

present--They fight for the liberty we enjoy--when they have ground their arms, having finished the soldier's last (longest) march, may they give the pass-word, "pass-sentinel," and enter heaven, and receive as their reward everlasting peace.

By Leroy Springs--Gen. Duff Green--The fearless supporter of Southern interests--may his noble defense for State Rights be appreciated by his Southern brethren.

By Mathew Neagle, of Lincoln--Whilst we live in union let us live in peace.

By Gen. Joseph Graham--May the citizens of Mecklenburg and Cabarrus, as their Fathers have done, always show their attachment to their country, in support of liberty and good government on Constitutional principles, always claiming the powers not delegated by the Constitution as reserved rights to themselves.

By Robert Watson--May the true blues of old Mecklenburg stand firm in Republicanism and never give up to a political intriguer.

By A. A. Springs--As the political Gospel of Freedom has, on the 20th May, 1835, been so ably explained for the salvation of their sinful souls, let astray by the worshippers of Baal, it is fervently hoped that the Galatians will believe in the truth and be saved.



THE CAROLINIAN.

SALISBURY:
Saturday Morning, June 6, 1835.

We are requested to announce Mr. RICHMOND M. PEARSON as a candidate to represent this district in the next Congress of the United States.

THE CONVENTION.

The Convention for revising the Constitution of the State is now in session. The Western Counties have been contending for this during the past 40 years, and we hope that such a reform will now be made as will satisfy both West and East. Heretofore, most wholesome legislation has been prevented by sectional prejudices and jealousy. May all these henceforth be buried in oblivion, and a new spirit arise in the land, to stimulate old North Carolina to works of improvement and enterprise.

The Convention, so far as we are capable of judging, is composed of good material. Many of its members are distinguished for talents; while all of them are respectable. It is certainly not the ablest body that N. Carolina could select, but it is one that we need not be ashamed of.

It is the opinion of some, that they will despatch the work committed to them in two weeks, but we think that they will be in session at least three weeks, if not four. As it is a work that cannot be revised every year, they certainly ought to do it leisurely, even should it take a week or two longer. The cost to the State is nothing, compared to the great interest the people have at stake. We will regularly keep our readers advised of the progress of the Convention.

Wonderful Unanimity--It will be seen, from the proceedings of the "Baltimore Convention," that MARTIN VAN BUREN received the unanimous vote of the "Delegates" in attendance, and of course that of "our delegate," PHILIP WHITE, among the rest. How can this wonderful unanimity be accounted for? We believe there is but one way:--A loving couple once stood up before a Parson to be married. Will you, says the Parson to the MALE, take this woman for your lawful wedded wife? Yes, sir, answered he. Will you, says his Reverend to the FEMALE, take this man for your lawful wedded husband? Answer--What do you say to such a foolish question for!--Did I come here a purpose? We think it highly probable the reason why the Delegates all voted for Martin Van Buren is pretty much of the same sort--like the girl, they went there a purpose.

What brave fellows!--A parcel of worthies, of the 6th Ward, in the city of New York, have recently met together, organized themselves into a company, which they call "National Guards," and made a tender of their services for the defence of the country, and request the "honour of a prominent station in the ranks of danger." In the course of their fulsome nonsense to the President, they denounce the Senate for refusing to vote the three millions of dollars. The President, in his reply to these Prætorians, tells them that he considers the measure, that is, the three millions, as essential to the highest interests and security of the country, and deeply regrets its failure! It is not ridiculous in the extreme, that a set of men, however shabby, should, in times of profound peace, meet together, form a military company, tender their services to the President of the United States, and ask "the honor of a prominent station in the ranks of danger!" Doubtless, they would rather be where they could receive some of the drippings of the three millions of dollars, than any where else. What makes the thing still more ridiculous is, that the President should be made to sign a serious reply to these redoubtable heroes of the 6th Ward in the city of New York. What may we not expect next to see!

The Caucus Vice President.--The nomination of R. M. JOHNSON, of Kentucky, for the Vice Presidency, on the Caucus "Ticket," has greatly disatisfied the Virginia delegates, who went all the way to Baltimore to have "Bloody Bill" Rives appointed. The fact is, the Vice Presidency being a minor affair, the delegates were not as well drilled as on the Presidency. Report says, that the Virginia Caucuses have returned home resolved not to support Johnson; and one of them has already come out in the Richmond Enquirer, nominating Philip P. Barbour, to run with Van. Now, we care not who they run for, in North Carolina, at least, we shall beat them scandalously; but still we will give a hint to our caucus friends: let them beware of Philip P. Barbour--for, ten to one, but he will dodge them in the very last pull.

Franking Privilege.--The Editor of the Greensborough Patriot mentions, in his paper, a certain Postmaster in Stokes County, who has been in the habit of franking whole bundles of spun cotton, of five weight. This is very bad, but it is not worse than the Van Buren members of the last Congress, who franked, from Washington, thousands on thousands of a book, entitled the life of Martin Van Buren, and which was written by the Attorney General of the United States on purpose to magnify Van, and deceive the people as to his true character.

PASSAGE OF THE BILL OF INDEMNITY.

News has been received at New-York of the passage, by the French Chamber of Deputies, of the Bill of Indemnity for spoliations committed upon the commerce and property of our citizens, by the citizens of that Government. They require at the same time, however, an explanation of the ill toned language used in the President's Message, which, our readers will recollect, was condemned at the time it was made by every reflecting American. Instead of having the desired effect, of making the French Government pay us our just claims, as General Jackson pretended, it is not at all improbable that it may be the cause of their never being paid. We hope better things, however.

The following are the features of the Bill:

"Art. 1. The MINISTER OF FINANCE is authorized to take the necessary measures for the execution of the 1st and 2nd articles of the Treaty signed on the 4th July, 1831, between the King of the French and the United States, the ratifications of which were exchanged at Washington on the 2nd February, 1832, and, according to the terms of which, the sum of 25 millions of francs is to be paid by France.

"Art. 2. The sum of one million five hundred thousand francs, which the Government of the United States has engaged to pay in six annual terms, in discharge of the claims presented by France in behalf of her citizens, or of the public Treasury, shall, in proportion as the recoveries are made, be credited to a special Article of the Budget. Credits shall be opened to the Minister of Finance to a similar amount, for the discharge of the claims which shall have been liquidated in favor of French citizens.

"Art. 3. A Committee, exercising its functions gratuitously, and named by Royal Ordinance, shall be appointed to examine and estimate all claims addressed to Government, and to divide the sum of 1,500,000 francs amongst all the claimants having a right thereto, and, if necessary, in proportion to the just amount of their claims. All claims must be presented before the 1st January, 1837, under penalty of forfeiture of the same. The claimants may appeal of the Council of State against the decision of the committee, according to the forms and within the delays specified for matters in litigation. The same right is reserved to the Minister of Finance. An account shall be annually laid before the Chambers of the payments effected on the sum of 1,500,000 francs. Should a portion of this sum remain unemployed, it shall be returned to the Public Treasury."

After much discussion, the Chamber proceeded to the ballot on the ensemble of the Bill. The following was the result: For the Bill, 249; against it, 137. The Bill was accordingly adopted. The announcement to that effect, from the President, occasioned considerable sensation and tumult.

Daniel Webster was born in New-Hampshire, and removed to Massachusetts;--Isaac Hill was born in Massachusetts, and removed to New-Hampshire. This will explain the following toast recently given in Boston:--"New Hampshire.--A State which has given us a Webster, and taken from us a Hill: Can Massachusetts ever cease to be grateful."

Several articles, original and selected, are excluded this week by the great length of the proceedings of the Charlotte Celebration, which we desired to give entire.

ROWAN COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The following persons constitute the Rowan County Central Committee. Individuals who live near to each other have been selected, so that they may at any time conveniently confer together:

- Charles Fisher, Isaac Burns, Ashbel Smith, Robert Huie, Henry Giles, Thomas G. Polk, Hamilton C. Jones, Joseph W. Hampton, Fielding Slater, Alexander Long, Burton Craig, Samuel Leamy, James E. Kerr, James I. Long, Daniel H. Cross.
- The following persons have been appointed to compose the Committees of Vigilance in each Captain's District, viz: In
Capt. Messer's company.--John Shaver, Esq., Nathan Morgan, Lawrence Bringle, Esq., Isaac Ribelin, Jacob Miller, Esq.
Trexler's company.--Hezekiah Turner, John Praly, Esq., Jacob Lyerly, Samuel Marlin, Esq., Philip Rice.
Michael Strevell's company.--Mich. Strevell, Esq., Adam Roseman, Esq., Moses Roseman, Jacob Smith, John Berger.
Allison Strevell's company.--Dr. John Scott, Geo. L. Smith, Esq., Henry Hill, Sr., Col. John Brandon, Capt. Allison Strevell.
Moore's company.--M. Pinkston, Esq., John March, Esq., Casper Smith, Det. B. L. Rea, John Smith.
Redwine's company.--J. W. Walton, Esq., Obadiah M. Smith, Esq., Green Redwine, Abraham Lents, Abraham Hill.
Ribelin's company.--Samuel Ribelin, Esq., Jacob Holtsouner, Sr., Samuel Linn, Dawalt Lenta, Henry Miller, Esq.
Weant's company.--John Coughenour, Esq., Jacob Weant, Peter J. Swink, Thomas Craig, Esq., Robert N. Craige.
McNeely's company.--H. H. McLaughlin, William Barber, Esq., Joseph Cowan, George McConaughy, James C. McConaughy.
Joseph Cowan's company.--Capt. Thomas Matthews, John Houston, Esq., Abel Graham, Esq., Det. Melane, Col. John F. McGeeble.
Montgomery's company.--R. N. Fleming, Esq., Jacob Kridler, Esq., Wm. B. Wood, Esq., Rufus H. Kilpatrick, Esq., Samuel Luckey.
Leazor's company.--Capt. John Leazor, Gen. Wm. H. Kerr, Col. James Janison, Hugh Parks, Esq., James Coleman.
Shuping's company.--Joseph Long, Noah Partee, Joseph F. Patterson, William Rose, Capt. John Luskier.
Smoot's company.--Alexander Smoot, Esq., Samuel Albea, Esq., Garland Anderson, Esq., Joseph Rice, Henry Keller, Esq.
Baily's company.--James Frost Esq., Thomas Cheshire, Esq., John Tomlinson, Esq., Josiah Inglis, Esq., John Hendrix.
Wards company.--Spencer Taylor, Esq., Nathan Corant, Esq., Doct. F. Williams, William Jervis, Enoch Brock, Esq.
Ellis's company.--William Hawkins, Esq., William Lunn, Sr., Capt. J. P. Ellis, Nelson Travilion, Thomsen Cheshire.
Sparks's company.--Michael Hanes, Esq., Capt. Joseph Sparks, Nathan Chaffin, J. B. Ellis, Esq., David Sheets.
March's company.--A. E. Foster, Esq., Joseph Hanes, Esq., James Cavender, Thomas Foster, George D. Mendenhall.
Nail's company.--Rowland Crump, Arthur Neely, Henry Click, Capt. R. Nail, George Wilson.
Cowan's company, at Mecklenburg.--Col. Wm. P. Kelly, Doct. James F. Martin, Gen. James Cook, Col. B. G. Jones, Basil James, Sr., Isaac D. Jones, John Clement, Esq., L. Bingham, Esq.

MEMORANDUM.

MEMORANDUM: Will you be so good as not to forget to announce to the people of the United States, that John D. Hoke, Esq., has safely got back from Baltimore, where he went as Minister Plenipotentiary to the Caucus. He says, that he was lucky enough to get all the other Delegates at the Caucus to go with him for Martin Van Buren for next President. But he could not do as well on the Vice Presidency. He says, they rather overruled him there. BOB SHORT.

Notes Bene.--Has our Minister, Philo, yet got back?

FOR THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

To the Van Buren Leaders in Lincoln County:

GENTLEMEN: You are supporting Martin Van Buren for our President, and you are supporting all the measures of the administration, which he is the adviser of. In doing this, you must think yourselves right, and, if you are right, you ought not to be ashamed, or afraid to discuss the merits of Mr. Van Buren, and of his policy before a fair chance of judging for themselves. I now propose, that you appoint a Committee of three of your party in the Town of Lincoln, and the Whigs shall also appoint three; that these Committees shall meet together, and appoint five or six public meetings, to be held for the convenience of the people, in different parts of the County; that two men of each party shall be selected to attend these meetings, and address the people for one hour each. I propose, that BEDFORD HAWES and H. W. CONNER be selected on your side, and that WILLIS P. MYROR, and some other person appear on their side. The whole matter to be considered with order and decorum, so that the people may have a full and fair opportunity of judging for themselves. If you are unwilling to trust your cause in the hands of Messrs. Brown and Conner, you may select any other two men you like, either in the State or out of it, and the Whig Committee will confine themselves to the State. Come, gentlemen, this is a friendly challenge--do not decline it, otherwise, it will look as if you are afraid to meet the question.

A WHIG.

Note.--The same proposition is also now made to the Van Buren leaders in Mecklenburg. If they are not afraid to discuss these matters before the people, let them show it, by taking up this proposition. If they back-out, we will all know that they do so because they are afraid to meet discussion.

FOR THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

MEMORANDUM: I see that the Editor of the "Watchman," in his last paper, circulates the report that Philo White, your DELEGATE to the CAUCUS, hung himself in Petersburg. I can assure you that this is not so; for, on the 22nd of May, I saw PHILIP WHITE, with my own eyes, walking about in Baltimore, as much alive as the best of them. I saw him with a smiling face, make a bow to Silas Wright of New York. I am sure it could not have been Philo's ghost; for, that very night I saw him and Judge Strange, of Fayetteville, taking a mess of Oysters together, and we all know that ghosts don't eat Oysters. So, that you may contradict the report put out by the Watchman, of his having hung himself. I tell you, if Philo ever hangs himself it will be to a good fat office.

JUST COME HOME.

From the Baltimore Chronicle.

VAN BUREN CONVENTION.

FRIDAY MORNING.--This was a day of a stormy character. As soon as prayers had been offered up by the Rev. Mr. Clark, Mr. P. V. Daniel, of Virginia, rose and moved that the Convention take a recess till 12 o'clock, giving, as a reason for his motion, that the Virginia delegation had under consideration important matters not yet concluded, in relation to the nominations about to be made, and that they were not yet prepared to act.

Mr. Silas Wright, Jr., of New York, was in favor of the motion. The New York delegation had not yet settled an important matter, necessary to be concluded before they went into a nomination--The motion was carried.

It is reported that this delay was occasioned by the desire to hear from Washington, in relation to the Vice Presidency.--Mr. Abijah Mann, of New York, having been despatched to that city for that purpose. Before 12 o'clock he arrived, the orders were received, and New York it is supposed was instructed to go for Johnson. In consequence, great excitement prevailed among the members of the Convention. The Virginians fumed, and threatened to withdraw if Rives were not taken. This becoming known generally in the city, the Church was crowded to excess, when at 12 o'clock the President took the Chair.

Mr. Centwright, of Missouri, moved that the convention go into the nomination of a candidate for President of the United States. The mere proposition caused a smile among even the members of the convention themselves. Mr. Strange, of North Carolina, one of the Vice Presidents, moved that the vote of yesterday, requiring a majority only to constitute a nomination, be re-considered, and that two-thirds be required. He made a very good speech in favor of it, which he might have saved himself the trouble of delivering--the matter having already been determined by the "fuglemen."

A delegate from Virginia let off some steam on the same side, and occasionally rubbed the managers so close that they cried out "order!" "order!" but in vain--he was not to be put down by any man or set of men, and challenged the whole convention to mortal combat, if they took offence at any of his remarks.

The President rapt on the table, and gave a significant nod, and the gallant son of Virginia took his seat.

The motion of Mr. Strange was carried in the affirmative, and the vote taken for President--when Martin Van Buren was declared to be unanimously nominated. On the result being announced, the office-holders cried out "good," and the expectants said "amen!"

Now came the "tug of war," and the voice of the President, already so hoarse as to be scarcely audible, sunk below the lowest note in the gamut. The vote was taken, and resulted as follows:

	For Johnson.	For Rives.
Maine	0	10
New Hampshire	7	0
Massachusetts	4	10
Connecticut	8	0
Rhode Island	4	0
Vermont	7	0
New York	42	0
New Jersey	0	8
Pennsylvania	30	0
Delaware	3	0
Maryland	0	10
Virginia	0	23
North Carolina	0	15
Georgia	0	11
Ohio	21	0
Kentucky	15	0
Indiana	9	0
Missouri	4	0
Illinois	5	0
Louisiana	5	0
Mississippi	4	0

When the vote of New York was announced, the Virginians hissed most ungraciously, and the Kentuckians applauded loudly.

The votes having all been given in, a delegate from Pennsylvania arose and stated that a part of that delegation had voted under a misapprehension, and that seven of them wanted to vote for Mr. Rives; but supposed that they were not at liberty to do so. Here was a disclosure--and consternation prevailed in the meeting, when a Virginian got up and insisted that the vote of the State be cor-

rected as requested. This set the Johnsonians in motion, and proposing that the majority were disposed to take advantage of this wrong impression, the motion was withdrawn.

A member then rose, and moved that the vote of Massachusetts be recorded unanimously in favor of Mr. Rives, as that gentleman had received a majority of the votes of that delegation.

The President stated that this could not be done; but, if the gentleman would make a motion to withdraw the vote for correction, he could do so; and the motion was accordingly made.

Here was another boom of contention thrown among them, and the members spouting all round the houses. At length, in despair, the motion was withdrawn. The President then announced that Richard M. Johnson, of Kentucky, was nominated for Vice-President, having received more than two thirds given.

A motion was made for a recess, and the President being about to put the motion, a gentleman from Virginia asked that it might be withdrawn; and his request being complied with, he said that he rose to perform an unpleasant duty, but one from which he could not, nor would not shrink. It was to announce to the Convention that the VIRGINIA DELEGATION would not support Mr. RICHARD M. JOHNSON for the Vice Presidency. They had no confidence in his principles nor his character--they had come there to support principles, not men, and they had already gone as far as possible in supporting Mr. Van Buren, and that they would not go farther, and support Mr. Johnson!

After the delegate from Virginia had sat down, (previous to which he read a resolution passed by the Virginia delegation, that they would not support Mr. Johnson,) a member from Kentucky took the floor.

He did not understand what the principles of Virginia were, but he was certain that Mr. Johnson had killed Tecumseh, and, therefore, he ought to be made Vice-President. He had fought during the last war, and had written a report against stopping the mail on Sunday, and was in favor of abolishing imprisonment for debt--no man had done more, and the people of the West, as well those who live in valleys, as those who reside on the top of mountains, were in favor of him!

A number of other persons addressed the meeting, and then, on motion, they took a recess until 6 o'clock, P. M.

At 6 P. M., the President took his seat, and General R. M. Saunders, who receives a salary of three thousand a year from the United States, made a long speech to bring the Virginia delegation in, but they would not stand it; and after he had sat down, a Virginia delegate rose and denounced Johnson as a "bank man," and, on all leading questions of constitutional principles opposed to Virginia.

We learn, from a gentleman direct from Cheraw, that Cotton was selling in that Town last week, at from 19 1/2 to 20 cents.

UNITED IN WEDLOCK.

In this County, on the 14th ultimo, by Anderson E. Foster, Esq., Dr. GEORGE D. MENDENHALL to Miss MARTHA CAVENDER; Also, on the 25th ultimo, by Michael Haines, Esq., Mr. JEREMIAH K. ELLIS to Miss MARY SUTTON; Also, on the 28th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Sparrow, Mr. ROBERT CHUNN to Miss MARIAH HYDE.

DEPARTED THIS LIFE.

In this County, on the 23rd of April last, PRISCILLA ADALINE, infant daughter of Matthew B. Locke, Esq., aged six months and three days; Also, on the 20th ultimo, Mr. SETH HILL, aged about 35 years; Also, on the 21st ultimo, Mrs. MARY LINGLE, about 65 or 70 years of age; Also, on the 30th ultimo, WILLIAM P. SPOCKTON, aged about 35 years, leaving a wife and four children to lament their loss.

MR. W. J. GUNTER.

INFORMS the Citizens of Salisbury and its vicinity, that he will open a DANCING SCHOOL at the Mansion Hotel, in Salisbury, for the second term, on Saturday, the 20th of June. In order to avoid conflicting with the interests of those who have engaged to Literary Schools, he gives notice that he will teach the whole Quarter on Saturdays only.

June 6, 1835.

CATAWBA SPRINGS, Lincoln County, N. C.

THE Subscriber, grateful for the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon his establishment, begs leave to announce to his former patrons and the public--especially invalids and gentlemen or families who may desire a pleasant Summer Retreat--that this establishment is now ready for their reception, and that he is prepared to accommodate them in a style, he flatters himself, that cannot fail to give entire satisfaction; at least, no efforts shall be wanting on his part to render his guests comfortable.

WILLIAM S. SIMONTON.
Catawba Springs, June 6, 1835.

HEAD-QUARTERS, Salisbury, May 29th, 1835.

AT a Court-Martial, held in the Town of Salisbury on the day above mentioned, the following Orders were made: "Ordered, by the Court, that Col. Richard W. Long, Capt. Adam Trexler, and Col. Henry Giles, be appointed a Committee to attend the Companies formerly commanded by Captains McNeely and Cowan, on the days appointed for Tax collection, for the purpose of distributing the men among the other companies, in case they fail to elect Officers." And the Officers further agreed to Drill four times a year--on the Saturdays after the May, August, and November Courts.

HENRY GILES, Judge Adv.
Salisbury, June 6, 1835.

NEW DRY-GOODS STORE, AND CONFECTIONARY.

CHEAP FOR CASH!

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his Friends and the Public that he has removed his Confectionary from his old stand to the opposite side of the Street, a few doors South of John Murphy's Store, Main street, where he has added to his establishment a Handsome Assortment of DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, &c. consisting, in part, of Cheap Calicoes, Linens, Domestic, Hats, Bonnets, Sugar, and Coffee, of the best quality; a variety of Candies; Raisins, Almonds, Figs, Cakes, Cigars, Smoking Tobacco, (best quality,) Scotch Snuff, &c., all of which he will sell on the most moderate terms, to Cash purchasers.

He invites all to come and examine his Stock, hear prices, and buy, or not, as suits them.

HENRY W. WATSON.
Salisbury, May 16, 1835.

FORTUNE'S HOME!!

NORTH CAROLINA STATE LOTTERY,

For the Benefit of the SALISBURY ACADEMY SIXTH CLASS FOR 1835.

To be Drawn at Raleigh, N. Caro., On Thursday, the 25th of June, 1835, ON THE POPULAR Terminating-Figure System.

STEVENSON & POINTS, MANAGERS.

CAPITAL \$6,000!
PRIZE \$6,000!

SCHEME:

1 Prize of 6,000 DOLLARS	is \$6,000
1 " of 3,000 DOLLARS	is 3,000
1 " of 2,000 DOLLARS	is 2,000
8 " of 1,000 DOLLARS	is 8,000
10 " of 500 DOLLARS	is 5,000
10 " of 400 DOLLARS	is 4,000
10 " of 300 DOLLARS	is 3,000
10 " of 200 DOLLARS	is 2,000
100 " of 100 DOLLARS	is 10,000
100 " of 80 DOLLARS	is 8,000
116 " of 30 DOLLARS	is 3,480
201 " of 20 DOLLARS	is 4,020
300 " of 15 DOLLARS	is 4,500
6,000 " of 10 DOLLARS	is 60,000
6,000 " of 6 DOLLARS	is 36,000
6,000 " of 4 DOLLARS	is 24,000

18,868 Prizes, amounting to \$180,000

A Package of 10 Whole Tickets will cost \$40 00
And must draw nett 17 00
\$23 00

A certificate for a Package of 10 Whole tickets will be \$23 00
For 10 Half tickets, 11 50
For 10 Quarter tickets, 5 75

All Orders from a distance, by mail (post-paid) or by private conveyance, enclosing the cash or prize-tickets in our previous Lotteries, will receive the most prompt attention; if addressed to JAMES I. LONG, Salisbury, N. C.; and an account of the drawing will be forwarded immediately after its event.

All prizes payable in cash, Forty days after the drawing, subject to a deduction of fifteen per cent.

Whole Tickets	\$4 00
Halves	2 00
Quarters	1 00

To be had, in the greatest variety of numbers, at

JAMES I. LONG'S Office,
(Corner of Mansion Hotel.)
SALISBURY, N. C.
June 6, 1835. id

THE LINCOLN

COTTON

Manufacturing Company

RETURN their thanks to the Public for the liberal encouragement received heretofore, and now with pleasure announce that, owing to certain arrangements and improvements in their establishment, they are enabled to reduce the price of their Yarn and Cloth as low as like articles, made from as good Cotton, can be purchased at in New York or Boston. And they now offer Yarn and Cotton, by the quantity, for Cash, or for Cotton at Cash prices, at the following reduced prices, viz:--Cotton Yarn, No. 5, at 25 cents per lb. No. 6, 26 cents per lb. No. 7, 27 cents per lb. And so on, rising one cent per No. per pound.

Cotton Shirting, 4.4, and about 2 1/2 yds. to the lb. at 14 cents per yard; made of Yarn No. 10. All orders to the Agent will be faithfully attended to.

HOKE, SCHENK & BLYINGS.
By JAMES BIVINS, Agent.
Lincolnton, June 6, 1835. --p2--

Strayed or Stolen.

FROM my enclosure, on Friday night, the 26th ult., a Sorrel Mare, four years old, about 15 hands high, with white hind-foot, and fetlocks neatly trimmed. Her head and ears are a little above the common size; there is a small white spot in her fore-head, and a protuberance on the left shoulder, caused by the collar. Said mare was purchased, a few months since, of a gentleman about nine miles this side of Salisbury, N. C., where she probably will be found. A liberal reward will be paid for her delivery to me in Cheraw, or for her detention, and information so that I can recover her.

M. LYON.
Cheraw, S. C., June 6, 1835. --p2--

Beware of the Villian!

A N Irishman, calling himself McGraw, has, for several months past, been loitering about this neighborhood in company with a free mulatto woman, whom he calls his wife. No species of villainy is new to this abandoned wretch, who seems to have such a refined taste in the selection of his better-half--He is believed to be the man who persuaded a free girl of color to leave her employer in Salisbury, as they were afterwards seen in company, wending their way towards Wadesboro, N. C. It would be well for the public to keep a good look out, and if he should make his appearance in a tangible form, to let the law, if not the gallows, have its just rights.

JOSEPH HAINES.
Fulton, Rowan Co., N. C., June 6, 1835. --p1--

NEGROES WANTED.

THE Subscriber wishes to purchase LIKELY NEGROES, from ten to thirty years old, and will pay the most liberal prices in Cash.

All who have such property to sell would do well to call on him, or Mr. John Jones, his Agent. He can be found at Mr. Slaughter's Hotel, in Salisbury, and Mr. Jones at Dr. Boyd's Hotel, in Charlotte.

He thinks it proper to say, that he is not concerned in business with Mr. James Huie, or with any other person.

All Letters addressed to him, or Mr. Jones, will be punctually attended to.

ROBERT HUIE.
Salisbury, May 24, 1834. 4f