

FOREIGN.

There have been three arrivals... New York since our last paper, viz—the 8th from Liverpool with dates to the 10th August...

BY THE SALEM.—Hull, 15th August. The ship brings Liverpool dates to the 15th August. The most important items by her are annexed.

Leopold applied simultaneously to England and France as members of the Alliance which had declared an armistice between Holland and Belgium...

The English Government immediately ordered a squadron to the Downs, to be ready to act as circumstances might require. But the French troops will enter Belgium solely to establish an armistice...

MARCH OF THE FRENCH ARMY.

Events of importance thickened upon the die of war is cast—and a French army of fifty thousand men is now on its march to assist the king of the Belgians in repelling the invasion of the Dutch.

It appears that on Thursday night, intelligence had been received at Paris of the Dutch having broken the armistice, and commenced immediate hostilities...

The result of their deliberations was the publication of an 'Extraordinary Edition of the Constitution'—honorable—and in accordance with the often expressed feelings of the nation.

By the Canada—six days later. The advices by the packet ship Canada are up to the 16th August from Liverpool, and to the 15th from London.

The storm of war which was gathering over Europe, seems to have been dispersed as rapidly as it rose. According to the news by the Canada, bringing London dates of the 15th, the king of Holland had consented to withdraw his troops from Belgium...

The conduct of the Belgian troops when in face of the enemy, appears to have been most pusillanimous. They fled on two several occasions. It is said, without firing a shot, manifestly, without reloading if they did fire.

Of Poland, we have nothing more decisive. The enemy was slowly, but we fear surely, and fully gathering round her capital; and there will be no human arm stretched to aid its heroic defenders.

The promptness and unity of purpose with which Great Britain and France acted in the affairs of Belgium will not, it may be anticipated, be without effect on other questions and especially that of Poland...

It would seem certain, from the nature of the accounts by this ship, that Prussia did not urge on the King of Holland; and that for aught that appears, the powers mediating in the affairs of Belgium have observed good faith to and with each other.

General Sebastiana, Minister at War, and General Lamarque, had a hostile, but bloodless, meeting. The cause of offence was given; we presume, in the discussion of the 10th.

Brussels, Aug. 12.—The rout of the

army of Gen. Daine has been confirmed by various persons who have arrived from Liege and its neighborhood. It is admitted to have been most complete, and that even without firing a shot...

A great panic pervades the late brigades of the Belgian army and all are anxious to know not only if the French troops be arrived, but also if the English fleet has entered the Scheldt to protect them.

The French army has entered Belgium in three columns—as to reach Ghent, Namur, and Louvain, by nearly the same moment. This evening it is expected that 2,500 French cavalry will have reached the latter place.

We have received Belgian papers and private letters to the date of yesterday. They bring the mortifying intelligence of fresh advantages obtained by the Dutch over the Belgians...

DEFEAT OF THE ARMY OF THE SCHELDT—HIS MAJESTY AT MALINES. Brussels, Aug. 12.—This City was in a most dreadful state of agitation this morning.

The Dutch opened upon them in three columns, and commenced firing. The Belgians instantly derided amongst them; they threw away their arms and caps, and tried to get out each other in running; by six o'clock the field of battle was clear, and the Dutch masters of the whole of Belgium...

His Majesty left Louvain by the Brussels gate (all the others being guarded by the Dutch) about eleven o'clock, with a small detachment of Lancers, and crossed the country to Malines. Within five minutes of his Majesty leaving the high road near this city, a regiment of Dutch Cuirassiers took possession of the Chausee; the King could hardly have been out of sight.

The French troops who have been lying at Halle and Waterloo, entered Brussels, with the two princes about 2 o'clock. The enthusiasm with which they were received nearly equalled the reception of Leopold. Marshal Gerard arrived in the morning, and was greeted with every exclamation of joy.

Very early this morning, General Belliard proceeded to the head quarters of the Duke of Saxe Weimar, and remained with him a considerable time. The Duke ceased operations after the interview with the general.

The Prussian Official Gazette states that the insurrection has again broken out in Volhynia.

Warsaw, 29th July. Our inquietude is at an end. The most perfect and cordial union prevails over our future destinies.

The unfavorable turn of affairs in Lithuania, and the passage of the Vistula by the Russian army, commanded by Field Marshal Paskewitch, appeared to put the fate of our country in danger.

The Generalissimo who owes his rank to the development of his ideas on the campaign, had the opportunity of exposing

Louvain, it will be considered by the Five Powers as a declaration of war, but more particularly by France. Lord Wellington, the aid-de-camp of the Prince of Orange, and two French officers, left this evening for the headquarters of his Royal Highness.

Five o'clock.—We are again in a state of alarm. It is said that the Dutch are moving towards Brussels. The Civic Guard are marching to the gates, and fresh troops have been sent to their protection.

The King of Holland has of necessity yielded to the circumstances of the moment, and declined all further hostility against Belgium. His Majesty, it is positively stated, has declared to the French and English governments that in commencing hostilities against Belgium he had not the slightest wish to embroil himself with the Great Powers.

Still later by the Alabama. The Paris dates by this ship are to the 16th August. Poland is more favorable, and that the investigation into the conduct of Schrynecki, has resulted in his honorable acquittal.

The Dutch have quietly withdrawn from Belgium, in consequence of an amicable convention with Gen Gerard who, with his army, will accompany them to the frontier.

The Minister of War has announced to the Chamber of Deputies, that the French army would not leave Belgium, but would take such positions as would prevent the return of the Dutch troops, and give time to the Belgian army to reorganize.

Accounts from Warsaw, dated the 29th July, state that the Lithuanians and Volhynians have received, and to preserve, the war against Russia. The Prussian Diet prepared a proclamation to stimulate and encourage the militia.

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The Generalissimo who owes his rank to the development of his ideas on the campaign, had the opportunity of exposing

his views and of holding in his seat the members of the Grand Council, this is to say, the representatives of the whole nation.

At last Tuesday's market there was a lively demand for the better qualities of wheat at full prices, and less disposition to offer the inferior descriptions.

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like-wise free of sale, an advance of 6d per bushel was realized. Since that day, the arrivals of Foreign wheat and flour have been tolerably large, but of British and Irish very moderate.

In consequence of the continuance of fine weather, the demand for wheat from our local millers and dealers has been on the most limited scale. We have not heard of any transactions in bonded wheat.

Brussels, Aug. 14th, 10 o'clock at night.—The convention concluded yesterday, is carried into execution to day. The Dutch troops retired on two roads, Ferment and Dieh. Six days are necessary for them to regain their frontiers.

Important measures in the interior of the country are now under consideration—the disbanding of the army and the civic guard, and the complete expulsion of those surrounding the King.

The intention of M. Belliard, appears to be to oblige the Dutch to evacuate immediately, all the Belgian territory, including the citadel at Antwerp; to pay an indemnity for the expenses of the war; to give up to Belgium, Zealand, Flanders.

The following is the positions of the French army on the 12th, in the morning: Gen. Barrois, at Eghize, on the Meuse and the... at Brussels.

Paris, 16th.—The Session of the Chamber of Deputies, yesterday, presented an affecting spectacle to the world. It appeared to be transformed into an arena where each party would force its adversaries, by violent means to submit to its opinions.

Paris, Aug. 18.—(Monday.)—We have received from the army the particulars of the Convention, concluded between General Belliard and the Prince of Orange.

Paris, 15th Aug.—We begin to think that the affairs of Poland may have a better issue than was expected. The Polish Envoys who are here feel more confidence.

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