

is contents and the booty is equally distributed among those concerned in the spoliation. Then the tariff heaps injustice in a two-fold degree upon the South. She first pays two-thirds of the revenue, and when it is distributed no part is even rendered to her.

We in the first place declare our conviction that the present tariff is inexpedient, since it produces nothing but discord and dissatisfaction throughout the Union; and in the second place, we believe it is unjust, since we have proved that the burden of taxation rests solely upon the South, and that the distribution of the revenue created thereby is illegally and partially expended among some of the states of the Union. Can the Southern states bear up under such a load of taxation, no portion of which returns to improve or enrich their dominions? Can they submit any longer to a violation of their constitutional rights, and not evince a spirit of resistance? We would not have the South to proclaim war against the North, or to erect her standard of open, positive rebellion, but we would be proud to hear them say, they will no longer consent that the federal compact shall be trampled, like dust, under foot, if their refusal, to acquiesce in such a course, can prevent it. We would be the last to recommend resistance of any character to a constitutional government, looking into its administration to the peace, prosperity and well being of the country. But when we see a government, once purely republican, and professing itself to be such now, resolved into the most hateful despotism, we cannot, we will not resort to any means to hush or quiet the sternest opposition.

Laying aside all contest for principle, the interests of all the states, South of the Potomack, will urge them to oppose every thing to the encroachments of the North. We think we know enough of Southern feeling to say, that a violation of principle and good faith would be as vehemently reprobated as the grossest neglect of the most important interests. It is our honest conviction that every principle of right, justice and fidelity has been violated, every essential Southern interest pretermitted in the continuation of the tariff and Internal Improvement systems. We beseech our fellow-citizens to examine for themselves, and they cannot fail to come to the same conclusions.

The times that have past by. - If we may be permitted to raise surmises upon the course pursued by the opposition, during the late session of Congress, we think we might fairly infer, that a combination had been formed to hurry the President into the sanction of some measure, which would meet the disapprobation of his friends and supporters, and thereby create an earlier division among them, than would arise out of the ordinary course of things. The multiplicity of unconstitutional subjects for legislation, introduced before both Houses of Congress, makes this opinion quite plausible, since we cannot suggest to ourselves any other reason, for the course pursued by those unfriendly to the President. The late session at which the unconstitutional bills, that passed in the Senate and lower House, were sent to the President for his sanction, goes still farther to fasten this conviction upon our minds. Why should they have been thus delayed? Is it not customary to send to the President for his signature all bills, ten or twelve days before the rising of Congress, in order that both Houses may have full time to consider them well, in the event of rejection? and does not the constitution in some measure require, and impose an obligation upon Congress, that those which have passed both Houses, shall be sent to the President for his signature, before the session shall draw nearer to a close.

But it appears that all those bills, involving important constitutional questions, were reserved till the last moment, inasmuch that the President had to retain one for fuller consideration, and yet the President has been censured for the course he pursued in relation to that bill. Would any friend to his country wish that Gen. Jackson should sign a bill, in which important constitutional points were involved, without consideration, and without understanding their full bearing? We believe not, we know not.

of the holy calls of justice and humanity. We will teach them to know if Astrea has been driven from the other side of the Potomack, she yet keeps her abode among us, and that she has not yet been chased from the earth entirely by the wickedness and impiety of mankind. We venerate and adore her precepts, and we will never do violence to her sacred injunctions, if "plague, pestilence and famine" were to be averted by the act. We trust our cause to be determined by her impartial decision, and we will not murmur at it, even should it militate against our own interests.

We perfectly coincide with the publisher of the Argus, in his views, touching the propriety of publishing the entire circulation of bank notes in the State of New York, or in any other quarter of the Union. We view a paper currency as being the most safe, sound and uniform medium that could possibly be adopted, and see the ends of the whole community, more especially the commercial portion, the completely vanishing.

It is our hope, that we see a piece of money in the shape, and with the appearance of silver coin, which, in the course of time, by some accidental folding, is discovered to be spurious and base, and such is the great reluctance of every piece of money of that kind to the other, that it is almost impossible to recollect, with any kind of certainty, from whom we received it. Whereas the banks are now obliged, and every note being numbered, and for counting having the name of the person, from whom it was obtained upon it, then as if thirty presents itself to have it returned to us.

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION. The public spirit of our citizens was quite alive at the Celebration of the Anniversary of our Independence. After the Oration was delivered, in pursuance of previous arrangement, the citizens and military separated to partake of two several dinners prepared for them; the one at the Mansion Hotel; the other at a large, beautiful, and shaded grove on the suburbs of our town.

1. The 4th of July: The sabbath day of Freedom; let it never be profaned by the embittered feelings of party.

2. The memory of Washington: "First in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen."

3. The Author of the Declaration of Independence: "Recorded honours shall gather round his monument and thicken over him. It is a solid fabric and will support the laurels which adorn it."

4. Lafayette: America's early and devoted friend; the nation has nobly testified her gratitude for his services, and refused the slaughter of monarchists, that "republics are ungrateful."

5. The President of the United States. 6. The Heads of Departments. 7. The Governor of North Carolina. 8. The University of North Carolina. The nursery of her sons; may the State sustain it in its career of usefulness.

6. The constitution of the U. States, the Magna Charta of American Liberties; it was written in plain language, that plain men might understand it: No forced constructions!

7. The Virginia Resolutions of '98: A true commentary on the constitution from the pen of one of the venerable Fathers of the Church.

8. The existing Tariff: Destructive at once of American commerce and Liberty.

9. North Carolina: Her sons were among the first to declare Independence: they will be among the last to give it up.

10. Our Sister State, S. Carolina: The feelings of her citizens are warm and patriotic; the charge of rebellion against her is a foul calumny.

11. Our Sister State, Georgia: She supported her sovereignty with firmness and independence.

12. The West: For her warm and generous support of the oppressed South we will ever be grateful.

13. The spirit of '76: It carried our Forefathers through the war of liberty: fifty years have passed away, but it still is the household-god of our people; Long may it dwell in our Land.

Among the Volunteer toasts we recollect the following: By Charles Fisher, President of the Day: The Officers and privates of the "Salisbury Blues" Their fine discipline, and their gallant appearance in the time of peace, show what their country may expect from them in time of war.

By Dr. Smith: The memory of Baron De Kalb, who came from a foreign land to war with the foes of civil liberty.

By W. Jefferson Jones: The war of American Independence: Like the Star of Bethlehem it will guide the wise men of the East to the cradle of liberty.

By Capt. Henry Giles: The Orator of the Day: A worthy member of the "Salisbury Blues."

By Ensign, David Fulton: The Union of the States.

By George M. Harris: Our distinguished Representative, in Congress, Col. Abram Rencher.

By William M. Locke: The memory of Thos. Jefferson: He was the greatest of the great.

By Samuel Tatum: Andrew Jackson: Long may he live in the affection of his countrymen.

By Col. Yarbrough: The Orator of the Day.

By Maj. Lemly: Our civil, political and religious liberties: may they never be abridged.

HYMENEAL. Married by Rev. J. Beck on the 24th inst. Capt. David Linn to Miss. Eliza Hartman, daughter of Capt. John Hartman.

In Anson County, N. C. on the 24th inst. George P. Smith, of Montgomery county to Susan Carpenter, daughter of Mr. Isaac Carpenter.

Also, in Montgomery county on Tuesday 29th inst. Henry Carter to Fanny Freeman.

In Lincoln county by Isaac Holland Esq. on Tuesday the 15th inst. Mr. Richard Barry a Bachelor 73 years of age, to Miss. Burns aged about 30 years.

DIED. At Madison, Morgan County, Ga. on Friday morning the 18th inst. Oscar Alphonso, only child of Felix J. and Julia A. Bryan, two years and two months old.

In Lincoln County, on the 24th, of Sept. 1830. John Glenn aged about 100 years. A native of Pennsylvania, he was a soldier under Gen Braddock at his defeat, and was exempt from military duty in the Revolution on account of his age; he was a good citizen of said county upwards of fifty years.

Cabinet Making Business. THE subscriber has opened a shop in the above line of business, first door above Mr. Jones's Tavern, and formerly occupied by Peter Krider, as a shoe shop; where he is prepared to furnish the surrounding country with all kinds of furniture in the above line, such as

Sideboards, Secredrises, Bureaus, Corner Cupboards, Breakfast & Dinner Tables, Ladies Cribs, &c. &c.

He has in his employ two or three first rate workmen, and the best of timber, selected by himself. The subscriber hopes by due attention to business, to receive that share of patronage which merit deserves.

WILLIAM R. HUGHES. July 12th, 1830.

Estate of John Andrews. ON Thursday 5th August I will sell at the late dwelling house of John Andrews, Esq. dec'd. the property of said dec'd. consisting of Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Wagon, and Gears, Farming Utensils, Household and Kitchen Furniture, a valuable Library, one set of Surveying Instruments, and many other articles too tedious to mention, attendance and reasonable credit will be given by me

JOHN HOUSTON, Administrator. July 8th, 1830.

N. B. All persons indebted to the Estate of John Andrews Esq. dec'd. are requested to come and settle their accounts. Those having claims against the Estate are notified to present them in legal form, within the limit of the law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

J. HOUSTON, Ad'mr.

Centre school. THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that the next session of the school at Centre Church, Irregular county, under the above title, will commence on the 15th inst. A few boys will be received, who can be well recommended. The rates of tuition will be: for Latin and Greek, ten dollars; and for English Grammar and Geography, six dollars per session, being six months.

Board can be had with respectable families, at one dollar per week.

ALEXANDER A. HALL. July 2nd, 1830.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Post-Office, at Concord, N. C. on the 1st day of July, 1830.

Catawba Lands, FOR SALE.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his plantation well known by the name of Postens place on the Catawba river 4 miles above Beatties Ford together with the negroes amounting to between 20 and 30, Stock, Crop &c. on the place all of which he now offers for sale either separately or together.

The plantation contains 340 acres, a great portion of which is river bottom of first quality. The place taken together is equal to any tract of land on the river, as will appear from an examination of the premises.

The whole will be sold upon terms favorable both as to price and payments for which application will be made to my father James Conner 1 mile from Beatties Ford, where I may also be found myself from 10 August to 15th Sept. HENRY W. CONNER. July 4th, 1830.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Post-Office at Morgan, N. C. on the 1st day of July, 1830.

A Haywood Alfred Hamilton William Alexander Lawson B Ballen George Bean John H. Boon John Brown John Benham Bilton B. Beck Joseph Burgin John C. C. Craig Allen Coleman Charles F. Carrington Paul Collier George Crump Lewis Coleman William Caslin William P. Davenport Wm. Fox John F. Fox Allen Forman Boyd B. Fullwood William G. Guion Philip George Lucy Giles Crispin H. Harris Richard W. Hinton Charles L. Hemphill James Head William Hendrick Berry Higdon Leonard

R. C. PEARSON, P. M.

Negrees Wanted. THOMAS MULL Jr. wishes to purchase about 30 negroes, for which liberal prices will be given in cash. He will always be found in Salisbury. Those who wish to sell would do well to call on him or send him a few lines. Salisbury July 1st. 1830.

Worthy of Attention! COWAN & REEVES are now receiving and opening at their Store, Wood Grove in town county, 13 miles west of Salisbury a general assortment of New Fashionable and Cheap GOODS.

selected by J. J. Reeves of the above firm, and bought for Cash from the latest importations in N. York and Philadelphia. All of which they are determined to sell as low as any Goods of the same quality can be bought in this section of the country. Their assortment consists of Dry Goods, Hard Ware, Cutlery and Groceries

of all descriptions usually kept in Stores. Their friends and customers are invited to call, examine and judge for themselves. C. & R. June 6th, 1830. 3mt34

Cowan & Reeves, respectfully beg leave to return their sincere thanks for the liberal patronage they have heretofore received from their friends and customers, and hope by close attention and steady habits to merit a continuance of the same.

Negrees Wanted! THE subscribers are desirous of purchasing one hundred NEGROES, for which they will pay a liberal price in cash. Application may be made, either by letter or in person to JOSIAH HUIB in MORGANTON, or JAMES HUIB in SALISBURY; who will be ready at all times to accommodate those who may wish to exchange Negro property for cash. JAMES HUIB, JOSIAH HUIB. June 22d. 1830.

ALE. 150 Bottles of Fresh Albany Ale, just received, and for sale, by ATSTIN & BURNS. Salisbury, June 29th, 1830.

THOMAS MULL Jr. & ROBERT HUIB have mutually dissolved their partnership in the purchase and sale of negroes. Salisbury July 1st. 1830.

NEW-YORK CHEAP CLOAK Manufactory. THE subscriber manufactures for the South, West and Western trade, and keeps constantly on hand, a very large Stock of Ladies' Gentlemen's and Children's CLOAKS, made of every description of Silk and Stuff Goods, purchased expressly for the purpose, at the lowest-possible prices. These Cloaks are made in the best Style, by persons who have had several years experience in the business; and will be sold, by the quantity, on liberal terms, at prices that will probably make them as safe and profitable a purchase as any description of Goods that can be purchased in this market. 10/28. F. J. CONANT, 184 Maiden Lane, corner of Green st. N. Y. &c. F. J. C. also manufactures and keeps constantly on hand, for sale, by the quantity, a large and complete assortment of STOCKS, of every description, warranted made of the best of materials, and in the handsomest Style.

CONCERT. MR. AND MRS. WEIR, PROFESSORS OF MUSIC, RESPECTFULLY inform the Citizens of Salisbury that they will give one Concert only, at Mr. Allemon's Room on Monday evening, July 12th, 1830.

MRS. WEIR will Preside at the Piano Forte. Tickets 50 cents. To be had at the Bar of Mr. Allemon's Hotel; and at the Door, on the evening of the Concert. Children half price. For particulars see bills.

Notice. WILL be sold for cash, at the Court House in Charlotte, on the fourth Monday in August next, a Lot of LAND in the Town of Charlotte, lying on the north side of Lot No. 150, containing twenty eight square poles, sold to satisfy the taxes due on said lot. JOHN SLOAN, Saff. of Mecklenburg county.

New Fashionable & Cheap GOODS. MICHAEL BROWN HAS the pleasure of announcing to his friends, customers, and the public in general, that he is now opening, at his old stand in Salisbury, an elegant assortment of New, Fashionable, & Cheap Goods, direct from the cities of Philadelphia and New-York; and selected by himself, from the latest importations for the Spring of 1830: Which he offers as low as any Goods of the same quality can be bought in this market. His assortment comprises every article usually kept in Stores. Purchasers are invited to call, examine, and judge for themselves. 18 Salisbury, May 7th, 1830.

Ten Dollars Reward. RAN away from the subscriber on the 7th inst. a negro named Jim, about 30 years old, well set, very dark skin, with a wen on his forehead. Any person who may apprehend said boy, and confine him in Jail or otherwise so that I get him again, will receive the above reward. It is thought the boy has received a pass from some evil designing and malicious person. LEONARD EASTES. 27th. Burk county N. C.