

FRIDAY, OCT. 23, 1832.

FOR PRESIDENT ANDREW JACKSON OF TENNESSEE. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT PHILIP P. BARBOUR OF VIRGINIA.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL QUARTERLY MEETING

Will commence at Wesley's Chapel, Ten miles North-East of Salisbury, the 20th, Nov. next. Preachers and friends are generally invited to attend.

On Wednesday last commenced the session of the Presbyterian Synod of North Carolina, in this place.

Van Burenism - It is really astonishing to witness the effects Van Burenism produces on the minds of our votaries. He must truly be a "magician" for wherever he waves his wand and throws his magic spell, from thence every thing like political principle flies away. We have a woful example of this before us in several of the Van Buren papers published in this State. These papers set out, professing the doctrines of the Republican party, and for a while supported them; but no sooner did Van Buren enter their columns, than Republicanism disappears. You hear nothing now about State-rights, or the "doctrines of '98"; all are forgotten, and Van Buren is the burden of their song. The bird of night is not more uncaring in his cry of whip-poor-will whip-poor-will; than these editors are with the cry of Van Buren! the great Van Buren! the sweet little fellow that ever lived!

At the office these editors professed to be against the Tariff, - but, now we hear but little of the Tariff from them unless it is a left-handed justification of it. Whence comes this? Why here is the secret, - Martin Van Buren voted for the Tariff, - and now justifies the Tariff - and it will do for his followers to show the Tariff, for fear of injuring the man.

Can not these editors raise their minds a little above the trammels of faction, - of mere many-wrath, and look to principle? They ought to remember, that they live in the South, and that we are contending not only for Southern rights, but for LIBERTY. What is Martin Van Buren, or any of the candidates for the Vice Presidency compared to the great principles of right and liberty, for which the people of the South are now contending.

SENTIMENT OF LIBERTY. General Lafayette, at a festival given to him in Boston, on his last visit here, offered the following toast: - "The City of Boston, the Cradle of Liberty. May Faneuil Hall ever stand a monument, to teach the world, that resistance to aggression is a duty, and will under true Republican institutions become a blessing!"

In looking over the debates in the North Carolina Convention, assembled for the purpose of considering the Federal constitution, we were struck with the following remark of Judge Spencer; after expressing himself in favor of giving to Congress the power to lay and collect excise taxes, he said: - "I confess that this is a kind of tax so odious to a free people, that I would with great reluctance agree to its exercise; - but it is obvious that unless such excise taxes are levied, the public treasury will be all done by these parts of the community which do not manufacture for themselves." Here, we see, that Judge Spencer in 1788 partly foresaw, what is now felt by the people of the South; that the Non-Manufacturing States pay all the taxes.

THE TARIFF. Some time since we quoted some extracts from resolutions adopted by the Legislatures of North Carolina and Alabama, upon the subject of the Tariff, with the promise to make similar extracts from the resolutions of Virginia. We now fulfil our promise: -

VIRGINIA. In reply to resolutions passed by South Carolina and Georgia in 1828 upon the subject of the Tariff, Virginia adopted an address and resolutions, the last of which, alone, we will quote at present: -

Resolved, that this General Assembly of Virginia, actuated by the desire of guarding the constitution from all violation, anxious to preserve and perpetuate the Union, and to execute with fidelity the trust reposed in it by the people, in one of the high contracting parties, feels itself bound to declare, and it hereby most solemnly declares, its deliberate conviction, that the acts of Congress usually denominated the Tariff laws, passed avowedly for the protection of domestic manufactures are not authorized by the plain construction, truest and nearest meaning of the constitution.

Georgia, North and South Carolina, Alabama and Mississippi adopted similar resolutions. So that it will thus be seen that every one of these six farming States have pronounced the Tariff laws, not only oppressive and unjust, but also, unconstitutional. We will continue to make extracts from the resolutions adopted by the legislatures of these States. The election for members of the legislature in South Carolina took place on the 8th and 9th inst. The Nullification party, (as it is called, have succeeded by large majorities in almost every district. The Governor has issued his proclamation, for the purpose of calling an extra session of the legislature. It will meet this day (Monday.)

Moore, in his life of Lord Edward Fitzgerald the Irish Patriot, in speaking of his character makes the following remarks: - Among those traits of character which adorned him as a member of social life, there is one which, on every account, is far too important not to be brought prominently forward in any professed picture of him, and this was the strong and pure sense which he entertained of religion. So much is it the custom of those who would bring discredit upon freedom of thought in politics, to represent it as connected invariably with his opinions upon religion, that it is of no small importance to be able to refer to two such instances as Lord Edward Fitzgerald and the younger Emmet, - in both of whom the freest range of what are called revolutionary principles was combined with a warm and steady belief in the doctrines of Christianity.

Of the right of the oppressed to resist, few in these days would venture to express a doubt; - the monstrous doctrine of passive obedience having long since fallen into disrepute. To be able to do, however, with any precision, the point at which obedience may cease, and resistance to the undue stretch of authority begin, is a difficulty which must forever remain vague & undirected the application of the principle; - a vagueness of which the habitual followers of power avoirdly take advantage, and while they concede the right of resistance as a general proposition, hold themselves free to object to every particular instance of it.

THE SUPREME COURT. "If the time shall ever come - which Heaven avert! - when men shall be placed in the supreme tribunal of the country, who entertain opinions hostile to the just powers of the Constitution, we shall then be visited by an evil defying all remedy. Our case will be "past surgery." - From that moment, the Constitution is at an end."

"If the President should at any time violate his duty, his term of office is short, and popular elections may apply a reasonable remedy. But the Judges of the Supreme Court possess, for very good reasons, an independent tenure of office. No election reaches them. If, with this tenure they betray their trusts, Heaven save us!" - Webster's Speech at New York, in 1831.

After quoting the above, the Banner of the Constitution says: - To us it appears that Mr. Webster has, in his honest mission, done more to weaken the confidence of his own friends in the impartiality of the Supreme Court, than any thing that has ever been done by political opponents."

VIRGINIA ELECTORS.

It will be remembered that the Charlottesville Convention, assembled in Virginia for the purpose of devising the best means of securing the election to the V. Presidency of an individual of sound political faith and opposed to the unconstitutional and mischievous course of the Federal Government, nominated P. P. Barbour for that station. To avoid the danger of defeating Gen. Jackson, the convention adopted the Electoral Ticket already nominated by the Legislative Caucus, which ticket professed to be uncommitted upon the Vice Presidency. The plan intended was, that the voter should endorse on the back of his ticket the name of the individual whom he preferred for the Vice Presidency, and that the Electors should give the vote of the state to the person whom a majority might prefer. A circular was addressed to the Caucus Electors, requesting to know whether they would abide by such instruction given at the polls. With the exception of two or three, these gentlemen replied, in effect, that they would NOT! They say they will carry into effect the intentions of the Caucus that nominated them, and not the expressed will of the people, should that will conflict with the designs of the Caucus! These doctrines are avowed in republican Virginia! Shame, shame! The Richmond Enquirer has been looked to as expressing the sentiments of the republicans of Virginia. - We now ask Mr. Ritchie, in sincerity and candor, if he approves the principle avowed in the replies of these gentlemen? - and if he does not, why does he remain silent and suffer the people to be robbed of their dearest right? Will Mr. R. have the kindness to answer? - He can do much to arrest the progress of this fatal heresy in the Old Dominion - will he do it? Oxford Examiner.

Judge Mangum. - At a meeting of the caucus at Hillsboro', resolutions were passed expressive of the confidence and esteem which they entertained in relation to the political course of the Judge during the late session of Congress, and requesting the honor of his company at a public dinner, which he declined, stating that when he looked at the past history of Orange county and her public men, and the long and distinguished service of some of them in various public stations, & remembered that it has never been our custom to greet them with similar demonstrations of public sentiment; every man of delicacy would readily comprehend the reasons that render a compliance on his part absolutely impossible. It is, (said he) an honor that should be reserved for great occasions and for illustrious services. And besides, I have so much respect for the plain, unostentatious and respectable habits of our people, that I am sure you will pardon me for saying, I doubt whether they would be improved by the introduction of a practice which, on ordinary occasions, I think, is more honorable in the breach than in the observance.

Fatal Accident. - The Rutherfordton Spectator says: - We are informed by a correspondent, under date of McCannell's Store, Macon county, Sept. 2, that on the 30th ult. the people of that neighborhood were called on to witness a scene of the greatest distress in the sudden and melancholy death of Mr. Lankin Farler. Several individuals were engaged in "deer driving," and as it was usual each took his stand. Mr. Farler took his on one side of the Tuckasee river, while Mr. John Dilliard, Jr. took his on the opposite side but both some distance above. When the deer went into the river opposite Mr. D. Mr. F. left his stand and ran up the river to where the deer had first entered it. Mr. Dilliard in shooting at the deer, which was then swimming between himself and Mr. F., in the river, missed his aim and the shot struck Mr. Farler, who survived but a short time. Mr. F. was a respectable citizen of the neighborhood, and has left a widowed wife and four children to mourn his untimely fate.

Mr. Randolph. - The Charlottesville Advocate, of the 21st ult. observes: - From Charlotte county, we learn that Mr. Randolph's health is now better than it has been for many years - and that it is likely (should he consent to serve) that Capt. Richardson, the member elect for that county, will vacate his seat in the House of Delegates, in order that Mr. R. may be elected to that body. That Mr. R. will be a candidate for Congress next spring, we believe there is but little doubt.

COOPER'S new novel "the Herdeman or the Benedictines" - a legend of the Rhine, - has just been issued from the press of Carey and Lea. We anticipate a great pleasure in the perusal. The Rhine is a spot for romance worthy of the genius of Cooper, and next to meeting him upon native ground, illustrating the scenes, the manners, the men and the history of America, we shall be glad to follow him to the banks of the "beautiful Rhine," and listen while he recounts to us a legend of the old days, in a land which is now awakening so deep an interest throughout the civilized world. A story of the Rhine, - of Germany, - told by Cooper, cannot but be attractive and popular. We shall betake ourselves to the enjoyment, with one drawback in anticipation! - the volumes unlookingly look very thin; and the margins rather wide. Balt. Amv.

From a grave-stone in a church-yard in Dorsetshire, Eng. - answered by a gentleman, on the widower's marrying again in a fortnight: -

EPITAPH. For me deceased, weep not, my dear, I am not dead, but sleepeth here; Your time will come, prepare to die; Wait but awhile, you'll follow I.

ANSWER. I am not grieved, my dearest life; Sleep on - I've got another wife; And therefore cannot come to thee, For I must go to bed to thee.

DIED. In this town, on Thursday the 11th inst., William son of Mr. Horace H. Beard, aged about seven months. In the vicinity of this place, on Tuesday last Mr. John Pool.

MARKETS.

Table with market prices for various goods like Bacon, Beef, Cotton in seed, etc. Columns include item names and prices.

ELECTION. NOTICE is hereby given, that an election will be held in this county on the 2nd Thursday of November (it being the 8th day of the month) for the purpose of electing Electors to vote for President and Vice-President of the United States. The polls will be opened at the following places, to wit: Salisbury, Neely's Mill, Mocksville, Thompson's Mill, Home's, Morgan's and Brickhouse's, Pickett's Store, being the places appointed by the County Court for holding elections in said county. F. SLATER, S'g'ff. Oct. 17th 1832. 348

THE number of applicants for pensions under the recent act of Congress, already exceeding 12,000, together with the state of the health of this city for some time past, has prevented the examination and decision of these claims, with as much speed as is anxiously desired by the Department, and as is due to the services and sufferings of these meritorious veterans, entitled to the bounty of their own country. When it is recollected that these claims contain a minute statement of facts by the applicants, embracing their whole revolutionary service, together with such corroborating proof, circumstantial and direct, as they are able to collect, and that all these are investigated and compared with the rolls and other records of the Department, and that this process is necessarily a laborious one, and that the granting of fraudulent ones, and that nothing will ensure the latter object, but the most careful examination and rigid scrutiny, some idea may be formed of the time and labor requisite to effect these objects. It is impossible to go on with the current business of the office, and to answer all the letters, as they are received.

And this notice is given that applicants may be satisfied the cases will be investigated to the order of their reception, and as rapidly as possible; and that each person will be advised of the result, whether favorable or adverse, or whether suspended for further proof, or explanations, as soon as his case can be taken up. And all may rest assured that the most vigorous efforts will be made to bring this whole matter to a close, with as little delay as possible; and nothing in the power of the Department will be wanting, to give effect to the benevolent intentions of Congress. By order: JAMES L. EDWARDS.

Publishers of the Lays of the United States are requested to insert the above notice four times in each of their respective newspapers. October 6. 449

HARRIS & SHAVER, Carriage-Makers, RESPECTFULLY inform their old customers and the public generally, that they are at present carrying on their business very extensively at their new establishment on the street, running south-east from the Court-House, just below the shop of the late Doct. Ferrand. There are six or seven workmen engaged in their establishment, by whom work will be executed on short notice in good style.

GIGS, SULKIES, BAROUCHES, &c. all such things, (Wheeled or without Harness) as the purchaser chooses. From their experience in their business, they feel as much competency as can be found elsewhere in this section of the State. Their prices are low, and they will warrant their work. All kinds of repairing done in the most stable and perfect manner. We have just employed a first rate northern Harness Maker, for the purpose of supplying our work with sets, so that nothing may be wanting to rush from our shop in style. It will afford us much pleasure to accommodate our friends and receive compensation equivalent. HARRIS & SHAVER. Salisbury, October 1, 1832. 451

CHARLESTON and CHERAW. THE STEAM BOAT MACON. CAPT. J. C. GRAM having been engaged last summer, in running between Charleston and Cheraw calling at Geo. Town on her way up and down, will resume her Trips in the course of a few days and is intended to be continued in the trade the ensuing season. Her exceeding light draft of Water drawing when loaded only about four, and a half feet water will enable her to reach Cheraw at all times except an uncommon low water, when her cargo will be lightened: the Expense of Boat. J. B. CLOGH. Charleston Sept. 26, 1831. N. B. She has comfortable accommodations for a few passengers. 924f

W. J. JONES ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will practice in the Courts of this County, in Davidson, Mecklenburg & Cabarrus. His office is a few doors below the Court-House. October 8th, 1832.

REMOVAL. HULE & GADE, RESPECTFULLY INFORM their friends and the public in general that they have moved their STOCK of GOODS to the store attached to the Mansion Hotel. Persons wishing to buy would do well to call, and price Goods as bargains will be given, the usual credit will be given to punctual dealers. Iron, Cotton, Feathers, Beeswax, Tallow, tow Cloth, Linsey, &c. will be taken in exchange for Goods. Our friends will find a convenient place for hitching their Horses in a lot between our store and the shoe store of Mr. Thos. Mull jr. which is next door. 621f

DR. ISHBEI SMITH, PRESENTS his respects to his former patrons, and to the citizens of Rowan in general, and informs them that he has returned home with a view of resuming the practice of medicine and surgery. Since he left home, he has devoted the whole of his time to the study of his profession, in its various branches, and he flatters himself that his time has not been unprofitably spent, his opportunities for improvement having been very great, such as are afforded in the medical institutions of Paris and London, generally acknowledged to be the best in the world. When not professionally engaged, he may always be found in his office on Main Street, adjoining the store of Messrs. Hackett & Leamy, and will always give strict attention to those who may favor him with their patronage. Salisbury, Oct. 1, 1832. 441f

Notice. THE undersigned having been appointed to execute the last will and testament of James B. Hampton, dec'd. will expose to public sale, on the 15th day of Nov. next, at his plantation, the late residence of Matthew Locke, dec'd. on Grants Creek, the following property, to wit: Six head of good work Horses, 8 or 10 head of Cattle, about 100 head of Hogs in good order, a Threshing Machine and plank to make the cog wheel, Fan Mill, Waggon and Gear, Farming Utensils, an excellent Gig and Harness, three or four hundred bushels of old Corn, seven or eight hundred of new Corn, Oats, Hay, Fodder, Wheat, and several other articles. The usual credit will be given. All those indebted to the estate, are required to make immediate payment, and those having demands against the same, are requested to present them within the time prescribed by law. JOHN C. PALMER, Ex'r. Salisbury, Oct. 10th 1832. 3137

NEW BINDERY. WITH a view to the more efficient prosecution of their business, the Subscribers have established a BOOK-BINDERY. Having procured the best Materials from the North, and employed a Workman who comes well recommended, they are prepared to execute on moderate terms, all orders in this line. Account Books, Records, &c. ruled and made to order; and every kind of Binding promptly executed to the best and newest manner, on reasonable terms. 561f J. GALES & SON. Rutherford, Aug. 2, 1832.

STILLS AND TIN WARE. THE subscriber continues the manufacture of STILLS & TIN WARE, warranted to be made of the best materials, and in a superior style of workmanship. Having a large stock of Stills and Tin-ware on hand, and being determined to sell at reduced prices, merchants and others would do well to call on him and get their supplies. P. Old Corner, Feathers, Tallow Beeswax and Wool taken in exchange. WANTED, two first rate Journeyman Tin plate workmen, of steady habits, that are accustomed to work on machinery, to whom constant employment and liberal wages will be given. DANIEL H. CROSS. Sept. 7th. 1832. 620f

Ranaway FROM the Subscriber on the night of the 31st August last, my negro man TOM, about 22 or 25 years old, black complexioned, had on a blue broad cloth coat and pantaloons, black fur hat, (fashionable) about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, stout built. Prom what I can learn from different sources, I am induced to believe, that he has been persuaded to leave me by some white person, who has promised him his freedom on their reaching some free State. I will pay ten dollars to any person who will confine him in any jail in the state, so that I get him again. SENNACA TURNER. Cabarrus County, N. C. (Of the Miners' & Farmers' Journal) are requested to publish the above until forbid, and forward their account to D. Storke, P. M. Concord and it shall be liquidated on sight. 401f S. TURNER.

BOOKS. Tutors - Gentlemen, who have books belonging to my Office are respectfully requested to return them, particularly Walker's large Dictionary and the 2d. vol. of Murphy's reports, in which book is written the name of A. R. Ruffin Esq. 361f JOHN GILES. August 6th, 1832.

NEW FANCY SPRING & SUMMER GOODS. HACKETT & LEAMLY ARE now receiving and opening a general assortment of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, selected with great care from the markets of New-York and Philadelphia of the latest importations. Their stock consists in part of Superfine Blue and Black cloths Do. Brown & Black olive do. Do. Invisible Green do. Fancy Casimires, Satinets & black listings; Merino do's, Brocheles and circasians, Brown do's, Mixed Eraminette, Yellow Necker and linen checks, French and plaid Drillings, Mexican mixture, Grass linen, English cassimere, German 2/2 Irish linen, Linen Table and towel diaper, &c. A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Marcelline and Venetian Vestings, A GREAT VARIETY OF FANCY Prints, Ginghams and Muslins, Tickings, fleeced and Brown, Sheetings and Shirtings, Furniture dummies and Cotton fringes, Black Italian Silk, Scotch & Farsinet do. Blue cloth silk cambrils, Chas. gros de Naples, Milanese and de Romania Gause, Poesees, flag and bandana Handkerchiefs, Crimson Piques do. Fancy Gains and Crapes do. Scarfs, silk mittin, and rich figured vestings Silk and cotton Hosiery. A GREAT VARIETY OF RICH Fancy bonnet, belt and cap ribbons, Silk aprons, Linen cambric handkerchiefs, fans, &c. Diamond Straw Bonnets, Polish do. do. Belgian do. do. Palm leaf hats, Leghorn bonnets, fur and wool do. A GREAT VARIETY OF Latin and Greek School Books, Shoes, Maroones shirts, Hardware and Cutlery, Glass and Crockery-ware, &c. &c. A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Carpenter's Tools, consisting of every article made use of by Carpenters in this part of the Country. Slated's Trimmings, Plated Brass Japan, and Prince's mettle, Harness mounting, coach fringe and lace, A good assortment of Groceries, &c. &c. ALL of which, they are determined to sell as low as goods can be had in this part of the country. Purchasers will do well to call and see our stock and hear price before they buy. H. & L. are grateful to the Public for their very liberal patronage heretofore, and hope by strict attention to business, and selling goods cheap, to merit a continuance of the same. 211f Salisbury, April 29th 1832.

The Greatest Bargain. THE subscriber offers his possess ions on Yarrow Branch, Barrowell District, consisting of upwards of four thousand acres of prime Land, unexceptionably healthy and pleasant, with a set of prime MILLS, saw and Grist, with two pair of stones, one of which is prime for flour. The saw Mill is of the best Light wood, and is as sound and good as when first built. A great quantity of saw timber is yet within a mile of the Mill, from which I have realized from \$3,500 to \$4000 annually, exclusive of the Grist-Mill. On the premises are a good Dwelling House, Barn, and Stables with good stalls, Store House, Kitchen and negro-houses, all with shingle Roofs and brick Chimneys, with every necessary out-building, a large new palled Garden, &c. &c. 3 to 400 acres cleared Land in good order, and a quantity of very rich Swamp Land on the Creek, 6 acres cleared and in view. The Land is all in one body round the Mills; all of which is offered at the very reduced price of six thousand dollars, one fifth cash; balance in four annual instalments. Those who wish to go right into money making, are requested to call and examine for themselves. Bargains also can be had in stock of every kind and Corn, Fodder, Peas, wheat, Rye, &c. provided the premises are sold. ROBERT WILLIS. Sept. 17. 4147

LAW NOTICE. BURTON CRAIG will practice law in the county courts of Rowan. He may at all times, be found, at the office of the Carolinian. 608

Runaway ON the 10th of September last, from my plantation in Jones county, two negroes, one named WASHINGTON, about 27 years of age, a very bright mulatto, on one of his hands there is a scar occasioned by a fire; he will change his name and endeavor to pass for a free man. The other named JOHN, a common mulatto, about 30 years of age, very intelligent; he will probably pass as the servant of Washington, and change his name. A reward of 25 Dollars will be given for the delivery of either in any jail, so that I can get them. JAMES LAMAR. October 16th. 431f

WAGGONERS. Driving to Fayetteville, WILL find it to their advantage, to stop at the wagon Yard, where every convenience is provided for Man and Horse, to make them comfortable, at moderate charge of 25 cents a day and night, for the privilege of the Yard, the use of a good board, fire, water, and shelter. Attached to the Yard, are a Grocers and Provision Store, Bread Shop and Confectionary, and a House for Boarders and Lodgers in a plain, cheap, wholesome and comfortable style. Fayetteville April, 1st 1832.