

ness, they are thus endeavoring to make us answerable for a political FAUX PAS of theirs. We will now proceed to show.

The late 4th of July was celebrated by a respectable company of gentlemen, 50 or 60 in number, in the town of Charlotte.....most of whom happened to be friends of the administration. The day was also celebrated at King's, 7 or 8 miles from town, by about the same number of gentlemen.....nearly all of whom were friends of Jackson. Of these facts, we were apprized within a few days after the celebration; but as, on such an occasion, (the anniversary of the birth-day of our Liberties) we had hoped, and indeed felt well assured, that our patriotic fellow-citizens of Mecklenburg were willing to merge all partisan feeling in the more general one of national pride and exultation, we thought it would be ill-timed to say anything about the strength of parties at either of the dinners; and we never should have published a syllable on the subject, had we not been compelled to do so by the Adams people. But the circumstance of a majority of the company at the Charlotte dinner happening to be administration men, was too precious a sign for them to let go unnoticed.....for signs favorable to their cause are "few and far between" in N. Carolina; and with some of the junta communicated the joyous tidings to the propagator of their 'opinions' and wishes in this place; the news was according blazoned forth to the world, and republished in the affiliated presses all over the Union, as a sign that North Carolina was doubtful on the Presidency! We felt that this boast (of the dinner party's being composed principally of Adams men) would operate, abroad, to the prejudice of the citizens of Charlotte, by creating an impression that they could not sufficiently chasten their party zeal, to enable them to unite, even in the harmonious observance of the political Sabbath of the nation; and we knew, too, that it would (as it was intended) convey a false impression abroad of the strength of parties there. Viewing the subject in this light, we thought we should be wanting in our duty, as public journalists, to the citizens of Mecklenburg, and would not fulfil our obligations to the public, by remaining silent. Accordingly we published the short article, in our paper of the 22d July, which called forth the scurrilous piece in the Adams print of the 5th of August, over the signature of 'Citizen of Charlotte'; and which, it now appears from a spiteful and abusive communication in that paper of last week, over the proper name of a school boy, was prepared at the request, and under the supervision, of the aforementioned junta. Indeed, they have virtually fathered both publications; by appending to the latter their certificate, (a la mode Mister Clay) signed by Samuel Macomb, F. M. Ross, J. H. Blake, Benj. Cottrell, Rich. Gillespie, J. D. Boyd, G. Kendrick, D. R. Dunlap, A. Graham. It is with these persons, then, that we must settle our account, and not with a beardless tyro, who has been used by them in this business, for the same reason that the monkey in the fable found it convenient to get the loan of the cat's claws to rake his chestnuts out of the fire. We shall not flatter the lad's vanity so far as even to mention his name in our paper, which is read, on a fair estimate, by six or eight thousand persons weekly, and circulates in 13 or 14 states of the Union; for that would be giving him a factitious importance, which he might otherwise never acquire; and it might, too, so inflame him with his "individual responsibility," that he would be in danger of sharing the fate of the fabled toad. No, the scrippling shall not be spoiled by our agency.....no act of ours shall help to extend his name beyond the columns of the family paper; to which, perhaps, it will be for his future welfare that it should be confined. And we would here advise the sponsors of this nursing-scribbler, the next time he manifests an itching for politics, to give him the hickory, instead of a certificate.

The complaint of Samuel Macomb, and associates, (the Adams junta heretofore referred to) who have, by their certificate, become responsible for the ribaldry of the school boy, is, that our article in relation to the Charlotte dinner, was "evidently calculated, if not purposely intended, to create an opinion in the public mind derogatory to the social character of the citizens of that town. Now we flatly deny that our article was intended to create any such opinion; and it is only by a tortuous construction of our language, that it can be said it was calculated to have that effect. The Adams paper first published the fact; that the party who dined in Charlotte was made up mostly of Adams men.....ergo, that it was an 'Adams dinner,' an 'Adams affair'; and this information, we have every reason to believe, was communicated for publication by one of this very junta, who so wantonly charge us with wishing to 'create an opinion' which, if it have any existence in reality, was created by themselves, as they (or their printer, which is the same thing) first promulgated to the world what they so malevolently find fault with us for publishing afterwards.

We did not say that the dinner was got up as a party affair; nor that there was any lack of friendly or special feeling

at it, to mar the festivity of the occasion. Our only object in referring to the circumstance at all, was to disabuse the public in relation to the boast made in the Adams paper, of the administration strength at the dinner. We knew that that boast was an unjust one;—that a majority of Adams men having accidentally assembled at the dinner, was no more evidence of the strength of the administration in that quarter, than the fact of nearly all the gentlemen at King's being friends of Jackson, was a fair test of the Old Hero's popularity there; and we might with as much propriety have turned the dinner at King's into a favorable 'sign' for our cause, as the junta did that at Charlotte to theirs? But we saw the manifest impropriety of doing so; we did not wish to take advantage of so small a matter, at the risk of creating an undue impression abroad.....it was reserved for the Charlotte junta, and their printer here, to commit so palpable a faux pas. And were they possessed of only a modicum of magnanimity, they would acknowledge their error, and submit to the consequences of their indiscreet conduct, with a much better grace than they seem disposed to do,—instead of attempting to saddle their own faults on our back.

As to the gibes with which Samuel Macomb (et al Major, quondam sheriff, commoner and tavern keeper, and now calico and ribbon seller, gold digger and would-be GREAT man) and his associates, have flouted us, by designating us as "the little Major," "my little sir," &c. we will briefly remark, that we esteem this species of scurrility as a compliment, rather than otherwise. It shows the refined standard by which they estimate merit, and betrays their own mental callow. They would prefer matter to mind; and judge of a man's worth as they would of a bullock's, by gross weight! On this point, however, we are willing to submit the case to the better judgment of the Poet.....and poets ought to be good authority in such matters.....who says, (or sings, as the word sounds more musically) that "Fat plunches have lean pores; and dainty bits 'Make rich the ribs, but bankrupt quite the wits,"

"The hawk and snake each other greet.....
"The wolf and lamb harmonious meet."

At the late commencement of Harvard University, in Massachusetts, Mr. Swenson, the Jackson speaker of the house of representatives of the U. S. and John Quincy Adams, president of the U. S. walked side by side to the college hall. This is a small sign that the era of good feelings is about to dawn on us. We are glad to see it.

THE SICK SECRETARY.

A PARODY.
Mr. Harry Clay's had a shake
Of the vile Dengue fever;
News from New-York first made him quake;
But Kentucky made him shiver.

Swimming.—A Dr. Leiber has a swimming school in Boston. Several of his pupils lately swam 5 1/2 miles, against a head wind, in one hour and twenty minutes, without resting. We would recommend some of our misguided Adams friends, for whom we feel a personal regard and sympathy, to learn the art of swimming; for, as they are getting into troubled waters, we fear they will sink, never to rise again!

Virginia Convention.....Virginia has now redeemed herself in a good degree, from the charge (which has so long lain at her door) of cherishing an aristocratic, anti-republican spirit. Her people have voted to call a Convention, to amend their Constitution, (or form of government) and expunge from it that odious provision which disfranchises a freeman, (a native-born American citizen) unless he possesses a freehold, which makes property, mere perishable matter, the basis, instead of MAN, with a heaven-born mind, and an immortal soul!

By the proclamation of the Gov. of Virg. it appears that the vote of the people, on the propriety of calling a Convention, stood: 21,875 for; and 16,645 against; majority for a convention, 5,230. May North-Carolina 'go and do likewise.' At a proper season, we shall take up the subject; and endeavor to set before our eastern brethren, the manifest injustice they are doing us in the West, as well as to the character of the state, by opposing a Convention.

An extra session of the legislature of New-York, was commenced at Albany, on the 9th inst: the object, and only object of which is, to act on the revised code of laws which has been prepared by authority of the state.

New Appointment.—David Dunlap has been appointed, by the Post Master General, Post-Master at Bethany Church, Ireddell county, N. C. vice Wm. A. Dunlap, resigned.

Capt. Booth, of the U. S. navy, died in the Mediterranean sea, on the 26th July last; and was buried, with distinguished military honors, by the British authorities at Gibraltar.

Indiana.—In this state, Ray received 12,637, Canby 10,000, Moore 8,723 votes for Governor. Of the members elected to the Legislature, the Annotator, a paper printed in that state, says 24 are for Jackson, and 7 for Adams. We have not seen, for a certainty, whether Boon, or Blake, is elected to Congress: the accounts are very contradictory; but we are inclined to think Boon is the successful man.

Kentucky.....The Administration folks can't get over their defeat in Kentucky: they feel that they have been vanquished, and are sorely chagrined about it: they thought that with their *Magnus* on the ground, they could carry all before them; but since the people have expressed, in emphatic terms, their non-concurrence in the course of conduct pursued by those whom they have heretofore been in the habit of looking up to for guidance in political matters, but who, in the late Presidential election, betrayed and sold them,—they are exercising every species of trickery, and are chopping logic most ingeniously,

to turn their defeat into a triumph. But it won't all do; they are beaten,—irrevocably beaten! Metcalf is, to be sure, barely squeezed in as Gov.; but the Jackson I. Gov. Breathitt, has beaten his Adams opponent by nearly eleven hundred majority! And there is a handsome Jackson majority in both branches of the legislature. If this election is any test of the sentiments of the people of Kentucky on the Presidency, (and the Adams people say it is) the Electoral vote of the state will most assuredly be given to Jackson.

Mr. Barry received 38,231 votes, Mr. Breathitt 37,541; in all for the Jackson candidates, 75,772. Mr. Metcalf received 38,940, Mr. Underwood 36,454; in all, for the Adams candidates, 75,394: Leaving a majority for Jackson, of 378! Now who has most cause to crow!

At Surry superior court, Michael McCollum was tried on an indictment for the murder of a Mr. Hutchens: verdict, manslaughter. Gen. R. M. Saunders, counsel for the prisoner.

At Wilkes superior court, Jacob Miller was tried for the murder of Jos. D. Baldwin, Esq.: verdict, guilty. He was sentenced to be hanged on the 10th of October next. The prisoner was ably defended by D. F. Caldwell and R. M. Saunders, Esq.; but his guilt was so clearly established, that the jury could not hesitate to render a verdict against him. We understood he confessed his guilt, after he was convicted.

A man by the name of Barlow, was tried at the same term, for the murder of his wife; but was acquitted, on the plea of insanity: he was defended by R. H. Burton and James Norwood, Esquires.

There was also tried, at this term, a man by the name of Thompson, alias Newton, for passing counterfeit money: he was convicted, and sentenced to receive 39 lashes, stand in the pillory, and be imprisoned 12 months.

In our next, or succeeding paper, we shall publish the communication from Dr. M. W. Alexander, on his mode of rearing the Silk worm, &c.

We are obliged to omit, in this week's paper, five or six new advertisements, the orders for the publication of which did not reach us till our columns were filled: we hope, however, they will not suffer by one week's delay.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

New York, Sept. 19.—By the ship Caledonia, Captain Rogers, which arrived below this morning, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 2d ult., we have received Liverpool papers to that date, and London to the 31st July inclusive.

The eighth and ninth Bulletins of the Russian army are dated at the Camp at Korassu, July 5th, giving further details of the capitulation of the fortress of Brailow. The Russian main army was to advance by forced marches to Canargik. The Gazette de France, of July 29th, gives the latest advices from Bucharest.

Bucharest, July 18.—Accounts this moment received, inform us that Manglian, an important fortified place, which defends the main road to Varna, has surrendered to the Russians. There is now no obstacle to stop the march of the left wing of the Russians towards Varna.

A German paper asserts that 100,000 Russians are advancing to force the passage of the Balkan mountains. The Turks it is said, depend on their lines at Schuinla, which are defended by 1,300 cannon.

The Nuremberg Correspondent of the 22d inst. says it was reported at Vienna that an alliance had been entered into by England, France and Austria, to prevent the threatened aggrandizement of Russia.

The French papers of Sunday state confidently that 12,000 men are to be despatched immediately to compel Ibrahim to evacuate the Morea. France is said to take this step at the request of the Emperor of Russia, and it is added that England is to co-operate with a naval force, so that the three powers are represented as acting in concert. Such a step would greatly add to the embarrassment of the Sultan, and probably hasten his submission.

It seems that a conspiracy against the life of the President has been foiled in Greece, and that the recent successes of the Russians have raised the tone of the Greeks. An article dated Smyrna, June 18, says that Count Capo d'Istria will be obliged to have recourse to more energetic measures to govern the Greek nation, especially since the discovery of the conspiracy of Colotroni who has been arrested with 25 of his accomplices.

Some disturbances are said to have broken out in Spain; several bands of guerrillas and others have declared for Don Carlos, in opposition to the reigning monarch. It was expected that some such step as this would be the result of the success of Don Miguel in Spain.

The British Parliament was prorogued by commission on the 28th July; on which occasion the Lord Chancellor read a speech from the King; in which his majesty is made to say, that he has received assurances from his allies of the most friendly disposition, &c. &c.

The Difference.—In Jackson county, Missouri, the Jackson candidate received 303 votes, and the Adams only one! While in Cass county, Illinois, the Jackson candidate received every vote over his Adams opponent. U. S. Tel.

The game's up.—We understand, from one of the most honorable and intelligent citizens of Maryland, that the late news from Kentucky is producing a re-action in Maryland—and that many of the Administration-men begin to confess that the State is against them. Maryland will elect a Legislature against Adams and Clay. Jackson will certainly get six electoral votes.

Don Pablo Ovega, minister to the United States from the republic of Mexico, committed suicide in Washington City on the 10th inst. by hanging himself, during a fit of derangement. He was a gentleman of courteous demeanor, and universally esteemed.

C. W. Bird, Esq. Judge of the United States district court for Ohio, died on the 25th ult.; and, what is not a little singular, his death happened on the same day with that of Judge Robert Trimble, of the United States supreme court.

Guatemala.—Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Guatemala to his friend in New-York:—I am very happy to announce to you, that the disturbance between St. Salvador and Guatemala, which for these two years has so much afflicted this republic, is now at an end. The two contending parties have concluded, and proclaimed peace, and a new Congress is to be held immediately—both armies are joined to enter St. Salvador, and to put themselves under the orders of the new congress.

The Duke of Wellington and his brother the venerable Marquis of Wellesley, have become reconciled.

The Markets.

Fayetteville, September 11.—Cotton, 9 1/2 to 9 3/4; Beef, fresh in market, 3 cents; Bacon, 7 to 10; peach brandy, 50 to 60; apple do. 33 to 37; flour, 3 a 4 1/2; whiskey, 25 a 25.....United States bank notes, 6 1/2 to 7 per cent. premium; Bills on the North, 60 days, 4 to 5 per cent. etc.

Charleston, Sept. 13.—Upland cotton 9 a 11; whiskey, 26 to 27; bagging, 42 inch, 22 to 24; sugar, 8 to 9; molasses, 30 to 31 cents; bacon, 6 to 7; apple brandy, 25 to 28; bees-wax, 22; coffee, 13 to 16; hyson tea, 100 to 105; Jamaica rum, 110 to 115—West India do. 75 to 80.....North Carolina bills, 8 to 9 per cent. ditto. Georgia do. 14 to 15 per cent. ditto.

Remark.—Several small parcels of New Cotton have come to market; but, as yet, there has been no sales that we have heard of. We understand it is held at 11 to 11 1/2 cents—there is little or no demand for the old, and our quotations are nominal.

Camden, Sept. 13.—Cotton, 9 a 10; wheat 6 1/2 S. C. Money: Flour 3 1/2 a 4 00, out of the wagon corn 3 1/2; Salt 70 cents.

Petersburg, Sept. 12.—Cotton, 9 to 10; tobacco, \$2 50 a 7 1/2—refused, 1 1/2 a \$2 1/2; corn, 1 1/2 a \$2; bacon, 6 a 8; lard, 6 a 7; apple brandy, 34 a 35; peach 45 a 74 cents.....North Carolina bank bills, 5 1/2 to 6 per cent. discount; Georgia bills, 2 1/2 a 3; South Carolina bills, 2 to 2 1/2 per cent. discount.

New-York Sept. 10.—Cotton: The sales have amounted to about 1000 bales—consisting of 700 Uplands at 9 1/2 a 11 1/2 cents; 200 Alabamas at 10 to 10 1/2, and 100 Tennessee and New Orleans at 10 a 12 1/2 cents. Prices generally are hardly supported, though small lots have brought something over these rates. Accounts from Liverpool; to 1st Aug. have been received per ship Caledonia. There does not appear to have been any material change there since the date of our previous accounts. Commer. Adv.

DIED.

In this town, on Wednesday last, John, infant son of Capt. Samuel Lemly, aged 20 months.

In this town, on Friday last, Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of the late Capt. John Fulton, aged about 5 years.

In Ireddell county, on the 2d inst. very suddenly, Mrs. Ruthy Almira Fleming, consort of Moses F. Fleming, aged about 19 years. This amiable woman, the pattern of humility, has left a distressed husband, a helpless infant only 15 days old, and a circle of affectionate relatives, to mourn their loss. "Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord, for they rest from their labors." In Mecklenburg county, on the 31st ult. Mr. James Dinkins, Jr. son of James Dinkins sen. Esq. Also on the same day, Mrs. Ann McKnight, relict of the late James McKnight. Also, on the 2d inst. Mr. Wm. M. Neely, also, a child of Mr. Jonas Rudisill: All of the same county.

Lately, on Beaver creek, Sumpter district, S. C. Mr. Arthur Cunningham, at the advanced age of 96 or 100 years, having left a son who served as an officer in the revolutionary war.

In New-York, on the 5th inst. Gen. Theolorus Bailey, Postmaster of that city, aged 70. He was a Whig in the Revolution, and a prominent useful and estimable citizen.

In New-York, on the 21st ult. David Gelston, Esq. He was a delegate in the old provincial congress, which met in New-York, May, 1774, and held several other important offices, and was a devoted Whig throughout the Revolution: he died in his 85th year.

Goodman's Hotel,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BALL.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a Tavern in the house lately occupied by Mr. M. M. McCulloch of this town, North West corner of Broad and King streets, and immediately opposite the Court House. The public may rely on his strenuous exertions to render his entertainment satisfactory in every particular. He wishes the traveller to call and judge for himself. Private rooms for families will always be kept ready furnished.

JOSEPH GOODMAN.
Camden, S. C. Feb. 9, 1828. 8140

Taken Up and Committed

TO the jail in Lincoln county, N. C. on the 22d July, a negro fellow who says his name is HARRY, and that he ran away from Mr. Wm. Worthy, of Alabama, who was carrying him to that state for sale; says he was purchased from Mr. Austin in this state, by Mr. Worthy. He is 5 feet 8 inches high; his countenance rather irregular, and a small scar on his forehead: he had with him, when committed, a blue cloth coat; also, a blue homespun coat, and thick negro-cloth pantaloons. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

JOHN ZIMMERMAN, Jailor.
Sept. 8th, 1828. 813

AUCTION SALES

AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. CAROLINA.
ON Tuesday, Sept. 23d, will be sold, by the subscribers, at their Auction Store, a large and valuable assortment of freshly imported Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, consisting in part of Superfine, fine & common Cloths & Casimeres; Satinets, Domestic, &c. &c. ALSO, Groceries, Hardware, Cutlery, and Crockery Ware. Terms liberal, and made known at sale. WILKINGS & Co. Auctioneers. Fayetteville, Sept. 4th, 1828. 8134

POSTPONEMENT.

The vessel by which the Goods advertised for sale on the 23d inst. were shipped, did not sail from New-York as soon as was expected, the above sale is unavoidably postponed till Tuesday, Sept. 30; when it will positively take place. WILKINGS & Co. Auctioneers. Fayetteville, Sept. 12, 1828.

Notice to slave holders.

WAS committed to the jail in Salisbury, Rowan county, N. C. on the 18th inst. a negro boy, aged about 24; and has a scar on his forehead, and also on one foot. He says his name is HARRY, and belongs to Rendall Weatherly, York District, S. C. 12 miles from the Court House, and was bought of John Springs. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away. FIELDING SLATER, S. J. Sept. 19, 1828. 813

Committed to the Jail

OF Montgomery county, N. C. on the 3d of September, 1828, a negro man, who says his name is LEVVIS, and belongs to a Mr. Belcher of Columbia, S. C. He is 5 feet 2 1/2 inches high; somewhat affected with pains in his thighs: says he is between 35 and 40 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away. A. FOREST, Jailor. 4136

New Store,

AT MOCKSVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA. THE subscribers having entered into copartnership in the Mercantile Business, at Mocksville, Rowan county, N. C. under the firm of HARGRAVE & HUNT, are now receiving, direct from New-York and Philadelphia, an entirely new stock of

Dry Goods, Crockery, Hardware, Groceries, &c. &c. Cutlery.

Selected and bought by one of the firm, for cash; which they will sell low for CASH, or COTTON, or on a short credit to punctual dealers. Persons wishing to purchase, are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. ROBERT L. HARGRAVE, ANDREW HUNT. August 25th, 1828. 6137

TO THE PUBLIC.

COWAN & REEVES HAVE just received, from New-York and Philadelphia, at their Store at Wood Grove, Rowan county, twelve miles west of Salisbury, a general assortment of fresh

Dry Goods, Cutlery, Hardware, Groceries, &c. Which they are determined to sell unusually low for CASH or COTTON, or on a short credit to punctual customers. As they will replenish their stock at short intervals, from the Northern markets, and keep the newest and most approved kinds of Goods, they feel a confidence in inviting their friends and the public to call, examine, and judge for themselves. COWAN & REEVES. Wood Grove, Sept. 1st, 1828. 6mt55

Administration Notice.

THE subscribers having qualified as Administrators on the estate of Andrew Baird, dec'd, late of Burke county, desire all persons indebted to said estate to make payment with as little delay as possible; and all persons having claims against the estate, will present them legally authenticated, within the time limited by act of Assembly, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. M. BAIRD, WM. L. BAIRD, Adms. September, 1828.

Public Sale.

ON Monday, the 10th of November next, at Baird's Forge, Burke county, the late residence of Andrew Baird, dec'd. on a credit of twelve months, will be sold

Several likely Negroes; Three Wagons and Harness; A Gig, and Sulkey; Also, Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Household and Kitchen Furniture, &c. M. BAIRD, WM. L. BAIRD, Adms. Sept. 12th, 1828. 8139

Transylvania University,

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

THE Medical Lectures will commence, as usual, on the 1st Monday of November and terminate on the 1st Saturday of March. BENJAMIN W. DUDLEY, M. D. on Anatomy and Surgery. CHARLES CALDWELL, M. D. Institutes and Clinical Practice. JOHN E. COOKE, M. D. Theory and Practice of Medicine. WILLIAM H. RICHARDSON, M. D. Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children. CHARLES W. SHORT, M. D. Materia Medica and Medical Botany. JAMES BUTTRICK, D. D. Chemistry and Pharmacy. Each Professor lectures daily, Sabbath excepted. The Ticket to the Anatomical and Surgical course is \$20; each of the others \$15. Matriculation with the use of the Library, \$5. The Graduation fee \$20. C. W. SHORT, M. D. Dean. Lexington, Ky. August 8, 1828. 4136

Lost or Mislaid,

THE certificate of two shares in the Capital Stock of the State Bank of North Carolina; for the renewal of which, application will be made to the Directory of said Bank at the appropriate time. JNO. L. HENDERSON August 30th, 1828. 813