fourace and free country, that when his colleague and ; inself proposed to bring it before the American peo-is, who might never otherwise see the character of new who belong to party-live in it-stick to it right s wrong-with or against the Constitution-for or seatest the interties of the country-the proposition was denounced as a party measure, when such informa-tion belongw particularly to the people. Such party Mr. C. had abandoned. Thus called upon, he would peak boldly of himself; he would not turn on his heel administer the Government, its affairs were in such andition that the man who would undertake to reform it. would not be sustained; it was not an evil so much of the Government, as of party organization ; and yes reform or genelution appeared to be wholly inevitable. I say boldly (continued Mr. Calhoun) things are now come to such a crimis that no alternative is left but re-

frantion or revolution. Disorder and corruption reign anali sides ; pollution dominates in almost every depart-ment. Disorders prevail in other quarters not inferior in the depths of iniquity which with no little difficulty, and cut of the webs, and entanglements of much evasion, are been brought to light in the Post Office Department. from my soul I believe if the veil could be torn aside note outrageous malversations than even these could be fund to exist in the management of the public lands. f this means party, if not to be willing to shut my ayes to ruin and corruption hovering all around us,---if his is party, then I avow myself a party man. But, in ther respects I stand here annixed with party, dimemered from its views, abandoning its prospects, I stand are only as an American citizen, or rather as a citizen South Carolins, and as long as that loved and noble state honors me with her confidence I will do my duty wher citizen; and now when we witness all the affairs dour country involved in deep ruin, it is time for eve-ry man to lay aside party feelings.

for From the manner in which the last Standard motes a paragraph of ours, appended to a letter from Washington, in regard to Mr. Van Buren and Judge White, it may be inferred that we would be indifferent a to a choice between the two.

Not so. If we were obliged to choose between them, would unhesitatingly prefer Judge White. But whope we shall not be driven to the dire alternative. We would consider it a public calamity for any man to selected who has approved all the measures of the resent Executive; but there is still a difference, and f course a choice, in the degrees of evil. We would sen prefer Martin Van Buren to one man who has hen spoken of by the pure party ; because, as far as we are informed, the former is a gentleman in private ife, and has never been suspected of petit larceny.

ft'r The New York American, and several other alle papers, think that the late attempt on the Presient's life was all sham-a trick got up by the Kitchen fahinet, to divert public attention from the corruptions fat have been lately exposed.

prevent their firing.

We really rejoice that they were so carefully preared; for we had rather have even our bold Dictator tion. slittle longer than the subtle regent who would have ceeced him.

shed at Mobile, Alabama, called the Courier. It wish it success.

> From the Louisville Journal. THE "BETTER CURRENCY."

The President of the United States, in his manifesto his Cabinet, declared his determination to demolish te Bank, and, at the same time, to supply the place of as may tend to the future prosperity of the whole is notes with "a better currency." He promised sub-State. state. State. State. State. State. State. Those whose only aim is power, whether they hich we siluded on Monday. They are arriving in his city to the amount of thousands of dollars. One State. Those whose only aim is power, whether they live in the East, or in the West, may not be satis-fied with all the provisions of the Act, for the plain

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Green Redwine.

Lowry, P. Rice.

Wood, J. Krider.

Gillespie, Abel-Cowan.

McNeely's District .- W. Barber, Esq., J. Mc-Connaughey, Joseph Dobbins, Dr. S. Kerr, and E. D. Austin.

Lenser's District .--- Col. J. Jameson, Gen. W. Kerr, Capt. John Leaser, and John Carrigan.

Stirewalt's District, 2nd .- Adam Roseman, M. Stirewalt, Philip Eddleman.

Smith's District .--- M. Pinckston, John March, Dr. B. L. Beall.

Meroney's District .- Joseph Hall, Burgess Garer, Giles Pearson, Roland Crump. Mockaville District.-John Clement, R. M.

Pearson, Dr. J. F. Martin, Gen. J. Cook, Gassaway Gaither, and A. G. Carter.

Fulton District .--- Joseph Hanes, A. E. Foster, James Cavender.

Sparkes' District .-- J. B. Ellis, Michael Hanes, R. M. Clayland.

Ellis's District .- Col. Caswell Harbin, Wm. Hawkins, William Sheeks.

Dr. Williams.

Beaties' District .- Josiah Inglis, John Tomlinion, James Frost.

Smoot's District----Alexander Smoot, Beall liams, Samuel Albea.

Resolved, That John Beard Jr., R. H. Alexander, Burton Craige, Hamilton C. Jones, James E. Kerr, Archibald Henderson, Dr. L. Mitchell, and forming the present Constitution of the State.

Resolved. That the several Newspapers in this State be requested to publish these proceedings. JOHN GILES, Chairman.

CASWELL HARBIN, ? Secretaries. JOHN CARRIGAN,

[FOR THE WENTERS CAROLINIAN.]

GRAND JURY PRESENTMENT.

The undersigned, Grand Jurors for the County of Rowan, having discharged the duties belonging We think it very probable that such was the case ; to them in their public capacity, feel unwilling to ad that the touch-holes of the pistols were stopped up separate for their respective homes without expresral Assembly providing for the call of a Conven-

This subject is one which has for many years disturbed the State ; it has agitated society in all its relations, private and public. It has been a source We have received the first No. of a new paper not only of great excitement, but it has been one of immense cost to the people of North Carolina, by eatly printed, well edited, and orthodox in politics. consuming much time, and of course much money, in annual discussions in the Legislature.

We, therefore, congratulate our fellow citizens that we have now an opportunity of putting an end to the controversy-of settling it peaceably, as all controversies between members of the same community ought to be settled, and in such a manner

reason that they who now have all the power will be a part of it if the Constitution should be amen-bulf cents upwards, amounting, in the aggregate, to \$1,200. He was engaged nearly three-fourths of an bull code a part of it if the Constitution should be amen-bull cents upwards, amounting, in the aggregate, to \$1,200. He was engaged nearly three-fourths of an bull code a part of it if the Constitution should be amen-will only get a reasonable portion.

Hrinkle's District.—J. W. Walton, O. M. Smith, Green Redwine. Swink's District.—Thomas Craige, J. Coughe-our, Charles Savage. Culberson's District.—Samuel Marlin, Richard Swry, P. Rice. Patterson's District.—R. N. Fleming, W. B. Wood, J. Krider. Covean's District.—George Andrews, Robert cends,

Beyond, beyond this lower sky, Up where Eternal ages roll, Where solid pleasures never die, And fruits Immortal feast the Soul,



BY Virtue of a Deed of Trust to me executed, by William Dismukes, for the purposes therein expressed, 1 will expose to Public Sale, in the Town of Wudesborough, on Tuesday, the 14th day of April next, (it being the week of Anson Coun-ty Court,) the following TRACTS OF LAND: ONE TRACT,

Containing 250 Acres,

Lying on the Gold Mine Branch, known by the name of the Pinion Land; this Tract has GOLD on it, as several pieces have been found by Mr. Ward's District .- Spencer Taylor, F. A. Ward, Dismukes and others; the soil is suitable to the growth of Corn, Wheat, and Cotton.

ONE TRACT.

CONTAINING 35 ACRES.

The one-third interest, the other two-thirds belonging to Jacob Austin, and the heirs of Jona than Austin, which can be bought on reasonable terms. This Tract contains the celebrated Gold John Giles, constitute a Central Committee, whose Mine where a piece of Gold weighing 26 Ibs, duty it shall be to confer with similar committees was found. This Mine has yielded upwards of in other counties, to notify the District Committees Ten Thousand Dollars worth of Gold without the of their appointment and duties, and generally to aid of machinery. I am confident this amount, do any and every act to forward the cause of re- or more, could be gotten from this mine, if properly worked by men of science, and the knowledge of Mining.

ONE TRACT.

Containing 200 Acres.

ONE TRACT.

Containing 100 Acres, Known as the Jesse Barnett Tract ; it is excellent

Land and under good improvement.

One Tract. Containing 145 Acres, Known as the John Holly Land, adjoining Richsing their gratification at the act of the late Gene- ard Rodgers and Archibald Laney ; this is second rate Land.

A Credit of Nine Months will be given. ALEXANDER W. BRANDON; Wadesboro', Feb. 21, 1835. (51) Trustee.

LAND FOR SALE.

DY Virtue of a Deed of Trust to us executed, by Daniel Lippard, for the purposes therein named, will be Exposed to Sale, on Saturday, the 4th day of March next, on the premises, a Tract of Land, containing 150 Acres, adjoining the Lands of J. A. Hodgens, Jesse Tatum, Frederick Ford's heirs, and others, on the North side of the South Yadkin River. Terms made known on the day of Sale. BURTON CRAIGE,) Trus-

J. A. HODGENS, tees. Rowan County, Feb. 21, 1835.

Valuable Property For Sale.

THE Undersigned having taken out Letters Administration upon the Estate of John Beeman, deceased, with the Will annexed, will Offer vention, under the provisions of the Act, we fear for Sale, on Juesday, the 10th of March next, all the remaining property belonging to said Es-tate, consisting of Four Negroes-one Man, two Women, and one Child; Cattle, Hogs, Farming would be to form a Constitution, or organize men. Utensils, One Still, a Quantity of Bacon, House into civil communities if each one's individual wishes hold and Kitchen Furniture, and numerous other articles. The Terms made known on the day of



18,889 Prizes, amounting to \$180.000

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15 DOLLARS is 5,010

10 DOLLARS is 60,000

6 DOLLARS is 36,000

4 DOLLARS is 24,000

A Package of 10 Whole Tickets will cost \$40 00 And must draw nett -17 00 \$23 00 A certificate for a Package of 10 Whole tickets

will be -\$23 00 . For 10 Half tickets, 11 50 5 75 For 10 Quarter tickets, 07 All Orders from a distance, by mail (postpaid) or by private conveyance, enclosing the cash or prize-tickets in our previous Lotteries, will receive the most prompt attention, if addressed to STEVENSON & POINTS, Salisbury; and an account of the drawing will be forwarded immediately after its event.

To be had, in the	greatest	vari	ety of	nun	abers,	a.t
Quarters, .				1	00	
Halves, -				- 2	00	
Whole Ticke	ts, -			- 84	00	

Stevenson & Points's Office, (White Row, Mansion Hotel,)

td

SALISBURY, N. C.



HE subscriber proposes to publish, in the town did, superfine, imperial newspaper bearing the above title. Thousands of dollars are annually

vants, " knowing the will of their master"-the public-" and doing it not," shall be " beaten with many stripes !"

5. Low. As every man in the community should make himself familiar with those rules of civil conduct by which his actions are to be regulated, we shall appropriate a department of our paper to the discussion of such legal subjects as may be of general interest. Under this head we shall arrange all such legal decisions, acts of Con-gress, and statutes of the State Legislatures, as may be of service to all our citizens in the ordinary transactions of life.

6. Literature. Here is an immense field open before us, in which our readers shall ramble unconfined. We shall exchange for the richest gems of literature, wit and sentiment, both in Europe and America ; and with the assistance of a few literary correspondents of the first order, we in-tend to place the "Citizen" above any other family newspaper in the United States. It has become popular to speak of our journey through this world, as strewed with thorns, and overshadowed with gloom ; but we intend to roll away the slander, and make it manfest to all our patrons, that most of their troubles are unsubstantial and visionary.-Flowers may be plucked even from the thorns which beset our path.

7. News. The world is at this time in awful commotion. Tyrants look upon the march of liberty and tremble : The accumulated gloom of centuries is rapidly retreating before the stately steppings of truth : Millions of people, who once licked the dust from the feet of their sovereigns, are now trampling crowns under their feet-and thrones are tottering to prostration ! It will be wisdom in us to profit by the experience of others.

We shall have the earliest access to means of information, from each State in the Union, and from every kingdom and country in the world. And all the intelligence, both legislative, judicial, mo ral, religious, political and miscellaneous, that may serve to guide our footsteps as a people, in the ways of prosperity and peace, shall be carefully collected, condensed and spread before our readers. In short, nothing shall pass unnoticed, that may serve to inform the mind, improve the manners, or mend the heart.

8. Variety. The above subjects will be suitably interspersed with biographical shetches, humorous anecdotes, interesting tales, poetical selections, &c. We would also set apart a separate head in our paper for the ladies, but they would insist on having a tongue in it, and to this we would by no means consent, as such an appendage would render our paper entirely useless, so far as news is concerned ! They shall, however, receive that attention to which the proud station they occupy in society so justly entitles them :---We shall give them all the praise their pre-eminent virtues demand ; but, with due deference to their charms, we shall blame where we must !

These are perlious times ; and a responsibility, awful as the tomb and extensive as eternity, hangs over every man who shall take upon himself the management of a newspaper ; because public opi-nion is measurably formed from the tone of the press the action of the people depends upon opinions previously formed, and upon their ac-tion is suspended the destinics of the republic. An abiding reverence for the constitutional laws of An abiding reverence for the constitutional laws of the land, should be continually cherished and deeply inculcated; because upon their acknow-ledged supremacy depend the happiness of man, the peace of society, the security of our institu-tions, the prosperity of our flourishing union, and the durability of our happy form of government. But saids from this securit allost and investigate But, aside from this secret, silent and irres

sent to the North to purchase periodical intelli-gence and literature; because the wants of the be severed from our body and thrown to the dogs people, in this respect, are not supplied at home. in the street-before our mind shall submit to shackles of any description, it shall be given up to despair, and frozen into a barrenness more gloomy than the deserts of Africa-before our soul shall be conquered by the "hope of reward, or the "fear of punishment," it shall be redeemed from the "shackles of moratlity," and sent to receive its doom in the courts of eternity. Before we will relinquish our right to think, speak, print, and publish, our own deliberate opi-nions, in relation to public men and public measures, we will renounce existence itself. Take away our timent. We aim at nothing less than a radical and thorough reformation in these respects, and the elevation of our periodical press to a standard of becoming dignity and decency. The "Citiof an intelligent and undeceived people, than to spend a whole eternity, amidst the damning grins of a motly cress of office hunters, despots, demagogues, tyrants, fools and hypocrites. We shall watch, with a lynx-eyed vigilance, the conduct of men in power; and, every case of po-litical transgression, we shall apply the rod without distinction or mercy. Our peu will be dipped in rose water or gall, as occasion may seem to require. Private friendship shall not protect public men from the severest scrutiny a nor shall personal dislike turn away our support from a po-litical benefactor to the country. In short : The "Citizen" shall be just such a paper as the wants of the people imperiously demand. TERMS.—The "Southern Citizen" will be published once a week, on a large imperial sheet, with a new press and new type. The first num-ber to issue as soon as two thousand subscribers are obtained. The price will be three dollars and fifty cents per annum, payable at the date of the first nu with an additional 50 cents for every three months payment shall thereafter be delayed. No subscriber will be received for a shorter poriod than twelve months; and a failure to order a They have now building, in Charleston, another vernments, is, "The more ignorance the more discontinuance within the year, will subject the Boat, of the same description, which will be in the peace." But with us, intelligence and virtue are subscriber to payment for the whole of the succeeding year. No paper will be sent beyond the limits of the State, without the subscription money in advance. The difficulty of collecting small sums at a distance renders an adherence to this rule absolutely indispensible. No subscriber can be released from the subscrip tion price of the paper-even though he should refuse to receive it from the office-until all arrearages are paid, and a discontinuance expressly or-

February 21, 1835.

Known as the Roe Tract. This is good for al descriptions of grain, and well improved.

bur in adding the fractions together to ascertain the um total, and a half hour more in signing his name in ader that they might be presented for payment. Ano-Ser gentleman tells us that he has received \$700 of We ourselves have one, which was sent by an are not satisfied with all its features. tem. ladian subscriber in payment for the Journal. It runs a the following form

"TERRE HAUT, Nov. 11, 1834 "No. 75. Cashier of the Bank of Louisville :

"Pay six dollars thirty seven cents to the order of I.R. Browne. A. OGDEN, B. Capt. Corps Eng."

It appears, from the above, that the tide which was tises very slowly.

Even thus far in the interior, we have not yet seen tsingle flight of those yellow birds. The coinage from keep things as they are. he Rutherford Mint is much more abundant than the id-headed emblems of Jackson from the north.

The above is really a most beautiful and most con whient substitute for the notes of the United States lank! Every petty officer can manufacture them to Editor Carolinian.]

[POR THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.]

PUBLIC MEETING UPON THE SUBJECT OF CONVENTION.

Pursuant to Public Notice, a large Meeting took lace at the Courthouse in Salisbury, on Tuesday 7th of February, to take into consideration the Act passed at the last General Assembly, upon the abject of amending the State Constitution. The beeting was organized, on the motion of H. C.-Jones, Esq., who nominated John Giles, Esq., as Chairman, and Caswell Harbin, and John Carrigan, Equires, Secretaries. The object of the meeting has then briefly explained by the chairman. Mr. Craige, Major Beard, and Mr. Pearson, severally addressed the meeting in very warm and decided erms in favor of the measure, and urged the citiens of the County to a full and regular attendance on the 1st and 2nd days of April, when it was expected f course they would vote for a Convention .- The blowing resolutions being then submitted by H.

C. Jones, Esq., were unanimously adopted : Resolved, That the following persons be appoinas Committees in the several Company Districts where they reside, whose duties it shall be to distri-lute information on the important subject now in atemplation, and to arge upon our citizens the eat necessity of their coming to the Polls on the and 2nd days, of April next. Salisbury District.-Col. R. Macnamara, Col.

W. Long, Sam'l. Reeves, Fielding Stater, Gen. homas Polk, Dr. Isaac Burns, W. D. Crawford. Stirewalt's District .- Dr. John Scott, William ndon, Fergus Graham.

Litaker's District .- Richard Harriss, Jos. Long, en Rose.

Lynn's District .- Jacob Holdsouser, Henry Mil-, David Lynn, Casper Holdsouser.

Ribelin's District .- Isaac Ribelin, John Shaver, Illiam Stokes.

In considering the propriety of calling a Con-

some will be opposed to it, because perhaps they But we beg such to reflect how impossible

had to be gratified.

We think that the proper question is whether we might be bettered by the acts of the Conven-G. ANDERSON, Ad tion. And, in considering this, let us all hear in a bear occurs of Gold Eagles up the western waters mind that the Convention will be limited by usthe people ;-that, if they propose any change that we do not like, we have the power to reject it, and

For our own part we entertain the belief that a great deal of private and public benefit would follow ken a Shop a few doors below Mr. Wm. Slaughter's from the amendments proposed in the Act. If there were nothing else to recommend it, we would be satisfied with those provisions which contemplate sit any emergency. Hurra for the Jackson money !- the equalizing of representation, the reduction of the number of members in Assembly, and the great reduction of the expense that would follow from these, and from biennial, instead of annual Sessions.

We cannot give as much consideration, in this address, to the subject, as it deserves : but we most ardently hope that our fellow citizens will weigh well the important matter; that they will not risk the consequences of neglecting this opportunity of at least beginning a reform; but that they will unite with zeal in making a common effort to advance the peace and interest of the State. In furtherance of this object we hope every free

man will attend the polls and vote for Convention. Signed by the Jurors, and resolved that it be published in the Salisbury papers.

GASSAWAY GAITHER, forem M. L. Steele, Wm. Heathman, Isaac Ribelin, John McNeely, Wm. March, Henry Lentz, David Smith, John Smith, William Gray, Henry Hill, Abram Allen, John B. Todd, James Glascock.

UNITED IN WEDLOCK,

In this Town, on Tuesday evening the 16th instant by the Rev. P. J. Sparrow, Mr. PETER BROWN, of Charlotte, to Miss MARTHA GAY.

In Mecklenburg county, on the 20th ult. at the resi-dence of Hugh Stewart, Esq., by the Rev A. K. Barr, Mr. JAMES HANNIGAN to Miss SARAH A. STE-WART.

In the vicinity of Stokesburg, Stokes county, on the 18th ultimo, by John P. Smith, Esqr., Mr. THOMAS GOOD to Miss ELIZABETH CAUDLE.

DEPARTED THIS LIFE.

In Mecklenburg County on the 31st ult., Mr. JAMES YOUNG, aged about 60 years.

In Fairfield District, S. C., on the 3rd instant, Mr. JENNINGS ALLEN, aged 114 years. He was enraged in the Revolutionary War, and was also at Brad-lock's defeat.

ANOTHER REVOLUTIONER GONE.

GEORGE GODBEY departed this life on Wednes-day the 28 January, in the 74th year of his age, he was a Soldier under General Washington, was in several

n N

G. ANDERSON, Administrator,

Rowan County, Peb. 21, 1835. 11*

B. N. C. WARRICK. BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER. AKES this method of informing the Ladies

and Gentlemen of Salisbury, that he has ta-Hotel, where he can be found at all times, (Sunday's excepted,) roady to wait upon all who may honor him with their calls or orders. As it has been but a very short time since he has been in several of the Northern States, for the very express purpose of completing himself in the Tonorial art, he flatters himself that his work shall be done with as much taste and in as good style as it can be any where South of the Potomae, Salisbury, February 21, 1835

FREIGHTING On the Pee Dee River.

Georgetown, (S.C.) of such a draft as to enable give practical results.

her to come up at the lowest stage of the River. same trade by the first of August next.

These Boats will enable us to Freight for our p-country friends with certainty and despatch .goods that come by them, to our care, FREE of lightened. CHARGE.

Our Warehouses and Cotton Sheds are so situated as to be entirely safe from fire. No charge made for storing either Goods or Cotton. We will advance, in cash, two-thirds of the value of any kind of Produce left in our charge

for shipment to New York or Charleston. LA COSTE & McKAY. Cheraw, February 7, 1835. eoßt

Every Description of PRINTING Executed in the very best Style, AT THIS OFFICE.

It is the purpose of the " Citizen" to fill this vacuum. It will contain every thing of interest, in literature, politics, religion and morality, that can be found in the northern publications, or in the high-toned literary journals of Europe ;--- to which we shall add a rich fund of domestic and local information no where else to be met with.

The Southern Press stands low in public estimation. In most cases the paper is bad, the mechanical execution slovenly, and the matter erroneous in principle, false in fact, and vulgar in senzen" will contain about twice as much reading matter as any other paper in the state ; and will be chiefly devoted to the following subjects :

1. Agriculture. It shall be our business to glean, from the floating mass, all such experiments and suggestions as may serve to enlighten our citizens on this practical science. Let them be inspired with thought and action ; and then spread before them the broad pages of intelligence-and our southern country, rich in resources, will bloom as the Eden of a new world, the bountiful productions of nature will crown the efforts of industry, commerce will flow at our bidding, and " cattle will leap upon a thousand hills."

2. Internal Improvement. In regard to com mercial facilities by water, nature seems to have frowned upon us; but she has left us rich in the means of internal communication, by rail roads and locomotives. Art is fully competent to overcome the deficiencies of nature in this respect. We shall strip the subject of all the false trappings that

have been hung around it for sinister purposes, and THE Subscribers have a NEW BOAT on the lay it before the people as a plain matter of fact River, running from this place to and from business. Instead of chasing butter-flies, we shall

3. Education. The maxim in all despotic gothe very pillars on which our institutions are based. In fact, our government, so far as it is a government of laws, is but the legitimate action of the Our rates will be as low as any Boat on the ri. popular will; and to enable this will to operate for ver; and, in addition, we agree to forward all the universal good of mankind, it should be en-

4. General Politics. In regard to the constitutional powers of the general government, we are neither a strict constructionist, nor a latitudinarian. It is true that there are constructive powers to be exercised under the constitution; but death and

thing to it, or take ought from it by construction i As soon would we pluck the sun from heaven, as to touch that model of human wisdom with a rude to touch that model of human wisdom with a rude or unskilful hand. If it is defective, let it be amended—but let it never be violated. We be-lieve further, that the clearly ascertained will of the people should be a rule of conduct for all public officers, where that conduct is not checked and regulated by written constitutions. All public ser-

dered. Advertisements, not exceeding twelve lines, will be neatly inserted three times for one dollar, and twenty five cents for each continuance .----

WILLIAM SWAIM. Greensborough, February 21, 1835. 1t.

desolation to that policy which would add any