

REQUEST.

All letters, papers or communications of any kind, addressed to the Rev. H. N. Pharr, as Secretary of the Young Men's Missionary Society, will hereafter be sent to the post-office in Statesville, Iredell county, N. C.

To Gamblers!—A law exists in the State of Maine, one provision of which is, that "when a person has gambled away his property, neither he who wins, nor he who loses, can legally hold it, but it reverts to the heirs and relatives of the loser, in the same manner as though he were naturally dead."—This is excellent; such a law had not occurred to us, before we were apprised of its existence.

Southern Manufactures—A cotton factory has recently been established near Athens, Georgia, the principal part of the operatives in which are young slaves, who, it is said, do as well as the whites at the North. The yarn and cloth made at this factory, are said, by the Athenian, to be of a superior quality. Thus is the South, on whom the Thrift of 1828 bears with peculiar oppression, driven to the fabrication of her own clothing; by which, the edicts of her oppressors will soon be rendered a dead letter on the statute book.

More Banks burst—The Belchertown and Sutton Banks, in Massachusetts, are broken. A report to the legislature develops transactions of stock-jobbing enormity, appalling to the honest man, and sickening to the moralist. At the time of the failure of the Belchertown Bank, it had the enormous sum of one dollar twenty-five cents in specie, in its vaults!

Ohio—Elijah Hayward, and John M. Goodnow, (the latter a member of Congress) have been elected Judges of the Supreme Court of Ohio, to fill vacancies; they are both firm friends of Gen. Jackson's Administration.

New-York, Feb. 11.—Steady demand for Cotton, sales during last week, 2700 bales, Up-Lands at 8.75 to 10.50. Coffee, 11.50 to 12; dull. Southern Flour \$ 5-5; rather dull, 1900 bushels North Carolina Corn, at 39 cents. In Sugars, not much doing; browns, 7.50 to 8; North Carolina Tobacco, 3 to 5; Teas, imperial 1.25, gunpowder 1.25, hyson and young hyson 1.10, souchong 75, bohea 35.

Liverpool, Dec. 31.—Since the 16th inst. the value of American cotton, except the finest sorts, has risen quite 1-8c per lb. and in the best qualities the advance is nearly 2 per lb.; new hawses, though in small quantity commanding 7d per lb.

From the U. S. Telegraph, Feb. 6. Gold-Mines etc.—The following is a copy of a circular prepared by the Chairman (Mr. Carson) of the Select committee on the subject of establishing a Branch of the United States Mint in the Gold Region of North Carolina.

House of Representatives, U. S. February 3, 1830. Sir—I have been instructed by the Select Committee, to which was referred a resolution on the subject of establishing a Branch of the U. S. Mint in the Gold Region of North Carolina, to make the following inquiries from such gentlemen as were supposed to possess sufficient information on the subject:

1st. What quantity or value of Gold has been found at your Mine during the past year?

2d. Do the improvements in machinery, the experience in the process of working and collecting, with the aid and light of science, &c. promise an increase in the products of the present year?

3. From the observations made on the formation and geology of the country, can any certain calculation be made as to the durability of the Mines?

4th. Is it reasonable to calculate that the products of the Mines will be in an increased ratio during the past and present years?

Gov. Branch.—A correspondent of the Boston Bulletin, who writes from Washington City, under date of 25th ult. remarks, in relation to the idle rumors of changes in the Cabinet, that "the last week has furnished reports of a revolution in the Cabinet, by which Mr. Branch was supposed to be materially affected. I do not believe there is any gentleman in the government more worthy than he is of the confidence of the people, and therefore do not believe that he is at all liable to any caprice or contingency adverse to his own will and inclination. Mr. Branch is a most worthy man, a perfect gentleman, and possessed in a high degree of the qualifications to command universal respect. He is firm, honest, and

capable, and very little subject to the effluvia of public life. At all events, he is not in circumstances to be intimidated, or tempted by the consideration which accosts most office-holders; and always feels at liberty to do his duty without fear, favor, affection, or the hope of reward. You may put down all reports of his removal or resignation as wholly unwarranted and gratuitous. His tenure of office is quite as permanent as that of any other member of the Cabinet."

At Washington.—A correspondent of the Philadelphia U. S. Gazette writes, that there is much talk at Washington of a change in the Cabinet; that Mr. Branch is about to retire from the Navy Department, and Mr. Woodbury is to succeed him. A correspondent from Washington writes us, that great efforts are making there to induce the same belief—viz: that Mr. Branch is to go out, in consequence of private misunderstandings.—Our Correspondent does not believe a word of it. He thinks "the President has too much tact not to see the object and elude it."—We confess we are in the dark on this subject. We cannot believe these rumors—and we should much regret that the country should lose the services of Mr. Branch, but for the most substantial public reasons. Richmond Enquirer.

From Washington.—The coalition letter writers at Washington, and the coalition editors every where, are busy in fabricating and circulating the most unfounded reports in relation to the present administration. If we were to believe a tythe part of what we hear and what we see in print, we inevitably should come to the conclusion, that 'confusion worse confounded' reigned in the President's political family, and that open hostilities were on the eve of breaking out between the different members of the cabinet, one party rallying around Calhoun, and the other espousing the cause of Van Buren. Now this is all judge—the sheer invention of these same coalition letter writers, whose greatest happiness would be to foment ill blood between the friends of the President; and it would be doubly gratifying on their part to witness the Vice President and Secretary of State engaged in open and vindictive warfare. But these mischief makers will be sadly disappointed. Messrs. Van Buren and Calhoun are not such silly politicians, as to be entering into a contest at this early day for the Presidential chair. They know too well the value of public favor, for them to risk its loss by prematurely agitating the question of the next Presidency. Besides, the people have manifested so much satisfaction at the course pursued by Gen. Jackson, thus far, that they will, in all human probability, require him to consent to a re-election, in order to enable him to complete the various and important systems of reform which he has so happily commenced, and which promise such lasting benefits to the republic.

Old Dominion.—Mr. Webster, &c.—A correspondent of the N. York Courier and Enquirer, writes from Washington under date of 4th inst. as follows:

The public land debate is still going on in the Senate, Mr. Rowan this day ran alongside of the Massachusetts Senator, and rowed him up salt river in the Kentucky fashion. He showed clearly that in firing a shot across the Ohio, that Senator, like Col. Crockett's dog, had backed up the wrong tree. "Mr. President," said he, setting his spectacles on his head, according to the representation of the Senator from Massachusetts, New England must be a perfect paradise, studded with groves of orange, pomegranate, citron and olive; the very streams meander through an elysium, except perhaps on the Sabbath, and the inhabitants sip nothing but nectar; but, when we come to analyse all these beautiful pretensions, we find that the nectar, at least, has marvelously the flavor of New England rum! There's a staver for you: something like a cold cut—a home stroke, that a man, even of Mr. Webster's gusto, cannot carry full soil under. But in sober mood, we love New England for her sound morality—for her schools—for her industry—for her economy; but we cannot admire her politics, or love her statesmen.

The Tariff.—A letter from Washington, to the editors of the New York Journal of Commerce, under date of the 25th ult. says: "I do not think the Tariff so popular as it was. I find many New England men speak of it without mercy; and the Western people say it has done them no good. Depend upon it, the manufacturers overshoot their object by crying out Tariff, Revenue, Domestic Industry, Woollens and American System. They overloaded their Artillery, which in recollecting, has kicked them over."

Mr. Peter Force has disposed of his interest in the National Journal, to Mr. George Watterton, late Librarian to Congress, by whom it will be hereafter published.

Mr. Hunted, the Adams Candidate, has finally been elected Governor of Maine, by a convention of the two houses of the Legislature of that state.

A manufactory of France Houses, has been established in Philadelphia: the article can be transported on the canal, to any desired location.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, Feb. 8, Robert H. Adams, from Mississippi, appointed a Senator in the place of the Hon. Thomas B. Reed, deceased, appeared, was qualified, and took his seat.

Mr. Livingston offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to enquire into the expediency of revising the laws imposing penalties for military offences; and that they particularly enquire into the expediency of abolishing the punishment of death for the crime of desertion in time of peace, and providing some other penalty for the offence.

In Senate Feb. 9, a message was received from the President of the United States, transmitting a report from the Director of the U. S. Mint; which states, that the coinage effected at the Mint during the last year, amounts to \$2,406,875, comprising \$295,717 in Gold coins—\$1,994,678 in silver, and \$16,580 in copper. The number of pieces of all kinds is stated to be 7,474,501.]

In the Senate, Feb. 9, Mr. Iredell, from the Committee on the Contingent Fund of the Senate, to which had been referred a resolution submitted by Mr. Woodbury, in relation to the printing and distribution of the public documents, reported the same with an amendment; which was read, and ordered to be printed.

In Senate, 10th inst. Mr. Barnard presented four memorials from the inhabitants of the city and county of Philadelphia, remonstrating against the passage of any law which might be calculated to interfere with the regular transmission of the U. S. Mail on Sunday.

The Tariff.—The U. States Telegraph, of the 9th inst. remarks: "The bill for the reduction and modification of the duties on certain imported articles, introduced on 5th inst. by Mr. McDuffie, from the Committee of Ways and Means, was upon a division by yeas and nays, laid upon the table by a majority of 107 to 79. This disposition of this bill, we are induced to believe, proceeded from an unwillingness to discuss the propriety of a reduction of the duties at this time, on the part of many who are in favor of such a measure—under a belief that the public mind is not now prepared to give it approbation; and under a hope that the approaching extinguishment of the national debt will produce a new era in the legislation of this country."

SLOOP OF WAR HORNET.

In the House of Representatives U. States, on 9th inst. a bill was reported from the Committee on Naval Affairs, for the relief of the widows, children, or other relatives of the officers, seamen, and marines, of the United States' Sloop of War Hornet, lost, there is too much reason to be feared, off Tampico in the Gulf of Mexico, during the tremendous gales on that coast in September last. The provisions of the bill are, that they shall receive the amount of six months pay in addition to the pay which might be due to the officers and crew respectively, on the first of January 1830. It was made the order of the day for Wednesday the 17th instant, and directed to be printed.

New Hampshire.—The election of Governor in New Hampshire takes place early in March. The candidates in nomination for the office are Gen. Timothy Upham, late Collector of Portsmouth, who will be supported by the anti-Jackson party; and Hon. Matthew Harvey, who is the candidate of the friends of the national administration.

Rhode Island.—There are two candidates in nomination in this state for the office of Governor, viz:—His Excellency James Fenner, and Dr. Asa Messer, late President of Brown University.

The Supreme Court of the United States has refused the petition of Tobias Watkins, for a writ of Habeas Corpus.

Church Burnt.—On the morning of the 1st instant, about 1 o'clock, the stone Church of the Rev. Mr. Beecher, in Hancock street, Boston, was discovered to be on fire, and before the fire was extinguished, almost the whole interior of the building and the elegant organ were destroyed.

Massachusetts.—We learn that the Hon. Marcus Morton has been nominated as the Democratic candidate for Governor, by SEVENTY members of the Massachusetts Legislature, avowedly the friends of the present National Administration.

U. S. Telegraph.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Jan. 9.—Cotton 1 3/4, feathers 23 cents, flaxseed 37 to 40, flour 5.75 to 5.85, Kenhawa salt 30 cents, peach brandy 62, apple do. 37, whiskey 20, tallow 6 to 7, tobacco 3 to 7 cents per lb.

THE LATE CAPT. HUGH PARKS. Captain Hugh Parks, under a paralytic stroke, died at his residence on Sugar Creek, in Mecklenburg county, N. C. on the 12th ult. in the seventy-fifth year of his age. He was born in the county of Howas, and at an early age moved to the county of Mecklenburg and settled on Sugar Creek, where he lived ever since, and raised a highly respectable family, many of whom are now living; who, together with his widow and numerous other friends and acquaintances, deeply mourn his loss.

In his domestic relations, he was a kind husband, affectionate parent and humane master; as a citizen, he was an obliging neighbor, benevolent and kind in the 99th, and took a deep interest in the education of poor children; and in the disposition of his estate made some provision for their benefit.

Captain Parks was a patriot and a soldier of the Revolution; and although he bore no distinguished command, yet he evinced his zeal in the cause and liberty of his country, by serving as a volunteer in the militia. He was in the Snow Camp and battle of Hanging Rock in South Carolina, and performed several other tours of duty. In his department he was unostentatious, public spirited, and liberal. He took a lively interest in all matters calculated to promote the prosperity of his country, particularly public education and internal improvement; the first of which he had much at heart. Indeed, few men evinced more zeal for the prosperity and general welfare of their country than Captain Parks; and the death of such men may be justly considered a public loss. [Communicated.]

FOREIGN NEWS.

LATE FROM EUROPE. The Hannibal, at New York from Liverpool, brought the Editors of the N. York Courier and Enquirer English papers to the 4th ult.

England.—The English-papers are full of discussions on the liberty of the Press, a topic growing out of the prosecutions of the Morning Journal.

The report that Beau Brummel was appointed to a Consulship is flatly contradicted.

There seems to be a general attempt on the freedom of the Press in England, France and the Netherlands. This is a sign of the times.

It is asserted that several reforms or reductions in the Church patronage are to be attempted in the next Parliament. A great meeting was recently held in Roscommon, Ireland, on the state of the country. It was declared necessary to re-enact the Insurrection Act.

The English monarchy completes this year a duration of 1000, from the time Egbert ascended the throne of all England.

France.—Political excitement continues unabated in France.

It is affirmed that the liberals will not shake the confidence of the King in the Polignac Ministry.

Several of the female descendants of Joan of Arc, have been recently ennobled by the King of France.

General Lafayette has arrived at Paris. Spain and Portugal.—The King and Queen of Spain are enjoying their honeymoon at Madrid in company with the Royal family of Naples. Bull baiting, fire works, and high masses were performing every day.

It is said that forty persons had recently left Oporto, to take refuge in France and England.

Russia.—The winter had set in at Odessa as early as the 13th Nov. The cause of the indisposition of the Emperor Nicholas, is stated to be this! The Grand Duke Michael pulled the ears of a Colonel, ordering his men to lay down their arms—Nicholas ordered another regiment to surround the mutineers and take them prisoners—this the Colonel refused to do—argal, Nicholas went to Petersburg and got sick. A good story, no doubt.

Letters from St. Petersburg mention a rumour of General Deibitch having met with so much mortification from persons envious of his glory; that he has determined upon leaving the Russian army, and retiring into Silesia. Preparations are making in the Russian capital to receive Hall Pacha, the Turkish Envoy, with distinguished honors. He will be treated as Ambassadors of the first rank, such as Lord Heytesbury, the Duke de Mortemart, etc.

Turkey and Egypt.—The insurrection in the neighborhood of Smyrna has been put down. A few heads were cut off and a few persons hanged. Nothing further say the papers, with much song & frolic. It is positively asserted that in the last battle between the Turks and Russians near Ezeroum, the Russians were beaten. General Paskewitch had arrived at Tiflis, and given a dinner and a tedeum, on the termination of the war.

Greece.—It appears certain that Prince Leopold of Saxe-Cobourg will have the suffrages of the three Powers who signed the Treaty of London, for the Royalty of Greece. Russia had nearly abandoned the choice to France, on account of her noble efforts in the cause of the independence of the Morea, and it is not astonishing that the present French Ministry should have received with favour the Duke of Wellington's candidate.

Journal des Debats.

THE MARKETS. Fayetteville, Feb. 10.—Cotton 8 to 9 1/2, bacon 5 to 6, peach brandy 40 to 55, apple do 30, butter 10 to 15, corn 40 to 45, flaxseed 95, flour 3 to 4, lard 7 1/2, molasses 28 a 29, sugar 9 to 10 1/2, salt 75 to 80, tallow 8, wheat 60 a 65, whiskey 25 to 27.—U. S. bank notes 1 a 1 per cent. premium, Cape Fear ditto. 1 1/2 a 2.

Salisbury Prices, February 10.—Cotton 14 to 15 cents, corn 15 to 20, beef 3 to 3 1/2, butter 10 to 12, flour 3 1/2 to 4 per barrel, wheat 40 to 65, Irish potatoes 25 to 30, sweet ds. 30 to 25, brown sugar 12 to 15, coffee 17 to 22, salt 1 1/2, to 1 1/4, hogpen cloth 15 to 25, whiskey 20 to 25, bacon 8 to 10. Charleston, Feb. 8.—Cotton 9 to 9 1/2 cents, flour 5 a 5 1/2, whiskey 27 a 30, bacon 7 to 8 1/2, hams 9 a 10, best kind of haggard 20 to 25, salt 40 to 50, corn 40 a 45, coffee 11 to 14.—N. Carolina bank bills two per cent. discount; Georgia, 1 1/2 ditto. Columbia, S. C. Feb. 11.—Cotton 7 1/2 a 9 1/2, flour 5 1/2 to 6, whiskey 20 to 24, bacon 8 to 11, wheat 87 1/2 to 100, corn 45 to 50, salt 70 to 75.

MARRIED. In this county, on the 17th ult. by Burgess Gardner, Esq. Mr. John Hardin to Miss Ellen Bagley.

DIED. Near this town, on Monday evening, the 15th instant, Caroline H. infant daughter of William Chambers, Esq. aged twenty-three months.

Coach and Gig Making BUSINESS IN SALISBURY.

Cyrus W. West & Co. respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they intend to carry on the above business, in all its various branches. They have on hand a large supply of the best TIMBER that this part of the country affords; and will in a short time receive the most fashionable Springs and other Materials, from the North; which will enable them to execute their work in a style which shall not be surpassed by any in this section of the country. They are now making, and will in future keep on hand, all kinds of

WHEELD VEHICLES. Orders for work from a distance, will be thankfully received and punctually attended to. REPAIRS of all kinds, will be done on the shortest notice, and lowest possible terms. The Windsor Chair & Bed Stead Making Business will also be carried on by the subscribers. All kinds of Country Produce, will be received, at reasonable prices, in payment for work.

LIVERY STABLE. The subscribers will also be prepared, in a few weeks, with Horses, Gigs, Sulkeys, Hacks, &c. for the accommodation of those who arrive in stages or otherwise, and may wish conveyances of this kind to any part of the country; as well as for the accommodation of the citizens of Salisbury, and others, who may wish to hire Horses and wheel'd vehicles. This establishment is kept at Cyrus W. West's old stand, a few doors east of Mr. Slaughter's House of Entertainment. CYRUS W. WEST & Co. Salisbury, Feb. 12, 1830.

CYRUS W. WEST returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal share of patronage he has received for the last seven years; and hopes, that by a faithful attention to business, a continuance of the same will be extended to the above firm. Feb. 19.

Valuable Sale. On the 27th day of March next, at the house of Peter Tice, in the county of Davidson, by virtue of a Deed in Trust, to be executed by the said Tice, for the purposes therein mentioned, I shall proceed to expose to public sale, the valuable tract of land belonging to the said Tice, containing two hundred and thirty three acres, more or less; lying on Abbott's creek, adjoining Jacob Mock, Charles Tice, and others; which land contains a valuable Grist and Saw Mill. For the greater part of the purchase money, the purchaser can have credit, by giving a bond, payable at the Cape Fear Bank, Salem, with approved securities; balance, cash, or a bill credit as on the day of sale those concerned may be willing to give. Further conditions to be made known on the day of sale. JAMES WISEMAN, Trustee. Davidson county, Feb. 13, 1830.

Centre School. THE subscriber having commenced a School at Centre Church, Iredell County, respectfully informs the public, that a few boys will be received, who can be well recommended. The rates of tuition will be: for Latin and Greek, ten dollars; and for English Grammar and Geography, six dollars per session, of six months. Board can be had with respectable families, at one dollar per week. ALEXANDER A. HALL. February 12th, 1830.

Estate of Henry Myers. TO all persons indebted to the estate of the late Henry Myers, dec'd. by book account or otherwise; also, those who have demands against said estate, are requested to present them to the Executor, legally authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. PETER AIBRY, Executor. September 11th, 1828.

Gold Washer. THE subscriber claims to be the inventor of the improved Lever Power Gold Washing Machine; and forbids all persons from making or using the same, as he intends applying for a patent. A model of the machine can be seen at Brindleton, Burke county, N. C. T. W. A. SUMTER. Feb. 15, 1830.

Salisbury Tax Returns. PURSUANT to law, in each case provided, the undersigned gives notice, that he is ready to receive, at his office, at all reasonable hours, (and will continue thus to receive, until Friday, the 5th of March next—after which day, the law requiring that a more summary mode of procedure be resorted to) the Returns of Polls and Real Estate subject to a Corporation Tax in the Town of Salisbury. All tenements, Lots and Lands, within the limits of the Town; and all free male persons between the ages of 21 and 45,—and all slaves, male and female, over 12 and under 50 years of age, resident in the town on the 1st day of Feb'y, inst.—are required to be returned. PHILLO WHITE, Magistrate of Polls. February 17th, 1830.