

The last accounts from Peru, represent the government and people there as under great apprehension. Gen. Lamar is President, with whom the people were satisfied, although Bolivar has yet a good many friends in the country. It is stated that Bolivar had written to Flores, Gov. of Guayaquil, stating it to be his determination to punish the Peruvians for what he is pleased to call their treachery and ingratitude. In the alarm of the government, on this occasion, bodies of troops were marched to the frontiers between Peru and Colombia; and all strangers were compelled to bear arms in defence of the places left by the troops. Gen. Gamara, commandant in Upper Peru, had marched his troops to the frontiers of Bolivia, to protect the inhabitants in the election of a government of their own choice. Bolivar appears to be playing a deep game: but unless he is more wary than we believe him to be, he will be arrested in his ambitious course, and share the fate of the mushroom emperor Iturbide, of Mexico.

Calculation.—In Mississippi, General Thomas Hinds, a Jackson man, has been elected to Congress, notwithstanding two other Jackson candidates were run, Messrs. Halle and Dickson, and but one Adams candidate offered; a very wealthy and worthy man, possessing more personal popularity than any other Adams man in the state: Mississippi, then, is strong. In Missouri and Illinois, the Jackson candidates for Congress have beaten their Adams opponents by a majority of two or three thousand votes each: indeed, they are given up to Jackson by the Administration papers. Well, then, we would ask any man of common candor, to look at the following statement, and say if it be possible to re-elect Mr. Adams?

New-York (conceded to us by Adams papers)	16
Pennsylvania	28
Virginia	24
North Carolina	15
South Carolina	11
Georgia	9
Alabama	5
Mississippi	5
Maryland	4
Tennessee	4
Missouri	3
Illinois	3

In the above calculation, we have not put down one vote, but what we believe is certain for Jackson; while we have omitted many that he stands a much better chance of getting than Adams does, such as Indiana, two or three in Maryland, and six or eight in New-York, saving nothing about Kentucky, Louisiana, and Delaware, claimed by the Adams people, although they are much less likely to receive them than we are. We have been thus liberal, to show our opponents that, in no probable contingency, can they prevent the people from electing the man of their own choice to rule over them.

The Banks.—The excitement about the Banks, which was first raised by Robert Potter, in Granville, has not spread as far and fiercely as he doubtless contemplated. In comparatively but few counties has the excitement been made a handle of, for electioneering purposes, &c. The last meeting of the people on the subject, which we have noticed, took place in Northampton county on the 8th ult.; at which it was resolved that a general meeting be held, to consider the propriety of memorializing the legislature "on the present depressed state of our circulating medium, and the faithfulness of the banking institutions of the state, by which it has been caused."

Of all that has been said and done about the mismanagement of the banks, we have hitherto seen no specific plan proposed for remedying what is confessed on all hands to be a venetian evil in the land. In politics as in medicine, every despotic empire can tell when the body is ailing, and they are never backward in recommending this, that, and the other thing, as infallible specifics; but the great object is, to cure the disease, which none of them can do. Now in regard to the "bank fever," with which it is said our body-politic is afflicted, we fear those who are most officious in prescribing remedies, are not the most likely to cure the complaint. They discourse flippantly, and, as many of our honest but deceived citizens believe, loudly about the cause and nature of the evils under which the community are suffering from the bad conduct of the bank managers; and thus hoodwink the unsuspecting people into an employment of them, (as members of the legislature) under an erroneous opinion that they can and will set every thing right, and bring about better times! The plain truth is, that the people of North Carolina have suffered most grievously from quackery; they have been doctored to death, by hundreds, by villainous empirics in medicine; and political degradation and bankruptcy has been brought upon them, by no less villainous pretenders in politics.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Duplin.—Stephen Miller, senate; William Wright, Joseph Gillespie, commons.

Hyde is now the only county from which we have not published returns: the want of which alone prevents us giving an entire list of the members elect.

The North Carolina Christian Almanac is just published, and may be had, in any quantities, of Rev. William Whitehead, of Fayetteville, or Rev. Mr. Plumer, Warrenton. In the estimation of good judges, this Almanac is the best that has ever issued from the press. Wholesale price, \$2.50 for fifty copies; \$4.50 for one hundred copies; &c.

The Presbytery of Orange will meet in Warrenton on the 29th October.

The Synod of North Carolina will commence its annual session in Raleigh, on Tuesday, 4th Nov. at 7 o'clock in the evening.

West Tennessee.—The Jackson Gazette, of the 16th ult. says: For the last two weeks the weather has been quite pleasant; and we have had several refreshing showers. Vegetation is much revived, and our prospects of good crops, which were heretofore so gloomy, are now more promising. Our citizens throughout the district are very healthy.

The Rev. Mr. Maginnis,

Of the Roman Catholic Church, will preach in the Court-House in Salisbury, on Sunday, the 21st of this month, at three o'clock in the afternoon.
Salisbury, Sept. 13th, 1828.

A meeting of the members of the bar, in Hillsborough, took place on the 8th inst., Judge Ruffin in the chair, J. W. Norwood, secretary; at which it was resolved to wear crape 30 days, out of respect for their deceased professional brother, Bartlett Yancey.

Seed Wheat.—There is complaint this year of smut in wheat: a correspondent of the Hillsborough Recorder recommends the following method as a preventive:

- 1st. Steep your seed wheat five or six hours in pretty strong lye.
 - 2d. Steep it twenty-four hours in brine, strong enough to bear an egg; or,
 - 3d. Wash it thoroughly in several changes of pure spring water, stirring it thoroughly.
- By carefully attending to either of these rules, there will be little danger in sowing from smutty grain.

The communication from "A Louisianaian," in relation to the Louisiana election, shall be published in our next: our columns for this week were filled before it came to hand.

It is suggested in some of the papers, that notwithstanding the sick man, Henry Clay, went to Kentucky to improve his health, he will come back sicker than he went: the elections there didn't agree with him!

Judge Robert Trimble died at his residence in Bourbon county, Kentucky, on the 25th ultimo, of a violent fever.

Indiana.—Ratiff Boon, Esq. a zealous Jackson man, has, as far as we have been able to ascertain, been elected to congress from this state, by a majority of 29 votes over Thomas H. Blake, the present member. Mr. Blake is a man of respectable acquirements, a republican in principle, of amiable manners, and irreproachable private character; but he had lent himself to the Administration, to the aristocracy; and promised to sink or swim with them! And verily he has been doomed, by his abused constituents, to sink with them! Mr. Test, another member from that state, voted for General Jackson, in 1824; and Mr. Jennings, the third member, is also believed to be for Jackson. What more would any reasonable man want, to satisfy him that Indiana will go for the people's candidate? It was reported in last week's papers, that Governor Ray, of Indiana, on the day that news reached him of his re-election, died, suddenly, of a bilious cholera; but as there is no confirmation of the report by Friday's mail, we presume there must have been some mistake in the premises.

Kentucky.—We have finally received the official returns of the election in Kentucky: Metcalf is elected, by the meagre majority of 709 votes; while Breathitt, the Jacksonian, has beaten the Adams candidate for Lt. Gov. by 1087 votes! Besides, there are Jackson majorities in both branches of the Legislature. This settles the dispute about the Electoral vote of Kentucky, and settles the contest for the Presidency, in favor of the Farmer of Tennessee. Our Adams friends had better lay down the weapons of their opposition to the people's choice, and submit with as good grace as they can. Metcalf received 38,940 votes, Barry 34,231, for Gov.; Breathitt received 37,341, Underwood 36,434, for Lieutenant Governor.

609! Since writing the above, we have seen the certificates of the sheriff and clerk (the latter a friend of General Metcalf) of Carroll county, stating that a mistake was made in casting up the votes given in that county: that instead of 418, as officially returned, Maj. Barry received 518 votes in Carroll! So that of upwards of 77,000 votes, the Adams man only got the poor, lean majority of 609!!

John Chambers is elected to Congress in Kentucky, in place of Thomas Metcalf.

How one man may corrupt a thousand!
Mr. WHITE: You have seen how the President of the United States, on his late visit to Massachusetts, demeaned himself on the Sabbath day; how he left New-York in a steam-boat on Saturday afternoon, knowing that he must arrive in Rhode-Island on Sunday; how the citizens of Newport, when the President reached there, greeted him "with exceeding [loud] joy," on beholding so great a man among them; how the people of Providence, when he got there, just at church-going time, turned away from the temple of the living God, whereunto they were devoutly vowing their course, to do vain honors unto a man,—a mere peccable man, by firing big guns, and causing divers other untimely noises, when, instead of which, the orisons of the people of God should alone have been heard, ascending up to Heaven; how the President, habited in a jockey cap, roundabout jacket, nankeen breeches, silk stockings, and pumps, rode through the country, John Gilpin like, disturbing the gravity of the old, exciting the mirth of the young, and attracting crowds of boys, who were as much agog to know what it was, as though a mountebank had passed along; and how he reached Walpole, 20 miles, that (Sunday) night! You have seen all this: and what do you think of it? As for myself, who have been an Adams-man, but am so no more, I will barely remark, in borrowed language, that it is most lamentable, "the leaders of this people should cause them to err; for they that are led of them, are destroyed."

Departed this life, (says a Baltimore paper of the 30th ult.) the Rev. *Enoch George*, one of the Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church, aged about 60 years. Such a man, and such a life of usefulness rise above ordinary panegyric; his praise is in all the churches.

Laurel.—By arrivals at New-York from Havre, French and English papers to 22d July have been received. The Russian campaign against Turkey commenced on the 7th May, and by the 2d July, less than two months, the Russians have pushed forward almost to Bazarik and Tarna, only fifty leagues from Constantinople, and have taken seven fortresses.

The Island of Madeira, is said to have declared in favor of Don Pedro, and to have refused letting a Portuguese frigate anchor, which was sent by Don Miguel. The papers are filled with articles respecting the election of O'Connell. Great disturbances appear to have taken place in Ireland.

The Belfast, steamer, from Oporto, with 63 passengers, refugees from Portugal, had arrived, after a tedious and disastrous passage, having four times burst her boiler, and having stuck upon a rock 12 miles to the south of Cape Finisterre, and received such damage, that she was in imminent danger of going down. The Marquis Palmella was a passenger in the Belfast.

The Hamburg papers, of the 10th July, contain some important intelligence from Turkey. The army assembling at Adrianople is stated to be 100,000 strong. All Mussulmen from 14 to 60 years of age have been summoned to take up arms. The standard of Mahomet was to be immediately displayed. The negotiation between the Greek Bishops sent from Constantinople, and the Greeks has failed. The latter declined any negotiation, but upon the basis of the treaty of the 6th July, proposed by the allies.

Com. Porter.—By an arrival at N. York, from Vera Cruz, 9th of August, Noah's Enquirer learns, that Commodore Porter of the ship Asia, 64, brig Bravo, of 18 guns and another ship of the same force, had hauled down his flag, discharged all his men, and had left but few soldiers on board to take care of the vessels. The Mexicans were highly dissatisfied with the Commodore's conduct, and he intended returning home to the United States by the first conveyance. Estera, the Com's personal enemy, would, there was but little doubt, be elected Vice President of Mexico.

Kentucky.—The Louisville Public Advertiser declares that "thousands of Old Court Jackson men refused to vote for Major Barry, or voted for Gen. Metcalf. Had it not been for the influence of the feelings engendered by the Old and New Court controversy, which were revived by the exertions of the Adams men, Gen. Metcalf could not have been elected. By the exertions of our adversaries, the election of Governor was made to turn, in a great degree, on local politics. They contended that the election of Barry would lead to the revival of the relief system; and to renewed efforts to reorganize the Court of Appeals.

In Greenup county, where Metcalf had a majority of 150 votes, "the Jackson party carried their senator and members of the legislature, and Mr. Dunlap the sheriff of that county who held the election, says, that he has a list of one hundred and thirteen decided Jackson men who voted for Metcalf, but supported the balance of the Jackson ticket."

New York.—In a late National Intelligencer, a most wanton charge was made against Mr. Van Buren, of having written to a friend in the West, that 24 of the electoral votes of New York would be given to Jackson, but that the General should have the whole if necessary! The Albany Argus has refuted this calumny; Mr. V. B. wrote no such letter. Thus has another Adams fib been put down. The signs in New-York continue to be cheering, and augur the success of the Jackson tickets.

The Rev. J. Ashmun, the Agent of the American colony of free blacks in Africa, died at New-Haven, Connecticut, on the 26th ult. He was obliged to leave Africa, on account of ill health; and was permitted by Providence to reach his native shores, when he gently and quietly sunk into eternal rest. He fell a martyr to his indefatigable and philanthropic exertions in behalf of the colony at Liberia.

The Board of Managers of the Colonization Society, have resolved to wear crape, in memory of Mr. Ashmun; and that the next town settled in Africa by the colonists, be named after him.

At the commencement of the University of Georgia, the degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred on *Elam A. Erwin*, of Morganton, and *A. L. Lewis*, of Iredell county, in this state.

Rail Road.—The Newbern Spectator says, that it is in contemplation to hold a meeting in that place, for the purpose of co-operating with the West, in their measures relative to the construction of a Central Rail Road.

The *Jalmonia*, a disease, so called, was raging at Madrid at the last dates. It had carried off Don *Onb*, well known in this country.

The Markets.

Fayetteville, September 4.—Cotton, 8 to 9; Beef, fresh in market, 3 cents; Bacon, 7 to 10; peach brandy, 50 to 60; apple do. 33 to 37; flour, 3 a 4; whiskey, 25 a 25.....United States bank notes, 6 1/2 to 7 per cent. premium; Bills on the North, 60 days 4 to 5 per cent. pre.

Charleston, Sept. 6.—Upland cotton 9 1/2 a 1 1/2; whiskey, 26 to 27; bagging, 42 inch, 22 to 24; sugar, 8 to 9; molasses, 30 to 31 cents; bacon, 6 to 7; apple brandy, 25 to 28; beeswax, 22; coffee, 13 to 16; hyson tea, 100 to 105; Jamaica rum, 110 to 115—West India do. 75 to 80.....North Carolina bills, 8 to 9 per cent. dis.; Georgia do. 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 per cent. ditto.

Cotton.—Only a very limited business was transacted the past week in this article, and that without alteration in the prices of the previous week: One or two lots of the new crop were received, but they remained unsold. Prices ranged from 9 1/2 to 10 1/2—the chief business was done at 10 a 10 1/2 for selections from lots in store.

Columbia, S. C. September 5.—Cotton, 10 1/2; corn 45 a 50; wheat 62 1/2 a 87 1/2; flour 43 a 54; bacon 7 to 10, hams 12 to 14; whiskey 40 to 43; salt 75; North Carolina bank bills, 3 to 4 per cent. discount; Georgia do. 1 1/2 to 2.

Camden, Sept. 6.—Cotton, 9 a 10; wheat 62 1/2; S. C. Money; Flour 3 1/2 a 4 00, out of the wagon corn 37; Salt 70 cents.

40 Bales of Cotton, of the new crop were sold this week in Camden at 10 cents.

Cheraw, September 5.—Cotton, 8 to 10 1/2; bacon, 7 to 8; flour, \$4 per barrel; corn, 31 1/2; peach brandy 40 to 45; apple do. 30 to 35; whiskey 30; beef, 3 to 4; butter 12 1/2 to 15; tallow, 8; coffee, 17 to 19; sugar, 10 to 12; flax-seed, 70.

Petersburg, Sept. 6.—Cotton, 9 to 10; tobacco, \$2 50 a 7 1/2—refused, 1 1/2 a \$2 1/2; corn, 1 1/2 a \$2; bacon, 6 a 8; lard, 6 a 7; apple brandy, 34 a 35; peach 45 a 74 cents.....North Carolina bank bills, 7 to 8 per cent. discount; Georgia bills, 2 1/2 a 3; South Carolina bills, 2 to 2 1/2 per cent. discount.

New-York, Sept. 2.—Cotton, upland, 9 1/2 to 11 1/2; cotton bagging, hemp 20 to 21, flax 16 to 18; hides, 11 to 17; North Carolina bank bills 9 1/2 per cent. discount; S. Carolina do. 2 1/2; Virginia 1; Georgia 4, except Darien, which are 30 per cent.

Married.

In Wilkesborough, by the Rev. A. W. Gay, on the 4th inst. Whitfield Kerr, Esq. of Statesville, to Miss Maria Louisa Wilson, of the former place.

In Davidson county, on Thursday, the 4th inst. by Joseph Conrad, Esq. JESSE HARGRAVE, Esq. to Miss ESTHER LINDSEY.

DIED.

In the city of Raleigh, on the 4th instant, Maj. John G. Blount, of Tarborough, in this state. He was an active officer in the 9th regiment of United States infantry, during the last war, and served faithfully to its termination. At his residence in Caswell county, on Sunday the 31st ult., Bartlett Yancey, Esq. distinguished for his eminence at the bar, and for the many and important stations which he has held in the service of the state. Mr. Yancey died very suddenly, with a disease which the physicians termed the cold plague, very prevalent in that neighborhood.

At Smithville, on the 20th ultimo, the venerable Thomas Callender, of Wilmington, aged 74 years. His services in the war of the revolution, entitle him to high distinction. He bore a part at Trenton, Brandywine, Germantown and Monmouth, and was taken prisoner at the siege of Charleston, South Carolina. He was near to Gen. Nash, when he fell.

At Philadelphia, on the 22d ultimo, the Hon. Richard Peters, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the eastern district of Pennsylvania.

At Salem, Mass. on the 19th ultimo, Mrs. Rebecca Pickering, wife of the Hon. Timothy Pickering, aged 74 years.

AUCTION SALES.

AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. CAROLINA. ON Tuesday, Sept. 23d. will be sold, by the subscribers, at their Auction Store, a large and valuable assortment of freshly imported Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, consisting in part of Superfine, fine & common Cloths & Cassimeres Sattinets, Domestic, &c. &c. ALSO, Groceries, Hardware, Cutlery, and Crockery Ware. Terms liberal, and made known at sale. WILKINGS & Co. Auctioneers. Fayetteville, Sept. 4th, 1828. 3t34

NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to Doctor L. MITCHELL, are requested to call and close their accounts. Salisbury, September 13th, 1828. 321f

Medicine and Surgery.

DOCT. SMITH, HAS just received a supply of Fresh Medicines, carefully selected by himself. He tenders his professional services to the citizens of Salisbury, and its vicinity. He hopes, by attention, to merit a share of public patronage. His residence is at the Mansion Hotel; where his services can be commanded, at any hour, when not absent on professional business. Salisbury, Sept. 1828. 32

Ran Away.

FROM the subscriber, on the 4th inst. a mulatto to follow named TOM, between 35 and 40 years old, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has a scar on his throat, stutters badly, his two toes next the big toe grow together. A very liberal reward will be given any one who will take up said boy, and deliver him to the subscriber, 9 miles from Salisbury, on the Wilkesboro' road, or confine him in jail, and give me information. 32 Sept. 6th, 1828. THOMAS WOOLY.

New Store,

AT MOCKEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA. THE subscribers having entered into partnership in the Mercantile Business, at Mocksville, Rowan county, N. C. under the firm of HARGRAVE & HUNT, are now receiving, direct from New-York and Philadelphia, an entirely new stock of

Dry Goods, Crockery, Hardware, Groceries, &c. &c. Cutlery,

Selected and bought by one of the firm, for cash; which they will sell low for CASH, or COTTON, or on a short credit to punctual dealers. Persons wishing to purchase, are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. ROBERT L. HARGRAVE, ANDREW HUNT. August 25th, 1828. 6t37

Administration Notice.

THE subscribers having qualified as Administrators on the estate of Andrew Baird, dec'd. late of Burke county, desire all persons indebted to said estate to make payment with as little delay as possible; and all persons having claims against the estate, will present them legally authenticated, within the time limited by act of Assembly, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. M. BAIRD, WM. L. BAIRD, Admrs. September, 1828. 8t59

Public Sale.

ON Monday, the 10th of November next, at Baird's Forge, Burke county, the late residence of Andrew Baird, dec'd. on a credit of twelve months, will be sold

Several likely Negroes; Three Wagons and Harness; A Gig, and Sulkey; Also, Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Household and Kitchen Furniture, &c. M. BAIRD, WM. L. BAIRD, Admrs. Sept. 12th, 1828. 8t39

Transylvania University, MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

THE Medical Lectures will commence, as usual, on the 1st Monday of November and terminate on the 1st Saturday of March. BENJAMIN W. DUDLEY, M. D. in Anatomy and Surgery. CHARLES CALDWELL, M. D. Institutes and Clinical Practice. JOHN E. COOKE, M. D. Theory and Practice of Medicine. WILLIAM H. RICHARDSON, M. D. Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children. CHARLES W. SHORT, M. D. Materia Medica and Medical Botany. JAMES HLYNS, D. D. Chemistry and Pharmacy. Each Professor lectures daily, Sabbath's excepted. The Ticket to the Anatomical and Surgical course is \$20; each of the others \$15. Matriculation with the use of the Library, \$5. The Graduation fee \$20. C. W. SHORT, M. D. Decm. Lexington, Ky. August 8, 1828. 3t34

TO THE PUBLIC.

COWAN & REEVES HAVE just received, from New-York and Philadelphia, at their Store at Wood Grove, Rowan county, twelve miles west of Salisbury, a general assortment of fresh

Dry Goods, Cutlery, Hardware, Groceries, &c.

Which they are determined to sell unusually low for CASH or COTTON; or on a short credit to punctual customers. As they will replenish their stock at short intervals, from the Northern markets, and keep the newest and most approved kinds of Goods, they feel a confidence in inviting their friends and the public to call, examine, and judge for themselves. COWAN & REEVES, Wood Grove, Sept. 1st, 1828. 6m55

REMOVAL!

INTEND removing from Salisbury in about two months from this time; those indebted to me by note, will please call and pay the same; and those that have open accounts, will also please to call and close the same at or before the October court next; those that fail to comply with the above requests, may expect to find their papers without discrimination, in the hands of an Officer for collection. GEO. MCCONNAUGHEY. Sept. 8th, 1828. 4t34

Lost or Mislaid.

THE certificate of two shares in the Capital Stock of the State Bank of North Carolina; for the renewal of which, application will be made to the Directory of said Bank at the appropriate time. JNO. L. HENDERSON. August 30th, 1828. 30

Regimental Order.

THE officers commanding companies in the 63d (or Cabarrus) regt. N. C. militia, are commanded to parade in Concord, on the 3d day of October next, at 11 o'clock a. m. with the companies under their command, fully equipped as the law directs, both men and officers; also, the field and staff officers will appear at the same time and place to parade the men, and march to the field at 10 o'clock, and be reviewed at 12 by the Brigadier.

All officers belonging to the above regt. are commanded to appear in Concord on the 2d day of October next, at the hour of 11 o'clock, equipped as the law directs, with side-arms, for drilling.

Captains will notify their subalterns, musicians with their instruments of music, and orderly sergeants, to appear on said day of drill.

By order of the Col. Comd. of said regiment. 2t32 D. WHITE, Adj. Head-Quarters, Concord, Sept. 1st, 1828.

N. B. Each Captain in the regiment is commanded to have two Pioneers detailed from his company, to be and appear in Concord on the day of drill, with tools suitable to clear ground for the General Review; and in consideration of this service, such pioneers shall be exempted from one day's company muster, their captains determining when the exemption is to take place. WM. ALLEN, Col. Comd.

To Gold Miners.

100 lbs. of pure Quicksilver, just received, and for sale, by E. WILLEY & Co. Salisbury, Sept. 12th, 1828. 7t