate; John C. Barnhart, William McLean, commons.

**State of the poll:** Alexander 306, Alphonso Alexander (Adams candidate) 136, for the senate; Barnhardt 440, McClain 342, Geo. Ury 313, W. S. Allison 216, W. Allen 169.

**Tredell.**—Abner Franklin, senate; Richard Allison, Joseph M. Bogle, commons.

**Davidson.**—John M. Smith, senate; Thomas Hampton, Absalom Williams, commons.

**State of the poll:** Smith 402, Ward 325, for the senate; Hampton 546, Williams 470, Wm. W. Wiseman 451. (others not heard from.)

**Mecklenburg.**—William Davidson, senate; William J. Alexander, and Joseph Blackwood, commons.

**State of the polls:** Davidson 501, General McLeary 489, for the senate; Alexander 1222, Blackwell 603, John Ingram 556, D. A. Caldwell 433.

**Carrick.**—Samuel Salyear, senate; Enoch Ball, Benjamin Simmons, commons.

**Pitt.**—John Joiner, senate; Marshal Dickerson, commons.

**Granville.**—Thomas T. Hunt, senate; Robert Potter, and James Wyche, commons.

**Bertie.**—George O. Askew, senate; William Watford, and William Mhoon, commons.

**Craven.**—Rich'd D. Spaight, senate; Charles J. Nelson, John M. Bryan, commons.

**Town of Newbern.**—William Gaston.

**Montgomery.**—Edmund Deberry, senate; Reuben Kendall, James Litley, commons.

**Anson.**—Clement Marshall, senate; John Smith, commons.

**Richmond.**—Tyram McFarland, senate; Nathan Gibson, Neill Nicholson, commons.

**Robeson.**—Archibald McEachen, senate; Malcolm Purcell, Warren Alford, commons.

**Cumberland.**—Archibald M'Diarmid, senate; Joseph Hodges, commons.

**Town of Fayetteville.**—John D. Eccles.

**Tate College.**—A very serious disturbance took place in this institution on the 2d inst. The scholars becoming dissatisfied with their fare at commons, and the professors rigidly enforcing the laws of the institution, 144 of the students withdrew in a body from the College.

**Pianos.**—Mr. Wesley Whitaker, of Raleigh, has manufactured a piano, of a new construction, which is handsomely finished, and the tone is full and agreeable. This improvement is the fruit of great perseverance and ingenuity, and may be considered a triumph of mechanical science. It is hoped he may be patronized, especially by those who wish to encourage native skill and enterprise. He sells his pianos for half the price of imported ones.

**Attorney General.**—There were three ballots by the Council, before a choice was effected. On the first ballot, Mangum had 2, Manly 1, Jones 1, Blume 1, on the second ballot, same result; on the 3d, Jones had 3, Mangum 1, Manly 1.

**Table Beer.**—The following ingredients make a palatable and healthy table beer: take 3 lbs. sugar or molasses, 1 gallon wheat bran, and 3 ons. hops, put them into 4 gals. water, boil it three quarters of an hour, strain the liquor through a sieve, put it in a cool place a short time, then into a cask, and add six gals. of cold water, and put in half a pint of yeast. After it works, it will be an excellent beverage, better than whiskey, brandy, rum, gin, wine, cider, or ale.

The President of the United States left Washington on the 5th inst. on a visit to Massachusetts—in order to expedite, no doubt, the building of his marble mansion at Quincy, that it may be ready for the reception of his family in March next, when his lease of the marble house in Washington will expire, "as we understand."

**Louisiana.**—As we stated in our last, the Adams people have no great cause to "hurra for Louisiana" yet: the late elections in that state do not, as we see, afford that party any real cause of rejoicing; the representation in Congress stands as it did before, one for Jackson and two for Adams. Mr. Overton having beaten Mr. Brent by a considerable majority, while Mr. Gurley has succeeded over Mr. Saunders by only 43 votes. A majority of the members elected to the legislature this year, are Jackson men; and although the Adams candidate for Governor will probably be elected, by means of there being three other candidates, yet these elections show a considerable Jackson gain since last year. Upon the whole, we now have stronger hopes of Jackson's receiving the electoral vote of Louisiana, than ever. We have always looked upon that state, with her mongrel population of "black spirits and white," as a debatable ground; but the result of the late elections inspires us with new hopes that she will be found on the side of Jackson and her country, at the Presidential election in the fall.

**Philadelphia Library.**—The late Wm. Mackenzie, made, in his will, a bequest to the Philadelphia Library, of 1500 volumes of Books, to be selected by the directors of the Library.

The production of "A friend to his country" on "the practice of dancing," shall be attended to very shortly; as also the favors of other correspondents, which have been delayed from no cause but the crowded state of our columns.

was stated in our last was raging so violently at New-Orleans, turns out to have been the new disease called the Danrus fever. It has, in no instance, proved fatal; although it is accompanied by excruciating pains. The first we hear of the disease, is at Vera Cruz, South America; from thence it spread into most of the West India Islands; it came from Havana to New-Orleans, and from thence to most of the cities and towns along the seaboard in the United States. It is said to be as infectious as the small pox, or measles. It readily yields to mild remedies; as soon as a perspiration is produced the patient is in a fair way of recovery.

**Domestic Beer, Porter, &c.**—Hyder Davie, Esq. son of the distinguished Gen. Davie, once Minister to France, has established an extensive Brewery in Chester district, South Carolina; and has sowed the greater part of his plantation (on which he employs 50 slaves) in Barley, to make malt. He will be able to supply the south with Beer, of an excellent quality, much lower than it can be imported from Europe, or brought from the North.

We will take this occasion to mention, that a highly respectable and enterprising gentleman of Salisbury, fitted up a Brewery here about a year since, and was in the "full tide of successful experiment," when lately his principal workman, an experienced brewer, died, and the operations of the brewery had consequently to be suspended for a time. The Beer and Porter produced at this establishment, was superior to any liquor of the kind ever manufactured in this part of the country; it was getting to be generally used by our citizens, and promised to have a salutary tendency to check the excessive use of ardent spirits, and save many of our young men from the lamentable consequences of drunkenness, and some of the old ones from bankruptcy and ruin, and their families from poverty and wretchedness.

**Presidency in N. C.**—A correspondent informs us, that he has been at the trouble of putting down in a note-book, every well-authenticated vote on the Presidency, which has taken place in this state, and been made public, since the spring of this year; and finds the result to be as follows:

Jackson.	Adams.	neutral.
6086	794	6

On the above we would take the liberty of remarking, that there have come to our knowledge, balloting not taken into the above estimate, which would swell the aggregate for Jackson to about 6,800, that for Adams to about 900, and the neutrals to about 80—which shows a disparity of even to one, in favor of him who is now (as Washington was when living) first in war, and first in the hearts of his countrymen. This is better than is even claimed by the friends of Jackson.

**Gen. Jackson in N. Carolina.**—We have frequently heard the question asked, "In what part of North Carolina was Jackson first publicly recommended for the Presidency?" We are aware that there is conflicting claims to this honor; consequently we have been at some pains, as well for our own satisfaction as for the benefit of our readers, in searching files of papers, making inquiries, &c., to satisfy them and ourselves on that point: the result of our investigation is, a well grounded conviction, that the first public recommendation, in North Carolina, of the Hero of Orleans for the Presidency, was at Shaw's, in Orange county, on the 6th day of March, 1824; and that the patriotic and spirited preamble and resolutions adopted at that meeting, were drawn up by Doct. James A. Craig. We have claimed for the WESTERN CAROLINIANS, the credit of being the first newspaper in North Carolina, that zealously espoused the cause of the General, and thus far the "Star," which is the only paper that can possibly dispute the honor with us, has not demurred to our claim: We shall therefore only yield the palm to Dr. Craig and the meeting at Shaw's, and esteem ourselves (and we claim, as a matter of right, that the public will hold us in the same estimation) as second-best among the supporters of that illustrious benefactor of our country, the patriot HERO ANDREW JACKSON.

An anonymous scribbler, in the Adams paper of week before last, modestly takes it upon himself to speak in the name of the Citizens of Charlotte, "in relation to an article of ours on the subject of the 4th of July dinner in that town. This writer, from the fact of his skulking behind a screen, remaining hidden, is not, in common complaisance, entitled to any notice from us; nor should we have condescended even to allude to his production, but that we are unwilling his palpable perversion of our remarks should go forth unexposed; and the author, let him be ever so contemptible, escape a warning of the castigation to which he has exposed himself, and from which he is shielded by his non-identity. Nothing, indeed, but a desire to disabuse those citizens of Charlotte (if any such there be) who may have, peradventure, been led to give an ear to the false charge against us, that we "purposely intended to create an opinion in the public mind, derogatory to the social character of their town, could have induced us to bestow a moment's attention on a writer who has not the manliness nor moral courage to show himself, but, dastard like, skulks behind an anonymous signature, for the double purpose of insuring personal security to himself, and of witnessing the effect of his slander without bearing the odium of propagating it. Indeed, were we to suffer ourselves to be diverted from the straight-forward course of our duty, by every yelp with which we are assailed from the bipeds about the kennels of our political opponents, we should richly deserve to be branded as a

"The knaves to work with, called a fool."

It will be sufficient for us, then, to assure the citizens of Charlotte, that, in publishing the article in question, it was as foreign from our intention to induce, as it was from our desire to give currency to, a belief that they were so unsocial, so split up by feuds, and torn by faction, as to be unwilling to unite in celebrating the anniversary of the birth-day of the liberties of their country. We were too well apprised of the chivalric and patriotic character of the citizens of our sister town, to harbor for a moment so unneighborly and uncharitable a sentiment; and no one but a carping hypercrite, would have thought of torturing the language of our paragraph into an arrant calumny on the inhabitants of Charlotte! Our article was induced by, and the language in it used with particular reference to, the boast made in the Adams paper, that six-sevenths of the company at the dinner were Adams men....(and what else can be made of it, than that it was an "Adams dinner," ergo, that it "was emphatically an Adams affair"....but we did not say it was got up as a party dinner.)

made at the instance, or on the information, of the writer of the article in question. Such being the fact, with what face can he lay at our door the sin of wishing to create "an opinion in the public mind derogatory to the social character of the citizens of Charlotte," when that boast (of which we have said he is the legitimate father) of the strong partisan complexion of the dinner party, is much more likely to create such an opinion than any expression in our article. On this alone, we are willing to submit our case to the umpirage of the candid reader, whether, admitting (for the sake of argument) the people of Charlotte have been calumniated in regard to their social character, the writer in question is not chargeable with that calumny;—whether he has not, like a serpent, stung those who have warmed and nourished him in their bosoms.

As to the matters of fact contained in our article, it is sufficient for us to say, that we have authority for what we stated, which, if a score of irresponsible scribblers should gainsay, cannot be invalidated.

**ROWAN BIBLE SOCIETY.**  
We took some notice in our last, of the annual meeting of this Society; in which we alluded to an important measure adopted by the society, for the furtherance of its benevolent designs. We now give the substance of the proposed plan: It was

Resolved, That the county be divided into seven sections; that there be appointed in each section an active Agent, with power to appoint as many sub-agents as he may deem necessary; whose duty it shall be to endeavor to ascertain what families are destitute, and stand in need of, the sacred volume; that these agents and sub-agents at the same time endeavor to obtain subscriptions to aid the operations of this institution; and that the principal agents make reports of what they shall have done, to the next annual meeting,—which, as we stated in our last, is to be held at Thyatira Church, Rowan county, the first Saturday in Aug. 1829.

The Forks of the Yadkin, to form one section; Rev. Wm. A. Hall, agent. The Borough of Salisbury, another section; Rev. Jesse Rankin, agent. That part of the county lying on the east side of the Yadkin river, another section; Mesback Pinkston, Esq. agent. That part of the county lying between the Yadkin and the main roads leading from Salisbury to Beard's Bridge in one direction, and to Stoke's Ferry in the other, to compose another section; Rev. John Reck, agent. That part of the county embraced between the roads leading from Salisbury to Stoke's Ferry, and from Salisbury to Charlotte, to form another section; Rev. Daniel Sherer, agent. That part of the county between the roads leading from Salisbury to Charlotte, and from Salisbury to Statesville by Barber's, to form another section; Rev. James Stafford, agent. That part of the county between the last mentioned road and the South Yadkin, to compose another section; Rev. Joseph D. Kilpatrick, agent.

Resolved, that the President of the society address a letter to each of the agents, explaining the object of the measure, and calling their early and particular attention to it.

**From Europe.**—By an arrival from Greenock, London papers to 19th June have been received.

The cotton market in London, on the 17th June, had somewhat declined, but the prices remained without change.

We learn from the frontiers of Moldavia, May 26, that a division of Cossacks had already made excursions on the right bank of the Danube, and had convinced itself that the defensive preparations of the Turks are very feeble.

Brailow was invested by a corps of 18,000 Russians, and the trenches were opened on the 21st of May, very near the fortress, for the purpose of making a breach. The Turkish garrison had set fire to the suburbs.

It was reported that a number of Cossacks had been brought prisoners into Brailow, and by the Pacha's orders hanged on the walls of the fortress, in sight of the Russian army. The soldiers were enraged. It was feared the taking of Brailow would be attended with dreadful consequences.

The Gazette announces the appointment of Mr. Vesey Fitzgerald to the Treasuryship of the Navy, as well as the Presidency of the Board of Trade.

Mr. Calcraft and Croker are appointed members of his Majesty's Privy Council.

Mr. Calcraft has succeeded Mr. Vesey Fitzgerald as paymaster of the forces, and Lord F. L. Gower, it is understood, is to be the new Secretary for Ireland.

**LATER.**—An arrival at New York furnishes Liverpool papers to the 24th, and London to the 23d June.

The Liverpool market continued dull.

Advices from Constantinople to the 1st of June, had reached London. They state in confident terms that the Porte was determined to abide by the Treaty of the 6th July, and had requested the presence of the British and French Ambassadors to negotiate with respect to Greece on the basis of that treaty.

**LATEST.**—By the arrival of the ship Mary Catarina, at Charleston from Liverpool, Liverpool papers to the 27th, and London to the 26th, have been received. We extract a few articles from the Courier.

We are sorry to find that the Cotton Market had declined at Liverpool—the

imports were heavy, while the sales were comparatively light.

The Russians had crossed the Danube, with very slight resistance from the Turks; and an invitation from the Porte has been forwarded to the English and French Ambassadors, inviting them to proceed immediately to the Turkish capital, to treat for peace.

Portugal appears to be in a wretched situation. The Conde d'Assoca, sent by Don Miguel, as an Ambassador to England, had arrived in London—but he had been given to understand that no communication could be held either with him or his master, in the present posture of affairs.

The affairs of India, and its multifarious interests and concerns, are beginning to agitate the British Parliament and people—the course to be adopted for the future government of that great country, inhabited by perhaps 80,000,000 of people, when the present impolitic and barbarous system shall have reached its neutral end, is a subject of the most serious consideration.

Mr. Hume appears to be indefatigable in his endeavors to induce Parliament to abolish imprisonment for debt in England.

From the foreign papers by the last arrivals, it appears to be very probable that France is disposed to make some movements of an offensive or defensive character. The speech of the Duke Decures is adverted to in a Glasgow paper of June 21, as evidence of some hostile measure. There is an unusual activity at this moment in the naval department of France; and we have seen it stated, previous to these last arrivals, that some armament was on the point of being fitted out. Any warlike movement on the part of France would not fail to give a similar aspect to the measures of Great Britain.

*National Jour.*

We perceive, by the late Charleston papers, that there have been two deaths in that city by the Dengue fever. These, we presume, are the only instances of its fatal termination.

Considerable excitement was lately occasioned at Washington, in this state, in consequence of the communication of some circumstance calculated to excite a suspicion that some violence was meditated by the slaves against the whites.

**EPHRAIM.**

To Sulphur Springs hot Harry flies,  
Brimful of fire and fury;—  
Be quiet, Hal, the doctor cries—  
The fourth-of-March will cure ye.

**Politics in Maine.**—The Hallowel Advocate, a thoroughgoing Adams paper, makes the following honest admissions of the political character of Maine:

"The friends of Gen. Jackson in other states confidently calculate upon 3 or 4 votes in Maine, and consider one as certain. In proof of their assertions, they bring forward the facts that the President and a majority of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, with a large minority of the House, the Governor, the Council, the Secretary and Treasurer of the State, both of the Senators and two of the Representatives in Congress, and other public officers, are in favor of the election of General Jackson. What can the friends of the administration say? For it has become so notorious that they are. And thus almost the whole political influence of Maine abroad is thrown into the scale of Gen. Jackson."

After this confession, is it too sanguine for the Jackson men to expect a few votes from the State of Maine? *Noah.*

**Death of Dugald Stewart.**—The Edinburgh Evening Post announces the death of this distinguished philosopher. He has left a name that must endure as long as English literature is cultivated.

**The Markets.**

**Fayetteville, August 6.**—Cotton, 9 to 9 50; Beef, fresh in market, 3 cents; Bacon, 7 to 8; peach brandy, 50 to 60; apple do. 35 to 40; flour, 4 a 4 1/2; whiskey, 25 a 30.....United States bank notes, 64 to 7 per cent. premium; Bills on the North, 60 days 4 to 5 per cent. pre.

**Charleston, Aug. 9.**—Upland cotton 10 a 12; whiskey, 25 to 26; bagging, 42 inch, 22 to 24; sugar, 8 to 9; molasses, 31 to 32 cents; bacon, 6 to 7; apple brandy, 25 to 28; bees-wax, 22; coffee, 13 to 17; hyson tea, 100 to 105; Jamaica rum, 110 to 115—West India do. 75 to 80.....North Carolina bills, 8 to 9 per cent. ditto; Georgia do. 1 1/2 to 1 1/4 per cent. ditto.

**Petersburg, August 8.**—Cotton, 9 to 11; tobacco, 82 50 a 7 1/2—refused, 1 1/2 a 3 1/2; corn, 1 1/2 a 2; bacon, 6 a 8; lard, 6 a 7; apple brandy, 34 a 35; peach 45 a 74 cents.....North Carolina bank bills, 8 to 9 per cent. discount; Georgia bills, 2 1/2 a 3; South Carolina bills, 2 to 2 1/2 per cent. discount.

**New-York, Aug. 8.**—COTTON: the sales, from the 2d to 5th inclusive, amount to about 700 bales—comprising 600 Uplands and Alabama at 10 1/2 a 11 1/2 cents, the principal part Uplands at 11 cents, and 100 New Orleans at 10 1/2 and 12 1/2 cents.

**Liverpool Market, June 26.**—The sales of cotton, on the 21st and 23d, were estimated at 1200 bags each day. To-day the demand has been extremely limited, and the sales only 500 bags. No change in price.

**Camden, Aug. 2.**—Cotton, middling to fair, 8 1/2 to 9; fair to good, 9 to 10; for very prime, 10 1/2 cents have been paid.

**DEATHS.**

In this county, on Thursday, 7th inst. by Jno. Scott, Esq. Mr. Benjamin Weaver to Miss Mary Grover.

**DEED.**

In Montgomery county, on the night of the 23d ult. Mrs. MARY CHICKEN, the wife of Mr. William H. Chicken, 73rd year, being seized with a violent fever, after two days' indisposition, on Wednesday night, she fell on a bed, and expired in the arms of her husband, who was by her side, and at 12 o'clock it was found that her spirit had winged its way to another, and it is fully hoped, a better habitation. What a striking instance of the feeble nature of human life!

Of a short but severe attack of bilious fever, Mrs. Sarah B. Kollock, wife of the Rev. S. K. Kollock, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in the Borough of Norfolk, Virginia. She had scarcely attained the meridian of life, when she was summoned before the throne of that Being, in whose worship it was her sacred duty and constant delight to engage. To eulogize the dead is too common, and many, who while living, were in no wise eminent for piety or virtue, are too often extolled, when dead, as models for the imitation of those who survive them. Yet if we were thought needful to record the Christian grace and social virtues of her whose loss we now lament, how quickly would they be attested by the persons of various sects and persuasions, who united in performing the last sad tribute of friendship at her grave. But it would be superfluous to the living, for they knew them, it would be useless to the dead, for she has the higher and nobler reward of a well spent life.

**CASTOR OIL.**

A FULL supply of the above article is just received and for Sale at reduced prices by

E. WILLEY & Co.

Salisbury August 18th, 1828. 6133

**D. G. MacRae,**

GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. CAROLINA.

OFFERS his services to the public. He has a large and convenient Ware-House for the storage of Cotton.

August 15th, 1828. 3130

**Pannel Gig, and Jersey Wagon.**

FOR sale, a first rate Pannel Gig and Jersey Wagon; they will be disposed of on reasonable terms. Apply at the subscriber's coach and gig manufactory, one door east of the jail, on Main street.

NATHAN BROWN.

Salisbury, August 8th, 1828. 28

**Strayed or Stolen,**

FROM the subscriber's son, while in Salisbury, on the day of Election, a GRAY MARE, about 7 years old, tolerably large, has a hard lump on one of her fore feet, caused by a kick with a switch tail, and very thin mane: She had on her a tolerably good saddle, and bridle. Whoever will give information of said mare, to the subscriber, living 7 miles from Salisbury, near the Concord road, or to the printer hereof, shall be reasonably rewarded.

HENRY DOWLAND.

August 16th, 1828. 2129

**STRAY.**

ESCAPED and strayed away from the subscriber, the 27th last month, a bright sorrel MARE, six years old, with a blaze in her face, and is about 14 hands high. Any information of said stray, forwarded him to Concord by mail, or otherwise, would be thankfully received. Mr. David Storke, in Concord, will receive any verbal account for me, respecting said stray.

PARMENIO RODGERS.

Cabarrus Co. N. C. 19th Aug. 1828. 2129

**Land for Sale.**

205 ACRES of fine Wood Land, belonging to Miss Lavina Howard, within five miles of Salisbury, on the great road leading to Wilkesborough, adjoining Benjamin Howard, George Thomason and others, is now offered for sale on very reasonable terms. From its proximity to town, its fine soil, excellent timber, &c.—this land must be desirable to those wishing to purchase. Payments will be made easy. For part of the price, a note negotiable in Bank will be taken; for the balance, a long credit will be given: For further particulars, inquire of

BENJ. HOWARD.

August 14, 1828. 2129

**LAFAYETTE HOTEL,**

WAY STREET,

FAYETTEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA.

RICHARD COCHRAN,

HAS taken the above Stand recently occupied by Mr. Wm. Tracy, and respectfully solicits a share of public patronage; the conducting of this Establishment is placed under the superintendence and control of his

Father and Mother,

Who will endeavor to give general satisfaction. The Hotel is in a central situation, spacious and well furnished.

He deems it unnecessary to expatiate upon the various inducements which this House presents to Travellers, or to make a profession of extraordinary merit on the occasion.

For Boarders or Travellers who wish to be retired, there is a House detached from the Hotel not far from the seat of business and contiguous to the Court House, which affords comfortable and pleasant Lodging Rooms.

A Bathing House is attached to the premises, where a Cold or Warm Bath will be furnished on short notice.

R. C.

July 31. 4131

**A CAB.**

**DOCTOR B. L. BEALL**

BEGS leave to inform his friends, that he has declined locating in Lexington, and has taken the office of the late Dr. Moore, in Jersey Settlement; where he can be found, by those who wish his professional services, prepared and willing to accommodate them.

August 8, 1828. 2129

**WAGONERS,**

**DRIVING TO FAYETTEVILLE,**

WILL find it to their advantage, to stop at the WAGON YARD, where every convenience is provided for Man and Horse, to make them comfortable, at the moderate charge of 25 cents a day and night, for the privilege of the Yard, the use of a good house, fire, water, and shelter. Attached to the Yard, are a Grocery and Provision Store, Bread Shop and Confectionary, and a House for Boarders and Lodgers, in a plain, cheap, wholesome and comfortable style.

Fayetteville, N. C. April, 1828. 19