

PRESIDENTIAL ITEMS.

Great preparations are making in Virginia for the election in November. The Jackson party do not want simply to beat the coalitionists, but to beat them out and out, to annihilate them at once—to run them out of sight—to double and triple distance them. The old Virginian stock, are your true voters. The Adams party there, are mere waddlers.

Look Out!—Is it not time for the Adams men to say that General Jackson is sick or dead? Why do they so long delay?

A small mistake.—In fourteen counties of Pennsylvania already heard from, the Jackson majority is nearly fifteen thousand. Before the election Binns said these counties would give four thousand for the opposition. This is only a small mistake of 19,000 in 14 counties.

The Newburyport Herald, an Adams print, says, that they take the state election in Pennsylvania as settling the Presidential controversy. This is very well. Why don't more of the Adams "pinks" make the like acknowledgment?

The Adams men in New Jersey, are drinking toddy by pair-fulls. They will return to cold water when they hear from Pennsylvania.

An opinion.—The Sandy Hill Herald states, that Mr. Martindale, one of the Adams Congress men, declared publicly, that Gen. Jackson deserved to go to the States Prison. The grand jury of the nation will, no doubt confine him to the marble house at Washington, for four years, at least, and that will answer Mr. Martindale's views, may be.

Poor Binns has been excessively annoyed by a visit of the Jackson men, to his domicile, on the night the polls closed. They rang his door bells, clumped on his knocker, and so alarmed the worthy alderman, that he sprang from his bed, fell on his knees, confessed all his sins about the coffin hand-bills, and offered to restore the widow Bailey the Custom House printing. He was recovered from his fainting fit by burning a few feathers under his nose, and is now, we are happy to say, convalescent.

The Adams men in Cincinnati, Ohio, are betting on Jackson's election. This may be considered a bit of a sign.

The coalitionists, of Philadelphia, complain that the "working men," as they called the honest mechanics, all voted for Hemphill, the Jackson candidate: So they always do. Have they just found out this secret?

The Adams men, of Boston, said, a few days ago, that the election in Dela ware would have a tremendous effect upon Pennsylvania. So it has, as the mouse had upon the tom-cat.

EXECUTION OF A MILITIA MAN.

In Gordon's "History of the rise, progress, and establishment of the Independence of the United States," page 28 of the 4th vol. we find the following account of the execution of a soldier under the command of General Greene. It was after Gates' defeat and shortly after General Greene arrived at Headquarters and assumed the command of the southern army.

"On his arrival in camp, he learned that the troops had made a practice of going home without permission, staying weeks, and then returning. Determined to stop such a dangerous custom, the General gave out, that he would make an example of the first deserter of the kind he caught; and one was accordingly shot at the head of the army, drawn up to be spectators of the punishment. At night he sent officers round the camp, to listen to the talk of the soldiers, and was happy to find that the measure had taken its desired effect, and that the language of the men was only—'We must not do as we have been used to do; it is new laws, new laws.'"

Now, this was the case of a soldier's doing what they had all been in the habit of doing—his home being in the neighborhood of a camp, he had gone there without leave. He had not gone off with the intention of remaining altogether—meant to return. But an example was necessary for the good of the service and the safety of the country, and General Greene, whose humanity no one ever questioned or dare question, did not hesitate to have him executed. Contrast this case with the "six militia men," and tell us, if Jackson was a murderer, what was Greene?

An iron shoe to enable firemen to keep their footing upon the roofs of houses, has been invented by Mr. Seth Walker, a Mechanic employed at the furnace of Eddy's Point, Providence. Its efficacy on slated roofs is not alluded to.

Upwards of \$4,000,000 are invested in a Manufacturing Establishment in Lowell Massachusetts, and a Canal is making for water privileges for 12 more Factories.

Two lovers, at Paris, lately hung themselves, hand in hand, because the parents of the lady would not consent to their marrying.

Salisbury:

NOVEMBER 4, 1828.



FOR PRESIDENT, Andrew Jackson (OF TENNESSEE.)

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, JOHN C. CALHOUN, (OF SOUTH CAROLINA.)

18th of November!

Remember the day! Every free man of North Carolina, who is desirous his government should be administered on pure REPUBLICAN principles, should be punctual in attending at the polls, on Thursday of next week, the 13th instant. It may, to be sure, be an easy matter to elect the Jackson Ticket in this state; but it is not enough that the ticket should barely succeed.... it should be carried by such an overwhelming majority, as to teach the present administration, and their abettors, that the Republican Freeman of North Carolina view with alarm and indignation the collusive and corrupt means by which they came into power. The majority for the Jackson ticket should be such a one as will show to the whole Union, that the plain, honest, and hard-working people of this state, are totally opposed to the wasteful extravagance of the proud and profligate men who now controul the destinies of our country. Of all the nations of the globe, ours is the only one whose people possess the inestimable privilege of choosing their own Rulers: And remember, that not to exercise this privilege, is tantamount to not possessing it. Let every free man, then, go to the polls on the 13th, and assert his sovereignty, by voting for that pure patriot and exalted Hero, who has so emphatically filled the measure of his country's glory.

The following Gentlemen have been nominated by the People, in their respective Districts, as candidates to compose the

JACKSON ELECTORAL TICKET

In this state, namely:

- 1st Dist... Robert Love, of Haywood county.
2d Montfort Stokes, of Wilkes.
3d Peter Forney, of Lincoln.
John Gibbs, of Rowan.
Abraham Phillips, of Rockingham.
John M. Morehead, of Guilford.
Walter P. Leake, of Richmond.
Willie P. Mangum, of Orange.
Josiah Cruden, of Wake.
John Hall, of Warren.
Joseph J. Williams, of Martin.
Kedar Ballard, of Gates.
Louis D. Wilson, of Edgecomb.
Richard D. Spaight, of Craven.
Edwd. B. Dudley, of New Hanover.

Every one of these gentlemen stands pledged to vote for Gen. Jackson and Mr. Calhoun. Every Free Man, who can vote for members of the House of Commons, is entitled to vote for this Ticket. Each voter should put the whole ticket, the fifteen names, into the ballot box.

MANUFACTURES.

Mr. Editor: In the Western Carolinian of last week, I perceive an effort is about to be made to establish a Cotton Manufactory in the town of Salisbury. I am heartily glad to see it. However the establishment of the manufacturing policy may conflict with prejudices and habits of a good many southern men; and however foreign from what has hitherto been our interest;—in the present state of things we must pursue it from a principle of self-preservation. As the wife Hunter in the parable, who perceived that his enemies had inclosed him in a circle of fire, which was furiously rushing upon him from every point, avoided destruction by setting out a counter-fire; so each factory should secure itself within its own circle, before the sweeping conflagration shall reach it: And of course the more extended we make the defensive circle, the more general will be the security to Southern rights and interests. The erection of an extensive manufactory, would be important, in this view of the case, to the Southern country; but to the town of Salisbury, it is a matter of more immediate concern. Observation teaches, that a single manufactory, in more than one instance, has been the creator and destroyer of populous villages. Place a large establishment of the kind proposed, on either of the Yadkin Rivers, and let it once get into successful operation, and it will as naturally draw off from Salisbury, wealth and industry, with their concomitants, as water seeks its level. But erect the same in that town, or its immediate neighborhood, and it will create new channels of wealth, give vigour to all its resources; town property will rise in value; a market will be afforded for the surplus produce of the neighbourhood, with something like fair and steady prices; and every trade, occupation and profession, will be prospered, to a degree that no one could believe who had not witnessed such effects in other parts of our country. H.

A respectable number of the citizens of Orange county, met at the house of James Johnson, on the 4th ult.; Maj. John Thompson, chairman; Peter Clark, secretary; at which very spirited resolutions were passed, in reprobation of the electioneering journeys of the members of the cabinet; and in commendation of the varied qualifications, sterling integrity, and pure patriotism of Gen. Andrew Jackson: the meeting was addressed, at considerable length, by Dr. James A. Craig.

Pennsylvania.—From this state, the election of members of Congress, of the legislature, &c. is even more favorable than the most sanguine friends of Gen. Jackson anticipated. It is now certain, that not a single friend of the administration will be elected to Congress from the whole state, although at the last election before this, six or seven Adams men were returned. In nearly all the counties, the Jackson majorities are larger than they ever were before. It is now confidently expected, that the Jackson majority at the electoral election, will be 40,000! such are the effects of the villainous coffin-handbills, monumental inscriptions, &c.

Gen. Blair, who was last spring convicted of slandering his wife, but who appealed to the supreme court,—was, at the late term of Guilford superior court, sentenced to be hung at Greensborough, on Friday next, the 7th inst.

Gen. James Blair is elected to Congress from the Camden district in South Carolina, in place of John Carter, Esq. who declined a re-election. The vote was, Blair, 1816, Manning 1689, Spann, 865. Gen. Blair was formerly a Congress.

New Jersey.—In this state, the administration has succeeded in carrying a majority in the legislature. But this was not a test of the Presidential feeling in that state; local objects divided the people; the various projects for canals, rail roads, &c. had their friends and enemies, and the election of members of the legislature was determined with reference to these questions. In all our estimates, we have put New Jersey down for the administration; but the recent elections show that she is a delectable ground.

Squirrels.—In and about Shawsneetown, Illinois, the squirrels are this fall uncommonly numerous and destructive to grain. One gentleman killed 40 in a day, and they were as plenty next day as ever. They are continually seen swimming the Wabash and Ohio rivers; they will cross streams from a mile to mile and a half in width.

Weevil in Corn.—A writer in the American Farmer, recommends housing corn with the husks on, as a preventive against the ravages of the weevil. A gentleman of our acquaintance in this town, has, for two or three years past, cribbed his corn with the husks on; and we can bear witness, that it has not only escaped the weevil, but has been better otherwise, when husked out for use, than corn that was husked (or stuck'd) in the fall before putting away.

STOKES COUNTY.

At a respectable meeting of the Friends of General Jackson, assembled at the court-house in Germantown, Stokes county, on Saturday, the 25th of Oct. Jacob Salmons, Esq. was called to the chair, and Mr. C. L. Banner appointed secretary.

On motion, it was ordered, that Thomas T. Armstrong, John Hill and John P. Poindexter, be appointed a committee to prepare and report such measures as were thought most advisable and best calculated to unite the friends and promote the cause of Gen. Jackson in the county of Stokes: who, after having retired a few minutes, returned and made the following report, to wit:

The committee are very sensible that the duties which necessarily devolve upon them, in an undertaking of this kind, are delicate and difficult to perform. But so much has already been said on both sides of the presidential question, that we should think it an insult to the good understanding of our fellow-countrymen, were we to offer for their consideration at this time a lengthy or laboured address. We know that public opinion has long since settled down in favour of one or the other of the candidates: and that you have already determined a whom you will give your votes. Our object is not to dissuade you from that determination, but to invite those of you who have united with us in the cause of Andrew Jackson, fearlessly and independently to exercise your sentiments, regardless of the abuse and slanders which have been heaped upon him; for we believe that in supporting him, we are supporting the principles of republican virtue, and the cause of the American people.

Of the present administration, we shall say nothing. But leave it for the friends and partisans of Mr. Adams to speak of his imputed merits, his commanding talents, and his superior qualifications; sensible, as we are, that whatever may be said in his favour, cannot in any degree detract from the character of that talented, patriotic and honest republican, Andrew Jackson. Well had it been, however, for the friends of the present administration, had they exercised towards Andrew Jackson the same charity and political forbearance which has been extended to John Quincy Adams. But no finding that Jackson was likely to prove a formidable opponent, and that he was indeed, and in truth, the favourite of the people, the deepest intrigues have been formed, and the vilest slanders propagated against him, that ingenuity could invent or language express. And what has been the result? After a long and merciless examination into his conduct, from his infancy up to the present time, his character, like gold tried in the furnace, seems to have acquired new lustre; he rises triumphant over the attacks of his enemies, and still retains the esteem and confidence of a grateful people.

The elections which have taken place in our own county, for the State Legislature, must convince us that no man can become a candidate for popular favour, even when he has an opportunity of becoming personally acquainted with the people, who can secure to himself the confidence and the support of all. It is not to be expected, therefore, in a government as extensive as the United States, that any one can be presented as a candidate for the presidential chair, who can obtain a general or an undivided vote. But it must be a source of regret, as well as sincere mortification to all well meaning and honest men, that General Jackson, merely because he is about to supplant Mr. Adams, and be elected our next President, should be the subject of unmerited abuse, bestigmatised as a murderer, and even denounced as a traitor to his country! But, gentlemen, this is a mere fabrication,—a mere trick to answer a particular purpose. For, even some of those who have been most active in circulating these slanders against him, have confessed, that "the presidential question out of the way, there is no man in the nation they more highly esteem than General Jackson." But were this not the case, Gen. Jackson's own conduct would stand for itself.

There are but few of us who have not some recollection of the last war, of the feelings and prejudices which existed, of the dangers and difficulties which were encountered, and of the victories which were achieved. Even then, objections were urged against Jackson; and it was said that he was unfit for a commander. But no sooner had he entered our army, than success crowned our arms. He went on from battle to battle, from victory to victory, until his greatest enemies were compelled to rescind his praise. No man ever fought with more success, nor was any man ever more devoted to the interests and liberties of his country, than Gen. Jackson. Indeed, his military career alone has acquired for himself imperishable fame, and for the American nation, immortal glory. Why, then, should we not do honour to him who has won so much honour for his country?

In a small capacity, he has been pilloried in most of the highest and most responsible offices which his own state could confer upon him. He has had the confidence of the general government, by receiving several important appointments; in all of which, he has discharged his duty with credit to himself, and usefulness to the public. Indeed, there is no situation in which he has been placed, where he has not done well. And although some are opposed to him, all must have the candour to admit, that he deserves well of his country. And from the honest conviction of our hearts, we believe that if elected President of the United States, he will administer the affairs of our government with correctness and ability, and to the lasting advantage of the American people.

Respectfully, &c. T. T. ARMSTRONG, JOHN HILL, JOHN P. POINDESTER. Committee.

The above address being read, it was ordered that the editors of the Raleigh Star and Western Carolinian be each furnished with a copy for publication, and that the same be read on the day of the election at each of the separate elections in this county. JACOB SALMONS, Chairman. C. L. BANNER, Sec'y.

Mr. Editor: In the National Intelligencer, of the 14th inst. I noticed an account of a water-melon, which grew the past season in Waltham, Massachusetts, and weighed 45 lbs. Now it can't be expected that North Carolina will equal the old land of steady habits in vegetable productions, no more than she can in men, exact enough to make Presidents out of: But you may tell your readers, that a Water Melon grew, the past season, on the farm of Mrs. Henry Conner, near Beatties Ford, Lincoln county, which weighed thirty-six pounds! Has any larger been produced in this part of the country? I have neither seen nor heard of any such heretofore. Besides, many others grew on the same farm, which weighed from 30 to 33 lbs. I do not know where the seed of these melons was procured from, nor of what species and genus they are; but I shall call them the Lincoln breed! One who eat part of it. Oct. 27, 1828.

ITEMS

A sign.—An Adams paper, in attempting to say the election of Gen. Jackson would be a curse to the country, omitted the letter s in the word curse; so that by accident he told the truth, in saying that the election of Gen. Jackson will be a curse to the country!

Georgia.—Messrs. Gilmer, Wilde, Thompson, Wayne, Foster, Haynes, and Lumpkin, are elected to Congress from this state.

Gen. Harrison, minister to Colombia, was to have started from New-York, for his destination, about the 23th ult.

George M. Dallas, Esq. an early and zealous friend of Gen. Jackson, has been chosen Mayor of the city of Philadelphia.

Henry Bowles has been committed to jail in Hillsborough, charged with murdering Robert Dickey.

Manufactures.—A meeting was to have been held in Greensborough, Guilford county, on Saturday last, for the purpose of organizing a company to establish a manufactory in that county. The manufacturing spirit seems to be pervading the whole state; the people appear to be determined to render themselves independent, as far as may be practicable, not only of foreign importations, saddled with heavy duties by the late tariff law,—but also of the northern manufacturers, who, by means of the tariff, were disposed to impose heavy burdens on their Southern brethren.

We would here take occasion to remind the citizens of Rowan county, that a meeting will be held at the court house in this place, on Saturday, the 8th inst. for the purpose of organizing a company to establish a Cotton Manufactory in the vicinity of the town

Triumph in Ohio.—The election in Ohio, for members of congress, of the legislature, &c. has resulted in a triumph to the Jackson cause. As far as heard from, seven Jackson members to Congress have been elected: of these, Messrs. Shields, Irvin, Kennon, and Goodnow, (all staunch Jackson men) have beaten Messrs. Woods, Beecher, Davenport, and John C. Wright, that supple pander of the administration. It is believed that Mr. Trimble, the Adams candidate for Governor, in consequence of his great personal popularity, has succeeded over Mr. Campbell. But this election affords the strongest hopes, that Ohio will show her patriotism, by voting for the candidate of the People—the Farmer of Tennessee, ANDREW JACKSON.

Two weeks since, we received a communication from Montgomery county, relative to a publication we lately made, of certain persons having been arrested there, as counterfeiters, and, after a legal examination, discharged by the officiating magistrates; but the letter having been either lost or mislaid, we have of course been unable to publish its contents. It shall, however, receive publicity, should we be able to lay our hands on it.

Its principal complaint, if we recollect rightly, from a single perusal of it, is, that there was an implied censure contained in our article, against the examining magistrates. Our language, we confess, was calculated to convey such an impression; but it was not our intention, nor do we believe it was that of our informant, to censure the magistrates, as we were under the impression they acted according to the evidence before them: all we intended to express, was a regret that the men implicated should have been discharged; as we yet believe they were guilty of what was laid to their charge.

The RACES over the Salisbury turf, took place last week: a friend promises us a full account of them, for our next paper.

THE MARKETS.

Fayetteville, October 23d.—Cotton, 84 1/2 87 1/2; Beef, fresh in market, 3s 5 cents; Bacon, 7 to 8; peach brandy, 50 to 60; apple do. 36 to 40; flour, 4 a 4 1/2; whiskey, 27 - 31..... United States bank notes, 2 to 2 1/2 per cent. premium. Charleston, Oct. 25.—Upland cotton 9 a 10; whiskey, 26 to 27; bagging, 42 inch, 23 to 24; sugar, 8 to 9; molasses, 30 to 31 cents; bacon, 6 to 7; apple brandy, 27 to 28; bees-wax, 22; coffee, 13 to 15; hyson tea, 100 to 105; Jamaica rum, 110 to 115—West India do. 75 to 80.....North Carolina bills, 4 to 5 per cent. dis. a Georgia do. 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 per cent. do. Remarks.—There is a continued good demand for Cotton, and the prices of last week are fully supported.—Should the rivers continue long much longer, scarcity of the article may increase the price a shade.

Charleston, Oct. 25.—Cotton, 7 1/2 a 8 1/2; wheat 70 a 75; Flour 4 a 4 1/2, out of the wagon; corn 37 1/2; Salt 70 cents.

Petersburg, October 24.—Cotton, 8 to 10; Bacon, 55 50 a 75—refused, 14 a 32 1/2; corn, 1 1/2 a 2; bacon, 6 a 7; lard, 6 a 7 1/2; apple brandy, 28 a 30; peach 62 1/2 a 75 cents.....North Carolina bank bills, 4 1/2 to 5 per cent. discount; Georgia bills, 2 1/2 a 3; South Carolina bills, 2 to 2 1/2 per cent. discount.

New-York, Oct. 23.—Cotton, upland, 9 1/2 to 11; cotton bagging, hemp 19 to 21, cotton 15 to 18; hides, 11 to 17; North Carolina bank bills 10 per cent. discount; S. Carolina do. 3; Virginia 1; Georgia, 4.....Darren, same.

Prices at Memphis, West Tennessee, 27th Sept. lard: Bacon, 8 to 10; butter, 12 1/2 to 14; cotton, 8 to 9; corn, 25 to 30; flour, 5 1/2 a 6; 6 to 7; peach brandy, 62 to 75—apple do. 25 to 30; whiskey, 25 to 28; North Carolina bank bills, uncertain; South Carolina and Georgia, 10 to 10 per cent. discount; Virginia, 2 do.; Tennessee State Bank, 1 to 3 do.; Nashville bank, 25 to 30 do.; Alabama, 10 do.; United States, Louisiana, and Mississippi Bills, par.

MARRIAGES.

In this county, on the 28th ult. by the Rev. James Stafford, Mr. John Fleming, to Miss Elizabeth C. Smith, daughter of Capt. George L. Smith.

DIED.

In Mecklenburg county, on Tuesday evening the 14th ult. in the 23th year of her age, Mrs. Sarah A. Grier, consort of Mr. Andrew Grier, and daughter of Andrew Hoyt, Esq. of Fayetteville, Lincoln county.

In this county, about five miles north-west of this place, on the 19th instant, Mrs. Rebecca Moore, wife of Mr. Woodson Moore, aged 26 years. Her last words on a futurity, were, that she did not fear death; that she was satisfied that she had made peace with her Maker. She left an infant child, aged 9 months 27 days; and an affectionate husband, and a large circle of friends, to mourn her departure. Communicated.

At her residence in Wadesboro', on the 13th inst. Mrs. Rosanna Harrington. The death of this venerable lady has spread a general gloom among her numerous friends; few persons have been more deservedly or more universally beloved; few have possessed qualities more amiable or more elevating; her manners were at once easy and affable and formed from a long and free intercourse with the best society. In this place, on the 26th ult. after a lingering and painful illness, Mrs. Margaret Utzman, wife of Mr. Lewis Utzman. She was amiable, affectionate, virtuous, and esteemed by all who knew her. She endured her affliction with patience, and expressed an entire submission to the will of Providence. During her illness, she enjoyed that peace which the world cannot give, nor take away; and died with cheering hopes of entering into that rest which is prepared for the people of God. Also, on the 21st near this place, Mr. Jeremy Ait Arey, aged 35 years and 20 days.

Hardware, Cutlery & heavy GOODS.

HYDE & CLEVELAND, at the corner of King and Liberty streets, Charleston, S.C. have opened their Fall Assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, and Heavy Goods, comprising almost every article of the trade, and particularly suited for the Southern market;—which they offer on the most liberal terms, to their friends and the public: and will faithfully execute any orders received for articles in the line. Charleston, Oct. 15, 1828. 6143

For Sale,

THE healthy, fertile River Plantation, in the Furks of the Yadkin, containing six or seven hundred acres of Land, well calculated for cotton and grain; formerly owned by Col. Richmond Pearson, jr. at the mouth of Dutchman creek; will be sold on the premises, on the 4th Monday of November, upon credit, to the highest bidder. Persons wishing to see the land, may call upon Richmond or G. W. Pearson. JOS. PEARSON, Trustee. October 13th, 1828. 3140

SALE!

ON Tuesday, the 25th of November next, will be sold, at the late residence of Dr. Robert Moore, dec'd. in the Jersey Settlement, Rowan county, 18 likely Negroes, men, women and children; Several likely Horses; 800 or 1000 bushels of Corn; 10,000 or 15,000 weight of COTTON; A valuable Library, of Medical and Miscellaneous Books; Rye, Oats, Hay, and Fodder; Household and Kitchen Furniture, &c. The sale will continue from day to day, till completed. Terms made known on the day of sale. EBENEZER MOORE, Executor. Rowan county, Oct. 21st, 1828. 5162

Trust Sale.

BY virtue of the power contained in a deed of trust, executed by the subscriber by Jacob Gough, for the purposes therein specified, will be sold, on Saturday, the 8th of November next, a Plantation, containing 187 Acres, near the Ferry Meeting House, Rowan county. The conditions of sale, will be made known on the day of sale. HUGH PARKS, Trustee. October 10, 1828. 2139