

# Western Carolinian.

It is even wise to abstain from laws, which however wise and good in themselves, have the semblance of inequality which find no response in the heart of the citizen, and which will be evaded with little remorse.  
The victim of legislation is especially seen in grafting laws on conscience.  
Dr. Channing.

(BARTON CRAIG.)

SALISBURY, ROWAN COUNTY, N. C. MONDAY OCTOBER 22, 1832.

(VOL. III NO. 10)

## TERMS.

**THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN** is published once a week at Two Dollars per annum, if paid within three months; or two dollars and fifty cents, if paid at any other time within the year. No Paper will be discontinued until all arrears are paid, unless at the Editor's discretion. No subscription will be received for a less time than one year.  
A failure to notify the Editor of a wish to discontinue, one month before the expiration of a year, will be considered as a new engagement.  
Any person procuring six solvent subscribers to the Carolinian, shall have a seventh paper gratis.  
Advertising at the usual rates.  
All letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid or they will not be attended to.  
These terms will be strictly adhered to.



BY AUTHORITY

## LAWS OF THE U. STATES

passed at the first Session of the Twenty-Second Congress.

An ACT for altering the time of holding the District Court of the United States for the District of Indiana.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the District Court of the United States for the District of Indiana shall be hereafter holden on the first Monday of May and November, in each year, instead of the first Mondays of said months, as is now required by law.

**Sec. 2. And be it further enacted,** That all proceedings of a civil or criminal nature, now pending in, or returnable to, said Court, shall be proceeded in by said Court in the same manner as if no alteration of the times for holding said Court had taken place.

A STEPHENSON,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.  
J. C. CALHOUN,  
Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate.  
Approved, May 19, 1832.

ANDREW JACKSON.

An ACT for giving effect to a commercial arrangement between the United States and the Republic of Colombia.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That vessels of the Republic of Colombia, and their cargoes, whether of foreign or domestic produce or manufacture, which shall come direct from the ports of that nation to the United States, shall pay no greater duties on importation, anchorage, tonnage, or any other kind, than are now, or hereafter may be, levied on the vessels of the United States.

**Sec. 2. And be it further enacted,** That the restriction of coming direct from a port in Colombia, contained in the preceding section, shall be taken off, as soon as the President shall receive satisfactory evidence, that a like restriction is taken off from vessels of the United States in the ports of the Republic of Colombia, and shall make known the same by his proclamation declaring the fact.

**Sec. 3. And be it further enacted,** That if the President of the United States shall at any time receive satisfactory information that the privileges allowed or which may be allowed to American vessels and their cargoes in the ports of Colombia, corresponding with those extended, or to be extended by this act, to Colombian vessels and their cargoes in the ports of the United States, have been revoked or annulled, he is hereby authorized, by proclamation, to suspend the operation of either or both of the provisions of this act, as the case may be, and to withhold any or all the privileges allowed, or to be allowed, to Colombian vessels or their cargoes.  
Approved, May 19, 1832.

An ACT authorizing the revision and extension of the rules and regulations of the Naval Service.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to constitute a board of Naval Commissioners, to be composed of the Naval Commissioners and two Post Captains to meet at the Seat of Government, whose duty it shall be, with the aid and assistance of the Attorney General, carefully to revise and enlarge the rules and regulations governing the naval service, with the view to adapt them to the present and future exigencies of this important arm of national defence, which rules and regulations when ap-

proved by him and sanctioned by Congress, shall have the force of law, and stand in lieu of all others heretofore enacted.  
Approved, May 19, 1832.

An ACT for the appointment of Representatives among the several States, according to the Fifth census.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That from and after the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty three, the House of Representatives shall be composed of members, elected agreeably to a ratio of one representative for every forty seven thousand and seven hundred persons in each State, computed according to the rule prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, that is to say, within the State of Maine, eight; within the State of New Hampshire, five; within the State of Massachusetts, twelve; within the State of Connecticut, six; within the State of Vermont, five; within the State of New York, forty; within the State of New Jersey, six; within the State of Pennsylvania, twenty eight; within the State of Delaware, one; within the State of Maryland, eight; within the State of Virginia, twenty one; within the State of North Carolina, thirteen; within the State of South Carolina, nine; within the State of Georgia, nine; within the State of Kentucky, thirteen; within the State of Tennessee, thirteen; within the State of Ohio, nineteen; within the State of Indiana, seven; within the State of Mississippi, two; within the State of Illinois, three; within the State of Louisiana, three; within the State of Missouri, two; and within the State of Alabama, five.  
Approved, May 22, 1832.

An ACT to alter the time of holding the District Court of the United States for the western district of Louisiana.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the District Court of the United States for the western district of Louisiana shall be hereafter holden on the second Monday of June, in each year, instead of the third Monday of August, as is now required by law.

**Sec. 2. And be it further enacted,** That all proceedings of a civil or criminal nature now pending in, or returnable to, said Court, shall be proceeded in by said Court in the same manner as if no alteration of the time for holding said Court had taken place.  
Approved, May 22, 1832.

An ACT to authorize the removal of the Land Office from Mount Salus in the State of Mississippi, and to remove the Land Office from Franklin to Fayette, in State of Missouri.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the Land Office at Mount Salus, in the Choctaw District, in the State of Mississippi, shall be removed to and located at, and placed in the said Land District as the President of the United States may direct, in his opinion any removal be necessary; and that the Land Office at Franklin, in the county of Howard, State of Missouri, shall be removed to and located in, the town of Fayette in said country; and it shall be the duty of the Registers and the Receivers of public money for said Land Offices within sixty days, from and after the passage of this act, to remove the books, records, and whatever else belongs to said offices, to their respective places of location as herein provided for.  
Approved, May 22, 1832.

An ACT authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to permit a wharf to be built near the site of the light house, on Stratford point, in the State of Connecticut.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to permit a wharf to be built near the site of the light house, on Stratford point, in the State of Connecticut, and to grant the use of such land belonging to the United States as may be required for that purpose: Provided, The use of such wharf shall continue only so long as, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, it does not interfere with the interests of the United States.  
Approved, June 25, 1832.

An ACT to authorize the Governor of the Territory of Arkansas to select ten sections of land, granted to said Territory for the purpose of building a legislative house for said Territory, and for other purposes.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That all the authority and power is hereby vested in, and given to the Governor of the Territory of Arkansas, which was vested in, and given to the Legislature of the Territory of Arkansas, by an act of Congress of the second of March, one thousand

eight hundred and thirty-one, by which a quantity of land, not exceeding ten sections, was granted to said Territory for the purpose of raising a fund for the erection of a public building at Little Rock, the seat of Government of said Territory.

**Sec. 2. And be it further enacted,** That nothing herein, contained shall be so construed as authorizing any expense on the part of the United States for selecting said lands, or building said house, other than the aforesaid grant of ten sections of the unappropriated public lands.  
Approved, July 4, 1832.

An ACT to provide for liquidating and paying certain claims of the State of Virginia.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury do liquidate and pay the accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia against the United States, for payments to the officers commanding in the Virginia line in the war of the revolution, on account of half pay for life promised the officers aforesaid by that Commonwealth, the sum of one hundred and thirty-nine thousand five hundred and forty-three dollars and sixty-six cents.

**Sec. 2. And be it further enacted,** That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, required and directed to pay to the State of Virginia the amount of the judgments which have been rendered against the said State, for and on account of the promise contained in an act passed by the General Assembly of the State of Virginia in the month of May, Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, and in favour of the officers or representatives of officers, of the regiments and corps hereinafter recited, and not exceeding, in the whole, the sum of two hundred and forty-one thousand three hundred and forty-five dollars, to wit:

First. To the officers, or their legal representatives, of the regiment commanded by the late Colonel George Gibson, the amount of the judgments which they have obtained, and which are now unsatisfied.

Second. To the officers, or their legal representatives, of the regiment denominated the second State regiment, commanded, at times, by Colonels Brent and Dabney, the amount of the judgments which they have obtained, and which are now unsatisfied.

Third. To the officers, or their legal representatives, of the regiments of Colonel Clark and Crockett, and Captain Rogers's troop of cavalry, who were employed in the Illinois service, the amount of the judgments which they have obtained, and which are now unsatisfied.

Fourth. To the officers, or their legal representatives, serving in the regiment of State artillery commanded by the late Colonel Marshall, and those serving in the State garrison regiment commanded by Colonel Muter, and serving in the State cavalry commanded by Major Nelson, the amount of the judgments which they have obtained, and which are now unsatisfied.

Fifth. To the officers, or their legal representatives, who served in the navy of Virginia during the war of the revolution, the amount of the judgments which they have obtained, and which are now unsatisfied.

**Sec. 3. And be it further enacted,** That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby directed and required, to adjust and settle those claims for half pay of the officers of the aforesaid regiments and corps, which have not been paid or prosecuted to judgments against the State of Virginia, and for which said State would be bound on the principles of the half pay cases already decided in the Supreme Court of Appeals of said State; which several sums of money herein directed to be settled or paid shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated by law.  
Approved, July 5, 1832.

An ACT to provide for the appointment of a Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and for other purposes.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a Commissioner of Indian Affairs, who shall, under the direction of the Secretary of War, and agreeably to such regulations as the President may, from time to time, prescribe, have the direction and management of all Indian affairs, and of all matters arising out of Indian relations, and shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars per annum.

**Sec. 2. And be it further enacted,** That the Secretary of War shall arrange or appoint to the said office the number of clerks necessary therefor, so as not to increase the number now employed; and such sum as is necessary to pay the salary of said commissioner for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, shall be, and the same hereby is appropriated out of any money in the Treasury.

**Sec. 3. And be it further enacted,** That all accounts and vouchers for claims and disbursements connected with Indian affairs, shall be transmitted to the said commissioner for administrative examina-

tion, and by him passed to the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department for settlement; and all letters and packages to and from the said commissioner, touching the business of his office, shall be free of postage.

**Sec. 4. And be it further enacted,** That no ardent spirits shall be hereafter introduced, under any pretence, into the Indian country.

**Sec. 5. And be it further enacted,** That the Secretary of War shall, under the direction of the President, cause to be discontinued, the services of such agents, sub-agents, interpreters, and mechanics, as may, from time to time, become unnecessary, in consequence of the emigration of the Indians, or other causes.  
Approved, July 9, 1832.

An ACT to enable the President to extinguish Indian title within the State of Indiana, Illinois, and Territory of Michigan.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the sum of twenty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, for the purpose of holding Indian treaties, and of finally extinguishing Indian title, within the State of Indiana, and so much of the lands of the Potawatamies as lies in the State of Illinois and Territory of Michigan.  
Approved, July 9, 1832.

An ACT to extend the period within which the charter of the Provident Association of Clerks was limited.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the act of Congress passed on the fifteenth day of February, eighteen hundred and nineteen, entitled "An act to incorporate the Provident Association of Clerks in the Civil Department of the United States, in the District of Columbia," and "An act amendatory of the act entitled 'An act to incorporate the Provident Association of Clerks in the Civil Department of the Government of the United States, in the District of Columbia,'" approved the third day of March, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, shall continue in force until Congress, shall amend, alter, or annul the same.  
Approved, July 9, 1832.

An ACT making appropriations for a custom-house in the city of New York, and for other purposes.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the Secretary of the Treasury shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed, with the approbation of the President of the United States, to purchase a site, and to cause a building to be constructed thereon to be used as a custom-house in the port of New York; and that the sum of two hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, or any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be applied to the purpose aforesaid.

**Sec. 2. And be it further enacted,** That for the improvement of Custom house squares at the port of New Haven, in the State of Connecticut, nine hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, provided the same shall be deemed expedient; to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

**Sec. 3. And be it further enacted,** That the following sums be appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose hereinafter mentioned, viz: for the erection or purchase of a Custom-house and public store at the port of Middletown, five thousand dollars; for the erection or purchase of a custom-house and public store at the port of New London, five thousand dollars; for the purchase of a lot, and the erection of a custom-house and public store at the port of New Bedford, fifteen thousand dollars; and for the purchase of a custom house at the port of Kennebec, sixteen hundred dollars; for completing the custom-house and fence around it, of the port of Newport, five hundred dollars.  
Approved, July 13, 1832.

An ACT to carry into effect certain Indian treaties.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the sum of one hundred and fifty-seven thousand six hundred and ninety-four dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, in addition to the balance remaining unexpended in the Treasury, already appropriated to defray the expenses of transporting and subsisting such portions of the various tribes of Indians as have heretofore emigrated west of the Mississippi, or as may emigrate during the present year, in conformity with the provisions of various treaties entered into with them: For the payment of the account of John Drew, a Cherokee Indian, three thousand four hundred and thirty-five dollars and thirteen cents. For the payment of John W. Flowers, a Cherokee Indian, five hundred dollars.  
Approved, July 13, 1832.

**Sec. 2. And be it further enacted,** That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause any unsatisfied claims of John W. Flowers, Nicholas Miller, William Drew, and Joseph Rodgers, Cherokee Indians, for stock lost by them, respectively, by spoliation committed by citizens of the United States, in the years one thousand eight hundred and twenty eight, and one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, in the Territory in Arkansas, ceded to the United States by the Cherokee tribe of Indians, in the month of May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty eight, to be settled and paid in the same manner as if such spoliation had been committed before the cession of the said Territory, on the principles of the act of Congress, approved March thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and two, entitled "An act to regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes, and to preserve peace on the frontiers;" and that the Secretary of War be directed to endeavor to ascertain the names of the persons who committed the depredations upon the property of said Indians, and take suitable steps for the prosecution and punishment of such persons; and also, for the recovery of the value of the property plundered or destroyed by them.

**Sec. 3. And be it further enacted,** That the said sums be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.  
Approved, July 13, 1832.

An ACT extending further the right of debtors to the port of Key West, and altering the limits of the district of Key West.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That all ships or vessels, and merchandise, arriving in the United States, from and after the first day of August next, from the Cape of Good Hope, or from any place beyond the same, shall be admitted to make entry at the port of entry of Key West.

**Sec. 2. And be it further enacted,** That hereafter, all the ports, harbors, shores, and waters, of that part of Florida extending from India river to Tampa Bay and of the islands opposite and nearest thereto, be, and the same are hereby, annexed to, and shall form a part of, the collection district of Key West.

An ACT authorizing the Secretary of War to pay to the Seneca tribe of Indians, by balance of an annuity of six thousand dollars, usually paid to said Indians, and remaining unpaid for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty nine.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the Secretary of War be authorized to pay to the Seneca tribe of Indians, the sum of two thousand six hundred and fourteen dollars and forty cents, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, that being the balance due on the annuity payable to said Indians for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine.  
Approved, July 13, 1832.

An ACT authorizing the Secretary of War to pay to the Seneca tribe of Indians, by balance of an annuity of six thousand dollars, usually paid to said Indians, and remaining unpaid for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty nine.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That no other or greater duty of tonnage be levied in the ports of the United States on vessels owned wholly by subjects of Spain, coming from a port in Spain, than shall be the Secretary of the Treasury be ascertained to have been paid on American vessels in the ports of Spain previous to the twentieth October, one thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

**Sec. 3. And be it further enacted,** That vessels owned wholly by Spanish subjects, coming from any of the colonies of Spain, either directly or after touching at any other port or place, shall pay, in the ports of the United States, the same rate of duty on tonnage that shall be levied on American vessels in the Spanish colonial port from whence such Spanish vessel shall have last departed; the said amount to be ascertained by the Secretary of the Treasury, who is hereby authorized, from time to time, to give directions to the officers of the customs of the United States for the collection of such duties, so as to conform the said duties to any variation that may take place in the duties levied on American vessels in such Spanish ports.

**Sec. 3. And be it further enacted,** That whenever the President shall be satisfied that the discriminating or counter-vailing duties of tonnage levied by any foreign nation on the ships or vessels of the United States, shall have been abolished, he may direct that the tonnage duty on the vessels of such nation shall cease to be levied in the ports of the United States; and cause any duties of tonnage that may have been levied on the vessels of such foreign nation, subsequent to the abolition of its discriminating duties of tonnage to be refunded.

**Sec. 4. And be it further enacted,** That the second and third sections of this act shall be in force and take effect from and after the first day of January next.  
Approved, July 13, 1832.

An ACT to enforce Quarantine Regulations.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That it is in the opinion of the

Secretary of the Treasury, the revenue cutters, revenue boats, or revenue officers, employed or authorized to be employed for the purposes of the revenue should be insufficient to aid in the execution of the quarantine and health laws of any State, or the regulations made pursuant thereto, the said Secretary may cause to be employed such additional revenue boats and revenue officers as he may deem necessary for that purpose, the said revenue boats to be of such size and description as he may see proper. This act to continue in force until the fourth of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three.  
Approved, July 13, 1832.

An ACT to extend the time of using duty Land Warrants to officers and soldiers of the Revolutionary Army.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the time allowed for issuing military land warrants to the officers and soldiers of the revolutionary army shall be extended to the first day of January eighteen hundred and thirty-five.

**Sec. 2. And be it further enacted,** That the further quantity of three hundred thousand acres of land be, and the same is hereby appropriated, in addition to the quantity heretofore appropriated, by the act entitled "An act for the relief of certain officers and soldiers of the Virginia line and navy and of the continental army during the revolutionary war," approved the thirtieth of May, eighteen hundred and thirty, which said appropriation shall be applied in the manner provided by the said act to the unsatisfied warrants which have been or may be issued as therein directed to the officers and soldiers and others as described in the first, fifth, and seventh sections of said act.

**Sec. 3. And be it further enacted,** That the last paragraph of the first section of the said act which authorizes the issuing of warrants upon an affidavit that the original was lost, and upon the production of an official copy thereof, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.  
Approved, July 13, 1832.

An ACT authorizing the Secretary of War to pay to the Seneca tribe of Indians, by balance of an annuity of six thousand dollars, usually paid to said Indians, and remaining unpaid for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty nine.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the Secretary of War be authorized to pay to the Seneca tribe of Indians, the sum of two thousand six hundred and fourteen dollars and forty cents, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, that being the balance due on the annuity payable to said Indians for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine.  
Approved, July 13, 1832.

An ACT authorizing the entry of such merchandise arriving from the Cape of Good Hope, or beyond the same, at the port of Edgartown, in Massachusetts.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That from and after the first of August next, all vessels or merchandise, arriving in the United States from the Cape of Good Hope, or from any place beyond the same, may be entered at the port of Edgartown, in Massachusetts.  
Approved, July 13, 1832.

An ACT concerning the issuing of patents to aliens, for useful discoveries and inventions.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the privileges granted to the aliens described in the first section of the act, to extend the privilege of obtaining patents for useful discoveries and inventions to certain persons therein mentioned, and to enlarge and define the penalties for violating the rights of patentees, approved April seventeenth, eighteen hundred; be extended, in like manner to every alien, who, at the time of petitioning for a patent, shall be resident in the United States, and shall have declared his intention, according to law, to become a citizen thereof: Provided, That every patent granted by virtue of this act and the privileges thereto appertaining, shall cease and determine and become absolutely void without resort to any legal process to annul or cancel the same in case of a failure on the part of any patentee for the space of one year from the issuing thereof, to introduce into public use in the United States the invention or improvement for which the patent shall be issued; or in case the same for any period of six months after such introduction shall not continue to be publicly used and applied in the United States, or in case of failure to become a citizen of the United States, agreeably to notice given at the earliest period within which he shall be entitled to become a citizen of the United States.  
Approved, July 13, 1832.

An ACT to carry into effect certain Indian treaties.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the sum of one hundred and fifty-seven thousand six hundred and ninety-four dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, in addition to the balance remaining unexpended in the Treasury, already appropriated to defray the expenses of transporting and subsisting such portions of the various tribes of Indians as have heretofore emigrated west of the Mississippi, or as may emigrate during the present year, in conformity with the provisions of various treaties entered into with them: For the payment of the account of John Drew, a Cherokee Indian, three thousand four hundred and thirty-five dollars and thirteen cents. For the payment of John W. Flowers, a Cherokee Indian, five hundred dollars.  
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Approved, July 13, 1832.

**JOB PRINTING**  
EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH,  
THIS OFFICE.