

POETIC RECESS.

WE MEET IN CROWDS.

[BY MRS. C. RABON WILSON.]
We meet in crowds! who need to meet all locally,
Where the soft moonbeams tremble in the shade;

VARIEE.

An awkward Fix.—The Detroit "Spirit of '76" tells a good story of one of the Michigan Senators, who having occasion to travel to New York, found it convenient, for reasons which can easily be divine, when it is remembered that the provisions of our non-improvement law do not extend to citizens of other States, on stopping at the Astor House to enter on the register the name of an acquaintance instead of his own.

American Ingenuity in evading the Law.—The very first object of the American after a law has been passed is to find out how they can evade it. This exercises their ingenuity; and it is very amusing to observe how cleverly they sometimes manage it.

Innovations.—The spirit of innovation for which the present age is so remarkable and which some persons would dignify as the spirit of reform is happily hit off in the following lines from the New York Herald:

How well it is the sun and moon
Are placed so very high,
That no presuming ass can reach
To pluck them from the sky.

Three is the Boss.—Among the Hoosiers they call cotton thread Boss, a term which few Yankees understand. A fair fat brunette one day stepped into the store of a young merchant, and bought a dress of the clerk.

When King William was travelling through Hannover, he was charged very exorbitantly for every thing. Among other things, eggs were put down in his bill at five shillings sterling each.

A jury who were directed to bring a prisoner guilty upon his own confession, returned a verdict of not guilty. The judge demanded the reason.

"John," said an accomplished dame, "I wish you would bring me the Richard-tionary, vulgarly called the Dick-tionary."

A Frenchman gazing over the inventive genius of his country, said, "We invented lace ribbons!" "Aye," said John Bull, "and we added stars to them."

Cigars.—Multiculis Cigars are made at Germantown, Penn., out of the leaves of the genuine moroc. An editor there puffs them.

An Irishman was observed to feed his pig one day to repletion and to starve it the next. On being asked his reason for doing so he said, "Och sure and is it that I like to have been with a stroke o'fat and a stroke o'lame equaly one after t'other."

The following is too good not to be copied. It is from that repository of good things, the N. Y. Atlas: "We won't indulge in horrid anticipations, as the hen pecked husband said, when the parson told him he would be joined to his wife in another world never to separate from her." "Parson," said he, "I beg you wouldn't mention that circumstance again."

"Will you bet?" said Tom to Joe. "No, I won't," said Joe, "I'm bet-ter off."

FEMALE SCHOOL.



THE next Session of the Female School of Miss Sarah A. STEARNS will commence on the 1st of October next. Five or six advanced pupils will be taken into the school, and board can be had in respectable families at moderate prices.

The undersigned can confidently recommend this school to favorable notice, believing that the qualifications of Miss STEARNS are of a superior order, to teach the elementary as well as higher literary branches.

W. R. HOLT, ROBT. FOSTER, HENRY R. DUSENBERRY, JOHN P. MARRY. Lexington, Davidson County, N. C., September 20, 1839.

Mons. Roueche,

HAVING received a new supply of GROCERIES, he takes pleasure in saying to his friends and the public, that they can now get bargains indeed for cash. He has all kinds of family provisions, such as—Sugar and Coffee, Soap and Candles, Oranges, Cod Fish, Lemons, Herring, Raisins, Mackerel, Almonds, Sardines, Sweet Crackers, Anchovies, Newark Cider, Lime Juice, Lemon Syrup, Albany Ale, Wines and Liquors.

Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber, as agent for Hetty Scott, James Scott, and Mary Scott, who intend moving to the West, offers for sale the following Tracts of Land:

One tract containing 4.5 acres, the residence of the late John Scott, situated five miles from Salisbury, on the main road to Charlotte, N. C., having much cleared land and valuable Meadows, with a large and commodious dwelling house, a double barn, cribs, kitchen and other out houses—all in good repair—with the best of water.

Another tract of 415 acres, adjoining the above, and on both sides of Crain creek, having on it a Grist Mill and 70 acres cleared; and a fine Meadow at the head of the pond.

As a public stand it is well known; as a private residence it is a desirable place. A wagon, horse and negroes will be taken in payment. A young negro girl is wanted, for which a fair price will be given.

The above lands will be rented or leased, if not sold, this Fall by me. A. W. BRANDON. Salisbury, June 28, 1839.

PIEDMONT HOUSE.

THE Subscriber having purchased this Establishment and fitted it in a style for the accommodation of Travellers and Boarders, is now prepared for their reception. His TABLE will always be furnished.

With the best the market can afford; his BAR with a good supply of choice Liquors; his BEDS shall always be kept in fine order; and his Stables (which are very extensive) are well supplied with Provender of the first quality, and attended by good and faithful hostlers.

He hopes, by strict attention to the business, in person, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. And he only asks a call and trial. ANDREW CALDCLEUGH. Lexington, N. C., Feb. 21, 1839.

BOLTING CLOTHS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE on hand, and intend keeping a supply of the best Anchor Stamp Bolting Cloths, comprising all the various Nos. used in this region of country.—Where all who wish the article can be supplied in quantities to suit purchasers, and on reasonable terms.

Wove Wire for Screens, Sifters, &c., kept constantly on hand. HALL & JOHNSON, FOOT OF RAYMOND. Fayetteville, May 17, 1839.

To Travellers.

THE travelling community are respectfully informed that the Subscriber is now running his line direct from Raleigh by way of Pisaboro' and Ashboro' to Salisbury, in small Northern made Coaches of the first order; leaving Raleigh on Mondays and Thursdays at 10 A. M., arriving in Salisbury next days at 10 P. M. Leaving Salisbury on Tuesdays and Fridays at 2 A. M., arriving in Raleigh next days at 10 P. M.

His horses are good, and drivers particularly careful and accommodating. JOEL McLEAN, Feb. 19, 1839. N. B. Seats secured at the Mansion Hotel.

New Foundry.

I HAVE lately completed and put in operation a large Iron Foundry at my mill on the South-Yadkin river (formerly Parsons) in Davids County; where we are prepared to make all kinds of castings, such as—The running works of cotton or woollen factories, cotton gins, grist and saw mills, thrashing machines, wind mill, plow blocks, gudgeons, iron shafts, pulleys, drums, driving wheels, and, in short, every thing else that is usually made at iron foundries. We are also prepared for Turning shafts, &c., and for finishing and fitting up all kinds of machinery in this line of business.

I have employed Jacob WAYSBARGER, formerly of Baltimore, a very skilful Mechanist, to superintend and manage my establishment. Mr. WAYSBARGER has worked all his life in establishments of this kind, and is distinguished for his skill as a Mechanist, and Mill-Wright. He will also make calculations for the water-wheels, mill-gearing, &c., and when the machinery is obtained from us, he will attend to putting it up. Our prices are those of similar establishments at the North. Orders addressed either to Jacob WAYSBARGER or myself, at Salisbury, will be promptly attended to. CHARLES FISHER. Salisbury, May 24, 1839.

Absconded,

FROM Lincoln, N. C., a man by the name of R. H. REYNOLDS, who says he is an Englishman—he was employed by the undersigned as the driver of a Hack, between Limestone Court House and the Limestone Springs, S. C. He was sent on the 13th of August, with a Hack and two horses to Lincoln, N. C., to have some alterations and repairs made on the Hack; he was furnished with

EIGHTY-SIX DOLLARS, to defray the expenses of the proposed repairs and alterations. He reached Lincoln, delivered the Hack, but, pretending that he wished to visit a friend, borrowed a saddle and saddle-bags, blanket and bridle, and took one of the horses which he drove in the Hack, and has not been heard from since.

The said REYNOLDS is about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, between 25 and 30 years of age, stout bodied, a lean complexion, with black hair and whiskers; he steps short when walking. He stated that he had been employed by Mr. Lacey of Augusta, as a trainer of horses; he has been probably a stage driver on the line between Raleigh and Columbia. The horse which he took is a chestnut sorrel, switch-tail, right eye out, 13 hands high, star in the forehead, high withers, crest-fallen, stout bodied and compact made; 11 years old.

The friends of honesty are appealed to, to aid in apprehending the villain.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD

will be paid for his apprehension so that he can be prosecuted for horse stealing;—and a REWARD OF TWENTY DOLLARS will be given for the delivery of the horse at this place. W. M. MURRAY, Superintendent of the Limestone Spring Company. Limestone Springs, S. C., September 20, 1839.

Tailoring Business.

The Subscriber keeps constantly on hand, a general assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, for Gentlemen's wear, such as Coats, Pantaloon, and Vests, of good

Goods,

well made, and fashionable. He is also prepared to cut and make clothing in the most fashionable and durable style, and warranted to fit. He also keeps a good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings of the first quality, selected by himself in the New York Market, all of which he will sell for Cash.

He still continues to teach the art of Cutting garments on the most approved plans of the best Tailors in New York and Philadelphia.

Cutting for customers done on the shortest notice, and orders from a distance attended to with despatch.—His shop will be found in Mr. Cowan's large brick building. BENJ. F. FRALEY. Salisbury, May 2, 1839.

TO THE COTTON PLANTERS OF Davidson, and the adjoining Counties.

THE Subscriber has now growing 14 Stalks of the Twin Cotton, which was originally brought from the Island of Cuba, if he is rightly informed.

The 14 stalks have 291 grown Pods at this time, which will make good Cotton. The stalks are much taller than the common Cotton. The first limb that comes out at the joint, grows out 4 or 5 inches in length, then forms, and the Pods cluster on the end of the limb, from three to five in number. The second, or lateral limb, comes out at the joint with the first growth, some three or four inches in length, and then forms two Pods together.

Good judges say that the staple is much finer than the common Cotton.—Furthermore, the Southern Agriculturists say, that it is a much finer article, and will command 4 or 5 cents more in a pound than the common Cotton.—This is not all, it will yield at least, one third more to the acre. Several Gentlemen have seen it, and are highly pleased with it.

Any person who wishes to purchase some of the seed can call and examine for themselves,—but for the convenience of those who live at a distance, I will get several Gentlemen who are good judges to examine the Cotton, and pass upon the seed. WM. THOMAS. Davidson Co., Sept. 20, 1839.

The Heath Tract.

THE above TRACT of LAND advertised in another part of this paper, is still FOR SALE, and any one wishing to purchase can, by paying two or three hundred dollars down, have the chance to pay the balance on any reasonable time. B. AUSTIN, Agent. Salisbury, July 5, 1839.

Cress & Boger

HAVE on hand and offer for sale the following articles cheap for cash or on time to punctual dealers: Fine invisible green, blue and black Cloths; Satin vestings, figured, very handsome; Black and drab Date for Summer wear; 3 pieces Kentucky Jeans; 100 do. brown Domestic; 10 do. Bed-Tickings; 2,000 lbs. Spun Cotton, S.F. 50 lbs. blue cotton Yarn; 50 lbs. Turkey Red; 15 kegs nails, assorted; 4 genuine mouse-hole Anvils; 2 smiths' Bellows;

1 doz. Collins' Axes; 15 finished Rifle barrels; 3 doz. Weaving Reeds, Philadelphia make; Scotch and Maccaubo Snuff; 1 box best cavendish Tobacco; 18 or 20 Hot Anker Bolting Cloths, from No. 5 to 9; assortment of screen wire, &c.

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, French and Champaign Brandy, Wines of different kinds; Holland Gin, &c., &c. July 26, 1839.

Public Notice.

THE Subscriber, in conformity to recent instructions received from the North Carolina Gold Mine Company, takes this method to inform those interested, that hereafter all persons found trespassing upon the following Tracts of Land; belonging to said Company, situated in Davidson County, will be prosecuted according to the strict letter of the Law.

JOHN WARD, Agent. Davidson, April 18, 1839.

LANDS: Tract, No. 1—containing 588 acres, lying on the four mile branch. " 2—containing 902 acres, lying on the water of the Flat Swamp. " 3—containing 2,800 acres, lying on Lick creek, Flat Swamp, and Yackin River. " 4—containing 1,650 acres, lying on Flat Swamp. " 5—containing 607, lying on Lick creek. " 6—containing 1,412, lying on Flat Swamp. " 7—containing 600, lying on Lick creek. " 8—containing 601, lying on Lick creek. " 9—containing 1,897 acres, lying on Lick creek and Flat Swamp. " 10—containing 1,363, lying on Lick creek. " 11—containing 1,317, located on four mile branch and Jacob creek, adjoining the Lead mine.

Negroes Wanted.

FAIR cash prices will be given for Negroes. Apply at Col. R. W. Long's Hotel, Salisbury, N. C. May 17, 1839.

NEW PROSPECTUS OF THE REPUBLICAN.

"THE REPUBLICAN" has been published in Washington, North Carolina, for six months, and will be continued so long as sufficient patronage is received to defray the expenses of its publication. It has now upwards of four hundred subscribers, and it is believed that if those friends to whom this Prospectus is sent will make a little exertion, the number may be doubled. For the support of our paper, we are compelled to rely almost entirely upon our subscription list, as the advertising patronage is almost exclusively in the hands of the Whigs; and they cherish towards our press the bitter hostility.

It is important that a Republican press should be sustained at this place. It is peculiarly important to the Republican party of this Congressional District.—This town is about the centre of the District. The importance of the press may safely be inferred from the malignant and bitter persecution we have received from the Whigs for our effort to establish it. It is important to the whole Republican party of North Carolina, that this press should be sustained. There is no other Republican paper published in a circuit of 50 miles; and if we except the "Farmer's Press," there is none within 75 miles. There is no Republican paper published in the Newbern District. We are thankful to our friends in that District for the aid we have already received in extending our circulation, and hope they will help us still farther.

The name of our paper indicates its character. It is a warm advocate of the old Jeffersonian doctrine as set forth in the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions of 1792. It is the unswerving foe of monopoly. It wages, no half-way opposition, but "war to the hilt and the hilt to the hilt." We will not compromise on this point; interests may be compromised, but principles never. In the contest now going on between the money power and popular liberty, it will be found as heretofore a zealous, and we hope, an efficient advocate of the rights of the people. It will advocate free trade and the rights of labor, and oppose the union of Bank and State, as not less corrupting than the union of Church and State. It supports the present Administration, and will continue to do so as long as the Government is administered on sound Republican and State-rights doctrines.

All sectarian and irreligious matter will be carefully excluded from the columns of "The Republican." Our paper is published in the midst of constant personal danger; in fact we are almost weekly the subject of personal assault.

We hope those to whom this is sent will make some effort to procure subscribers. Our terms are Three Dollars per annum. We do not expect a profit of one dollar beyond the support of the press.

GEORGE HOUSTON, Sen. Editor and Proprietor. September 20, 1839.

Notice.

TAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Rowan county, on the 15th instant, a negro man who calls himself TOM, about 50 years of age. He says the night of his last age is injured, and that he belongs to George Cooper, of Fairfield District, S. C. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs. JOHN H. HARDIE, Sh'ff. Salisbury, June 21, 1839.

BRICK MASONRY.

THE SUBSCRIBER living near Lexington, Davidson County, takes this method to inform the Public that he will enter into contract with any Person, or persons, either in Davidson, Rowan, or Cabarrus Counties, who wish houses, factories, or any other kind of buildings erected of Brick, to build them as cheap, as doubly and in as good style as any workman in this county.

He will also, mould and burn the Brick, if wanted.—He trusts that his long experience in Moulding and Laying BRICK, will entitle him to a share of public patronage.

He would refer gentlemen wishing work done in his Line of Business, to the Female Academy and the new fire-proof Clerk's office in Salisbury, as specimens of his work.

N. B. Those wishing work done, will please leave word at the office of the Western Carolinian, and it shall be punctually attended to. ROBERT COX. Davidson, April 18, 1839.

To Owners of Mills.

THE Subscriber has an improved patent Spindle for Mills, by which a mill will do much better than with the usual form of Spindles. It is so constructed as to keep from heating or killing the meal in any manner. The runner is so confined by the Spindle as always to preserve its balance, and of course there is no rubbing of the stones.

I think, by this improved Spindle, the same water will do at least one-third more business, and the meal of superior quality.

Any person wishing to use one of these Spindles, may obtain one or more, by making application, (within a short time) to the Subscriber at Mocksville, Davie Co. N. C. I think the probable cost will not exceed \$30 for the Patent and Spindle ready for use.

Col. Wm. F. Kelly and Thos. Foster, in the vicinity of Mocksville, have recently tried the improved Spindle, and are highly pleased with it. L. M. GILBERT. February 7, 1839.

MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS.—The universal estimation in which the celebrated Life Pills and Phenix Bitters are held, is satisfactorily demonstrated by the increasing demand for them in every State and section of the Union, and by the voluntary testimonials to their remarkable efficacy which are every where offered. It is not less from a deeply gratifying confidence that they are the means of extensive and inestimable good among his afflicted fellow-creatures, than from interested considerations, that the Proprietor of these pre-eminently successful medicines is desirous of keeping them constantly before the public eye. The sale of every additional bar and bottle is a guarantee that some persons will be relieved from a greater or less degree of suffering, and be improved in general health; for in no case of suffering from disease can they be taken in vain.

The Proprietor has never known or been informed of an instance in which they have failed to do good. In the most obstinate cases of chronic disease, such as chronic dyspepsia, torpid liver, indigestion, asthma, nervous and bilious head-ache, costiveness, piles, general debility, scrofulous swellings and pleurs, scurvy, and rheumatism and all other chronic affections of the organs and membranes, they effect cures with a rapidity and permanency which few persons would theoretically believe, but to which thousands have testified from happy experience. In colds and coughs, which, if neglected, superinduce the most fatal diseases of the lungs, and indeed the viscera in general, these medicines, if taken but for three or four days, never fail. Taken at night, they so promote the insensible perspiration, and so relieve the system of febrile action and febrile obstructions, as to produce a most delightful sense of convalescence in the morning; and though the usual symptoms of a cold should partially return during the day, the repetition of a suitable dose at the next hour of bedtime will almost invariably effect permanent relief, without further aid. Their effect upon fevers of a more acute and violent kind is not less sure and speedy if taken in proportionable quantity; and persons retreating to bed with inflammatory symptoms of the most alarming kind, will awake with the gratifying consciousness that the fierce enemy has been overthrown, and can easily be subdued. In the same way, visceral torpidities, though long established, and visceral inflammations, however critical, will yield—the former to small and the latter to large doses of the Life Pills; and so also hysterical affections, hypochondriacal restlessness, and every many

other varieties of the Neurotic class of diseases, yield to the efficacy of the Phenix Bitters. Full directions for the use of these medicines, and showing their distinctive applicability to different complaints, accompanied by testimonials, and they can be obtained, wholesale and retail, at 375 Broadway, where numerous certificates of their unparalleled success are always open to inspection.

For additional particulars of the above medicines, see Moffat's Good Samaritan, a copy of which accompanies the medicines; a copy can also be obtained of the different Agents who have the medicines for sale.

French, German, and Spanish directions can be obtained on application at the office, 375 Broadway. All post paid letters will receive immediate attention. Prepared and sold by William B. Moffat, 375 Broadway, N. Y. A liberal deduction made to those who purchase to sell again.

Agents—The Life Medicines may also be had of the principal druggists in every town throughout the United States and the Canada. Ask for Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters; and be sure that a fac simile of John Moffat's signature is upon the label of each bottle of Bitters, or box of Pills.

FEVER AND AGUE.—TO MY FRIENDS IN THE WEST, and particularly those who have tried the LIFE MEDICINES in treatment of FEVER AND AGUE.

It is but a very short time since these Medicines have been introduced into the Fever and Ague District, and the proprietor flatters himself that during that period, wherever they have been used according to the directions, they have done more towards exterminating the disease, than all other remedies and prescriptions combined. It is a common excuse among "regular practitioners," when specifics are introduced, that they do not cure diseases which people are in the habit of enduring incurable. Medical experience is continually doing away a part of the list of the incurable diseases, and Mr. Moffat has the happiness of confidently announcing that Fever and Ague is now to be added to the number of complaints which modern skill has conquered.

In Fever and Ague the Life Medicines not only give quicker relief than any other remedy, but, if prevented in, effect a permanent cure; so that if the patient is only ordinarily careful, and resorts directly to his medicine upon the first symptom of tenderness to the stomach, it may always be ward off. To escape one attack would be of infinitely more consequence to the sufferer than the value of the remedy—to remove the cause permanently would confer a benefit upon him which cannot be estimated by any earthly standard. That these Medicines will effect what is here claimed for them, the Proprietor has the testimony of all who have used them and their application and use in the Fever and Ague; and his object in now addressing his friends at the West is to request them that they may no pains in communicating their experience, and disseminating this highly interesting information, during the season for Fever and Ague has arrived.

It is not for the mere purpose of disposing of the hundred packages of the Life Medicines, that the proprietor makes his appeal. The demand for his medicines is already greater than he can conveniently supply; and even were it insufficient to effect his wish, he would conceive himself supremely selfish, if his leisure was not greater at the benefit conferred upon the suffering part of the community by means of his sales, than at his own pecuniary profit.

The Life Medicines, if properly used and prevented in, recommend themselves; still it is necessary that the public should know that such medicines exist, and have the propriety of advertising them. It is hoped, therefore, that the proprietor will not be accused of egotism when he says that there is no medicine or mode of treatment extant, for fever and ague, so appropriate, durable and positive in its happy effects as Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters.

For further particulars of the above medicines, see Moffat's Good Samaritan, a copy of which accompanies the medicines. A copy may also be obtained of the different Agents who have the medicines for sale.

French, German, and Spanish directions can be obtained on application at the office, 375 Broadway. All post paid letters will receive immediate attention.

Sold wholesale and retail by WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, 375 Broadway, N. Y. A liberal deduction made to those who purchase to sell again.

Agents—The Life Medicines may also be had of the principal druggists in every town throughout the United States and the Canada. Ask for Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters; and be sure that a fac simile of John Moffat's signature is upon the label of each bottle of Bitters, or box of pills.

FEVER AND AGUE POSITIVELY CURED.—Fever and Ague is a most obstinate disease, and with warm and humid climates, frequently resists every ordinary mode of cure, so as to become very dangerous to the person, and by the extreme debility, which it induces, it is a great source of suffering and complaint. Many instances of the efficacy of the Life Medicines in the cure of this disease, are every where offered, as from the prevalence of an entirely new—evidence of the repetition of the original exciting cause, in this, Fever and Ague differs from most other fevers; it is well known, that after an ordinary fever has occurred, and been removed, the person affected is so liable to a fresh attack as one who was not so affected. These circumstances render it extremely difficult to effect a permanent cure of Fever and Ague, though to relieve the patient for the time being is a very easy task.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS have been thoroughly tested, and proved to be positive and radical cures of Fever and Ague. The friends of his fellow-citizens in the West, have voluntarily come forward to assure Mr. Moffat that the Life Medicines are the only medicines that will disperse and effect a removal of the most tedious and dangerous disease.

Others who have emigrated to that rich and promising portion of our country—men who went out with hope, and confident of winning a competence from the insurance of the soil; or who carried to the country of our settlements the mercantile or mechanical experience won in the crowded cities and towns of the Eastern States; have either returned with shattered constitutions and depressed spirits, or they remain in their new homes, dragging out a wretched life; at last, to seek for some disease to which they are predisposed by the toror of the West, the Fever and Ague. Their bodies are blasted—their business energies destroyed—their ear is broken to the hope.

To these individuals, Mr. Moffat would say—"Try the Life Medicines, and you will yet anticipate your most sanguine expectations, for they will certainly restore you to health."

Fever and Ague is a complaint which requires to be met at its first approach, and combated at every step. Seldom fatal of itself, it reduces the strength, and impairs the functions of the organs, so that upon the cessation of disease, Nature is unable, unaided, to resist the invasion. The Life Medicines, when taken according to directions will cure it, and give to the weak and trembling victim of disease, new health and strength.

For full particulars of the mode of treatment, the reader is referred to the Good Samaritan, a copy of which accompanies the medicines. A copy may also be obtained of the different agents who have the medicines for sale.

French, German, and Spanish directions can be obtained on application at the office, 375 Broadway. All post paid letters will receive immediate attention.

Sold wholesale and retail by WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, 375 Broadway, N. Y. A liberal deduction made to those who purchase to sell again.

Agents—The Life Medicines may also be had of the principal druggists in every town throughout the United States and the Canada. Ask for Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters; and be sure that a fac simile of John Moffat's signature is upon the label of each bottle of Bitters, or box of Pills.

The above Medicines may be had of Messrs. Cress & Boger, in this Town who are Agents for the same. Salisbury, N. C. July 30, 1839.