

WANT OF LIBERALITY IN THE TARIFF PARTY.

The Tariff party in the absence of sound argument and reasoning, denounce their opponents as dishonest men and impute to them unworthy motives in the maintenance of their opinions. Is this fair towards the public? Is it fair and honorable to the conductors of the "free trade" press? Is a man's honesty to be measured by the side he espouses in political controversies? Is it not natural from the constitution of our nature and from the bias of our education that we should differ in opinion? Does not the Association of those differing with us lessen the respectability and influence of the American Press? Does not the charge of the dishonestness of the American Press arise from this cause? Shall the crimes of a few unprincipled conductors of presses be charged to the whole body? Is such a course the best means of eliciting the truth? It is the best means of making converts to an opinion? No. Convince the judgment and afterwards persuade to act is the rule of all historians and is the only one which will ever be of essential service to a cause or party. Men will not be browbeaten in the formation of their opinions. Denunciations of men is not the way to make them give up an erroneous opinion, but on the contrary it will make them cling to it more pertinaciously. If, then, the "American System" party really believe the doctrine of "free trade" to be destructive of private happiness and national prosperity; and if they are good citizens and wish to put a stop to the further progress of such opinions, let them leave off their denunciations of the Anti Tariff press, and resort to the weapons of reason and truth. We hope for the credit of the country,--for the respectability of the press, the great lever of public opinion,--that this course will no longer be pursued. We are not intimidated nor deterred from the expression of our sentiments by approbrious epithets being applied to us and do not therefore wish the practice to be discontinued on that account but we want a stop put to it for the honor and character of a profession, which has so large a share of responsibility upon it and which can only discharge the duties of that responsibility with advantage to the public by exciting in the people a respect for the character of each and every of its members. This respect can only be excited by a dignified forbearance from the practice to which we have alluded.

TACTICS of the TARIFFITES.

While the Tariff party are putting forth all their exertions to assimilate our government as much as possible to that of England, knowing that it is extremely unpopular with the independent freemen of this country, they will not avow that this is their intention,--nay further the better to conceal their intentions, they charge the "free trade" party with such an attempt: "This is a real Machiavelian stroke of policy,--the very climax of political management. But the quick perceptions of the people will see the want of candor and truth in such a course and their great love for those two virtues will make them pay but little attention to the absurd assertions of these political managers. Restrictive laws, we boldly make the assertion, have done more to reduce the people of Great Britain to their present degraded condition, than all the Tyranny of their Kings and Lords, and yet we are told that the enemies of restrictive laws,--of the "American System" are trying to reduce the people of the United States to the same condition. Such impudence could only be brought forth in support of such a cause. The system and the means of supporting it are pari et similes--the system is absurd, so are the means by which it is supported. The system was founded in corruption; it is supported by corruption;--The system was founded in error, it is supported by error;--The system wanted candor for its foundation, candor is wanting in the superstructure. Such a system cannot,--such a system will not be supported. Our government is too plain and Republican to need European policy for its administration; Our people are too plain and too honest to be governed by such double faced politicians.--They want candor and truth to be the prime ingredients in every one of their servants, and such ingredients they will have.

Believing as we do that the people have a right to know the acts of their agents, we this day lay before our readers a part of the correspondence between Messrs Berrien, Blair, Johnson, Eaton and Ingham, touching the causes of the dissolution of the late cabinet. Could we, consistently with our duty as faithful sentinels upon the watchtower, have passed this over in silence, we should have preferred such a course, but we could not do so because we hold it the duty of every independent and faithful public journal to sacrifice his private feelings to the interests and wishes of the public. The correspondence is worthy of an attentive perusal and we hope our readers will give it one. We shall continue the publication of it until we finish the whole, and our readers can then draw their own inferences.

We will hold ourselves under obligations to those of our friends who will be so obliging as to send us a list of the election returns, in the adjoining Counties.

Death by Lightning.--Mr. Thomas Marshall, a young man about twenty two years of age was killed by lightning, in Montgomery county, on Wednesday the 13th ult. while walking over his plantation.

TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

The Salisbury Temperance Society met again at a full meeting on Tuesday evening July 26th. Opened with prayer by the Rev. Thos. Epps. On motion, by Michael Brien it was considered expedient to elect officers for the Society at the present time. MICHAEL BROWN, was elected President. SAMUEL LEMLEY, Vice President. PHILIP L. BROWN and THOS. DICKSON, elected managers, in place of Michael Brown and Samuel Lemley. It was agreed that the remaining officers continue in office for twelve months. The Rev. Mr. Epps arose and made some remarks, in support of the cause of Temperance. It was Resolved, that the members of this Society, do not support, or vote for any Candidate for a seat in our State Legislature, or for any other office in the State, who will treat (as it is termed) or make use of ardent spirits, or carnal men to be used in affecting his or their election. It was Resolved, that the Society have quarterly meetings, and that the next meeting shall be on Tuesday the 1st day of October next. It was Resolved, that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the papers of this place. The Society then adjourned, concluded with prayer by the Rev. Thos. Epps. The members of the Society consists of: MICHAEL BROWN, President. SAMUEL LEMLEY, Vice Presidents. PHILIP L. BROWN, THOS. DICKSON, Managers. PHILIP L. BROWN, THOS. DICKSON, Managers. JAMES MARRAS, Recording Secy. MAJ. JOHN BRADY, Corresponding Secy. ALEX. LONG, Recording Secy.

DIED. In Montgomery county, on Sunday, the 13th ult., Mrs. Elizabeth Parker, in the 77th year of her age. In Lexington on the 3d inst. of Cholera Infantum, aged 19 months, Martha Octavia, infant of B. D. Rounsaville, Post Master, at that place. At his residence in Mecklenburg Co. on the 30th ultimo, Rev. John M. Wilson, D. D. Pastor of Rocky River and Philadelphia Churches, in the 63d year of his age.

FOREIGN.

LATE FROM EUROPE. By the arrival of the Sylvania Jenkins, Capt. Allen, the Editors of the Courier and Enquirer have received London dates to the 8th June, and Liverpool to the 9th inclusive. A general battle was fought between the Russians and Poles, on the banks of the Narva on the 26th May, which lasted until 10 o'clock at night. The Russians were commanded by Genl. Diebitch and the Poles by Genl. Schrynecki. The Poles, by mere force of numbers were compelled to quit the field. The Russians lost 16,000 men, while the Poles only lost 4,000. The next day Schrynecki led his troops to Praga, where they can take some repose after their great labor. In their retreat the Poles were unharmed, and the cannon and other munitions were brought off in the best order. No prisoners have been lost. The main purpose of Schrynecki's aggressive movement, which we mentioned in our last was to throw 12,000 men into Lithuania. That object being effected he thought it best to retreat, knowing the Russian corps to be vastly superior to his own.

ENGLAND. Serious disturbance in Wales.--On the 3d of June, the workmen in some of the iron manufacturing towns turned out in a riotous manner, for wages. The military was called out and several were killed both among the insurgents and among the military. IRELAND. This ill-fated country is still laboring under the effects of a long continued misrule. The Dublin Evening Post of the 3rd of June, says there are 150,000 persons starving in the County Mayo. On the 2d and 3rd of June 21 persons were found guilty under the White Boy Act, at Limerick, and sentenced to transportation for life. At Ennis, in the County Clare, 14 persons had a similar sentence pronounced on them, on charges of the same nature. The Dublin Herald of May 30th, contains an account of a coroner's inquest held over the bodies of 9 persons killed by the Police at the fair of Castlepollard on the 23rd May. Eight other persons were seriously wounded. It appeared on the inquest that a quarrel between some individuals occurred at the fair and the military police were brought out to quell it. They fired on the refusal of the crowd to disperse, and their fire had a fatal effect. The jury were so well satisfied of the rash and uncalculated conduct of the police, that they gave in a verdict whereby 18 of the police, including their chief, have been sent to prison to abide their trial.

FRANCE. (From the Gazette de France of 5th June.) According to the result of our inquiries with respect to the electoral interests, along with the law of monopoly of 200 francs--a law which excludes the people, and gives a preponderance to the middle classes--makes it evident that the majority from the Colleges will be a Casimir Perier, and not a Lafitte majority. It is not difficult to perceive the difference between such a Chamber and the Consulate of M. Lafayette. BELGIUM. Prince Leopold has been elected King of Belgium by a large vote, but the Herald "we are assured that he has made up his mind to refuse the offer of the crown of Belgium, as it was made a condition that he should swear to preserve to Belgium the province of Limburg--a pledge which the Ministers of the Great Powers signified to him it was impossible he could make, as they had determined upon confirming that province to Holland." TEN DAYS LATER. The packet-ship President, Capt. Champlin, from London, arrived yesterday; she brings London dates of the 18th and Portsmouth of the 19th June. General Diebitch has gained no advantage by the Battle of Ostrolenka. He seems not to have dared to follow up the gallant Poles, who gathered round their capital presented as imposing a front, as previous to the late engagement; whilst the great object of all their Generalissimo's operations, the rising of the inhabitants of Russian Poland, has been fully obtained. If our hopes do not deceive us, important indeed must be the consequence of this movement in the Russo-Polish provinces. Their population, added to that of the kingdom of Po-

land, will form a numerical force, sufficient to conquer and maintain Polish independence. The French opposition papers speak of continued disturbances indicative of discontent with the government of Louis Philippe. The Ministerial papers, however, represent matters in a different light and there does not in fact appear to be sufficient grounds for apprehending, at the present moment at least, that any serious opposition has been organized. There are some indications of a misunderstanding between the French and Russian Governments, but they do not come in a sufficiently tangible form, to justify the belief that they are of importance. Don Miguel has refused to comply with the requisitions of the French Cabinet, and has published an explanation of the circumstances attending it. The motive assigned is curious; it is, that it was beneath his dignity to reply to the demands of a Council, and that such demands could only be assumed to come from an Ambassador. He had, however, determined to treat immediately with France through the mediation of his Allies. These Allies are no doubt the British, and it cannot be expected under the circumstances of the case, that their interference will be of any avail. In Belgium no progress has been made to a settlement of the government. The English and French Ambassadors had left Brussels, an infallible sign that the Congress had refused to comply to the terms which the Conference of London had dictated. We believe notwithstanding that intricate and perplexed as the question of the Belgic politics now presents itself, it will still be adjusted, without a recurrence to hostilities. In England, Parliament had met and again elected Mr. Manners Sutton, Speaker of the House of Commons. No other proceedings of importance had been entered on, judging from the silence of the papers on the subject of the disturbances in Wales, we presume that they have been adjusted without difficulty. The Attorney General of Ireland had informed Mr. O'Connell by letter that no further proceedings would be taken in the prosecutions pending against him and others. The Police committed to jail for the homicides at Castlepollard had been admitted to bail except the chief Constable, Mr. Blake.

Female Seminary. SALISBURY, N. C. THE exercises of this Institution will commence on the first day of October. The course of instruction will include Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography with the use of the Globes, Astronomy, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, History, Rhetoric, Logic and moral Philosophy, Needlework, Drawing, Painting, and music. The price of tuition per session (five months) will be \$10-50 Drawing, and Painting \$10, Music 20 dollars paid in advance. BENJAMIN COTTRILL, Principal.

NOTICE. THE Subscriber intending to move to Wilmington, offers his services to his friends and the public generally, after the 20th of August, as Commission and Forwarding Agent. He will have the use of a large Wharf with a convenient Warehouse, and hopes by strict attention to please all who may favor him with their business. JONES FULLER. Refer to Messrs. Thos. J. Curtis, O. P. Stark, and W. Whitehead. July 26. 4187.

Administrator's Sale! WILL be sold at the residence of the late Frederick Ford, dec'd. nine miles north of Salisbury, on the South Yadkin River, on Thursday the 1st day of September next, all the perishable property of said dec'd. consisting of Horses, Hogs, Cattle, Sheep, Waggon and Gears, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Farming Utensils, Carpenter's Tools, Wheat, Rye Oats, Corn, &c. &c. Also, Will be rented for one two or three years to suit those disposed to rent, at the same time and place the fertile and valuable plantation of the dec'd. lying on both sides of the South Yadkin River. The plantation contains much good fresh bottom land on which twelve or fourteen hands might be worked with advantage. On the premises is a good Orchard, a Cotton Gin and Threshing Machine both new. In the river there is a good fish-trap out of which a sufficiency of fish for a common family can be obtained. The terms of the sale will be made known on the day of sale. JOHN FORD, Adm'r. August 6th. 1831. 385.

NOTICE. TAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Rowan County, N. C. on the 4th inst. a negro boy who says his name is Dick and belongs to Dr. Thomas of Milton, N. C. and was sold to said Thomas by Joseph King and David Jones and was sent to the Gold mines in Burke County, which he left about the 30th July last. Said boy is about 17 years old, one upper tooth rotten out in front, quick spoken, yellow complexion, common size. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take him away. F. SLATER, Shff. 83ff 5th August, 1831.

CAMP MEETING. A camp meeting will be held at Statesville, in the Iredell circuit, on the 19th August and one at Pulten, on the 28th August, in the Salisbury circuit. 81

HEAD QUARTERS, Salisbury, N. C. August 6, 1831. THE officers of the 1st division of the 6th regiment of N. C. Militia are hereby commanded to appear at the Court House in Salisbury on Friday, the sixteenth of September next, at 10 o'clock A. M. with side arms for drill and also on the next day at 9 o'clock at the same place with their companies ready for review. By order of the Colonel 385 B. CRAIG, Adjt.

RANAWAY. FROM the plantation of the subscriber on Monday the 6th inst. a negro man named FED. Said negro is five feet two inches high; dark or black complexion, one of his eyes smaller than the other; tolerably stout built; had on when he eloped a blue cloth coat, no other clothing recollected. He has since been seen near Mason's Ferry. Any information respecting said boy will be thankfully received; or a handsome compensation will be made to any person who will deliver him to me, or confine him in any jail so that I can get him again. JAMES SIMRIL. Indian Land, York District, } 3184 June 14th, 1831.

BIBLE CAUSE. THE eighth anniversary of the Rowan Bible Society will be held in Salisbury, on Tuesday, the 5th of September. The meeting is deferred until this time, on account of the absence of some of the Board of managers. The business before the society will be of an interesting nature;--general and special attendance of the members and friends of the Society is therefore earnestly requested. Exercises to commence at 11 o'clock. 4185

Beaver Creek School. ASHE COUNTY N. C. THIS institution is situated about three miles from Ashe Court House, in a pleasant neighborhood, where board can be obtained for from \$0cts. to \$1.00 per week. To those who have visited this county, it is needless to mention, that it is one of the most pleasant retreats in the State, during the warm months of the year. Scholars attending this school will have strict attention paid to them, in regard to their morals, as well as to the different branches of education, they may study. The rudiments of Reading, English Grammar, Geography &c. &c. are taught in this school. There are no vacations during the warm months. M. R. LYON. 484 July 6th. 1831.

Beef! Beef! THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the citizens of this town, that he will have BEEF in market, during the present season, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings or at any other time which would suit the convenience of his friends and customers. Persons having BEEVES for sale would do well to apply to the subscriber, as he will pay the most liberal prices for them, in Cash, at all times. JOHN I. SHAVER 78ff July 2, 1831.

LIST OF LETTERS. REMAINING in the Post Office at Lexington, N. C. July 1st, 1831, which if not taken out before the 1st day of October next will be sent to the Genl. P. O. as dead letters. Meritt Allen Nathaniel Lania W. G. Beard Elizabeth Lane Casper Brinkle Janu McDorman Thomas Chesize Boyd McCrary John Craven Rachel Myers Nicholas Cores George Myers Catharine Day Samuel Mitchell William Davis Martin Owen Marvel Epps Charles Riggins John Ellis Adam Rider Benjamin Ferabee Caleb Smoot George F. ezor William Frank Peter Fine George Sechriat Jacob Peezor John Scott William Ferabee John Spencer Mary Hvatt William Silliven David Hederick Martha Smith David Huffman Thomas Stuart Zebulon Hunt Michael Summey Samuel Harrel Jesse Seawell Jonathan Haynes Stephen Tenny J. M. Inge William Tootce Thomas Ives William Wood William Jarret Samuel Warford Henry Ledford John Looker Emily Whitaker Charles Lander Wiery Waggoner Henry Lander Jacob Loman Thomas Workman William Ledford Henry Workman B. D. ROUNSAVILLE, P. M. 384

Horace H. Beard, TAILOR.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he continues to carry on the above business in all its various branches and with his usual neatness and punctuality in executing it. He has received the London and Philadelphia, Spring and Summer Fashions from his correspondents in Philadelphia who authorize him to carry on such extensive system of Cutting for \$25, which can be had from the subscriber on application. P. S. Orders from a distance will meet with prompt attention. Country produce of every description will be taken for work at the lowest prices. N. B. H. B. returns his sincere thanks to his friends and customers for past patronage, and hopes by unremitting attention to business to merit a continuance of the same. 71ff Salisbury, May 14th, 1831.

The Tennessee Spinster. THE subscriber still continues to make the above Machines and keeps a supply constantly on hand which he will sell low for cash or on credit to punctual dealers. He likewise intends to keep on hand a good supply of COTTON GINS, and he will also repair the same to order. 72ff E. P. M'CHELL. Salisbury, May 21st.

MY HOUSE, (the Post office) on the Cross street a few yards north-west of the Court House, in Lexington, N. C. is again opened for the reception of Travellers and Boarders. The stables are extensive, roomy and dry; grain and provender of the best, plentiful, and served by good hostlers. The house has many comfortable rooms, serves a good table and refreshments, and the proprietor and his family will omit nothing in their power to make it most quiet and agreeable. 63ff B. D. ROUNSAVILLE.

Boarding. M. M. McCulloch, having removed to the new and elegant building of Col. Wm. Nixon, on the corner of King and Market st's., would respectfully inform his friends and former patrons, that he will open a Private Boarding House, on the 1st of June. Mrs. McCulloch will take charge of the house and solicits a share of the patronage so liberally given her formerly. Private families can be accommodated. June 25 383

Dr. N. E. McIlelland RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Wilksboro' and the adjacent country; that he has located himself in Wilksboro, for the purpose of practising the various branches of his profession, viz: Practice of Medicine, Surgery, and Obstetrics. He may be found at his residence at all times, except when on professional business; and he hopes by assiduous attention to his profession to merit a share of the public patronage. 76ff

State of North Carolina, MONTGOMERY COUNTY. In the Court of Equity Spring Term 1831.

JAMES MOSS, John Moss for himself and as guardian of Archibald Moss an infant under the age of twentyone years, Elizabeth Moss, widow of Robert Moss, dec. for herself and as guardian of Franklin Moss, Sarah Anne Moss, Robert Moss, Whitson Moss, Eliza Moss and Jane Moss infants under the age of twenty one years, Bushrod Lilly and his wife Hannah vs Willis Williams and his wife Mary. Petition for the Sale of lands. It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that Willis Williams and his wife Mary Williams tenants in common in right of the said Mary Williams of one share of the land prayed to be sold in the petition, and mentioned as defendants in the petition are not inhabitants of this State. It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Western Carolinian printed at Salisbury for six weeks requiring said Willis Williams and his wife Mary to appear at the court house in Lawrenceville on the next Term of our court, on the first Monday in September next and answer or plead to said petition otherwise the same will be taken pro confesso as to them and decree entered accordingly. 6186 J. L. GAINES c. m. 21