MISCELLANY.

The following letter was written by Dr. Franklin, and communicated for publication by the person who received it:

"APRIL 22, 1784.

"I send you herewith a bill for ten Louis-d'ors; I do not pretend to *give* such a sum, I only *lend* it to you. When you shall return to your country you cannot fail of getting into some business that will, in time, enable you to pay all your debts. In that case, when you meet with another honest man in similar distress, you must *pay me* by lending this sum to him, enjoining him to discharge the debt by a like operation when he shall be able, and shall meet with such another opportunity. I hope it may thus go through many hands before it meets with a *knave* to stop its progress. This is a trick of mine for doing a deal of good with a little money. I am not rich enough to afford *much* in good work, and so am obliged to be earning and make the most of a little."

THE BEST WAY TO BE HAPPY.

Never sit down and brood over trouble of any kind. If you are vexed with yourself or the world, this is no way to obtain satisfaction. Find yourself employment that will keep your mind active, and depend upon it this will force out unwelcome thoughts.

Who are the poor? Are they the industrious?—Those who labor, provided their gains are small, have generally a feeling of independence with that little, akin to the rich man's treasure

Who are the unhappy? Are they not those who are inactive, and sit still, and tell us that, if fortune had only thrown this and that in their way, they should have been far happier?

It seems to me there is a great defect in the conduct of the unfortunate. If we are deprived of ordinary resources, instead of looking round and substituting other things, are we not prone to sit down and mourn over what we have lost? This deadens the energies, kills the activity of our nature, and makes us useless drones when we should be workbees.

Besides this, indolence sets fancy at work, and presently we imagine ourselves to be in a condition that unfits us for work. We get the habit of observing the change of the wind, we feel our pulses, look at our tongues, and in a short time become regular dyspeptics. Industry then, preserves health, as well as happiness.

Bob Short's Maxims.—If a young man changes his politics *from the strong side to the weak*, at the age of twenty-five, he may be safely trusted as an honest man, for ten years afterwards.

Being on the weak side, if he maintain his political opinions at thirty-five, he may be trusted for five years longer. If, at the end of this time, he still maintains his opinions, against the opinions of the majority, you may trust him for life, with bushels of diamond; and compute his worth at double the deposite.

The young man who changes from the *weak side to the strong* at twenty-two, will sell himself for six and a quarter cents at thirty: and will not find a bidder of this much, at forty. If he changes back again at thirty, (the parties being reversed,) set the dogs on him, if ever you see him approaching your house—if they'll condesend to run him.

The intelligent man who has no opinion upon an exciting subject, is in the rogues school, and will be sure to graduate with it's first honors.

Judge Crawford said, "no honest man ever changed his political opinions, after thirty-five." (Meaning, of course, from the weak side to the strong.) He was in error. About one in six millions does change at that age, honestly.

The young man who is a great electioneerer at twenty-three, will be hung at thirty-three, if justice be done him.

The proportion of honest to dishonest politicians, are as one to twenty thousand.

He who serves three years in the legislature without giving an unpopular vote, is prima facie dishonest.

He who *thinks, before he votes*, how his vote will affect his coming election, should be kept at home for the balance of his life.

A new Blast.—A new paper has been started at Chestertown, Maryland, called the "Kent Bugle;" the first number of which we received yesterday. It discourses good music, for it is a Whig instrument, and proposes to blow nothing but Whig airs. We are particularly pleased with the *overture*, and hope the performer may always keep in as good tune and as good *time* as in this, his first effort.

Punishment for smoking in the Street.—Burnes, in his travels in Central Asia, in his discription of Bokhara, a large city, states. "You may openly purchase tobacco, and all the most approved apparatus for inhaling it; yet, if seen smoking in public, you are straightway dragged before the the Cadee, punished by stripes, or paraded on a donkey with a blackened face, as a warning to others." This is a good hint to Europeans; for the prevalence of smoking in the streets of our towns is a great nuisance. Mathews, in his recent budget, has a hit at the common practice, and says, "the dandies darken London by smoking cigars in the streets."

Advertising.—No wonder the New York papers thrive so handsomely—they each contain every day *two or three hundred* new advertisements.—Persons who have their interest at heart will not begrudge the trifling sum which an advertisement may cost—it not only brings merchants, tradesmen, mechanics, &c., into public notice and procures them business, but gives a thriving feature to the city, and tells the world that we are "up and doing."

Parallel of the Sexes.—Man is strong—Woman is beautiful. Man is daring and confident—Woman is diffident and unassuming. Man is great in action—Woman in suffering. Man shines abroad—Woman at home. Man talks to convince—Woman to persuade and please. Man has a rugged heart—Woman a soft and tender one. Man prevents misery—Woman relieves it. Man has science—Woman taste. Man has judgment—Woman sensibility. Man is a being of justice—Woman of mercy.

A great woman not imperious—a fair woman not vain—a woman of common talents not jealous—an accomplished woman who scorns to shine—are four wonders just great enough to be divided among the four quarters of the globe.

A Base Libel on the Fair Sex.—Talking of age, the longer women live, the younger they grow. I know ladies who, six years ago, were rated at 35, and now stand at 29. It is next to impossible for a woman to get over 40. This is *pons asinorum*, at which the sex invariably stick. The only person I ever met with who confessed that she had passed this barrier, was an old lady of 80.

Fresh Garden Seeds.

WILLIAM HUNTER

HAS just opened his Spring Assortment of SEEDS, comprising such as suit the wants of the citizens of this and the surrounding Counties. Persons wishing to be supplied, had better call and select before the assortment is broken, as he does not intend to get a recruit again during the Spring. The following list contains a part of his assortment, viz:

CABBAGE SEED.		CUCUMBER SEED.	
Late Dutch	CABBAGE.	Early	CUCUMBER.
Drumhead	"	Early Bunch	"
Large English Savoy	"	Long Green	"
Late Sugar Loaf	"	PARSNIP SEED.	
Early York	"	Hollow crowned or Sugar Cup Parsnip, (a new and choice kind.)	
Early Dutch	"		
Red do. for Pickling	"		
Cesarian Kale or Cow	"		
Colewort	"	Swelling Parsnip	
LETTUCE SEED.		PEAS.	
Cabbage Head	LETTUCE.	Dwarf Marrowfat	PEAS.
Florence Cos	"	Early Extra Frame	"
Cream Cos, or Ice	"	Blue Prussian	"
Early Cabbage	"	Dwarf Blue Imperial	"
Royal Cabbage	"	Early Charlatan	"
RADISH SEED.		BEANS.	
Long Scarlet	RADISH.	Early China	BEAN (bush)
Salmon	"	Early Valentine	"
White Turnip	"	Refugee or 1000 to 1	"
Black Winter	"	White Kidney	" (pole)
CARROT SEED.		VARIETY, &c.	
Blood Red	CARROT.	London Flag Leek (a choice and healthy vegetable for the table)	
Orange	"		
Scarlet	"		
BEET SEED.		Curled Parsley Seed	
Long Blood	BEET.	Long White Ockra	
Blood Turnip	"	Cayenne Pepper	
Mangel Wurtzel	"	Red Onion Seed	
		Top Onion Seed	
TURNIP SEED.		White Portland Onion do.	
Early Spring	TURNIP.	Solid Cellery	
Late Flat Dutch	"	Sage	
Ruta Baga or. Yellow Russian	"	Georgia Musk Melon	
		Balsam of Pear Seed	
Yellow Malta	"	Sun Flower Seed.	
Large Norfolk Field	"	&c. &c. &c.	

For all of which he will have the Cash in hand.

Charlotte, February 7, 1835. 3t

Ebenezer Academy.

THE Exercises of this Institution were re-commenced on the first week in January. The Course of Study pursued is preparatory to admission into the University of our State; yet it will always be varied to accommodate such Students as wish to enter any other College. The following is the Course:.

In the Latin—Adam's Grammar, Historiæ Sacræ 144 chapter, Viri Romæ through the second Punic war, Cæsar 7 books, Sallust the whole, Ovidii Expurgata the whole, the Eclogues, Georgics and 6 books of the Eneid of Virgil, Cicero 9 Orations, Horace the whole.

In the Greek—Goodrich's Grammar, in the Testament John's Gospel and the Acts of the Apostles, Jacob's Reader 50 pages, Græca Minora the whole, Græca Majora 100 pages.

The scholastic year is divided into two sessions of 5½ months each, commencing on the first Mondays of January and July.

Tuition is $4, $6, $10, per session, according to the grade of studies.

Board can be obtained in respectable families, at $1 25 to $1 50 per week.

☞ Having devoted several years to the business of Teaching, and intending to pursue it thro' life should his health permit, the Subscriber has made great exertions to keep pace with the improvements that are being made in Literature.—He therefore confidently hopes to be able to merit a share of public patronage.

HUGH R. HALL.

Bethany, Iredell County, N. C. February 14, 1835. —3t

Just received and for sale at the Sign of THE GREEN & GOLDEN MORTAR!

FRESH RICE,
Medicines, Paints, Dye-Stuffs, **WINES**, Spirits, SPANISH CIGARS, Fine Chewing & Smoking TOBACCO, SNUFF, **Lemons, Candles,** *INSTRUMENTS*, **Porter, Nuts, &c. &c.**

WHEELER & BURNS.

Salisbury, February 7, 1835. 4t

TERMS, &c. OF The Western Carolinian.

ISSUED WEEKLY.....BY.....JOHN BEARD, JR.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

1. The Western Carolinian is published every SATURDAY, at Two Dollars per annum if paid in advance, or Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid before the expiration of three months.

2. No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the discretion of the Editor.

3. Subscriptions will not be received for a less time than one year; and a failure to notify the Editor of a wish to discontinue, at the end of a year, will be considered as a new engagement.

4. Any person who will procure six subscribers to the Carolinian, and take the trouble to collect and transmit their subscription-money to the Editor, shall have a paper gratis during their continuance.

5. ☞ *Persons indebted to the Editor, may transmit to him through the Mail, at his risk—provided they get the acknowledgment of any respectable person to prove that such remittance was regularly made.*

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

1. Advertisements will be conspicuously and correctly inserted, at 50 cents per square for the first insertion, and 33⅓ cents for each continuance: but, where an advertisement is ordered to go in only twice, 50 cts. will be charged for each insertion. If ordered for one insertion only, $1 will in all cases be charged.

2. Persons who desire to engage by the year, will be accommodated by a reasonable deduction from the above charges for transient custom.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

1. To insure prompt attention to Letters addressed to the Editor, the postage should in all cases be paid.

WESTERN CAROLINIAN OFFICE, Salisbury, May 17, 1834.

WE are prepared to execute every kind of Printing in a very superior style, and our charges will be as reasonable as any. ☞ Orders from a distance will always meet the most prompt attention.

Earthen-Ware, China, AND GLASS.

T. J. BARROW & CO.
(No. 88 Water Street, New York.)

ARE now receiving an uncommonly great variety of Goods in the above line, selected with great care by the senior partner of the firm, who is now in England expressly for the purpose of procuring the *Newest and most Fashionable Styles.*

As their purchases have been made at the lowest rates for Cash, they confidently invite the attention of Customers and Merchants generally to their very large and handsome Stock, assuring them of a determination on their part to offer the best advantages in point of prices and liberality of terms.

Every attention will be given to packing and forwarding our Goods, and all Orders executed with fidelity and promptness.

New York, February 14, 1835.—9t

RANDOLPHS & UNDERHILL,
No. 143 Pearl Street, New York,

[*Store formerly occupied by the late firm of Randolph & Disoway.*]

Respectfully inform the Public that they keep constantly on hand a good assortment of

BRITISH AND AMERICAN DRY-GOODS,

And solicit an examination of their Stock by the Southern and Western Merchants who may visit the city, before making their purchases.

☞ Orders promptly and faithfully executed.

New-York, Jan. 17, 1835.—9*

State of North Carolina:
SURRY COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter-Sessions,
NOVEMBER TERM, 1834.

Ambrose Johnson, vs. John Jackson. } Original Attachment, levied on Land and other property.

IN this case it appearing, to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, John Jackson, is not an inhabitant of this State: It is therefore ordered, by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Western Carolinian, notifying the said Defendant to appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for said county, at the Courthouse in Rockford, on the 2d Monday in February next, to show cause, if any he has, why the land and other property levied on shall not be condemned to satisfy the Plaintiff's debt. Test,

F. K. ARMSTRONG, Clerk.

January 17, 1835—6t Fee$3

NEGROES WANTED.

THE Subscriber wishes to purchase LIKELY NEGROES, from ten to thirty years old, and will pay the most liberal prices in Cash.

All who have such property to sell would do well to call on him, or Mr. John Jones, his Agent.

He can be found at Mr. Slaughter's Hotel, in Salisbury, and Mr. Jones at Dr. Boyd's Hotel, in Charlotte.

He thinks it proper to say, that he is not concerned in business with Mr. James Huie, or with any other person.

All Letters addressed to him, or Mr. Jones, will be punctually attended to.

ROBERT HUIE.

Salisbury, May 24, 1834. tf

☞ **Temperance.**—The Anniversary Meeting of the "Jersey Settlement Temperance Society" will be held at Wesley-Chapel, *on Tuesday the 24th instant*—the day of simultaneous meetings of Temperance Societies throughout the Union. The Rev. Daniel Jenkins will preach the Anniversary Sermon. The friends of Temperance and the public generally are invited to attend.

WILLIAM P. MOORE, Secretary.

February 14, 1835. 2

A Small Supply of
Almanacs for 1835
Just Received and for Sale at THIS OFFICE.

February 14, 1835. [*Price 10 Cents.*]

BLANKS.

THE following is a list of the Blanks generally kept on hand, for sale, at the Western Carolinian Printing Office—all of which are of the most approved forms, printed on very superior paper, and will be disposed of on terms as low as any.

DEEDS of Conveyance for Land;
Constables' Warrants; Constables' Bonds;
Superior and County Court Writs;
" " " Executions;
" " " Summonses;
Witness' and Jurors' Tickets;
Writs of Attachment; Venditioni Exponas;
Marriage Licenses;
Delivery Bonds; Promissory Notes;
Writs of Ejectment; Appeal Bonds;
Sheriffs' Bonds; Letters Testamentary;
Administration Bonds; Executions;
Letters of Administration on intestate estates;
Apprentices' Indentures; Guardian Bonds;
Sci. Fa. against Executions;
Scire Facias; Ca. Sa. Bond;
Injunctions to Stay Proceedings;
Writs of Fieri Facias; Bastardy Bonds;
County Court Commissions to take Depositions;
Bonds to Prosecute Suits;
Commissions in Equity; Equity Sommonses;
Assault and Battery Indictments;
Military Warrants for Fines;

☞ Persons desiring Blanks not to be found in the above list, are informed that we can print any other forms to order, on very short notice, and in a superior style.

Salisbury, February 7, 1835.

☞ **MY PROCLAMATION!**

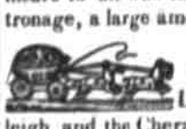
The way that WE are prepared to print HORSE BILLS, &c. &c. &c. &c. *is curious!* It is a "*Reform*"ed way; and, being entirely "*Constitution*"al, we (that is to say, "OUR MAJESTY,") are under the impression that it will go off with great "*Eclat.*"!!

(Signed) **The Printer's D—l.**

MANSION HOTEL,
Situated at the **North Corner** of the Courthouse,
SALISBURY, N. C.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the Public in general, that they have recently purchased and taken possession of the above well-known Establishment. They deem it unnecessary to say any thing in regard to the location of the Hotel, as its many conveniences are already known to the travelling public, or can be seen at a single view of the premises: They therefore content themselves with assuring all who may have occasion to visit or travel through this section of country, (Stage-Passengers, Private Gentlemen, and Families) that the accommodations at the Mansion Hotel cannot be surpassed by any house in this State.

With a well-built and well-arranged house, elegant Dining and Lodging-Rooms, clean and well-aired Beds, first-rate Cooks, attentive and industrious Servants, well-furnished Table and Bar, and an accommodating Landlord, the proprietors of the Mansion Hotel can with the greatest confidence insure to all who may honor their house with patronage, a large amount of comfort.



To Travellers.

☞ The Great Western Mail-Line, the Direct Line to Raleigh, and the Cheraw Line, all stop at and depart from the MANSION HOTEL; and, having an extensive and secure Stable, and Ostlers who are industrious and well-disposed, travellers in private conveyances or on horseback are assured that no pains will be spared to fit their horses for duty on the road after leaving the establishment.

HENRY W. CONNER,
RICHARD W. LONG.

Salisbury, November 8, 1834.—6m

FALL & WINTER FASHIONS
FOR 1834–35.

HORACE H. BEARD, Tailor,

BEGS leave to inform his friends, and the public in general, that orders in his line will always be thankfully received by him, and executed in the most Neat, Fashionable, and Durable manner—on terms as reasonable as any in this section of country. H. H. B. hopes, from his long practice of his business, (a number of years of which time he resided in the city of Philadelphia,) and from the general satisfaction he has heretofore given to his numerous respectable and fashionable customers, to merit and receive a portion of the patronage of the public in general.

☞ He flatters himself that his CUTTING is *really* superior to any done in this State, as may be tested by the undisputed elegance of fit which attends garments made in his establishment. He is in the regular receipt of the Reports of the Fashions as they change both in the large cities of this country and of Europe—so that gentlemen may be satisfied that their orders will always be executed in the very latest style.

Orders from a distance will be attended to with the same punctuality and care as if the customer were present in person.

Salisbury, May 17, 1834.—1y

Episcopal School.

AS the accommodations of the Episcopal School of North Carolina are insufficient to admit more Pupils than those whose names have already been forwarded to the Rector, the Executive Committee take this method of informing the Public that further applications, during the present session, cannot be received. But that so soon as the accommodations of the School can be enlarged, notice of the same will be given. By order of the Committee. L. S. IVES, Chairman.

Raleigh, Jan. 31st, 1835.—3t.

TYPE-FOUNDRY.

E. White and William Hager

RESPECTFULLY inform the PRINTERS of the United States (to whom they have long been individually known as Letter-Founders) that they have now formed a Co-Partnership in said business, and hope, from their united and extensive experience, to be able to give full satisfaction to all who may favor them with orders.

The introduction of Machinery, in place of the tedious and unhealthful process of casting type by hand, (a desiderate felt by the American and European founders,) was by American ingenuity, and at a heavy expenditure of time and money on the part of our senior partner, first successfully accomplished. Extensive machine-cast letter has fully tested and established its superiority in every particular over that cast by the old process.

The Letter-Foundry business will be carried on by the parties before named, under the firm of

White, Hager, & Co.

Their Specimen-Book exhibits a complete series, from Diamond to 14-lines Pica—their Book and News Type being in the most modern and approved style.

White, Hager, & Co., are agents for the sale of the Smith and Rust Printing Presses, which they can furnish to their customers at the manufacturers' prices.

Chases, Cases, Composing Sticks, Ink, and every article used in the Printing Business, kept for sale, and furnished at short notice. Old Type taken in exchange for new, at 9 cents per pound.

E. WHITE,
WM. HAGER.

New York, Jan. 17, 1835. 6t

Coach and Carriage Making, &c.,
In Salisbury, by J. W. Rainey.

HIS Shop is on the Main Street, between the Mansion Hotel and the Western Carolinian Printing-Office, where he is prepared to make, on short notice, and on the most reasonable terms, every description of Vehicles, from a stage-coach down to a wheel-barrow.

☞ A large stock of ready-made Work always kept on hand, for sale as cheap as any.

REPAIRING in all its branches will also be promptly attended to, and executed in the very best style of durability and neatness.

Jan. 17, 1835.—tf J. W. RAINEY.

Travellers' Inn,

SITUATED SOUTHWEST OF THE COURT-HOUSE, IN THE TOWN OF **LEXINGTON, (N. CAROLINA.)**

THE Subscriber takes this method of informing Travellers that he keeps a House of Entertainment in Lexington, (N. C.) on Main Street, Southwest of the Courthouse.

His Table will always be supplied with the best fare that a plentiful neighborhood can afford. His House being capacious, and attended by servants who are industrious and zealous to please, Travellers can always be accommodated with GOOD BEDS in rooms with fire-places. And last, but not the least important consideration, HORSES *will always receive such attention, in the Stable of the Subscriber*, that they may leave it with increased ability to do the service of the road.

JOHN P. MABRY.

Lexington, March 8, 1834. 1y

ARKANSAW
LAND AGENCY.

THE Subscriber is about to move to Batesville, in Arkansaw Territory, and will attend to making purchases, selling land, and paying taxes, for non-residents. There are many tracts of Military Bounty Lands, which, if not attended to, will be sold for taxes, and lost.

Letters (post-paid) addressed to the Subscriber, at Batesville, Arkansaw, will be promptly attended to.

DAVID REINHARDT,
Late of Lincolnton, N.C.

September 27, 1834. 6m*

Land and Negroes
FOR SALE.

THERE will be sold, *on Monday the 2d day of March next*, on the premises, a VALUABLE **TRACT OF LAND**, situated on the Catawba River, one half mile above the Island Ford, in Lincoln County. Also, **Eight Likely NEGROES.**

A credit of one year will be given, upon approved security.

MICHAEL HOKE,
Adm'r. test. annex. of J. Sherill, dec'd.

February 7, 1835. 4t

BECKWITH'S
Anti-Dyspeptic Pills.

THOSE who are afflicted with HEAD-ACHES, HEART-BURNS, and other distressing symptoms of disordered stomach, bowels, and liver, may find relief in Dr. Beckwith's Anti-Dyspeptic Pills, which **can be had at this Office**—price [illegible] cents per box.

The Doctor, who once resided in this place, but now lives in Raleigh, has, after a long and extensive practice, been enabled to compound a most valuable remedy for the chronic diseases of the digestive organs, so common in Southern climates, especially with those who lead sedentary lives.

It would be an easy matter to make out certificates to prove that these Pills are a "sovereign remedy" for "all the ills that flesh is heir to;" but it is not pretended that they are an universal antidote. Certificates of the most respectable Physicians and other gentlemen can be shown to substantiate their efficacy in the particular class of diseases above spoken of: and the Editor of this paper can testify that *he* has deriyed speedy and permanent relief, in the use of them, from a most distressing and long-continued head-ache. Some of his friends tried them, at his suggestion, and experienced the same beneficial effects.

Salisbury, June 14, 1834.—tf

Current Prices of Produce, &c.

AT SALISBURY.....February 17, 1835.

	Cts.		Cents.
Bacon,	12½ a 15	Molasses,	50 a 60
Brandy, apple,	40 a 45	Nails,	6a 10
peach,	40 a 50	Oats,	25 a 30
Butter,	12½	Rye,	75
Cotton, in seed,	3	Sugar, brown,	10 a 12½
clean,	11	loaf,	16 a 20
Coffee,	16 a 18	Salt,	112 a 125
Corn,	40 a 45	Tallow,	10
Feathers,	30 a 33	Tobacco,	8 a [illegible]
Flour,	556 a 600	Wheat, (bushel)	80 a 110
Flaxseed,	100	Whiskey,	45 a 50

Linseed Oil, per gallon, $1 12½

AT FAYETTEVILLE...February 10.

Bacon,	8½ a 10	Iron,	4 a 4½
Brandy, peach,	60 a 70	Molasses,	28 a 30
apple,	50 a 60	Nails, cut,	6 a 6½
Beeswax,	18 a 19	Sugar, brown,	8 a 10
Coffee,	12½ a 14	lump,	14
Cotton,	14½ a 15	loaf,	16 a 17
Corn,	60 a 65	Salt,	60
Flaxseed,	150 a 160	Wheat,	90 a 100
Flour,	500 a 550	Whiskey,	35 a 40
Feathers,	33 a 35	Wool,	16 a 20

AT CHERAW, (S. C.).....January 22.

Bacon,	15 a 16	Meal, (scarce,)	62½ a 65
Beeswax,	17	Molasses,	40 a 45
Butter,	15 a 20	Nails,	7½ a 8
Coffee,	14 a 18	Oats, (scarce,)	35 a 40
Cotton, new,	14 a 15	Rice,	400 a 500
Corn,	85 a 00	Salt, in sacks,	300
Feathers,	25 a 40	bushel,	75
Flaxseed,	145 a 150	Sugar, prime,	9 a 12½
Flour, super.,	600 a	common,	9 a 10
fine,	750 a	loaf & lump,	15 a 20
Iron,	5 a	Tallow, (scarce)	10 a 00
Lard,	10 a 12½	Teas,	125 a 150
Mackerel,	650 a 900	Wheat,	85 a 100

AT COLUMBIA, (S. C.).....January 29.

Bacon,	11 a 12	Lard,	12½ a 15
Brandy, peach,	75	Molasses,	37 a 40
apple,	40 a 50	Mackerel,	650 a 800
Beeswax,	15 a 00	Salt, in sacks,	225 a 275
Butter,	18 a 20	bushel,	75
Coffee,	12 a 17	Sugar, brown,	9 a 12
Corn,	85 a 90	loaf & lump,	12 a 20
Cotton,	12½ a 15	Tallow,	12½ a 15
Flour,	750 a 800	Teas,	125 a 150
Iron,	4½ a 5½	Whiskey,	40 a 45

AT CAMDEN, (S.C.) February 14.

Bacon,	14 a 00	Flour, (N. Caro.)	000 a 000
Brandy, peach,	75 a 00	(Cam. mills)	900 a 1000
appple,	35 a 40	Iron,	00 a 00
Beeswax,	12 a 16	Lard,	12 a 15
Cotton,	14 a 16	Tallow,	10 a 12
Corn,	75 a 87	Whiskey,	50 a 00
Feathers,	30 a 50	Wheat, new,	100 a 125