

POETIC RECESS.

THE SON OF ROBERT BURNS.

This gentleman, who was about ten years of age when his father died, and who remembers him distinctly and affectionately, was placed by some friends of the family at College, in Scotland, and from thence was transferred to a situation in the Stamp Office, London, where he continued Clerk until the last few years. He returned with an allowance of £120 per annum, in obtaining which he was aided by the active generosity of Lord Brougham, then Chancellor. Mr. Burns now resides in the town of Dumfries, where his illustrious father closed his brilliant and glorious, but troubled career. Poetical talent is seldom hereditary, but we believe our readers will admit that at least a small portion of Burns' lyrical genius has descended to his son, after reading the subjoined pleasing and spirited copy of verses by that gentleman, at the accession of Queen Victoria.

THE GATHERING OF SCOTLAND.

Oh, come ye to welcome our gallant young Queen!

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Let the lion of Scotland wave bright in the gale, With the cross of her glory all stainless and pale!

With the spear of his valour the Johnston shall ride; The spears of the Border shall gleam at his side!

The Gordon shall march through the mist and the dew; And Douglas, the noble, the tender, and true!

Mac Gaird's banner with pride shall display, With its well-remembered banner of Longroy's day!

Like the mist of Ben Nevis, that darkens the glen, The clansmen shall shadow the heather again!

The flower of our mountains in triumph shall wave; With the Oak of Old England, majestic and grave!

Mac Gaird, the banner with pride shall display, With its well-remembered banner of Longroy's day!

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New Foundry.

I HAVE lately completed and put in operation a large iron foundry at my mill on the South-Yadkin river (formerly Pearsons) in Davie county; where we are prepared to make all kinds of castings, such as the running works of cotton or woolen factories, cotton gins, grist and saw mills, thrashing machines, wind mills, planer blocks, gudgeons, iron shafts, pulleys, drums, driving wheels, and, in short, every thing else that is usually made at iron foundries. We are also prepared for turning shafts, &c.; and for finishing and fitting up all kinds of machinery in this line of business.

I have employed Jacob Waynesburg, formerly of Baltimore, a very skilful Machinist, to superintend and manage my establishment. Mr. Waynesburg has worked all his life in establishments of this kind, and is distinguished for his skill as a Machinist, and Millwright. He will also make calculations for water-wheels, mill-gearing, &c.; and when the machinery is obtained from us, he will attend to putting it up. Our prices are those of similar establishments at the North. Orders addressed either to Jacob Waynesburg or myself, at Salisbury, will be promptly attended to. CHARLES FISHER. Salisbury, May 24, 1839.

Spring Fashions.

JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, LONDON AND PARIS, the Spring Fashions for 1839, by the Subscriber, who is prepared to cut and make clothing in the most fashionable and durable style, and warranted to fit. He also keeps a good assortment of Cloths, Casimeres and Vestings of the first qualities, selected by himself in the New-York Market, all of which he will sell low for Cash.

N. B. He still continues to teach the art of Cutting garments on the most approved plans of the best Tailors in New York and Philadelphia. Cutting for customers done on the shortest notice, and orders from a distance attended to with despatch. His shop will be found in Mr. Cowan's large brick building. BENJ. F. FRALEY. Salisbury, May 2, 1839.

To Owners of Mills.

THE Subscriber has an improved patent Spindle for Mills, by which a mill will do much better than with the usual form of Spindles. It is constructed so as to keep from heating or killing the meal in any manner. The runner is so confined by the Spindle as always to preserve its balance, and of course there is no rubbing of the stones.

I think, by this improved Spindle, the same water will do at least one-third more business, and the meal of superior quality. Any person wishing to use one of these Spindles, may obtain one or more, by making application, (within a short time) to the Subscriber at Mocksville, Davie Co. N. C. I think the probable cost will not exceed \$50 for the Patent and Spindle ready for use.

Col. Wm. F. Kelly and Thos. Foster, in the vicinity of Mocksville, have recently tried the improved Spindle, and are highly pleased with it. L. M. GILBERT. February 7, 1839.

Brick Masonry.

THE SUBSCRIBER living near Lexington, Davidson County, takes this method to inform the public that he will enter into contract with any Person, or persons, either in Davidson, Rowan, or Cabarrus Counties, who wish houses, cellars, or any other kind of buildings erected of Brick, to hold them as cheap, as durable, and in as good style as any workman in this country.

He will also mould and burn the Brick, if wanted. He trusts that his long experience in BUILDING AND LAYING BRICK, will entitle him to a share of public patronage. He would refer gentlemen wishing work done in his line of business, to the Female Academy and the new fire proof Clerk's office in Salisbury, as specimens of his work. N. B. Those wishing work done, will please leave word at the office of the Western-Carolinian, and it shall be punctually attended to. ROBERT COX. Davidson, April 18, 1839.

To Travellers.

THE travelling community are respectfully informed that the Subscriber is now running his line direct from Raleigh by way of Pittsboro and Albemarle to Salisbury, in small Northern-made Coaches of the first order, leaving Raleigh on Mondays and Thursdays at 10 A. M., arriving in Salisbury next days at 10 P. M., leaving Salisbury on Tuesdays and Fridays at 2 A. M., arriving in Raleigh next days at 10 P. M.

His horses are good, and drivers particularly careful and accommodating. JOEL McLEAN. Feb. 12, 1839.

Heath Tract.

THE HEATH TRACT, containing six hundred Acres of Land, situated about six miles East of Lexington, Davidson Co., on the road leading from Lexington to Fayetteville is now offered for Sale. There are about 100 acres improved, and 500 in Wood and Timber. The Tract is located in a very HEALTHY REGION, and is peculiarly adapted to farming. It has on it a fine Orchard, and a good Meadow. And indeed, of all the advantages, the prospect for Gold, is unquestionable, as one or two GOLD VEINS, have already been opened, and some very rich ore extracted from them.

The celebrated Concord Gold Mine, is situated a few hundred yards south of it; and according to the direction of the Veins of that Mine, they must necessarily pass through a part of this Tract. Any person wishing to view the premises or get a more minute description, will call on Rigdon Wadsworth, in Lexington, who will give the desired information; or any person wishing to contract for the same, will call on Dr. Amitt, Salisbury; or address a Letter to the Subscriber, Trenton Post Office, Jones Co. N. C. WM. L. HEATH. Feb. 21, 1839.

TERMS OF CAROLINIAN.

The Western Carolinian is published every Friday, at Two Dollars per annum if paid in advance, or Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid before the expiration of three months. No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the discretion of the Editors; and a failure to notify the Editors of a wish to discontinue, at the end of a year, will be considered as a new engagement. Advertisements will be conspicuously and correctly inserted, at one dollar per square for the first insertion, and 25 cents for each continuance. Court and Judicial advertisements will be charged 25 per cent more than the above prices. A deduction of 33 1/3 per cent from the regular prices will be made to yearly advertisers. Advertisements sent in for publication, must have the number of times marked on them, or they will be inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly. Letters addressed to the Editors on business must be post paid, or they will not be attended to.

Wrapping Paper, &c.

THE Subscriber has just received a large assortment of brown and colored WRAPPING PAPER, together with a large quantity of PASTE BOARD, which they offer at wholesale or retail. C. B. & C. K. WHEELER. June 7, 1839.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Of the Mail at Salisbury, Statesville, Wadesboro, Concord, Lincolnton, Greensboro and Salem: AT SALISBURY. Southern mail departs every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, at 1 o'clock, a. m. arrives on Monday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 4 p. m. Northern mail arrives on Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 11 p. m.; departs on Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 p. m. Statesville mail arrives every Sunday and Thursday, at 4 p. m.; departs every Wednesday and Saturday, at 5 p. m. Lincolnton mail departs every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, at 1 a. m.; arrives same days, at 4 p. m. Cheraw mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 9 p. m.; departs every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 4 a. m. The Raleigh mail departs every Tuesday and Friday, at 1 a. m.; arrives same days, at 9 p. m. Fayetteville mail departs every Monday and Friday, at 4 a. m.; arrives next days at 8 p. m. Mocksville mail arrives every Friday, at 6 p. m.; and departs next day, at 4 a. m.

AT STATESVILLE. The Stage passes through Statesville, from Salisbury every Wednesday and Saturday, at 12 o'clock, m.; and returns next days, at 8 a. m. The Charlotte mail, (by horse), leaves every Friday, at 5 a. m.; arrives next day, at 7 p. m. The Lincolnton mail (by horse) arrives on Tuesday, at 9 a. m.; and returns as soon as the mail is opened. The Wadesboro mail (by horse) arrives every Saturday, at 6 p. m.; and departs on the next day, at 6 a. m. The Hillsville mail (by horse) arrives on Monday, at 6 p. m.; and departs on the next day, at 6 a. m. The Hillsville mail (by horse) arrives on Monday, at 6 p. m.; and leaves next day, at 6 a. m. The Salem mail (by horse) via Mocksville, arrives every Wednesday and Sunday, at 6 p. m.; and departs next days, at 6 a. m.

AT CONCORD. Northern mail arrives every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, at 7 a. m.; departs same days, at 8 a. m. Southern mail arrives on Monday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 m.; departs same day, at 4 p. m. Mail (by horse) to Mill Grove, leaves on Tuesday, at 5 a. m.; arrives same day, at 6 p. m. Mail (by horse) for Lancaster, leaves Wednesday, at 8 a. m.; arrives Saturday, at 5 p. m.

AT WADESBORO. Charlotte mail arrives every Friday, at 6 p. m.; and departs on every Wednesday, at 6 a. m. Lawrenceville mail arrives every Sunday, at 4 p. m.; and departs on every Saturday, at 7 a. m. Mail from Wadesboro to Wadesboro, (a circuitous route through the County and back,) arrives on Tuesday, at 6 p. m.; and departs on Monday, at 6 a. m. Mail to Montpelier, N. C., arrives on Tuesday and Friday, at 5 p. m.; and departs on Monday and Thursday, at 4 a. m.; carried in a Hack.

AT LINCOLNTON. Asheville mail, via Rutherfordton, leaves every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, at 3 p. m.; and returns every Wednesday, Friday and Monday, at 3 a. m. Salisbury mail arrives every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 5 a. m.; and returns on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, at 11 p. m. Statesville mail leaves every Tuesday and Friday, at 11 p. m.; and returns on Monday and Friday, at 12 m. Salisbury mail (by horse) leaves every Monday, at 12 m.; and returns every Wednesday at 11 a. m. Catawba mail, via Willing's mills, leaves every Saturday, at 8 a. m.; and returns every Sunday, at 4 p. m. Mull-Graves mail leaves every Saturday, at 6 a. m.; and returns same day, at 4 p. m. Yorkville (S. C.) mail (by horse) leaves every Monday, at 6 a. m.; returns every Tuesday, 5 p. m. Charlotte mail (by horse) leaves every Wednesday, at 12 m.; and returns next Wednesday, at 11 a. m.

AT GREENSBORO. Eastern mail (from Raleigh) arrives every day, at 10 a. m.; and departs every day, at 1 p. m. Northern mail, via Milton, arrives every Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 10 a. m.; and departs same days, at 1 p. m. Danville and Lynchburg mail arrives every Sunday, Wednesday and Friday, at 10 a. m.; and departs every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 6 a. m. Western mail, via Salem, arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 9 p. m.; departs every Sunday, Wednesday and Friday, at 11 a. m. South-western mail, via Lexington, Salisbury and Charlotte, arrives every Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at 10 a. m.; and departs same days, at 11 a. m. Pittsboro mail (by horse) leaves every Thursday, at 11 a. m.; and arrives every Sunday, at 6 p. m. Ashboro' mail (by horse) leaves every Monday, at 11 a. m.; and arrives every Thursday, at 8 p. m. Mocksville mail (by horse) leaves every Wednesday, at 6 a. m.; and returns same day, at 9 p. m.

AT SALEM. The Greensboro' mail arrives every Sunday, Wednesday and Friday, at 5 p. m.; and departs on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 a. m. W. of Western mail arrives on the same days of the departure of the Greensboro', (see above) at 12 m.; and departs on Mondays, at 7 a. m.; and on Wednesdays and Fridays, at 5 p. m. Jonesboro' or Wilkes mail arrives on Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday, at 10 p. m.; and departs next days, at 2 a. m. Lexington mail arrives on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 1 p. m.; departs on Sunday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 a. m. Mocksville mail (horse) arrives on Tuesdays and Fridays, at 11 a. m.; departs Tuesdays and Saturdays at 1 p. m. Germantown (horse) mail arrives on Tuesdays at 10 a. m.; and Fridays at 4 p. m.; departs on Tuesday, at m., and Saturday, at 4 a. m.

THE GOOD SAMARITAN.

A CONTRAST.

ALL nations, from the remotest ages, have had ships, but Columbus only found out the way to America. He re the time of the great Spanish navigator, people were only enabled to paddle about the shores. Just so with the Life Medicines. It is but two short years since I first ventured upon an unknown ocean, and I discovered the precious object I was in search of—health. Vegetable medicines were indeed known when I commenced my search, but their use was not by the use of them, I have not only passed from the dejected invalid, to the hale, hearty and active man of business, but comparatively speaking, I have renewed my youth. I can thus, with confidence in my own experience, advise with my fellow-citizens. Does the reader want proof that the VEGETABLE LIFE-MEDICINES are suitable to his own case? I have on file at my office, 307, Broadway, hundreds of letters, from some of the most respectable citizens of this my native land, voluntarily offered in testimony of the virtues of A GOOD VEGETABLE MEDICINE. Persons whose constitutions have been nearly ruined by the "all-infallible" mineral preparations of the day, will bear me witness, that the Life Medicines, and such only, are the true course to permanent good health. JOHN MOFFAT.

General remarks relative to Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters.

These medicines have long been known and appreciated, for their extraordinary and immediate powers of restoring every kind of health, to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable. In many hundreds of certificated instances, they have even rescued sufferers from the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrums of the day had utterly failed; and to many thousands they have permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great, indeed, has their efficacy invariably and infallibly proved, that it has appeared scarcely less than miraculous to those who were unacquainted with the beautiful philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act. It was to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and endowing them with renewed tone and vigor, that they were indebted for their name, which was bestowed upon them at the spontaneous request of several individuals whose lives they have obviously saved.

The proprietor rejoices in the opportunity afforded by the universal diffusion of the daily press, for placing his VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS within the knowledge and reach of every individual in the community. Unlike the host of pernicious quackeries, which boast of vegetable ingredients, his Life Pills are purely and solely vegetable, and contain neither Mercury, Antimony, Arsenic, nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are entirely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian tribes, and recently to some eminent pharmaceutical chemists, are altogether unknown to the ignorant pretenders to medical science; and were never before administered in so happily efficacious a combination.

Their first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels, the various impurities and crudities constantly settling round them; and to remove the hardened feces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially accomplish these objects, and leave such collected masses behind, as to produce habitual constiveness, with all its train of evil, or sudden diarrhoea, with its attendant dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death, and hence the prejudice of these well informed men against the quick medicines of the ages. The second effect of the VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder, and by this means, the liver and the lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood, which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and the lungs before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from a clean stomach, courses freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases, to which the Vegetable Life Pills are well known to be infallible: Dyspepsia, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind;—Flatulency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Appetite, Heart-burn, and Head-ache, Restlessness, Irritability, Anxiety, Langour, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure. Constiveness, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence, all valient purges leave the bowels constive within two days;—Diarrhoea and Cholera, by removing the sharp acrid fluids by which these complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the digestive secretion of the mucous membrane. Fevers of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through which the process of purgation in some cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstructions in others. The LIFE PILLS have been known to cure Rheumatism permanently in three weeks, and Gout in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints. Dropsies of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of Gravel. Also, Worms, by disengaging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere; Asthma and Consumption, by relieving the air-vessels of the lungs from the mucus, which even slight colds will occasion, which, if not removed, becomes hardened, and produces those dreadful diseases. Scanty Urine, and Inordinate Sore, by the perfect purity which these Life Pills give to the blood, and all the humors; Scorbatic Eruptions, and Bad Complexions, by their alternative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, the morbid state of which occasions all Eruptive complaints, Scallops, Clouds, and other disagreeable Complexions.—The use of these Pills, for a very short time, will effect an entire cure of Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, and a striking improvement in the Cleanness of the skin. Common Colds and Influenza, will always be cured, as we do, by two or three even in the worst cases. Piles, as a remedy for this most distressing and obstinate malady, the Vegetable Life Pills deserve a distinct and emphatic recommendation. It is well known to hundreds in this city, that the Proprietor of these invaluable Pills, was himself afflicted with this complaint for upwards of thirty years, and that he tried in vain every remedy prescribed within the whole compass of the Materia Medica. He, however, at length, tried the medicine which he now offers to the public, and he was cured in a very short time, after his recovery had been pronounced not only improbable, but absolutely impossible, by any human means.

Directions For Use.—The Proprietor of the VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS does not follow the base and mercenary practice of the quacks of the day, in advising persons to take his Pills in large quantities. No good medicine can possibly be so required. These Pills are to be taken at bed time every night, for a week or fortnight, according to the obstinacy of the disease. The usual dose is from 2 to 5, according to the constitution of the person. Very delicate persons should begin with but two, and increase as the nature of the case may require; those more robust, or of very active habit, may begin with 3, and increase to 4, or even 5 Pills, and they will effect a sufficiently happy change to guide the patient in their further use. These Pills sometimes occasion sickness and vomiting, though very seldom, unless the stomach is very full; this, however, may be considered a favorable symptom, as the patient will find himself at once relieved, and by perseverance will soon recover. They usually operate within 10 or 12 hours, and never give pain, unless the bowels are very much encumbered. They may be taken by the most delicate females under any circumstances. It is, however, recommended, that those in later periods of pregnancy should take but one at a time, and that caution be kept the bowels open; and even two may be taken where the patient is very active. One pill is a safe

Best Workmanship.

N. B. He will also teach (on a Rent) the much approved system of T. Oliver of Philadelphia, to any one who wishes instruction in his system of cutting. Concord, Nov. 29, 1838.

Moffat's Pills and Bitters

THE LIFE GIVING PILLS AND PHOENIX BITTERS, so celebrated, and so much used by the afflicted in every part of the country, is now received and for sale by the Subscribers. CHESS & BOGER, Agents. P. S. See advertisement.—April 4, '39. U

Goelcke's Sanative.

THE Subscriber having received an Agency to sell the above Medicine, and also the Medicine, now offers it for sale at the stated prices. JOSEPH HAINES. Fulton, March 28, 1839.

Goelcke's Matchless Sanative.

A QUANTITY of the above valuable Medicine on hand, and for sale at the Post-Office at County Line, Davie County, N. C. By JOHN LUNN, Agent. 326a.

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ALL nations, from the remotest ages, have had ships, but Columbus only found out the way to America. He re the time of the great Spanish navigator, people were only enabled to paddle about the shores. Just so with the Life Medicines. It is but two short years since I first ventured upon an unknown ocean, and I discovered the precious object I was in search of—health. Vegetable medicines were indeed known when I commenced my search, but their use was not by the use of them, I have not only passed from the dejected invalid, to the hale, hearty and active man of business, but comparatively speaking, I have renewed my youth. I can thus, with confidence in my own experience, advise with my fellow-citizens. Does the reader want proof that the VEGETABLE LIFE-MEDICINES are suitable to his own case? I have on file at my office, 307, Broadway, hundreds of letters, from some of the most respectable citizens of this my native land, voluntarily offered in testimony of the virtues of A GOOD VEGETABLE MEDICINE. Persons whose constitutions have been nearly ruined by the "all-infallible" mineral preparations of the day, will bear me witness, that the Life Medicines, and such only, are the true course to permanent good health. JOHN MOFFAT.

General remarks relative to Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters.

These medicines have long been known and appreciated, for their extraordinary and immediate powers of restoring every kind of health, to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable. In many hundreds of certificated instances, they have even rescued sufferers from the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrums of the day had utterly failed; and to many thousands they have permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great, indeed, has their efficacy invariably and infallibly proved, that it has appeared scarcely less than miraculous to those who were unacquainted with the beautiful philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act. It was to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and endowing them with renewed tone and vigor, that they were indebted for their name, which was bestowed upon them at the spontaneous request of several individuals whose lives they have obviously saved.

The proprietor rejoices in the opportunity afforded by the universal diffusion of the daily press, for placing his VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS within the knowledge and reach of every individual in the community. Unlike the host of pernicious quackeries, which boast of vegetable ingredients, his Life Pills are purely and solely vegetable, and contain neither Mercury, Antimony, Arsenic, nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are entirely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian tribes, and recently to some eminent pharmaceutical chemists, are altogether unknown to the ignorant pretenders to medical science; and were never before administered in so happily efficacious a combination.

Their first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels, the various impurities and crudities constantly settling round them; and to remove the hardened feces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially accomplish these objects, and leave such collected masses behind, as to produce habitual constiveness, with all its train of evil, or sudden diarrhoea, with its attendant dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death, and hence the prejudice of these well informed men against the quick medicines of the ages. The second effect of the VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder, and by this means, the liver and the lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood, which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and the lungs before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from a clean stomach, courses freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases, to which the Vegetable Life Pills are well known to be infallible: Dyspepsia, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind;—Flatulency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Appetite, Heart-burn, and Head-ache, Restlessness, Irritability, Anxiety, Langour, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure. Constiveness, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence, all valient purges leave the bowels constive within two days;—Diarrhoea and Cholera, by removing the sharp acrid fluids by which these complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the digestive secretion of the mucous membrane. Fevers of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through which the process of purgation in some cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstructions in others. The LIFE PILLS have been known to cure Rheumatism permanently in three weeks, and Gout in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints. Dropsies of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of Gravel. Also, Worms, by disengaging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere; Asthma and Consumption, by relieving the air-vessels of the lungs from the mucus, which even slight colds will occasion, which, if not removed, becomes hardened, and produces those dreadful diseases. Scanty Urine, and Inordinate Sore, by the perfect purity which these Life Pills give to the blood, and all the humors; Scorbatic Eruptions, and Bad Complexions, by their alternative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, the morbid state of which occasions all Eruptive complaints, Scallops, Clouds, and other disagreeable Complexions.—The use of these Pills, for a very short time, will effect an entire cure of Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, and a striking improvement in the Cleanness of the skin. Common Colds and Influenza, will always be cured, as we do, by two or three even in the worst cases. Piles, as a remedy for this most distressing and obstinate malady, the Vegetable Life Pills deserve a distinct and emphatic recommendation. It is well known to hundreds in this city, that the Proprietor of these invaluable Pills, was himself afflicted with this complaint for upwards of thirty years, and that he tried in vain every remedy prescribed within the whole compass of the Materia Medica. He, however, at length, tried the medicine which he now offers to the public, and he was cured in a very short time, after his recovery had been pronounced not only improbable, but absolutely impossible, by any human means.

Directions For Use.—The Proprietor of the VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS does not follow the base and mercenary practice of the quacks of the day, in advising persons to take his Pills in large quantities. No good medicine can possibly be so required. These Pills are to be taken at bed time every night, for a