

POETIC REGRESS.

The beautiful lines which we submit were composed by MARGARET MILLER DAVIDSON, in her 12th year, and who died at Pittsburgh, N. Y., the 23rd of November, 1838, in the sixteenth year of her age.

INVOCATION TO SPRING.

Bend down from thy chariot, oh! beautiful Spring; Unfold, like a standard, thy radiant wing, And beauty and joy in the rosy path bring!

Oh! send thy soft breath on the icy-bound stream! 'Twill melt like the forms in a dream— Released from the chain, like a child in its glees, 'Twill flow on, unobscured, unfettered and free!

A mantle of green o'er thy soft form is spread, And the light-winged zephyrs play round thy head, Oh! could I but mount on the eagle's dark wing,

WOMAN.

Ye are stars of the night—ye are gems of the morn, Ye are dew drops, whose lustre illumines the thorn; And rayless that night is that morning unblest,

VARIETY.

Matrimonial Balance.—Not long since a reverend Clergyman in Vermont, being apprehensive that the accumulated weight of snow upon the roof of his barn might do some damage, was resolved to prevent it, by seasonably shovelling it off.

An amusing incident is given in the Natchez Free Trader, as accompanying the catastrophe of one steamboat running into another. The impression of the officer of each boat was that his boat would go down, and they called each to the other, right lustily for relief.

Parallels of the Sexes.—Man is strong—Woman is beautiful. Man is daring and confident—Woman is diffident and unassuming. Man is great in abt.—Woman at home.

Worms are said, in some instances, to attack the Morus Mutilicaria. Very true; we saw about Thirty Thousand Silk Worms attacking the Morus Mutilicaria a day or two since at our friend H's.—Petersburg Intelligencer.

Who's afraid?—The editor of the Darien (Ga.) Herald makes the following loud call to his neighbors to turn out and fight the Indians: "Hannibal fessed the Alps—Cesar crossed the Rubicon—Napoleon forced the gates of Lodi—and why not the farmers and merchants of Darien cover themselves with glory by wallowing in the bogs of the Okefenokee!"

Business Stand.—A Frenchman being about to remove his shop, his landlord inquired the reason; stating at the same time, that it was considered a very good stand for business. The Frenchman replied, with a shrug of the shoulder, "Oh yes he's a very good stand for de business; by gar the stand all day, for nobody come to make me none!"

The Healing Springs.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he is now enlarging his Establishment at the

Healing Springs, in Davidson County, and making various improvements for the better accommodation of all who may call on him during the ensuing Season. He intends to open his house on the first of July, and will spare no pains to render his customers easy and comfortable.

These Springs are situated four miles East of the Yadkin River, in the midst of the mountains where the air is cool, pure, and refreshing. They are distant from Salisbury about 19 miles, and from Lexington about 15 miles—good roads leading from each place.

The Subscriber flatters himself that those who may honor him with their company next Summer, when they have shall have no cause to be dissatisfied either with the waters, or with himself. His charges shall, in all cases, be moderate. WILLIAM HARRIS. April 18, 1839.

We have always esteemed the "Healing Springs" of Davidson to be very fine Calceate water. They have been celebrated for many years for their strengthening, and invigorating qualities. These Springs are located in the midst of a range of considerable mountains, where the air is pure and pleasant.

C. P. FISHER, J. N. L. HENDERSON, JAS. R. DODGE, R. MACNAMARA, R. W. LONG, JUNIUS SNEED, J. McCLELLAND, SAM'L HARGRAVE. April 18, 1839.

LATH,



GRANSIRED by the AMERICAN ECLIPSE, The Champion of America.—Winner OF THE GREAT MATCH RACE, The North against the South, \$20,000 AMIDE.

The thorough-bred horse, LATH, bred by Col. Wade Hampton, of South Carolina, will make his first Season at Salisbury and Concord, (dividing his time equally,) commencing on the 10th March, and terminating on the 15th of July.

TERMS.—\$20, if paid within the season, otherwise \$25 will be charged; \$30 to insure, the money to be paid so soon as it is ascertained the Mare is in foal, or the property changes hands, and 50 cents to the Groom.

Mares sent from a distance, will be well attended to, and fed with grain at 30 cents per day. A good lot will be furnished those that wish it, gratis; but, in no instance will I be responsible for accidents or escapes. R. W. LONG. Salisbury, April 20, 1839.

PEDIGREE:

I CERTIFY, that LATH was bred by me, and that he was foaled in the Spring of 1833. He was got by Godolphin, his dam, Pocahontas, by Sir Archy; his grand-dam, Young Lottery, also by Sir Archy, out of Colonel Singleton's celebrated Lottery, by the imported Bedford, out of the imported mare Auvillia; Godolphin was got by Eclipse; his dam Sylph, by Hephæstion, out of Lottery by imported Bedford, &c. Hephæstion was got by the imported Byzard, out of the dam of Sir Archy.

DESCRIPTION, PERFORMANCE, &c. LATH is a fine bay, without white, 15 hands 3 inches high, with good bone and capital action. At 3 years old, he won the produce stake at Columbia, 2 mile heats, beating Mr. Taylor's filly, Daisy, and Captain Spain's colt, Convention, nine others paying forfeit. Two weeks afterwards, he won the Jockey-Club purse, 3 mile heats, at Augusta, beating Kite, and distancing Black Bird. At Charleston, he was beaten by Clod-Hopper for the Jockey-Club purse, 3 mile heats; being very much amiss, he was drawn after the first heat. At 4 years old, he won the Jockey-Club purse, 3 mile heats, at Camden, beating Sir Kenneth and Durabella, at 3 heats, losing the first in consequence of bolting when several lengths in advance of the field, just before he reached the judge's stand, and getting entangled amongst the carriages, he sustained an injury which occasioned his withdrawal from the Turf.

LATH was a race-horse of the first class, which he evinced in his trials with Bay Maria, Charlotte Russé, and Kitty Heels, and in point of blood, he is inferior to none, whether imported or native. His constitution is robust, having never been sick, and his temper good. His color, form, and action, speak for themselves. In a word, Lath unites in himself as many claims to public patronage, as any young Stallion that I know. W. HAMPTON. Willwood, Jan. 23, 1839.

From the above certificate of Col. Hampton, who bred and had LATH trained for the Turf, it will be seen that he considered him a Race horse of the first class, not only from the races he has mentioned as having run publicly, but from private trials he has made with horses which are now on the Turf, and running with considerable success. It will also be observed by his Certificate, that he considered Lath of the purest blood;—not to be surpassed by any horse imported or native.

I consider it entirely unnecessary to attempt to eulogize Lath, either for his performances on the Turf or as to his blood, since in every respect he is so well attested. But will remark, that Lath has not only descended from pure blood, but has come from stock, both sire, grand-sire, dam, and grand-dam, that are of the running blood. For instance, his sire Godolphin, made his four miles in 7 minutes and 50 seconds; his grand-sire, the American Eclipse, so well known at the North and South, made his time in the great match race, the North against the South, \$20,000 stake, in 7 min. and 37 sec.; which he won with considerable ease, and which gained him the memorable name of the Champion of the North; his dam, was sired by the renowned Sir Archy, whose reputation as a racer, &c., stands unquestioned both in England and America. The grand-dam of Lath, Old Lottery, bred by the great Southern Amateur of horses, Col. R. Singleton, of South Carolina, has produced more fine race horses than any other mare in the Union. Thus it will be seen that he is united in Lath to two of the best studs of the South, Hampton's and Singleton's, crossed with Gen. Coles of the North.

The public is now presented with such an opportunity of improving the blood of that noble and useful animal, the horse, as very rarely occurs in this section of country. R. W. L.

Moffat's Pills and Bitters.

THE LIFE GIVING PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS, so celebrated, and so much used by the afflicted in every part of the country, is now received and for sale by the Subscribers.

CRESS & BOGER, Agents. P. S.—See advertisement.—April 4, 1839.



The following is an extract from a forthcoming work of Dr. Peters, the discoverer of the celebrated "Vegetable Anti-Bilious Pills."

"HEALTH, wealth, and enjoyment, are the three prime objects of life. The two former are only sought as a means to obtain the latter: Man seeks for wealth as a means of enjoyment. But vain is such pursuit without the possession of health. Without bodily vigor and strength, neither the physical nor the mental—neither the inner nor the outward man is capable of any achievement, whether of wealth or of enjoyment."

"I would give a thousand dollars for your appetite," said the rich man, as he handed the hungry one a dollar. Of so much importance is health to the enjoyment of life! But wherefore, methinks I hear the reader ask, subverses this homily on so plain and hackneyed a subject? Do we not all know the value of health? Do we not all attend to it as one of the chief, if not the chiefest concerns of our mortal existence? Do we not employ the means to attain and preserve it? Do we not lay out money—do we not see physicians—do we not follow their advice—do we not swallow their prescriptions?"

"True—most true—a gentle reader, thou dost all things, we dare say, and more. Still, we cannot believe our homily on health to be altogether unnecessary. As in morals, so in physic it is requisite to have 'line upon line, and precept upon precept.' Men in health forget that they may be sick; and men in sickness do not all ways employ the most judicious means to attain health. Very true, Doctor—men do not as you say, always pursue the right road to health. Now, I know of some people who are always doing themselves with physic, and running to the doctors and apothecaries every day of their lives. They take, I verily believe, a cart load of drugs in a year, and yet they are not well after all. Do you know the reason?"

"Why, yes, in my opinion, there are two reasons. In the first place, they take too much medicine, and in the second, they do not take the right kind. I used to make the same mistake. But lately—that is to say for two or three years past—I've hit upon a better plan. I take Dr. Peters's Vegetable Bilious Pills, and I derive more benefit from one dollar laid out in them, than I used in paying fifty in any former pursuit of health, besides saving a world of nausea and disgust in swallowing an enormous quantity of medicines. Do you know Dr. Peters?"

"And have you ever taken his medicine?" "I have; I were a blockhead else." "They tell me he is a son of your quacks, who undertake to mend and regulate the human machine, without so much as knowing of what parts it consists, and how they are put together. They say he understands anatomy and physiology, I think you call them; and is familiar with botany and chemistry as I am with the road to mill."

"You are right informed. Dr. Peters is no empiric. He does not undertake what he does not understand.—He was regularly bred to the healing art.—He has spent years in the acquisition of knowledge; he has devoted himself to the study of the human frame, and the diseases to which it is subject, and now he is applying his acquisitions to the relief of suffering humanity. He does not put forth the absurd claim so often advanced by the inventors of patent nostrums—namely, that of curing all diseases with a single prescription! Such a pretence he would deem about as difficult to swallow, as to take the nostrums of those who put it forth. There is no such medicine. There is not, and never was, a panacea for all diseases. THE VEGETABLE BILIOUS PILLS pretend to no such miracle. But what is infinitely better, they effect whatever they undertake. They keep the word of promise to the stomach, and the prima viæ which they make to the ear and eye.

And that indeed is no slight recommendation. Nor are the complaints to which these Pills are adapted few nor far between. The disorders arising from a morbid state of the Bile are, unfortunately, many, distressing and fatal. A large proportion of all the fevers, especially at the South and in the marshy districts, are owing to this cause, from the distressing ague and fever, which almost shakes us under life and limb, to the fearful "Yellow Jack," which seldom quits his victim without assundering soul and body as he takes his leave. Convertant from his previous practice, with disease, in all its forms, which originates in the disorder of the Bile, Dr. Peters was first led to employ his knowledge and experience in the preparation of a medicine which should prove efficacious in this large class of diseases, which should relieve the aching and dizzy head, and restore the nauseated and loathing stomach; at the same time that it prevented those more fatal effects which are so apt to follow from their imprudent neglect.

For this purpose he prepared, with much care and a just adaptation to the purpose, the Vegetable Bilious Pills, which he is happy to say, from long experience and the abundant testimony of those who have employed them have answered, more than answered his most sanguine expectations. It is not his own mere assertion that you are called upon to believe. It is not the idle dith of any single man—though he was as great as Galen or Hippocrates—that you are to pin your faith upon. Neither—although it is said in the sacred volume that "by the mouth of two or three witnesses shall all things be established"—are you to believe in so small a number only! "A cloud of witnesses" is before you. They are too numerous to be easily overlooked; they are too intelligent to be carelessly heard; they are too respectable to be slightly regarded.

Believing the spontaneous testimony of those whose experience is the best of the truth they assert, Dr. Peters has thrown together in the following pages, a few of the many hundreds of testimonials received from every quarter when his pills have come into use. They are left to speak for themselves. They are the words of those who "speak what they do know, and testify what they have seen and experienced." "Be careful and enquire for Peters's Vegetable Pills, they are sold in Salisbury by John Murkay; in Lexington by J. P. Mabry; and in Charlotte by Williams & Boyd, of whom they can be had at the N. York wholesale prices. August 30, 1838.

THE LEXINGTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

wishes to employ five or six good respectable families of girls to work in their Factory as Spinners, Weavers, &c. None but those of good character need apply. Application to be made to J. G. CAIRNS, Agent. Lexington, March 28, 1839.

THE GOOD SAMARITAN.

A CONTRAST.

All nations, from the remotest ages, have had ships, but Columbus only found out the way to America. Betwixt the time of the great Spanish navigator, people were only enabled to paddle about the shores. Just so with the Life Medicines. It is but two short years since I first ventured upon an unknown ocean, and I discovered the precious object I was in search of—health. Vegetable medicines were indeed known when I commenced my search, but their use was not. By the use of them, I have not only passed from the dejected invalid, to the hale, hearty and active man of business, but comparatively speaking, I have renewed my youth. I can thus, with confidence in my own experience, advise with my fellow-citizens. Does the reader want proof that the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES are suitable to his own case? I have on file at my office, 367, Broadway, hundreds of letters, from some of the most respectable citizens of this my native land, voluntarily offered in testimony of the virtues of A GOOD VEGETABLE MEDICINE.

Persons whose constitutions have been nearly ruined by the "all-infallible" mineral preparations of the day, will bear me witness, that the Life Medicines, and such only, are the true course to permanent good health.

JOHN MOFFAT.

General remarks relative to Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters.

These medicines have long been known and appreciated, for their extraordinary and immediate powers of restoring perfect health, to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable. In many hundreds of certificated instances, they have even reached sufferers from the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrums of the day had utterly failed; and to many thousands they have permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great, indeed, has their efficacy invariably and infallibly proved, that it has appeared scarcely less than miraculous to those who were unacquainted with the beautifully philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act. It was to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and endowing them with renewed tone and vigor, that they were indebted for their name, which was bestowed upon them at the spontaneous request of several individuals whose lives they have obviously saved.

The proprietor rejoices in the opportunity afforded by the universal diffusion of the daily press, for placing his VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS within the knowledge and reach of every individual in the community. Unlike the host of pernicious quackeries, which boast of vegetable ingredients, the Life Pills are purely and solely vegetable, and contain neither Mercury, Antimony, Arsenic, nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are entirely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian tribes, and recently to some eminent pharmaceutical chemists, are altogether unknown to the ignorant pretenders to medical science; and were never before administered in so happily efficacious a combination.

Their first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels, the various impurities and crudities constantly settling around them; and to remove the hardened feces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these, and leave such collected masses behind, as to produce habitual costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden diarrhoea, with its imminent dangers.—This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudice of these well informed men against the quack medicines of the age. The second effect of the VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder, and by this means, the liver and the lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood, which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and the lungs before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from a clean source, passes freely through the various ramifications of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases, to which the Vegetable Life Pills are well known to be infallible:

Dyspepsia, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind.—Flatulency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Appetite, Heart-burn, and Head-ache, Restlessness, Ill-temper, Anxiety, Langour, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure. Costiveness, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence. All violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days. Diarrhoea and Cholera, by removing the sharp acrid fluids by which these complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the digestive secretion of the mucus membrane. Fevers of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through which the process of perspiration in some cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstructions in others. The LIFE PILLS have been known to cure Rheumatism permanently in three weeks, and Gout in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints. Dropsies of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of Gravel. Also Worms, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere; Asthma and Consumption, by relieving the air vessels of the lungs from the mucus, which often clogs them, and which, if not removed, becomes hardened, and produces those dreadful diseases. Scurvy, Ulcers, and Invertebrate Scurvy, by the perfect purity which these Life Pills give to the blood, and all the humors; Scorbutic Eruptions, and Bad Complexions, by their alterative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, the morbid state of which occasions all Eruptive complaints, Sallow, Cloudy, and other disagreeable Complexions. The use of these Pills, for a very short time, will effect an entire cure of Salt rheum, Erysipelas, and a striking improvement in the Ulcers of the skin.—Common Colds and Influenza, will always be cured by one dose, or by two, even in the worst cases. Piles—as a remedy for this most distressing and obstinate malady, the Vegetable Life Pills deserve a distinct and emphatic recommendation. It is well known to hundreds in this city, that the Proprietor of these invaluable Pills, was himself afflicted with this complaint for upwards of thirty-five years, and that he tried in vain every remedy prescribed within the whole compass of the Materia Medica. He, however, at length, tried the medicine which he now offers to the public, and he was cured in a very short time, after his recovery had been pronounced not only improbable, but absolutely impossible, by any human means.

Directions For Use.—The Proprietor of the VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS does not follow the base and mercenary practice of the quacks of the day, in advising persons to take his Pills in large quantities. No good medicine can possibly be so required. These Pills are to be taken at bed time every night, for a week or fortnight, according to the obstinacy of the disease.—The usual dose is from 2 to 5, according to the constitution of the person. Very delicate persons should begin with but two, and increase as the nature of the case may require; those more robust, or of very costive habit, may begin with 3, and increase to 4, or even 5 Pills, and they will effect a sufficiently happy change to guide the patient in their further use. These Pills sometimes occasion sickness and vomiting, though very seldom, unless the stomach is very full; this, however, may be considered a favorable symptom, as the patient will find himself at once relieved, and by perseverance will soon recover. They usually operate within 19 or 12 hours, and never give pain, unless the bowels are very much encumbered. They may be taken by the most delicate females under any circumstances. It is, however, recommended, that those in later periods of pregnancy should take but one at a time, and thus continue to keep the bowels open; and even two may be taken

where the patient is very costive. One pill in a solution of two table-spoons full of water, may be given to an infant in the following doses—a tea-spoon full every two hours till it operates; for a child from one to five years of age, half a pill—and from five to ten, one pill.

THE PHENIX BITTERS, are so called, because they possess the power of restoring the expiring energies of health, to a glowing vigor throughout the constitution, as the Phoenix is said to be restored to life from the ashes of its own dissolution. The Phoenix Bitters are entirely vegetable, composed of roots found only in certain parts of the western country, which will infallibly cure Fevers and Agues of all kinds; will effectually eradicate entirely all the effects of Mercury; infallibly sooner than the most powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla, and will immediately cure the determination of Blood to the Head; never fail in the asthma incident to young females; and will be found a certain remedy in all cases of nervous debility and weakness of the most impaired constitutions. As a remedy for Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, the efficacy of the Phoenix Bitters will be demonstrated by the use of a single bottle. The usual dose of these Bitters is half a wine glass full, in water or wine, and this quantity may be taken two or three times a day, about half an hour before meals, or a less quantity may be taken at all times. To those who are afflicted with indigestion after meals, these Bitters will prove invaluable, as they very greatly increase the action of the principal vessels, help them to perform their functions, and enable the stomach to discharge into the bowels whatever is offensive. This indigestion is easily and speedily removed, appetite restored, and the mouth of the absorbent vessels being cleansed, nutrition is facilitated, and strength of body and energy of mind are the happy results.—For further particulars of MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS, and PHENIX BITTERS, apply at Mr. Moffat's office, No. 367 Broadway, New York, where the Pills can be obtained for 25 cents, 50 cents, or \$1 per box; and the Bitters for \$1 or \$2 per bottle. Numerous certificates of the wonderful efficacy of both, may be there inspected.

In some obstinate and complicated cases of chronic and inflammatory Rheumatism, Liver Complaints, Fevers and Agues, Dyspepsia, Palsy, Piles, injuries from the use of Mercury, quinine, and other diseases of long standing, it may be found necessary to take both the Life Pills and the Phoenix Bitters, in the doses before recommended.

N. B.—These Pills and the Bitters will get all mercury out of the system infinitely faster than the best preparations of Sarsaparilla, and are a certain remedy for the rushing of blood to the head, or all violent headaches, tic douloureux, &c.—All persons who are predisposed to apoplexy, palsy, &c., should never be without the Life Pills or the Bitters; for one dose in the night will save life. They equalize the circulation of the blood, draw all pressure from the head, restore perspiration, and throw off every impurity by the pores of the skin.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Persons using the Life Medicines, are advised to take the Pills at night, in sufficient quantities to operate two or three times on the bowels in the course of the next day. Also, take a table-spoonful of the Bitters half an hour before each meal. For those of a delicate or feeble constitution, half the quantity may be sufficient.

French, German, and Spanish directions, can be obtained on application at the office, 367 Broadway. A liberal deduction made to those who purchase to sell again. All post paid letters will receive immediate attention.

The above Medicines may be had of Messrs. Cress & Boger, in this Town, who are Agents for the same. Salisbury, March 25, 1839. On

CONDITIONS OF THE FARMERS' REGISTER.

For Vol. VII. Prices still more reduced for quantities or advanced payments.

I. THE FARMERS' REGISTER is published a monthly number, of 64 large octavo pages, neatly covered, at \$5 a year, payable in advance. On, for \$5 may be purchased two copies of the same sent to different volumes, if so ordered, and paid for in advance, (or at the time of making the subscription) in current money, (as described below), and without loss or deduction for postage, or any other charge to the publisher.

II. Subscribers now on the list, who have already paid the regular subscription price of \$5 in the manner above required, for a single copy, shall have the privilege, upon sending a post-paid order, of having a second copy of the same volume, sent to any new subscriber, without further charge, for that volume.

III. A like privilege will be allowed to every old subscriber who has not yet paid, but who shall do so, above, before the time of the 1st of January of the 7th volume; thus in effect reducing to half price the cost of the work to every subscriber, old or new, who may choose to avail of the offer.

IV. If however, no more than one copy is ordered, the subscription price will still be, as heretofore, \$5 the volume; as it is not designed to permit any subscription debt, or payment, to be made for less than \$5. And if an order is sent for two copies, without compliance with the conditions annexed, only one will be sent. V. The price of back volumes, as heretofore, is \$5 for one volume, \$10 for any three together, and in the same proportion, (\$3.34 cents for each,) for any number of volumes, except vol. I, which is at \$6, and to be furnished only as part of a full set.

VI. All mail payments must be made in notes, or checks, of par value in Virginia, or of a City and State-paying bank of the State in which the subscriber resides.

VII. The risk of loss of payments for subscriptions, sent free of postage, which have been properly committed to the mail, or to the hands of a postmaster, is assumed by the editor.

VIII. All letters to the editor in regard to the Farmers' Register must be post-paid—except such as contain articles for publication.

IX. If a subscription is not directed to be discontinued before the first number of the next volume has been published, it will be taken as a continuance for another year. Subscriptions must commence with the beginning of some one volume, and will not be taken for less than a year's publication.

X. The mutual obligations of the publisher and subscriber, for the year, are fully incurred as soon as the first number of the volume is issued; and after that time, no discontinuance of a subscription will be permitted. Not will a subscription be discontinued for any cause, unless, while any thing thereof remains due, unless at the option of the editor.

EDMUND RUFFIN, Editor and Proprietor, Petersburg, Va.

Salisbury Hotel.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING recently purchased the above Hotel from Thomas A. Hague, Esq., (formerly owned by W. H. Slaughter), informs the Public that he intends carrying it on through his superintendant, Col. Edmund Yarbrough, in a style that shall not be surpassed by any establishment of a similar character, in all the "Old-Rep." or in any other Southern State.

Gentlemen who are fond of good Fare, and Superior neat Beds, and Stables well supplied with grain and Provender of all kinds, conducted by a superior Proprietor, are respectfully solicited to call, both by the Proprietor and Superintendant, as each is determined to do gentleman or lady shall leave the House dissatisfied. WM. D. CRAWFORD, Proprietor. April 24th, 1839.

A CARD.

COL. YARBROUGH is truly anxious to see his old friends and former customers at the above Hotel, and pledges himself to spare no pains to render their situation, during their stay, pleasant and comfortable.

Col. Yarbrough, the North Carolina Standard and the Fayetteville Observer, will please give above advertisement four insertions, and forward the bills to this office.