

POETIC RECESS

From the Sunday School Journal. SKEPTICISM.

Vain human reason, when 'tis left alone, Is not unlike a bark upon the sea— Useful or useless—ruined or secure Only as men's guides from within;

O blessed radiance of the gospel star! O light from heaven, revealed thro' dearest gloom, How blessed are the eyes that drink thy beam!

THE NAME OF THE STAR NEAR THE NORTH POLE, BY WHICH SALES ARE MADE.

VARIETY.

Caution well Developed.—A party of engineers, on the Eastern rail road, who were making their surveys on the route between this town and Portsmouth, finding themselves a short time since at some distance from their quarters toward evening, called at a neighboring house to ask permission to leave their level and other instruments for the night.

A Fine Little Fellow.—In the Criminal Court, at Philadelphia, the other day, a small boy was brought up for the punishment of his extreme youth.

Laurels.—The following description, from the Cleveland Herald, of the process of manufacturing laurels in Ohio is peculiarly graphic, and, as Parsons says about his last Almanac, will answer for other industries.

A Queer Chap.—The Iowa Patriot relates an anecdote of the Rev. Mr. Scott, an eccentric preacher in that neighborhood, who was formerly a lawyer in Arkansas, to this effect.

A Bon Mot.—Some thieves met a man, and after robbing him, bound him and laid him under a hedge. They presently after, met another, whom they robbed, and also bound and laid him on the other side of the hedge.

When Vespatrow was asked what was the cause of Nero's overthrow, he replied that he governed the people as he played the harp, sometimes winding up the strings too high, at others letting them down too low, and there's nothing, says an able commentator on this passage, destroys authority so much as an equal and unimpaired interplay of power pressed too lax and relaxed too much.

Beste Late than Never.—We observe, from the New London Gazette, the following interesting announcement. "If it bring happiness to the parties as forcibly as it illustrates a proverb, the match was surely made in heaven."

Married.—On the 1st, Mr. John Lait, of Wetumpke, Pa., to Miss Julia S. Nezer, aged 70 years.

The size of a Pig.—We overheard the following very lively conversation given to a public court, but long since.

Q. How large a pig was it? A. Why it was a smart little change of a pig any day.

Q. Can't you describe how big it was? A. Yes; it was a stambling little about as you often see.

Q. Well, how large was it? Can't you compare it to something? A. It was about as big as a dog; and that's all I know about it.—Merrill Express.

Salisbury Female Academy.

The Trustees of the Salisbury Female Academy inform the public, that the Institution will be opened on Monday, the 18th of October next. It is their intention to place the Academy on a permanent and respectable basis, and no one will be wanting on their part, to render it, in every respect, worthy of the confidence of the friends of education, morality, and religion, who seek for their daughters a place where intellectual and moral culture combined, will prepare them to occupy with confidence and dignity, the sphere to which they are to be called.

By order of the Trustees, THOMAS L. COWAN, Chairman. Salisbury, Sept. 27, 1859.

New Foundry.

I HAVE lately completed and put in operation a large Iron Foundry at my mill on the South-Yadon river (formerly Pennock) on Devere county; where we are engaged to make all kinds of castings, such as the running works of cotton or woolen factories, cutting gins, great and saw mills, threshing machines, wind mills, plowm blades, gaspumps, gas works, pulleys, drums, driving wheels, and in short, every thing else that is usually made at iron foundries. We are also prepared for turning shafts, &c; and for finishing and fitting special kinds of machinery to suit the business.

By order of the Trustees, THOMAS L. COWAN, Chairman. Salisbury, Sept. 27, 1859.

New Fashions, for Spring & Summer, 1859.

HORACE H. BEARD, RESPECTFULLY informs his friends, that he has opened his TAILORING BUSINESS at his old stand on main street, next door to the Apothecary Shop. He is ever ready to execute the work of any workman in the western part of the State. He is in the regular receipt of the latest London and New York FASHIONS, and prepared to accommodate the tastes of the fashionable at all times.

WM. MURRAY, Superintendent of the Limestone Spring Company. Limestone Springs, S. C. Sept. 27, 1859.

THE PUBLIC Are Cautioned against a Scoundrel.

Z. PETERSON, absconded from this place on the 25th ultimo, without paying his bill, or paying several sums of money borrowed. He pretends that he is a Frenchman, and was employed here as a French Teacher. He is about 5 feet 11 inches high, about 30 years of age; has face is marked slightly with the small pox, his hair is dark, there is a mole on the top of his head, he walks very quick, carries a body erect and generally, wears his coat buttoned up to his neck; when he left, he wore a blue coat with gut buttons, his pantaloons were of the same color.—He took the Lincoln Stage at about two miles of this place, and the succeeding day took the Salisbury Stage. Information of him will be thankfully received by the Subscriber.

WM. MURRAY, Superintendent of the Limestone Spring Company. Limestone Springs, S. C. Sept. 27, 1859.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WOULD inform the public, that they will carry on the TANNING BUSINESS, and in connection with it, the BOOT and SHOE MAKING of their own yard, on the old place, east of the Court House, where they have on hand a quantity of excellent Sole-Leather and Sacking, Harness, Brills, and Upper Leathers. Carrying Leather for Coach-makers, and Horse Collars.—Also a large supply of BOOTS, of fine and second quality; Gaiters, Ladies', and Children's SHOES, of a superior quality; and a large stock of coarse Shoes, of a superior quality.

N. B. Hales will be taken in exchange for work done in the above business. R. & C. Salisbury, Sept. 6, 1859.

Moffat's Pills and Bitters.

THE LIFE GIVING PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS, are celebrated, and so much used by the afflicted on every part of the earth, is now re-ordered and for sale by the Subscribers.

New Goods.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE now receiving at their old Stand, at Stewart's Mill, in Cabarrus, a new and fresh supply of Spring and Summer Goods.

The following articles are among the latest arrivals: 1,700 lbs. of Sugar, 1,800 do. Coffee, 8 hhds. Molasses, 50 bushels Salt, Wines, Cognac Brandy, Dye Stuffs, Powder, &c., &c., all of which will be sold low for cash, or to punctual dealers on Time. JACOB WINECOFF & CO. May 1st, 1859. 29-ly

DR. LEANDER KILLIAN,

RESPECTFULLY offers his professional services to the citizens of Salisbury, and the surrounding country. His office is in Mr. West's new brick-building, nearly opposite J. & W. Murphy's store. Salisbury, N. C., August 20, 1859.

INEXAMPLD MAMMOTH SCHEME:

THE following details of a SCHEME of a LOTTERY, to be drawn in December next, warrants us in declaring it to be unparalleled in the history of Lotteries. Prizes to the amount have never before been offered to the public. It is true there are many blanks, but on the other hand, the extremely low charge of \$20 per ticket—the value and Number of the Capital, and the revival of the good old custom of warranting that every prize shall be drawn and sold, will, we are sure, give universal attraction, and especially, to the six hundred prize holders.

SYLVESTER & CO. 156 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Observe the Number 156.

\$700,000!!! \$500,000!!! \$25,000!! 6 Prizes of - - \$20,000!! 2 Prizes of - - \$15,000!! 3 Prizes of - - \$10,000!!

Grand Real Estate and Bank Stock Lottery

OF PROPERTY SITUATED IN NEW ORLEANS, The richest and most magnificent Scheme ever presented to the Public in This or any other Country.

Tickets only \$20. Authorized by an act of the Legislative Assembly of Florida, and under the directions of the Commissioners acting under the same.

To be drawn at Jacksonville, Florida, Dec. 1, 1859. SCHMIDT & HAMILTON, Managers. SALVENDY & Co., 156 Broadway, New York, Sole Agents.

No combination Numbers!!! 100,000 Tickets, from No. 1, upwards, in succession.

SPLENDID SCHEME: 1 Prize—The Arcade, 285 feet, 5 inches, 4 lines, on Magazine street; 101 feet, 11 inches, on Natchez street; 126 feet, 6 inches, on Gravier street.—Rented at about \$700,000 pr. annum, and valued at \$700,000

1 Prize—City Hotel, 162 ft. on Common street.—Rented at \$25,000—valued at 200,000 1 Prize—Dwelling House, (adjoining the Arcade) No. 16, 24 ft. 7 in. front on the Natchez str.—Rented at \$1,200—valued at 20,000

1 Prize—Ditto, (adjoining the Arcade) No. 18, 23 ft. front on Natchez str. Rented at \$1,200—valued at 20,000 1 Prize—Ditto, adjoining the Arcade) No. 20, 23 ft. front on Natchez str. Rented at \$1,200—valued at 20,000

1 Prize—Ditto, No. 23, North-east corner of Basin and Custom-house str.; 40 ft. front on Basin, and 40 ft. on Franklin str. by 127 ft. deep in Custom-house str.—Rented at \$1,500 valued at 20,000 1 Prize—Ditto, No. 24, South-west corner of Basin and Custom-house str.; 32 ft. 7 in. on Basin, 32 ft. 7 in. on Franklin, 127 ft. 10 1/2 in. deep in front of Custom-house street.—Rented at \$1,500—valued at 20,000

1 Prize—Ditto, No. 350, 24 ft. 8 in. on Royal str. by 127 ft. 11 in. deep.—Rented at \$1,000—valued at 15,000 1 Prize—250 shares Canal Bank Stock—\$100 each, 25,000 1 " 250 ditto, Commercial ditto, \$100 each, 20,000 1 " 150 ditto, Mechanics' & Traders'—100 each, 15,000

1 " 100 ditto, City Bank, \$100 each, 10,000 1 " 100 ditto, ditto, \$100 each, 10,000 1 " 100 ditto, ditto, \$100 each, 10,000 1 " 50 ditto, Exchange Bank, \$100 each, 5,000 1 " 50 ditto, ditto, ditto, \$100 each, 5,000 1 " 25 ditto, Gas Light Bank, \$100 each, 2,500 1 " 25 ditto, ditto, ditto, \$100 each, 2,500 1 " 25 ditto, ditto, ditto, \$100 each, 2,500 1 " 15 ditto, Mechanics' & Traders', \$100 each, 1,500 1 " 15 ditto, ditto, ditto, \$100 each, 1,500

20 " each 10 shares Louisiana State Bank, \$100 each, each Prize \$1,000, 20,000 10 " each 2 shares of \$100 each, each Prize \$200, of the Gas Light Bank, 2,000 200 " each 1 share of \$100, of the Bank of Louisiana, 20,000 200 " each 1 share of \$100, of the New Orleans Bank, 20,000 150 " each 1 share of \$100, of the Union Bank of Florida, 15,000 600 Prizes. \$1,000,000

Tickets \$20—No Shares.

The whole of the Tickets, with their Numbers, as also those containing the Prizes, will be examined and sealed by the Commissioners appointed under the Act, previous to their being put into the wheels. One wheel will contain the whole of the numbers, the other will contain Six Hundred Prizes, and the first 600 Numbers that shall be drawn out, will be entitled to such Prizes as may be drawn to the number, and the first 600 holders of such Prize will have each property transferred to them immediately after the Drawing, unencumbered, and without any deduction. June 7, 1859. 6-11

NEW PROSPECTUS OF THE REPUBLICAN.

"The Republican" has been published in Washington, North Carolina, for six months, and will be continued as long as sufficient patronage is received to defray the expenses of its publication. It has now upwards of four hundred subscribers, and it is believed that if those friends to whom this Prospectus is sent will make a little exertion, the number may be doubled. For the support of our paper, we are compelled to rely almost entirely upon our subscription list, as the advertising patronage is almost exclusively in the hands of the Whigs; and they cherish towards our press the better hostility.

It is important that a Republican press should be sustained at this place. It is peculiarly important to the Republican party of this Congressional District.—This town is about the centre of the District. The importance of the press may safely be inferred from the malignant and bitter persecution we have received from the Whigs for our effort to establish it. It is important to the whole Republican party of North Carolina, that this press should be sustained. There is no other Republican paper published in a circuit of 50 miles; and if we except the Tarboro' Press, there is none within 75 miles. There is no Republican paper published in the Newbern District. We are thankful to our friends in that District for the aid we have already received in extending our circulation, and hope they will help us still farther.

The name of our paper indicates its character. It is a warm advocate of the old Jeffersonian doctrine as set forth in the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions of 1798. It is the unswerving foe of monopoly. It wages no half-way opposition, but—war to the knife and the knife to the hilt." We will not compromise on this point: interests may be compromised, but principles never. In the contest now going on between the money power and popular liberty, it will be found an advocate of a justice, and we hope, an efficient advocate of the rights of the people. It will advocate free trade and the rights of labor, and oppose the union of Bank and State, and not less corrupting than the union of Church and State. It supports the present Administration, and will continue to do so as long as the Government is administered on sound Republican and State-Rights doctrines.

All sectarian and irrelevant matter will be carefully excluded from the columns of "The Republican." Our paper is published in the midst of constant personal danger: in fact we are almost weekly the subject of personal assault. We hope those to whom this is sent will make some effort to procure subscribers. Our terms are Three Dollars per annum. We do not expect a profit of one dollar beyond the support of the press.

GEORGE HOUSTON, Sen. Editor and Proprietor. September 20, 1859.

Notice.

TAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Rowan county, on the 15th inst., a negro man who calls himself TOM, about 50 years of age. He says the sight of his left eye is injured, and that he belongs to George Cooper, of Fairfield District, S. C. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs. JOHN H. HARDIE, Sheriff. Salisbury, June 21, 1859.

To Owners of Mills.

THE Subscriber has an improved patent Spindle for Mills, by which a mill will do much better than with the usual form of Spindles. It is so constructed as to keep from heating or killing the meal in any manner. The runner is so confined by the Spindle as always to preserve its balance, and of course there is no rubbing of the stones.

I think, by this improved Spindle, the same water will do at least one-third more business, and the meal of superior quality. Any person wishing to use one of these Spindles, may obtain one or more, by sending application, within a short time) to the Subscriber at Mocksville, Davie Co. N. C. I think the probable cost will not exceed \$50 for the Patent and Spindle ready for use. Col. Wm. F. Kelly and Thos. Foster, in the vicinity of Mockville, have recently tried the improved Spindle, and are highly pleased with it. L. M. GILBERT, February 7, 1859.

BRICK MASONRY.

THE SUBSCRIBER living near Lexington, Davidson County, takes this method to inform the Public that he will enter into contract with any Person, or persons, either in Davidson, Rowan, or Cabarrus Counties, who wish houses, factories, or any other kind of buildings erected of Brick, to build them as cheap, as durable, and in as good style as any workman in this country.

He will also, mould and burn the Brick, if wanted.—He trusts that his long experience in Moulding and Laying BRICK, will entitle him to a share of public patronage. He would refer gentlemen wishing work done in his line of Business, to the Female Academy and the new fire proof Clerk's office in Salisbury, as specimens of his work. N. B. Those wishing work done, will please leave word at the office of the Western Carolinian, and it shall be punctually attended to. ROBERT COX, Davidson, April 18, 1859.

MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS.

The universal estimation in which the celebrated Life Pills and Phenix Bitters are held, is satisfactorily demonstrated by the increasing demand for them in every State and section of the Union, and by the voluntary testimonials to their remarkable efficacy which are every where offered. It is not less from a deeply gratifying confidence, that they are the means of extensive and inestimable good among his afflicted fellow-creatures, than from interested considerations, that the Proprietor of these pre-eminent successful medicines desires of keeping them constantly before the public eye. The sale of every additional box and bottle is a guarantee that some persons will be relieved from a greater or less degree of suffering, and be improved in general health; for in no case of suffering from disease can they be taken in vain.—The Proprietor has never known or been informed of an instance in which they have failed to do good. In the most obstinate cases of chronic disease, such as chronic dyspepsia, torpid liver, rheumatism, asthma, nervous and bilious head-ache, constipation, piles, general debility, scrofulous swellings and ulcers, scurvy, salt rheum and all other chronic affections of the organs and membranes, they effect cures with a rapidity and permanency which few persons would theoretically believe, but to which thousands have testified from happy experience. In colds and coughs, which, if neglected, superinduce the most fatal diseases of the lungs, and indeed the viscera in general, these medicines, if taken but for three or four days, never fail. Taken straight, they so promote the inestimable preparation, and so relieve the system of bilious action and febrile obstructions, as to produce a most delightful sense of convalescence in the morning; and though the usual symptoms of a cold should partially return during the day, the repetition of a suitable dose at the next hour of bed-time will almost invariably effect permanent relief, without further aid. Their effect upon fevers of a more acute and violent kind is not less sure and speedy if taken in proportionate quantity; and persons returning to bed with inflammatory symptoms of the most alarming kind, will awake with his gratifying consciousness that the force energy has been overthrown, and can easily be subdued. In the most trying, venereal, gonorrhoea, through long established, and various other diseases, however critical, will yield to the former to small and the latter to large doses of the Life Pills; and so also the various affections of the urinary system, and very many

other varieties of the Neurotical class of diseases, yield to the efficacy of the Phenix Bitters. Full directions for the use of these medicines, and showing their specific applicability to different complaints, accompany them; and they can be obtained, wholesale and retail, at 375 Broadway, where numerous certificates of their unparalleled success are always open to inspection.

For additional particulars of the above medicines, see Moffat's Good Samaritan, a copy of which accompanies these medicines; a copy can also be obtained of the different Agents who have the medicines for sale. French, German, and Spanish directions can be obtained on application at the office, 375 Broadway. All post paid letters will receive immediate attention. Prepared and sold by William B. Moffat, 375 Broadway, N. Y. A liberal deduction made to those who purchase to sell again.

Agents—The Life Medicines may also be had of the principal druggists in every town throughout the United States and the Canada. Ask for Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters; and be sure that a fac simile of John Moffat's signature is upon the label of each bottle of Bitters, or box of Pills.

FEVER AND AGUE—TO MY FRIENDS IN THE WEST, AND PARTICULARLY THOSE WHO HAVE THE LIFE MEDICINES IN TREATMENT OF FEVER AND AGUE.

It is but a very short time since these Medicines have been introduced into the Fever and Ague Districts, and the proprietor flatters himself that during that period, whenever they have been used according to the directions, they have done more towards exterminating the disease, than all other remedies and prescriptions combined. It is a common excuse among "regular practitioners," when specifics are introduced, that they cannot cure diseases which people are in the habit of considering incurable. Medical experience is continually doing away a part of the list of the incurable diseases, and Mr. Moffat has the happiness of confidently announcing that Fever and Ague is now to be added to the number of complaints which modern skill has conquered.

In Fever and Ague the Life Medicines not only give quicker relief than any other remedy, but, if persevered in, effect a permanent cure; so that if the patient is only ordinarily careful, and resorts directly to his medicine upon the first symptom of tendency to a new attack, it may always be ward off. To escape one chill would be infinitely more consequence to the sufferer than the value of the remedy.—To remove the disease permanently would confer a benefit upon him which cannot be estimated by any earthly standard. That these Medicines will effect what is here claimed for them, the Proprietor has the testimony of all experienced with them and their application to the use in the Fever and Ague; and his object is now addressing his friends at the West is to request them that they spare no pains in communicating their experience, and disseminating this highly interesting information, now that the season for Fever and Ague has arrived.

It is not for the mere purpose of disposing of a few hundred packages of the Life Medicines, that the proprietor makes this appeal. The demand for his medicines is already greater than he can conveniently supply; and even were it insufficient to afford him business, he would conceive himself supremely selfish, if his pleasure was not greater at the benefit conferred upon the suffering part of the community by an increase in the sales, than at his own pecuniary profit. The Life Medicines, if properly used and persevered in, recommend themselves; still it is necessary that the public should know that such medicines exist, and hence the propriety of advertising them. It is hoped, therefore, that the proprietor will not be accused of egotism when he says that there is no medicine or mode of treatment, either for Fever and Ague, so appropriate, thorough and positive in its happy effects, as Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters.

For further particulars of the above medicines, see Moffat's Good Samaritan, a copy of which accompanies these medicines; a copy can also be obtained of the different Agents who have the medicines for sale. French, German, and Spanish directions can be obtained on application at the office, 375 Broadway. All post paid letters will receive immediate attention.

Sold wholesale and retail by WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, 375 Broadway, N. Y. A liberal deduction made to those who purchase to sell again. Agents—The Life Medicines may also be had of the principal druggists in every town throughout the United States and the Canada. Ask for Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters; and be sure that a fac simile of John Moffat's signature is upon the label of each bottle of Bitters, or box of pills.

NEVER AND AGUE POSITIVELY CURED.

Fever and Ague is a most obstinate disease, and in warm and humid climates, frequently resists every ordinary mode of cure, so as to become very distressing to the person, and by the extreme debility which the disease induces, it often gives rise to other chronic complaints. Miasmatic malarial, or the effluvia arising from stagnant water, is the most frequent exciting cause of this disease; and one of its great peculiarities is its susceptibility of a renewal from very slight causes, such as from the prevalence of an easterly wind—often even at the repetition of the original exciting cause. As this, Fever and Ague differs from most other fevers, it is well known, that after an ordinary fever has occurred, and been removed, the person affected is not so liable to a fresh attack as one who was not so affected. These circumstances render it extremely difficult to effect a permanent cure of Fever and Ague, though to relieve the patient for the time being is a very easy task.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS have been thoroughly tested, and proved to be positive and radical cure of Fever and Ague. Hundreds of his fellow-citizens in the West, have voluntarily come forward to assure Mr. Moffat that the Life Medicines are the only medicines that will thoroughly effect a removal of this most tedious and distressing disease. Others who have emigrated to that rich and thriving portion of our country—men who went out full of hope, and confident of winning a competence from the luxuriance of the soil; or who carried to the support of our settlements the mercantile or mechanical experience won in the crowded cities and towns of the older States; have either returned with shattered constitutions and depressed spirits; or they remain in their new homes, dragging out a weary life; at last, to seek for some disease to which they are predisposed by the terror of the West, the Fever and Ague. Their hopes are blasted—their business energies destroyed—their El Dorado become a desert, and the world, made to the ear, is broken to the hope.

To those individuals, Mr. Moffat would say—"Try the Life Medicines, and you will yet anticipate your most sanguine expectations, for they will certainly restore you to health." Fever and Ague is a complaint which requires to be met at its first approach, and consisted of every stage. Seldom fatal of itself, it reduces the strength, impairs the functions of the organs, so that upon the manifestation of disease, Nature is unable, unassisted, to set the inroad.—The Life Medicines, when taken strictly according to directions will cure it, and give to the weak and trembling victim of disease, new health, vigour and strength.

For full particulars of the mode of treatment, the reader is referred to the GOOD SAMARITAN, a copy of which accompanies the medicine. A copy may be obtained of the different agents who have the medicines for sale. French, German, and Spanish directions can be obtained on application at the office, 375 Broadway. All post paid letters will receive immediate attention. Sold wholesale and retail by William B. Moffat, 375 Broadway, N. Y. A liberal deduction made to those who purchase to sell again.

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The above Medicines may be had of Messrs. Cross & Boger, in this Town, who are Agents for the same. Salisbury, N. C., July 20, 1859.