

Salisbury:

JANUARY 13, 1829.

DEATH OF MRS. JACKSON!

From the Nashville Banner, 2d Dec.

We are called on this morning to announce an event of the most awful and melancholy nature.

In the midst of preparations for festivity and mirth the knell of death is heard, and on the very day when it was arranged and expected that our town should be a scene of general rejoicing, we are suddenly checked in our career, and are called on to array ourselves in garments of mourning and woe.

Mrs. RACHIEL JACKSON, wife of General Andrew Jackson, President Elect of the United States, died last night at the Hermitage in this vicinity.

The intelligence of this awful and unlooked-for event has created a shock in our community almost unparalleled. It was known a few days since that Mrs. Jackson was violently attacked by disease, which, however, was supposed to have been checked so as to afford a prospect of immediate restoration to health.

This day, being the anniversary of an interesting and important event in the last war, was appropriately selected to testify the respect and affection of his fellow citizens and neighbors to the man, who was to leave his sweet domestic retirement, to assume the responsibilities and discharge the important duties of Chief Magistrate of the nation. The preparations were already made. The table was well laid, and at which all was expected to be hilarity and joy; and our citizens had sallied forth on the happy morning with spirits light and buoyant, and countenances glowing with animation and hope—when suddenly the scene is changed, congratulations are converted into expressions of condolence, tears are substituted for smiles, and sincere and general mourning pervades a community, where, but a moment before, universal happiness and public rejoicing prevailed. But we have neither time nor room at present to indulge in further reflections on this melancholy occurrence. Let us submit with resignation and fortitude to the decrees however afflictive of a just and merciful, though mysterious and inscrutable Providence.

Bank Renewals.—We stated in our last, what we understood to be the fact, that the Directors of the Bank had passed a resolution, requiring dealers to pay the *truth* of their debts at each renewal—that is, to pay the whole at ten instalments. We have since been authorized to state, that the resolution will be rigidly enforced at the branch in Salisbury; so that dealers need not expect any indulgence in this respect. And we understand, further, that few or no discounts will hereafter be made; consequently, there will be hard scrabbling by the unfortunate debtors to the banks, to get together money enough to pay up their renewals.

It was this state of things, no doubt, that induced Mr. Wyche, on the 30th ult. to present a resolution in the House of Commons, insinuating the reorganization of the state in the Board of Directors and in the meeting of stockholders; to use their influence to prevent winding up the business of the State Bank too rapidly; to demand from its debtors not exceeding five per cent. at every renewal, if the safety of the bank will permit; and to continue steadily to pursue such measures as will enable the bank to resume specie payments without delay.

Mr. Wyche then presented a bill to regulate the practices of the banks in certain cases; and Mr. Potter also presented a bill concerning the banks.

Mr. Croon has introduced a bill into the Senate, to provide for the gradual diminution of the capital stock of the Banks of this state, by the purchase and extinguishment of shares.

Mr. Gaston, on the 30th ult. presented a series of resolutions, on the subject of the Bank, in which he proposes to let the banks alone; to recommend leniency and moderation towards them, for fear that harsh measures towards the banks will compel them to use harsh measures to collect their debts from the people, and thereby add to the present distress in the country; and he further recommends that a portion of the capital stock be gradually extinguished, by receiving stock in payment of debts due the bank. We like this plan; and hope something of the kind may be adopted.

Next week, we shall publish Mr. Fisher's speech on the subject of the Banks.

CONGRESS.

Monday, Dec. 29.—The bill in favor of the widow of Com. Decatur, passed the Senate; a resolution to ascertain the proportional value of gold and silver, was agreed to. In the House, Mr. Ramsay, of Pennsylvania, offered a resolution to divide all the lands belonging to the U. States, and thus put an end to the land business, but the house refused to consider it; various communications were received from the war and treasury departments, and the house was occupied a long time on the bill for the occupation of the Oregon river.

Wednesday, Dec. 24.—In the Senate, the mode of appointing standing committees was so altered, that the president *pro tem.* is to select them when he is in the chair—the Senate to continue to elect them by ballot when the Vice President presides; Messrs. Tredell and Ellis were elected on the committee of enrolled bills. In the House, the bill for the occupation of Oregon river was some time under consideration; memorials against the auction system were presented from Providence, R. I. and Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Tuesday, Dec. 23.—The Senate was occupied most of the day with unimportant private business; a resolution was passed, after having been opposed by Mr. Branch, to adjourn from Wednesday over Christmas till Monday. In the House, a resolution was offered for applying the proceeds of the duty on spirits, to the benefit of schools; numerous resolutions were offered; the house resolved, by a vote of 94 to 79, to adjourn from Wednesday to Monday.

Turnpike from Salisbury to Chatham.—Mr. Long, of this district, offered the following resolution in Congress, on the 23d ult. *Resolved*, that the Committee on Roads and Canals be instructed to inquire into the expediency of granting an appropriation for the purpose of making a turnpike road from the town of Salisbury, by the way of Lexington, Asheborough, Pittsborough, to Haywood, Chatham county, N. C.

EDITORIAL SUMMARY.

Kentucky Pork.—It would seem that the appetites of the South Carolinians have got the upper hand of their anti-slavery. A few weeks since they resolutely declared a non-intercourse with all the tariff states; now, we learn, Kentucky pork sells at a round price among them. They are right; patriotism does not, for its sake, require a people to pinch themselves for food.

Pumpkin Pies.—It is generally known that the New-England people are immoderately fond of pumpkin pies; pumpkins being scarce this year, our vankee brethren began to fear they would be debarred this their favorite dish; but a *cute* one among them has discovered that excellent pumpkin pies can be made of winter squashes, (or similins.)

The bill to alter the time of holding the Superior Courts of Mecklenburg and Cabarrus counties, has passed the Senate.

Tuscarora Indians.—A bill has been reported in the Commons, by the select committee on the subject, to provide for the sale of the interest of the Tuscarora Indians in the lands, in Bertie county, formerly occupied by them.

The bill to provide for draining Mattamuskeet lake, having been amended in the Commons, by imposing a tax of 25 cents on each acre of land within half a mile of the lake, was, in consequence thereof, indefinitely postponed on the 7th ult. 85 to 37.

In consequence of the delicate health of Mr. Masly, assistant clerk to the House of Commons, George W. Haywood has been appointed 2d assistant clerk.

The Bank of Newbern has declared a dividend of two per cent. for the last six months.

Arrangements are making by the Jackson central committee of Washington city, for the reception of Gen. Jackson on his arrival in the district, and for paying due honors to the President Elect at his inauguration, and to the Vice President, on the 4th of March.

Counterfeit Notes.—Counterfeit notes on the United States branch bank at Savannah, have been detected in Fayetteville; they are \$10 bills, of date 1st Dec. 1827. J. Hunter, cashier; John Cummings, President; payable to P. William Heinman, by whom they are endorsed.

An act was passed by the legislature of Georgia, at its last session, to alter the *constitution*, so as to have biennial sessions of the legislature, instead of annual ones.

In the legislature of Louisiana, the seats of certain members being contested, a question arose whether they had a right to vote on their own case; the speaker decided they had; but the house decided they had not. A bill is before the legislature to remove the seat of government from New-Orleans to Baton Rouge.

A bill has passed to its 3d reading in the Senate of the Kentucky legislature, by a vote of 30 to 8, to prohibit the introduction of Slaves into that state; any Slave imported into the state contrary to the act, is to be free.

Dueling.—A law has been passed by the legislature of Georgia, disqualifying a person who fights a duel in that state, or any other, from holding any office in the state. Very good, so far as it goes.

Gen. Scott.—A memorial has been presented to Congress, in behalf of this officer, in which he avers that an act may pass to settle the question of *Major* rank in the military service of the U. States.

Brazil.—By late accounts from the empire of Brazil, it appears a Revolution broke out in the province of Minas on the 18th Oct. headed by Gen. Revardes, who was received with open arms by the inhabitants. He had issued a proclamation, and this people laid down their arms and submitted to him. A large body of Brazilian troops had gone against him, but they thought he would gain possession of the province.

Harrison Gray Otis has been elected Mayor of the city of Boston, on the 31st inst. on the two first trials, Mr. Quincy the former, having come very near being elected; but on the last, he, and all others who were then in the field, and Mr. Otis was elected over his opponent by a large majority.

Kentucky.—George M. Bibb, late chief justice of the court of appeals in Kentucky, has been elected U. S. Senator from that state, to succeed Col. R. M. Johnson, whose term expires 4th of March next. Col. Johnson would have been re-elected, but for an intrigue of the Clay party. Mr. Breathitt, the Jackson leant, gov. had, in an evil moment, suffered his name to be made use of by them, fearing the consequence. Col. Johnson's name was withdrawn by his brother, John T. Johnson, and the Jackson party nominated Mr. Bibb; (who had resigned as chief justice, in consequence of George Robison, a Clay man, having been appointed an associate judge) whereupon, Mr. Breathitt had his name withdrawn; the Clay party then, after trying in vain to persuade Messrs. Pope, O'Khan, Quarles, and Blair, Jackson men, to suffer their names to be run, took up Dr. Byrr Harrison, one of their own cast; the vote stood; Bibb, 32—Harrison, 50—scattering, 1.

Joseph R. Underwood has been appointed the second associate judge of the court of appeals.

"P. W." communication, with our remarks, are in type; but omitted till next week, for want of room.

The Tariff.—Two letters from Mr. Madison, ex-president of the U. States, written in September last, to Mr. Cabell, of that state, at the request of the latter, have been published in the Washington and other papers; in which he maintains, that the power to regulate trade with foreign nations, is a distinct and substantive item in the enumerated powers under the Constitution; and embraces the object of encouraging by duties, restrictions and prohibitions, the manufactures and products of the country, by a variety of considerations.

The opinions of Mr. Madison, on this, or any other constitutional question, are entitled to much respect. He was one of the earliest and most learned of the expositors of the Federal Constitution, and can have no motive, at this time, to give it an interpretation, not belonging to it.

This, we presume, will settle the question, as to the powers of Congress on the subject; but it cannot reconcile us to the justice of an arbitrary exercise of those powers. There is a wide difference between a judicious encouragement of such branches of manufactures as cannot thrive without protection, and a system of bounties in favor of those whose object is a monopoly of profits. In the first instance, the whole country would ultimately be benefited, and rendered independent—in the latter, a few purse-proud individuals, and soulless corporations, would be aggrandized, and an odious aristocracy raised up among us. Against measures that tend to such an issue, we shall ever raise our feeble voice.

The Festival of St. John the Evangelist, was celebrated by the Masonic fraternity, in Concord, on the 27th ult. Rev. Jesse Rankin, of this place, preached a sermon on the occasion. An excellent dinner was furnished by George Klutts, Esq., at which, we are glad to learn, the laudable resolution of using no spirituous liquors was formed, and adhered to.

The Yadkin Navigation Company, after having thrown away upwards of \$100,000 on ill-conceived projects, has been for some years, it is well known, to all intents and purposes defunct. It is a little singular, therefore, that a resolution such as the following, which was offered in Congress on the 30th ult. should emanate from Mr. Long, of this district:

On motion by Mr. Long, *Resolved*, That the committee on Roads and Canals be instructed to enquire into the expediency of authorizing a subscription of stock on the part of the United States, to the Yadkin Navigation Company, in North Carolina.

LEGISLATIVE.

From the Raleigh Star, January 1st, 1829.

The Banks.—This all absorbing question is at last fully and fairly before the Legislature. The Majority and Minority Report; the Resolution and bill introduced by Mr. Potter; the bill to establish a Bank of the State, by Mr. Fisher; the resolutions offered by Mr. Gaston; and, last in point of time, the resolution and bill submitted by Mr. Wyche, have all been printed and transmitted to the two Houses.

As might be expected, these multifarious propositions have excited a full share of interest and attention, and the war of words in the House of Commons has already commenced, and been prosecuted with much zeal, industry and ability. On Monday the House went into committee of the whole (Mr. Nash in the Chair), to consider the resolution reported by the committee. Mr. Potter moved to amend the resolution, by striking out all but the word "resolved," and substituting the resolution offered by the Minority, and supported his motion by a speech of some length. The floor was occupied by Mr. Gaston, for nearly three hours, in reply; at about 4 o'clock, on motion of Mr. Alexander, the committee rose and obtained leave to sit again.

On Tuesday the House resolved itself into a committee of the whole, agreeably to the resolution of the preceding day. Mr. Alexander opened the debate, and replied to the argument which had been offered by Mr. Gaston. Mr. Spruill followed on the other side, and was sustained by Mr. Swain in a lengthy argument. Mr. Potter replied, and Mr. Webb, of Person, concluded the debate for the day with a short speech. On motion of Mr. Fisher, the committee rose, and had leave to sit again.

On Wednesday, the subject was laid on the table till Friday.

What will be the final result, whether any thing will be done, and, if any measure is adopted, what will be its complexion, is left to conjecture.

From the Raleigh Register, Jan. 2d.

On Wednesday, in the House of Commons, Mr. Potter introduced a bill for the relief of the people of North Carolina. It provides that no tax shall be levied on any property, except as is provided in the present law; but that \$60,000 shall be issued in Treasury notes to meet the exigencies of Government.

Mr. Fisher submitted a resolution, which on his motion, was, for the present, laid on the table, requesting the Governor to address a letter to the President of the United States, respectfully asking that he will order to this State a detachment from the Corps of Topographical Engineers, for the purpose of making a survey with a view of ascertaining the best line for a Rail Road, from Fayetteville to some point on the Yadkin, above the Narrows, and from the Yadkin to the Catawba, to connect the valleys of the Catawba and Yadkin with the Cape-Fear; and also to make an estimate of the cost of erecting such Rail Road.

The bill to provide for obtaining statistical information of the resources of North Carolina, was indefinitely postponed, 164 to 58.

The bill supplemental to the several acts now in force for the relief of insolvent debtors, and for mitigating the severity of executions, passed its third reading in the House of Commons, by a vote of 144 to 9.

From the Raleigh Register, 6th Jan.

The Banks.—After a Debate of several days, in which great ability was displayed and in which much abuse was cast upon these Institutions and their Directors, Mr. Potter has so far succeeded in his design of putting down the Banks, as to have obtained the passage of his bill on its first reading, 66 votes to 44, directing the Attorney General of the State to institute prosecutions against them. But though this bill has passed its first reading, several of the members who voted for it, said they did so for the purpose of seeing whether the bill could not be made less objectionable on its second reading, which was made the order of the day for yesterday.

We cannot believe that a majority of the Legislature can be found in favor of this bill, when its effects come to be fully understood, as it is certainly calculated to produce greater derangement and distress in our community than is at present contemplated.

On Friday last, in the Senate, the bill appropriating \$9000 to lay out and improve the road from Nicholas Nalls, in Moore county, to Wilkesborough, passed its third reading, 27 votes to 26, but was rejected on Saturday, in the House of Commons.

On Saturday, in the House of Commons, the bill to reduce and fix the salaries of certain officers therein named, was indefinitely postponed, 66 votes to 55.

In the Senate, the bill for the prevention of the usurious practice called *shaving*, was rejected. It provided, that any note bought for less than its value, should be irrecoverable in law.

Shaving Notes.—On the 29th ult. Mr. Smith, of Anson, submitted in the Commons, the following preamble and resolution:—*Whereas*, the practice of shaving notes, is found injurious to the citizens of the State, inasmuch as it prevents money being loaned at lawful interest and causes property to sell for below its true value; *Therefore Resolved*, That a select committee be appointed to enquire into the expediency of passing a law to prevent the same. Which failed, by a large majority.

The Weather.—Since our last paper, we have experienced the two extremes of Spring and Winter weather. On Tuesday and Wednesday, it was warm and pleasant as April; which was succeeded by copious rains. On Thursday night it cleared off, and Friday was a cool, raw day, with a few flakes of snow, barely perceptible, flying in the air. Friday night was very cold—thick ice was formed within doors. This weather was quite welcome, as some of our citizens had had their Pork injured by the unreasonable mildness of the month of December.

THE MARKETS.

Salisbury Prices, Jan. 10.—Cotton (in seed) 12 to 20 cents, pure 25, work 35 to 40, butter 18 to 12, flour 3 50 to 4 00 barrel, wheat 45 to 60, Irish potatoes 40 to 50, sweet do. 25 to 30, brown sugar 12 to 15, coffee 20 to 25, salt 1 25 to 1 50, lard 1 60 to 1 75, wool 30 to 40 cents.

Fayetteville, January 2d.—Cotton 8 25 to 9, bacon 5 to 8, each brandy 10 apple do 40 to 45, butter 14 to 20, corn 35 to 40, flaxseed 9, sugar 5 75 to 6 50, lard 7 50, molasses 39, sugar 10 to 12, salt 90 to 1 00, tallow 8, wheat 1 20, whiskey 25 to 30, U. S. bank notes 2 per cent. premium, Cape Fear, 2 ditto.

Charlotte, Jan. 10.—Cotton 9 to 10 cents, flour 9, whiskey 28 to 29, bacon 6 to 7, hams 11 best kind of bagging 22 to 24, salt 40 to 50, corn 55, coffee 12 to 15, North Carolina bank bills 2 1/2 per cent. discount; Georgia, 1 ditto.

Columbiana, Dec. 17.—Cotton 8 to 9, flour 54 to 74 for that made at Camden mill, wheat \$1, corn 45, oats 30, salt 87.

Baltimore, Jan. 2.—Flour 7 75 to 10 00, cotton 10 to 11, whiskey 26 to 27, bacon 10 to 12, Ezekiel Hartman, Thos. Hall, Wm. Haden, Daniel Hendricks, Thos. H. Hunt, Margaret Houk, Anthony Hatch, John Holmes, Elizabeth Hughes, John Jordan, Thos. Johnston, Saml. Josey, John Jones, H. & P. Jones, Dr. Geo. Jones, William Kerr.

New-Orleans, Dec. 6.—Louisiana cotton 9 to 12, flour 7 25 to 7 50, whiskey 25.

MARRIED.

In this county, by the Rev. James Stafford, on the 8th inst. Mr. Rufus H. Kilpatrick to Miss Eliza Young, daughter of the late J. Young, Esq. On the 14th ult. Mr. James Hunt, merchant, to Miss Maria Adelaide Martin, daughter of Col. James Martin, all of Wilkes county, N. C.

In Washington city, 1st inst. Hon. John H. Eaton, senator from Tennessee, to Mrs. Margaret Timb, widow of the late J. Timberlake, Esq. of the U. S. navy.

DIED.

At his residence in this county, on the 3d inst. after a long and painful illness, Mr. Nicholas Filthner, aged 68 years and 50 days. He was a native of Germany, but came to this country at an early period of his life, and by his honest industry and economy, became a wealthy man and a useful citizen. By his death, society has been deprived of a useful man, his relatives of an esteemed friend, and the church of a liberal and constant supporter. But before he closed his eyes in death, he could adopt the language of an inspired Apostle: "Therefore being justified by faith, we have peace with God, through our Lord Jesus Christ." [Communicated.]

Female School.

Mrs. WILEY having resumed the duties of her *Female School*, requests those desirous of sending their daughters to her, as soon as possible, of their intention to do so. The various branches, useful and ornamental, in which she gives instruction, as well as her terms, have heretofore been published.

Salisbury, Jan'y 9th, 1829. 1w

Dancing School.

JOHN WARD respectfully informs the inhabitants of Salisbury, and its vicinity, that he intends opening a *Dancing School*, provided he can meet with sufficient encouragement. And he likewise proposes to have a *Quilt Party*, at Wm. H. Slaughter's, on Tuesday, 13th inst. at 6 o'clock in the evening.

9th January, 1829. 1w

COMMITTED TO THE JAIL.

Of Mecklenburg county, on the 28th day of December last, a negro man named Daniel, who says he belongs to a man by the name of George Law. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away. JOHN SLOAN, Sheriff.

Jan. 8th, 1829. of Mecklenburg county.

POCKET BOOK FOUND.

WHICH contains papers of value to the owner. Apply for it at this office. Jan. 10th, 1829.

Negroes for Sale.

On the 2d Thursday of February next, at the late dwelling of Elizabeth Pickens, dec'd. of Mecklenburg, I shall offer for sale

Several likely *Negroes*, Of the estate of Wm. Pickens, dec'd. Also, at the same time and place, the Plantation will be rented.

R. PICKENS, Adm'r. of Wm. Pickens, dec'd.

January 1st, 1829. 3d

LANDS FOR TAXES.

Will be sold at the courthouse in Salisbury, on Monday, the 13th February next, the following tracts of land, or so much as will be necessary to pay the taxes due thereon, and all costs; viz:

100 acres, given in by Henry Knipf. 133 acres, given in by Valentine Rymer. 299 acres, given in by Nicholas Rymer. 100 acres, given in by John Sheppard. 50 acres, given in by John Holshouser. 104 acres, given in by Enoch Philips. 330 acres, given in by George Ritchey. 105 acres, given in by Philip Shive. 120 acres, given in by Andrew Setzer.

T. SLATER, SR.

6th January, 1829.

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING in the Post-Office at Salisbury, N. Carolina, the 1st day of January, 1829:

N. W. Alexander Jacob Lively

John Anderson Richd. Locke

John Allen Henry Linn

Wm. M. Brown Elias Lee

Thos. Butler James H. Ladsou

Charles Biles Mr. Lipman

Wm. Barber Wm. Simon

Chas. Hy. Brown Capt. J. F. McConkig

Moses or Jas. Brown Seth Morris

Sam'l Black Thos. McNeely

Moses L. Brown John McErwin

David Beaver William Mason

Andrew Bostain John A. Miller

Allen Boroughs Wm. McGuire

Julia Biles James Nelson

James Brown Chauncy Newton

John P. Carter 7 Martin Owen

John Campbell Thos. J. Oakes

John Calloway 12 Mr. Olevy

Max. Cuthrell Nathan Peebles

Philip Carroll James H. Pleasants

James Coles jun. Alex. Pinkston

Elizabeth Crider A. G. Phillips

Hu. Craft H. G. Pulin

John Cornelison Kenchen Poolin

S. P. Church Robert Porter

John E. Dobbins 2 Dr. Wm. J. Polk

Alex. Dubose Mr. Wm. Wright

Henry Eller John Ritchey

John Ellison Wm. Roark

Thos. Fong Sarah Robinson

Wm. Everett Daniel Ralldige

Rev. John G. Fritchey Saml. Roberts

Sam. Garves Joseph Robinson

Rev. A. Grimes John Renshaw

Mary A. Glander Anderson W. P. dding

Abner Hall 2 John Simmon 2

Hy. Hill Wm. P. Stockdon

Charlotte Hayne Geo. R. Swink

Alex. M. Henderson Emley Starratt

E. H. Henderson Hy. Shecktor

Isaac A. Hall Benj. Schofield

Richard Harris Tully Smith

Sally Healy Wm. Sherrell

John A. Howard Rev. C. A. Stork

Ezekiel Hartman Mary E. Smith 2

Thos. Hall Wm. Siffert

Wm. Haden Thomas Sawyer

Daniel Hendricks Matilda Schools 4

Thos. H. Hunt Rev. Paul Sherer

Margaret Houk James Sullivan

Anthony Hatch Frederick Thompson

John Holmes James Townly

Elizabeth Hughes William Thomson

John Jordan John Taylor

Thos. Johnston Nicholas Williams Esq.

Saml. Josey Citizen S. Wanda

John Jones V. H. Watts 2

H. & P. Jones Nathan Wade 2

Dr. Geo. Jones Miss Jane Williams

William Kerr James Woodsides

364 SAMUEL R. TAYLOR, P. M.

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING in the Post-Office at Concord, N. Carolina, the 1st day of January, 1829:

Caroline Alexander Thomas Hope

Jacemy Alexander Robert Harris Esq.

Charles Bain V. Rich S. Jones 2

Abner Brooks Allen Johnson Esq. 2

David Bradford Mary Johnson

John Bond J. F. Kurfus

Thos. & Warren Barker Volentun K. sler

William N. Beard James Kvalough

Tobias Brown Thomas Mitty 2

Joseph Bunker M. W. Moore

Benjamin Brown John McElroy