

VARIETY.

It is a custom in some parts of New England to farm out the keeping of the poor, and to sell at public vendue (auction) would be a contradiction the right of feeding the poor.

The market is usually in November and December of each year, when about 5000 are sold, of all colors, to worse than southern bondage.

A Roarer from Buncombe.—A man from Buncombe, N. C. (or that quarter) recently sold a firkin of butter to a gentleman in this place, the curious may see by calling at our office.

A CONSOLIDATION OF ARDENT SPIRITS. A gentleman, who had a vow in heaven and a promise on earth, not to drink a drop of ardent spirits, lately, at a grocery, called for half a dozen crackers—which he "mouched, and mounded, and mounded," like the sailor's wife in Macbeth.

"I did not drink it," said one;—"nor I,"—"nor I,"—"said another and another. "Have you drunk it, Mister?" said he to the man with the crackers.

"I'll explain the other with apparent astonishment—"I'd have you to know, sir, I'm a temperance man. I have a vow in heaven, and a promise to the Society to which I belong, not to drink a drop of ardent spirits."

"Well, I can't help that. One thing I know—I left my sling standing here, and now it's gone—and you look to me just as if you was the man that drank it."

"I declare, upon my soul, I have not drunk a drop of it." "It may be so—but—" "But I'll have no buts about it. What I say is as true as I stand here; and I appeal to those gentlemen, who have had their eyes on me all the time, if I drank a drop of your liquor!"

"He's right, to the letter," said one of them—"but as to the spirit, that's another matter." "You would not insinuate—" "I insinuate nothing—I will merely inform your accuser, that his liquor insinuated itself into your crackers; and thus, instead of drinking it, you took it in a consolidated state."—N. Y. Transcript.

We wonder whether it never occurs to those who are continually denouncing the United States Bank as a monster of mischief, and at the same time lauding Gen. Jackson to the skies for extinguishing (as they say) the National Debt, that without the agency of the Bank, in producing a sound currency, and in collecting and disbursing the public revenues free of cost, the Debt could not have been paid off for many, many years to come.

It is not possible to foresee the CONTINGENCIES that may check either the present large importations of merchandise or large sales of land, and consequently reduce the revenue derived from them; or that may require an INCREASE in OUR ARMY or NAVY EXPENDITURES, arising from those unfortunate collisions to which all nations are liable that feel disposed to SUSTAIN THE FAITH OF TREATIES, vindicate their public rights, and protect, efficiently, their commerce and citizens.

sex in and about the vicinity of Galena, says that a man who dwelt in that desolate region—lately walked twenty miles to obtain sight of a pretty woman.—Am. Sent.

Grave Amusement.—The following introduction to a piece of poetry in a late number of the Springfield Republican, is quite a novel to us: "The following lines were written more than sixty years ago, by one who has for many years slept in the grave, merely for his own amusement."

A chance Passenger.—The steambot Erie, on her trip down the Hudson yesterday, increased the number of her passengers without the inconvenience of going ashore for them; the wife of a Mr. Bennett, one of the passengers, having given birth to a fine boy, who was by general consent named Gilbert Erie Bennett. And a purse of fifteen or twenty dollars was made up for the benefit of the extemporaneous voyageur.

Empty is the house of a childless man, as empty as the mind of a bachelor; empty are all quarters of the world to an ignorant man, but poverty is total emptiness.

A prudent person should not discover his poverty, his self-torments, the disorders of his house, his uncauses, or his disgrace.

MURDER OF A WIFE AND FOUR CHILDREN, BY A HUSBAND.

A most horrible tragedy was lately consummated at London.—A German optician, named Stemburgh, residing at 17 Southampton Street, Pentonville, destroyed his wife and four children, and then committed self-murder by the same means. When discovered, he was found lying in the kitchen, with his throat cut—his wife and infant lay in the bed room in their night clothes, their heads almost severed from their bodies—two children were also found dead, in the same manner, while a third, who must have awoke during the horrid butchery, and attempted to make his escape, was found in the workshop; one of his fingers and part of his shoulders completely cut from his body, no doubt in struggling for existence.

Murder and Suicide.—About six o'clock yesterday afternoon, a young gentleman of respectable connections in Southwark, committed, in a fit of infuriate jealousy, a deed seldom equalled in atrocity and horror. He repaired to the house of the object of his jealous affections, Mary Davis, in Travis' court, South street, between fifth and sixth streets, and murdered the girl, by cutting her throat! The arteries were completely severed, and the miserable girl fell and died at once. The maddened wretch then turned his knife against himself, and in another moment the murderer was a suicide. A Coroner's Inquest was held at once over the bodies.—Philadelphia Com. Intelligencer.

Another Fiendish Murder.—We learn from the Savannah Georgian of the 8th instant, that a most inhuman murder was committed in Savannah on Friday night the 5th instant. James Wise, a young man from Bulloch county, came to Savannah to purchase his wedding clothes, (being about to be married), and attended a party at Spring Hill, where a dispute arose between him and a person named Harden. Wise left the house, and was stabbed in the back, between the heads of the seventh and eighth ribs, by a dirk knife, which penetrated the cavity of the chest, passed through the left lung, and entirely through the aorta, producing immediate death. The murderer has been lodged in jail.

A "war of opinion" recently broke out in the village of Exeter, (N. H.) among the cotton factory girls of that village. The revolution boomed blood and thunder for a short time, but happily terminated upon the principle of the uti possidetis. The war grew out of a difference of opinion between the girls and the agent of the factory as to the precise time when it was half past seven o'clock, the right time for the termination of the day's labour. It was finally adjusted by the very proper stipulation on the part of the agent, that in all future computations, half-past seven is not to be construed to mean eight o'clock.—Courier and Enquirer.

The Eclipse does not appear to have been as successful in pleasing the audience at the Eastward, as among us. The Boston Gazette complains that the moon obstinately refused to cover the sun's disc as she might have done, and consequently the darkness, tho' respectable enough, was nothing to what might have been "expected under the circumstances." In short, the whole affair was "so great things"—and the Editor even pronounces it a failure. Eclipses, he says, has very much degenerated since 1806. The Bostonians are celebrated for their severe taste and rigid criticism, in all matters not "specially got up" by themselves, and we should not be much surprised if they should actually have one during the season of "domestic manufacture."—N. Y. Courier and Enquirer.

Punctuality is the life of business. In nothing is the distinction between a country life and a city life more strongly marked, than in the observance of punctuality in appointments. We who live in cities have so many dealings with Banks, the Post-office, and Steamboats, which all adopt the rule that "time and tide wait for no man," that the clock-work system becomes imperceptibly engrained on our habits, so that we are punctual from a sort of second nature. If we have to go a distance, the walking on the pavement is always good. If we are likely to be a little late, we can jump into an omnibus. If it rains or snows hard, we can call a hack. In the city, the state of the weather is not allowed to be pleaded as an excuse for a breach of punctuality, unless the weather is extremely inclement, or unless the party cannot endure exposure. The effect of all this is, that no time is lost. No one is kept waiting for another, and the sacrifices of his time, which is money; and consequently those who live by work, as mechanics, merchants, tradesmen, lawyers, and editors of newspapers, are enabled to do more than they could do if nobody observed punctuality in their appointments.—Philadelphia Com. Intelligencer.

A newspaper is, of all publications, the one that can least admit of flourish in its typography, for as it falls into the hands of the unlearned as well as the learned, of children as well as grown people, it is right that every body that knows the English alphabet should be able to read it at least its name. Attention to small matters like this is of more consequence than some people suppose, and our own was drawn to it by the remarks of two respectable citizens, one of whom said that when absent from home, it was a great convenience, on turning over files of papers in a Reading Room, to see a Philadelphia paper with a distinct heading; and the other, that people often went to the Bank of which he was cashier, which had issued some notes with the word twenty written in German text, to know how much it was in English.—Philadelphia Gazette.

The Directors of the Boston Marine Insurance Companies have determined to add a clause to their policies, "excepting themselves from all risks growing out of any rupture with France."—Id.

MANSION HOTEL, Situated at the North Corner of the Courthouse, SALISBURY, N. C.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the Public in general, that they have recently purchased and taken possession of the above well-known Establishment. They deem it unnecessary to say any thing in regard to the location of the Hotel, as its many conveniences are already known to the travelling public, or can be seen at a single view of the premises: They therefore content themselves with assuring all who may have occasion to visit or travel through this section of country, (Stage-Passengers, Private Gentlemen, and Families) that the accommodations at the Mansion Hotel cannot be surpassed by any house in this State.

With a well-built and well-arranged house, elegant Dining and Lodging-Rooms, clean and well-aired Beds, first-rate Cooks, attentive and industrious Servants, well-furnished Table and Bar, and an accommodating Landlord, the proprietors of the Mansion Hotel can with the greatest confidence insure to all who may honor their house with patronage, a large amount of comfort.

Pecks & Wellford's Stage from the North, as well as the Lincolnton and Cheraw Stages, regularly arrive at and depart from the Mansion Hotel, several times each week; and, having an extensive and secure Stable, and Ostlers who are industrious and well-dressed, travellers in private conveyances or on horseback are assured that no pains will be spared to fit their horses for duty on the road after leaving the establishment.

HENRY W. CONNER, RICHARD W. LONG, Salisbury, November 8, 1834.—6m

LONG EXPECTED, But come at Last!

Samuel Craige & Co. Respectfully inform their friends, and the public in general, that their long expected supply of NEW GOODS Has at last been Received, At their Store, at Foster's Mill.

Their new assortment is fresh from the Northern Cities, and will be found to consist of FIRST QUALITY DRY-GOODS, HARD-WARE, Groceries, Cutlery, &c.

Which, together with their former stock, makes their present supply Very Large and Desirable.

Being determined to sell cheap for Cash or Country Produce, or on the usual credit to punctual customers, they hope to merit and receive a continuance of the patronage which they have heretofore enjoyed at the hands of a liberal public. S. C. & CO. Rowan Co., Nov. 29, 1834. 1f

Unity Classical School.

THE Fourth Session of the Classical School in the vicinity of the Catawba Springs, will commence on the first Monday in January 1835.

The Subscriber, having obtained the assistance of a Young Man who is a correct English Scholar, will be enabled to devote his time and attention more unreservedly to the Classical Students who may be committed to his care.

For more information with regard to the School, Parents and Guardians are referred to Messrs. Alfred M. Burton, Robert H. Burton, John D. Graham, Bartlett Shipp, Maj. Daniel M. Forney, and Dr. McLean. ROBERT G. ALLISON. December 6, 1834. 5t

Lincolnton Academy.

THE Examination of the Students under the care of Geo. W. Morrow will commence on the 26th of this instant, (Wednesday) and terminate the day following.

Parents and Guardians are particularly requested to attend. The Exercises of the Academy will be resumed on the first Monday in January. GEO. W. MORROW.

N.B. The price of Tuition per Session (in advance) for the Languages and Mathematics, will be \$12 50—for English Grammar, Geography, and Arithmetic, \$8. G. W. M. Lincolnton, Nov. 22, 1834.—9

Negroes for Sale.

WILL BE SOLD, BEFORE THE COURTHOUSE DOOR IN SALISBURY, On Thursday the 15th day of January next,

Between Thirty-Five and Forty Valuable Negroes.

Belonging to the Estate of Joseph Chambers, deceased, late of Rowan County.

It is, perhaps, the most valuable lot of Negroes ever offered for sale in this section of the country, the greater part of them being young, very likely, and of good character.

A credit of 12 months will be given, upon bond and security, with interest after six months. SAMUEL REEVES, Admin'r. December 13, 1834.—1ds

Five Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, on the 2nd instant, a Negro Man named JACK.—He is 23 or 24 years of age, about the middle height, rather of a yellow complexion, is a smart active looking man, but when spoken to has a down-look, and is a designing fellow. Jack had on, when last seen, a pair of brown homespun pantaloons and a round about coat.—The above reward will be promptly paid to any one who will deliver him in Salisbury. C. FISHER. December 6, 1834. 1f

P.S. It has been ascertained that Jack is in the possession of spurious free papers; and it is more than probable he is endeavoring to make his way to some of the Northern States. C. F.

NEGROES WANTED.

THE Subscriber wishes to purchase likely NEGROES, from 12 to 25 years of age. H. FORSYTH. Stateville, Dec. 13, 1834. 6t

DAVID L. POOL, Clock and Watch Maker, JEWELLER, AND SILVER-SMITH.



RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he still continues to carry on the above business, in all its various branches.

His Shop is still kept at the old stand on the Main Street in Salisbury, one door above the Store of S. Lemly & Son.

Watches and Clocks of every kind will be Repaired, at short notice, and on reasonable terms, and warranted for twelve months.

DAVID L. POOL Will always keep on Hand a Variety of Articles in his line of business—such as Patent Lever Watches, (English, French, Hunting, and Dutch;) Chains, Seals, and Keys, (gold and plated;) Breast-Pins and Finger-Rings; Ever-pointed Pencil Cases and Leads; Silver Ware; Spectacle Frames and Glasses; Pistols and Dirks; Pocket and Pen-Knives, (Rodgers's.) Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for articles purchased at his Shop, and in payment for work done and debts due. D. L. P. Salisbury, Nov. 15, 1834. 1f

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the firm heretofore existing, under the name of HARRIS & SHAVER, is dissolved, by mutual consent of the parties. All persons indebted to the said firm are requested to come forward immediately and settle their accounts; and those to whom we are indebted will please render their accounts to us for payment. GEORGE M. HARRIS, JOHN I. SHAVER. Salisbury, October 9, 1834.

THE CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS.



HERETOFORE carried on by the above concern, will still be continued by the undersigned, in all its various branches, at the old stand of Harris & Shaver. It is hoped that the liberal patronage heretofore extended to one of us will continue to be bestowed on our new establishment.

Ready-made Vehicles, of various kinds, on hand, and will be sold cheap; and REPAIRING of every description will be promptly attended to, and executed in the most faithful manner. JOHN I. SHAVER & Co. Salisbury, October 11, 1834. 1f

Travellers' Inn,

SITUATED SOUTHWEST OF THE COURTHOUSE, IN THE TOWN OF LEXINGTON, (N. CAROLINA.)

THE Subscriber takes this method of informing Travellers that he keeps a House of Entertainment in Lexington, (N. C.) on Main Street, Southwest of the Courthouse.

His Table will always be supplied with the best fare that a plentiful neighborhood can afford. His House being capacious, and attended by servants who are industrious and zealous to please, Travellers can always be accommodated with GOOD BEDS in rooms with fire-places. And last, but not the least important consideration, HORSES will always receive such attention, in the Stable of the Subscriber, that they may leave it with increased ability to do the service of the road. JOHN P. MABRY. Lexington, March 8, 1834. 1y

LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale a valuable Tract of LAND, containing 845 Acres, lying in Lincoln County, on the Catawba River, about 8 miles below Bentlie's Ford.

This Land is of a good quality, well adapted to cotton and all kinds of Grain. A considerable portion of it is low-ground and meadow. The Improvements, consisting of a Dwelling and all necessary out-houses, are new and convenient.

The terms will be made easy to the purchaser, and can be ascertained by addressing the subscriber, at Beattie's Ford, or the Catawba Springs Post-Office. JAMES CONNOR. September 6, 1834. 1f

ARKANSAW LAND AGENCY.

THE Subscriber is about to move to Batesville, in Arkansas Territory, and will attend to making purchases, selling land, and paying taxes, for non-residents. There are many tracts of Military Bounty Lands, which, if not attended to, will be sold for taxes, and lost.

Letters (post-paid) addressed to the Subscriber, at Batesville, Arkansas, will be promptly attended to. DAVID REINHARDT, Late of Lincolnton, N. C. September 27, 1834. 6m

NEGROES WANTED.

THE Subscriber wishes to purchase LIKELY NEGROES, from ten to thirty years old, and will pay the most liberal prices in Cash.

All who have such property to sell would do well to call on him, or Mr. John Jones, his Agent. He can be found at Mr. Slaughter's Hotel, in Salisbury, and Mr. Jones at Dr. Boyd's Hotel, in Charlotte.

He thinks it proper to say, that he is not concerned in business with Mr. James Huie, or with any other person. All Letters addressed to him, or Mr. Jones, will be punctually attended to. ROBERT HUIE. Salisbury, May 24, 1834. 1f

BECKWITH'S Anti-Dyspeptic Pills.

THOSE who are afflicted with HEAD-ACHES, HEART-BURNS, and other distressing symptoms of disordered stomach, bowels, and liver, may find relief in Dr. Beckwith's Anti-Dyspeptic Pills, which can be had at this Office—price fifty cents per box.

The Doctor, who once resided in this place, but now lives in Raleigh, has, after a long and extensive practice, been enabled to compound a most valuable remedy for the chronic diseases of the digestive organs, so common in Southern climates, especially with those who lead sedentary lives.

It would be an easy matter to make out certificates to prove that these Pills are a "sovereign remedy" for "all the ills that flesh is heir to;" but it is not pretended that they are an universal antidote. Certificates of the most respectable Physicians and other gentlemen can be shown to substantiate their efficacy in the particular class of diseases above spoken of; and the Editor of this paper can testify that he has derived speedy and permanent relief, in the use of them, from a most distressing and long-continued head-ache. Some of his friends tried them, at his suggestion, and experienced the same beneficial effects. Salisbury, June 14, 1834.—1f

FALL & WINTER FASHIONS FOR 1834-35.

HORACE H. BEARD, Tailor, BEGS leave to inform his friends, and the public in general, that orders in his line will always be thankfully received by him, and executed in the most Neat, Fashionable, and Durable manner—on terms as reasonable as any in this section of country. H. H. B. hopes, from his long practice of his business, (a number of years of which time he resided in the city of Philadelphia,) and from the general satisfaction he has heretofore given to his numerous respectable and fashionable customers, to merit and receive a portion of the patronage of the public in general.

He flatters himself that his CUTTING is really superior to any done in this State, as may be tested by the undisputed elegance of fit which attends garments made in his establishment. He is in the regular receipt of the Reports of the Fashions as they change both in the large cities of this country and of Europe—so that gentlemen may be satisfied that their orders will always be executed in the very latest style.

Orders from a distance will be attended to with the same punctuality and care as if the customer were present in person. Salisbury, May 17, 1834.—1y

REMOVAL.—Benjamin Fraley, TAILOR, informs his customers and the public in general, that he has Removed his Shop to the house adjoining the store of Mr. Wm. Murphy, at the east corner of the Courthouse, in the office of Mr. Matthew, on the Main Street—where he is prepared to do every description of work in the line of his business, in a style superior to any done in this section of country, on as reasonable terms as any, and on short notice.

R. F. regularly receives, from the Northern Cities, the Reports of the Fashions as they vary; and, as he has constantly in his employ a number of workmen who are first-rate, he is enabled to assure the public that the work done by him will be both fashionable and durable. Garments made by his workmen will in all cases be warranted to fit the customer.

Cutting-Out, for persons who have their work made up elsewhere, will be punctually attended to. Orders from a distance thankfully received, both for cutting out and making up work.

Produce received in part pay for work. To Tailors.—R. F. respectfully informs the C. G. that he is Agent for the Inventor of the Patent Mode of Cutting, which is now almost universally used at the North, and that he will give instruction to any one who may desire to be more perfect in that branch of the art, for a reasonable compensation. Salisbury, 1834.—1y B. FRALEY.

Current Prices of Produce, &c.

AT SALISBURY.....December 31.

Table listing prices for various commodities like Bacon, Brandy, apple, peach, pencil, Butter, Cotton, Corn, Coffee, Flour, Flaxseed, Lard, Mackerel, Peas, Potatoes, Sugar, Tea, Tobacco, Tallow, Whiskey, &c.

AT FAYETTEVILLE.....December 31.

Table listing prices for various commodities like Bacon, Brandy, peach, apple, Beeswax, Coffee, Cotton, Corn, Flaxseed, Lard, Mackerel, Peas, Potatoes, Sugar, Tea, Tobacco, Tallow, Whiskey, &c.

AT CHERAW, (S. C.).....December 31.

Table listing prices for various commodities like Bacon, Beeswax, Butter, Coffee, Cotton, Corn, Feathers, Flaxseed, Flour, Lard, Mackerel, Peas, Potatoes, Sugar, Tea, Tobacco, Tallow, Whiskey, &c.

AT COLUMBIA, (S. C.).....December 31.

Table listing prices for various commodities like Bacon, Brandy, peach, apple, Beeswax, Butter, Coffee, Cotton, Corn, Feathers, Flaxseed, Flour, Lard, Mackerel, Peas, Potatoes, Sugar, Tea, Tobacco, Tallow, Whiskey, &c.

AT CAMDEN, (S. C.).....December 13.

Table listing prices for various commodities like Bacon, Brandy, peach, apple, Beeswax, Butter, Coffee, Cotton, Corn, Feathers, Flaxseed, Flour, Lard, Mackerel, Peas, Potatoes, Sugar, Tea, Tobacco, Tallow, Whiskey, &c.