is "service and impolitio" to apply the money of the people in a ducharge of the public debt, but that this money belonging to the whole people should be appropriated to making roads and canals in some of the States, and in the support and enconregionent of domestic manufactures." That blic debt should be allowed to go on increaang, when there is envery in the treasury to pay it off. a order to appropriate this mornly to building up and entroving some parts of the Union at the expense of others! That the people should not only pay taxes in the shape of an onjust Tariff to appoin the Manufactures, but the money in the public Treasury, collected salely for the support of Gov somest, and the payment of public debte, should be given away to objects of Internal Improvesent, and to increase the profits of the Manufacturers! Can Southern men support a candidate prolessing such principles! We cannot believe it! We cannot believe that the Farmer and Mechanwill be duped into the support of a party who make noisy and open mouthed proclamation of mal for their interests, while their acts show them in favor of the monstrous and unconstitutional doctrine advanced in the resolutions above. Again we say, that these resolutions are no hearsay or second hand evidence of Harrison's Tariff and Inurnal Improvement principles. They are capied rom the Journal itself, published in Ohio in 1820,

GT A Mouse brought forth .- The labor of two weeks has enabled some of the Harrison party to out forth a something meant for an address to the people of Rowan and Davie Counties, and intended as an answer to the certified copy of Harrison's law and vote to sell white men, published by the Rowan Central Committee. This thing has a number of names signed to it, some of which we know and charge to have been placed there without the knowledge or authority of the individualsseveral of them declare they never saw the paper or heard of it, until shown them, with their names attached, after its publication; and we entertain no doubt but that many of the names were in the suno manner, placed there without the knowledge or authority of the persons pretended. The whole silair is a wretched, lame, balt, and awkward attempt at " whipping the devil round the stump," enceived in the true spirit of a County Court law quibbler, but a miserably poor show to come from the " literary " party. By the way, was the wrier ashamed or afruid to sign his own name amongst the rest I From its long winded emptiness, and no sant aftempt at argument and reason, the paternie of the thing is pretty ensity guessed. It conams nothing to answer or talk about, in particuar, and therefore we will drop the subject.

which we have, open to the inspection of any man.

THE HARRISON PARTY.

Ot all the confitions that have ever existed in his country, since it ranked us one amongst the intions of the earth, the log cubin and hard eider warshippers of the present day, form the most extraordinary. A greening on no political principles, but made up of the odds and ands of all factions and parties, they work together for one single purpose, to elevate a dumb Candidate and weak old man to the Presidency, all hoping thereby to acsuphsh their different schemes of Abolition, a

Taxill, Internal Improvement and Bunk Monopolies. We find composing this party. The Abolition sts, who nominated old Mr. Harrison, the sworn esemies of the South, and incendiary plotters to calling our districtions.

Every serviving member of the Hartford Con-

The opposers of the last war, who were willing to see this country disgreed by quietly suffering the insults of a Foreign power.

The Federal apporters of the black cockade and Alien and Sedition law administration of old John Adama

+Se

THE '

(grid

The revilers of Jefferson and the Republican

The Tariff and Internal Improvement party of he North and South.

The advocates of all Bank Monopolies, and escially of a United States Bank, to rule the counwith the souttess despotism of money power and Foreign influence, and to "regulate" trade gainst the South and spoculate on the money of the people, contrary to the Constitution and the

These are some of the discordant materials which make up the mass of the Harrison Party. They are such as no State Rights Republican who is miniful of his principles will be found acting with.

LOOK AROUND.

Lot any candid and reflecting Republican, who s sine standing in the racks of the Harrison party, or around him and see with whom he is associa feel. Is he acting with his old friends and former allies? Is he acting with the distinguished Republeans whom he considered as teen patriots in former days? If not, it must follow, that either they have deserted their principles, or he line. Both cannot be right. Boss it not then, became him to prone and consider seriously whether he may not

wrong ! Is it probable that a majority of the State Rights Republican party would abandon their principles? Is it not more probable that a few hight be led sarray by false issues ! We ask our Summe friends to consider these things schooly and

seriously. All men are liable to error-none but fiels persist in it, when discovered. It does seem to us, that when Southern Republicans son Cal-boun, McDuffe, Troup, and a host of others, in act all the leading State Rights men of the South, trayed together in one cause, it ought to be strong tradence to them that it is the right out.

Many of the inthers of the land predicted a sepa-tion men the grounds of slavery, and they were an ig the best ardent lowers at liberty that fought is builtered our country."

So says an Abolitismist of Ohio, in a long argu-

on the Union of the States. He calls it an unhaly alliance" and argues to show that it is the duty of the a bolitionists to persevere, or separate from the South rather than allow the instruction of sineary to remain. These are the Northern alles of Southern Harrison men.

THE NEW JEHREY CARRASETTERS.

"The long agony is over "at lest, and the rights Elections, after the most laborious investigation. that has ever taken place in Congress, made their many of us. But report on the 18th instant, from which it appears that the investigation has resulted in the triumphant success of the Democratic members, and Gov. of m Pennington and his tools, with their broad seal of wax, have received a stamp of diagrace and infamy that all the waters of the great deep can never wash out.

It was afleged, as will be recollected, that the Democratic members had obtened a nominal majority by illegal votes, but behold it turns out, that a majority of the illegal votes polled were found on the other side, and that the Republicans have guined many good votes which were rejected. When the result of the investigation appeared in the Report made to the House, the Federal members seem to have been thrown into utter confusion, being greatly at a loss to know how to break their fall. The Chairman of the Committee on making the Report, moved to print it, together with the minority report, and lay the subject over for several days, doubtless with the view of giving time to the flouse for its full examination. Against this proposition to print, the Federal members made violent opposition, and one of them, in order | be to consume time, at that late period of the session, and stave off the question, called for the sion, and stave off the question, called for the reading of all the papers. When the Republican keep Mr. Morehead from speaking.

After Mr. Craim was agreed upon as Elector for members saw the game that was playing, they determined to meet them on their own grounds, and prevent a sacrifice of the public interest, by this gatherings and address the people. The Harrison continually objected to his being heard, unprincipled managerering. They accordingly sat still and heard the Reports of the majority and minority road through from beginning to end. This done, they called for the previous question on the Resolutions confirming the sents to the rage, up to Saturday last, when a scene occurred such Democratic members, and determined to take it as has never before been witnessed in the county of before acjourning. They had in the first instance, it will be remembered, proposed to lay the question over for four or five days, that the members might have time to examine the Reports and papers after being printed, but as the Federalists at the Tax gatherings. On Saturday, Mr. Caldwell, forced the reading of all these papers, thereby the Harrison Elector, from same cause or other, ent affording every man an opportunity of hearing the facts, there was certainly no necessity for further didates denied Mr. Craige the right to speak. After delay. After the House had determined to take frome contention, it was agreed that Mr. Jones should the question, then there seems to have been a Jones commenced and concluded a speech of one hour, terrible fluttering, in the Federal ranks, some made up entirely of slang abuse of the Administration asked to be excused from voting, others in defiance of the House, declared they would not vote, all a serve of discovered in extract and violent interrests of discovered in extract and violent interrests of discovered in extract and violent interrests of the excused discovered in extract and violent interrests of the excused of the ex seeming furious at being caught in their own trap- was attempted such as never before occurred in Rew Their manœuvering and raving however were alike an County. unavailing, for the House persisted in its deteraccordingly the question was taken, and the Republican members were confirmed in their right to sents, by a vote of 102 to 22. Thus has ended the famous New Jersey case; in the defeat of the disgraceful fraud attempted, and the eternal infamy.

New, I appeal to the calm judgment of reflecting disgraceful fraud attempted, and the eternal infamy of Gov. Pennington and his co conspirators.

The people have triumphed, and let the people

THE EXPLORING EXPEDITION.

Recent accounts mention the return of some of the vessels composing the squadron of this expedi- days of black cockade Federalism, have such inscient tion, to Sydney, (South Wales, From a cruise in the and outrageous attempts been made to overswe the E Southern was, which resulted in the discovery of Pederal dectrines. During the "reign of terror," whe a new continent. The land was first seen on the the old Adams purry were to power, freemen who ex 18th January, in latitude 64 degrees 20 minutes pressed their notions as men, were threatened with South, longitude 154 degrees, 18 minutes East. One of the vessels ran along the coust, within club-law and violence. But the minious of the Fadesometings and only a short distance from land, for rai think party have commenced to som. They are the distance of 1,700 unies castwardly, though con-

on our table ;-though we have had no leisure to do more than glauce over it. The table of Contents appress the truth, and present discussion to apply as well as the high commendations we have seen gag-lab and force, rather than let the truth be heard. I cannot be lieve that the old Republicans of Rowan and present number fully sustains the high literary character of the work.

0.7 Gen. Harrison, otherwise called Gen. Mum, otherwise the "certificate cardidate" of the Federal Abolition Bank party, has in times past declured his belief that a United States Bank was unconstitutional; but says nevertheless, if such an institution should be chartered by Congress, be the Constitution, believes a measure unconstitution al, and yet agrees to approve it l. Can any body doubt that the old mun is in his dotage?"

men. They first desied that he did vote at all for was for crime men were to be sold, and finally have so many blandars, absurdities and misrepresentations in it, that he sid not sign his own name to it, noticer would the leading man of the party in town or the concrete of the tea kettle which had been burrowed and his teak kettle which had been burrowed and broke: "May it please your honor, we take three from the facility with which he laid dawn premises positions in this defence:—in the fact place, we never dreamed of by the Republican Central Commitsecond place, we contend that it was cracked when when we returned it."

The progress of Fanaticism .- It is the studious design of the Southern Federalists to conceal the onward stride that Abolition is making at the dress, intend to convey the meaning that a free negro could purchase a white servant in Indiana; their retearts upon that subject were introded to apply to the cause of the Abolition candidate, Gen. Mam, by Obio law, under which no man will dare despute that a keeping every thing out of view that could by any free segre could purchase a white servant; -yet, by a forced construction, the nations of this federal address possibility injure him, or induce impertinent inquiries from the "ignorant people" conserring his opinions. But let not Southern men be deceived by these artifices:—Abolitionism is making rapid atrides, and threatens by its mad and ungoverned fanaticism, not only the destruction of the Union, but danger to Religion itself

The New York "Evangelist" saver—"Abolitation!" NO! I assert and defiguous are in time.

cionism, in the true and Catholic server of the serve. That some of the individuals whose names are to that never had so powerful a grasp on the soul of the piece, nover saw it, sever read it, or he set it team, the American Nation, as at the present time,"

of mum as for as possible. To this end, they not only concluded " to make no declarations of opinion for the public eye" themselves, but to do all in their power to prevent the Republican party from doing so either.— With the usual borror of guil-doors, they droaded to see the light, and with the usual audverty of that class, they have endeavored to prevent its being wen by the people. Knowing that "truth is mighty and will prevent," their whole nin has been to link the truth, and has, he some time, been directed to embarraes and pre-vent a free and full discussion before the people. This spirit first manifested study at Capt. Trexter's misster ground on the 3d of July. When Julge Sannders, the Republican Candidate for Governor, made his appearance, with the using of addressing the people according to a notice previously given, some of the Federal Harrison candidates and party, most attenuously objected to his speaking, and persisted in doing so, until informed by Judge Saunders that he came there to peak, and outless the people refused to hear him speak, would, without their lavor or leave, and so ochance of their charctions. An overwhalming voice of the people replied, "hear him," and he was heard with such effect as sickned the hearts of the Federal Bank men. On the 4th, at their hard cider caronsal in Salasury, rather than let Judge Sannders, who was in Town heard in answer to their candidate who was broug to the show to speak, they made him play mum. No daring to refuse Judge Saunders leave to be h and, they

this District, he proceeded to the discharge of the disties imposed by the nomination, to attend the Tax and some of the Harrison party have uniformly and repeatedly attempted to interrupt his addresses by noise, disturbance and diversion of the crowd toother objects This has been done, I say, uniformly and repeatedly, with conduct, nearly approaching to disgraceful out Rowan. On Friday, the day before, both the Electors for this District, attended at Morgan's Moster ground, and addressed the people, with the free consent of the County Candidates—this time, the Harrison men, as their Elector was present, making no objection, as the before had done, to the right of the Electors to spen a scene of disgraceful outrage and violent interruption

Different expedients were tried to attract the attention of the crowd present, and draw them off from mination to bring the matter to a close, and hearing Mr. Craige; when, however, all failed, from personal threats and inscient bollying, a violent disturb-new ensued, which so interrupted the speaking that Mr. Craige was entirely unable to proceed, and fi-

and coudid men, to say whether there things are no highly outrageous. When was the tune ever known in Rowan County before, that any party or any set o men dared attempt to carry their me cares by bullying and roughling, by recording to threats and violence in judging for themselves! Does it not show that they are afraid of the light and the truth! Never, since the stantly exposed to shipwreck from heavy gales of wind. Several specimens of earth and rock were obtained, some weighing upwards of 100 pounds.

licans of Rowan are to be overred from acting assumption of words as they please, by the dictation of world-be brave men, if they could, and the brawling insolence of bully clubs. The tharrison party have no principles upon which they take a stand. They rely upon log cabin and hard cider parades to gull the people into a The Southern Literary Messenger for June is support of their dumb candidate. They are afraid to meet the Republican party in free and full discussion before the people, hence their efforts of desperation to Davie will be either deceived by their humbags, or submit to their insolent dictation. I for one will neither be deterred by bullyism nor threats from raising my voice to denounce, and if need be, my arm to resist them. We are not yet subjected to the Alien and Sedition law of blugh tockade Federahem, and so long as the people are true to thomselves and Republican principles, we never will be.

A REPUBLICAN.

FOR THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

would not veto the bill. He is sworn to support EXPIRING AGONIES of ROWAN FEDERALISM. Ma. Engrou: Have you read the paper to which the amen of a number of individuals are attached, just published at the Watchman Office, purporting to be a reply to the Circular issued by the Repub-lican Central Committee of Howen, on the subject The hard eider party took three ways of getting of Hamson's laws for celling White men and women over Gen. Harrison's vote for selling free white for debt ! If you have not, do get one and read it, if you can muster the patience necessary; for I assure you, it is a rare production. The author of this piece the barbarous law; -they then asserted that it is evidently a "green-horn" in politics, and committed deny that we ever borrowed the tea kettle; in the | tee, and then went to work like a valuat man to disprove them. I shall not attempt a defence of the Circular of the Central Committee, as the facts it sees forth connect we got it, and in the third place, that it was whole be disproved by either the grators of the writings of the federal party—they are saturated as part of the his-tory of the country, and will brever throw a dark man-tle over the political history of their susher, Gen. Hartieut. The Rowan Central Committee did not, in their Ad

and notherned their names to be put to it, and did a know what it contained until they may it printed, as

Republican Roman can be ruled and sictated to by such tricks, and by such cricksten! News ! News ! News ! News ! News ! I again charge, Mr. Before, that the writer or wraters of the hand-bill alluded to, were estate straid or ashamed to sign his or their remes to vi, on account of the weakness of the productive, and the many here faced misrepresentations at contains. And implies form that the Calim," sale and a part of the productive for distribution in the adjoining Counties in will an invitation to while it is not their temperature. The first productive and the many here that the factors were able to be a factor of the productive and the many here faced misrepresentations at contains. And implies form the counties in the first productive of the productive of the many here. Calim, " sale and a like it for a substitution in the adjoining Counties in will an invitation to while it and me their face of the productive forms and the productive of the productive forms and the substitution in the adjoining Counties in will an invitation to while it is a substitute of the productive of the productive

FOR THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

Ma. Enrou: I was at Morgon's on last Friday, and heard the speeches of the two Electors of this District. Mr. Caldwell took the lead. He commenced by remarking the present embarraged state of the country, the searcity of money, and commercial distress, all of which be attributed indirectly to the Administration, or States Bank, removed the Deposits, &c., the old slang, familiar to every one and unnecessary to be repeated here;—after attributing the embarrasments now existing to these causes, he went on to a labored delence of the United States Bank, insisting that it was the only possible means of requiring the currency, and restoring the country to property. Having consumed some time in this attempt, he passed on to a demolishing denunciation of Mr. Van fluren, and wound up by a detence of Harrison's law to self saite men, insuntaining that it was better to sell a free man into bondage rather than send him to prison for non-payment of these and costs! These were the main points of ins address, differing from the ground generally taken by his party. First, in advocating a U. S. Bank which few of them now undertake to do, and secondly, in admitting liurrison's furname policy, which I have never heard amny of the party pretend to attempt before. Mr. Culdwell was at least candid and open in an acknowledgement of both these important charges, heretofore de-nied by the Harmon party, and he deserves credit for menty in openly advocating these two things, one of high the Republicans hold to be unconstructional and which the Republicans hold to be unconstitutional and highly inexponent and dangerous;—the other odions for many years past Mrs. Powe had been a consistent and outrageous. When he had concluded, Mr. Craige hollowed. He proceeded to show, in a manner the most conclusive, that the "hard trues" so much harped upon by the opposition are the result of causes over which the Administration pether has had, her can' here any control whotover; that they were brought to thom is irreparable.

About solely by the unlawful interference of the Banks. Mysterious indeed is the dispensation which has reabout sofely by the unlawful interference of the Banks. in speculations, by their excessive issues of paper trash, and their sudden contraction and calling is of the tender age of childhood, a christian methor, who there notes and dues, racking money scarce, as at present, and times hard. " Mr. Craige arged as reasons why no Southern Republican can support Gen. Harrison, his nomination by Abolition influence;—his Anti-Southern feelings; his refusal to declare his principles when questioned; his private intimations of Abolition feelings to the North, and Anti-Abelition to the South, proving him unworthy to be trusted; his Tariff and luternal improvement principles; and his vote as admitted by Mr. Caldwell, to sell white men into bondage for fines and costs, incurred for committing trivial offences,-

Mr. Crorge objected most strephously to the principle advanced by his opponent in justification of this civil law,—that it was better to self a man than imprison lem. He vindicated Mr. Van Buren from the charge of being opposed to the last war, and showed that he was not only its advocate, has one of the most active promoters of the measure. He defended the State Rights party from the charge of inconsistency in supporting Mr. Van Buren, and clearly proved that they could not do otherwise in the prosedl contest, since Van Buren and his party have taken their stand on the ur party, in opposition to a Proteclive Teriff, Internal Improvement, and Monop while Gen. Harrison is in favor of all these, so that it is a support of Harrison that would be inconsistent

which was powerful and convincing throughout. The Republican party of this district have been fortunate in their principles are sustained at all times in the same triumphont manner that they were by Mr. Crater's effort at Morgan's, the Harrison Elector will not only gain but few fairels, but the party will be far from gaining even a few votes. The effects of such discussion must tell, as it has already done, in favor of the cause of the People and the Republic.

A HEARER

FOR THE WENTERN CAROLINIAN,

WAGONERS, BEWARE!

Mr. Eprron : As I was going to Cherew the other day with my wagon, I was spired at a little place catted Morven, in Aneon county, where, by the side of the road, the Federal ciderites have built a log-cabin, and asked to light and come in sod take something to drink. I walked to the door, and saw that they had a tub or two of Hard Cider sitting inside, prepared, of course, as a bait to catch wagouers and other passers by. I informed the company that I neither wanted any of their Cider or Federal principles, and went on, leaving the ciderites cursing and railing at my toco foccism. On my return, I was again stracked, and I and four miles above Wilkesboro', and on the threatened with a mobbing, onless I would go in and Yadkin River, there will be sold, on the 22od and join in their revelry; but being taken with an appress 23rd days of September next, three several tracts sion that a dressing by a negro with a wagon whip of land, containing would not be very agreeable, they permitted me to pass in prace.

Wagoners going by Morven to Cheraw should be or more, that constitute the firm whereon he lives. prepared to resent the insults of the mob usually assembled around the awrill total the aforesaid log-en-account the awrill total the aforesaid log-en-and contain at feast, 125 acres of Yadkin bottom bia: This device has been contrived expressly to catch besides a quantity of good upland. All dates and the supplementary of good upland. All dates are ton power. They will concernity seaton.

A ROWAN WAGONER.

FOR THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

" Who shall decide when Doctors disagree !" attempt to get over Gen. Harrison's vote to sell white men and women for debt, is truly ridicalous. They cettily first one way and then another, and every new effort but involves them in new difficulties. The anthe Address assed from the Watchman office a day or two since, says that a free negro could not buy a white servent in Indiana; for, the same Legislature that pensed the law for seiling white men and women for debt, and whip them with thirry nine lashes on their. have been a they care to run cony, who passed another lay on the same day, forbidding free angross to buyand cites the very law smelf, certified to by our Federa members of Congress - Williams, Deberry, Rayner and Study. Well, that is what the Rowan Federalists certify to.

But a writer, who occupies four columns in the Ra-leigh Register of the Lith trat, in commoving to prove that free negroes could not buy white nervants in Indiana, asserts that the probibitory clause is in the 18th section of the same lose. Hear him: "What says the lith section of this same lose on this head?" And the ight section of this residence on this need. And after quoting the 9th section, he mays: "It is apparent that it could not have been overlooked a for the sections quoted are the 20th and 37 st, so that in reading the bill over for the purpose of detaching a portion, they must have read the 9th section as above," and that therefore, Lave read the 9th section as above," and that therefore, our Republican members of Congress, in copying the 30th and 31st sections (authorizing the sale, &c.) much have sorn the 9th section first, and ought to have sopiol it too. So, the Rowan Federalist certifies directly one way, and the Raleign Federalist certifies directly to the contary. Now, which cut of certifiers are we to be lieve? Or ought we to believe either?

A DIMOGRAT.

26th, a parcel of STOCK CATTLE, on the present in Ashe, on Meet-Camp Creek.—For more full information concerning the Lands above described, persons desirons to purchase are referred in Hugh Brown, in Wilkes, and John Miller, who reades on the Meet-Camp Lands.

HAMILTON BROWN,

July 44, 1840.

this. Our friends everywhere should be ready to expose this attempt at dictation by a junto of Federalists at Salisbury.

I will also inform our friends in the adjoining Counties, that this production spring from the last dying agonies of Rowan Federalism. Pence to its ashes?

ONLY AND STATE OF WALLS IS A To obtain the incorporate of electric distribution, who, if elected, no doubt would sell som the SYNTAN STATE OF THE COUNTY OF THE PROPERTY of you (addressing herself to all around,) he dobts y have contracted in order to procure his election, was intimated that perhaps she would buy in the eve of such sale. "Ah!" says else, "If I was dispose to purchase men, this would be the last place should think of finding them." This last sentence we a poetr, and was tilly received, drawing out several in courteous retorts. After this, the visitor turned up to beet, and made her exit.

And it came to pass after she was out of right, that

all the worshippers of the modern slot looked one up another with deep constemation and said, what no ner of man is this, that dates come even in our in and one said bloophemes against our Idol, from a know not from whence she came nor whither she has gend. We therefore oull upon our Idel to avert the calamity of being visited by such an evil spirit say more. NO CABIN WORSHIPPER

Dr. Danean of Ohio, compares the policy of the Abolitionists and Poderalists, in dumbfor heir candidate, to the policy of the Ostrich, which thinks to conceal its body by poking its head in a

DEPARTED THIS LIFE.

On the 14th inst, at her residence, in the vicinity of thin Town, Mrs. ELIZABETH S. T. POWE, can of Wm. E. Powe, Est., in the 43rd year of her after a protracted and most paradul illness of el after a protected and most paraful illness or eigns weeks, borne with the atmost christian patience and

which in a wife and a mother comballing and endear de late husband and mine children to mourn a loss

moved from so large a family, must of whom are yet in pensable to the formation of their character. this full cup of bitterness, which they have been called to drink, there are mercies and empedations mixed which can mather be overlooked nor despised. which can writter be overliefed nor despised. The supports which this excellent Luly experienced during the whole continuance of her acute sufferings path entire componers with which she contemplated the approach of death paths faith and calminess with which she parted with every member of her dear family, an committed them to the core of the Allnighty paths a propriate exhortations and advice she gave one; --her desire to depart and be with Chr these and many more circumstances treasured up in the heart and memory of the bereaved family-are levents which God, in his infinite mercy, hus vouch soothe the disconsolate, to kindle their gra they were blessed with such a relative, them to follow her example, that eventually share in that Inheritance incorrectible, and successed that fadeth not away, upon which she has contend and which is reserved in Heaven for the mints

" Sister, thou art gone hefter an, And thy saintly soul is flown, Where toars are wip'd from every eye,

And from care and fear rel Where the wicked coase from in And the weary are at rest. " Sin can never taint thee now,

Nor the thore trust in Jesus Christ. And the Holy Spirit fail: And there thou'rt sure to seed the good,
When on earth thou toved'st best.
Where the wicked cease from troubing.
And the weary are at rest."

In this County, on the 11th instant, Mr. JAMES LUCKIE, aged about 46 years.



Valuable Lands for Sale.

AT the house of Hugh Brown, between three

1,000 ACRES.

Reddie's River; also, one undivided-half of two lots in the Town of Wilkesboro'; -- one of said lots adjoins the Public square, and as a situation for business equal to any in the Town.

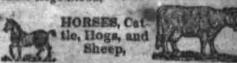
Also, on the 25th and 26th days, there will be sold on the premises, in Ashe County, 640 Acres Ms. Eneron: The manner in which the Federalists of Land, situated on Meet Camp-creek, valuable for its meadow land and its convenience for a stock farm; also, 125 Acres, on Pine Swamp Creek, and 50 or 60 Acres on the Blue-Rid

Said Landswill be sold on a credit of three and four years, and will be sold by me as Executor imder the Will of John Brown, decoased.

BAMILTON BROWN, Ex'L.

Wilkeshoro', N. C., July 24, 1840.

Also, there will be said on the 22nd and 23rd days of September next, at the house of the aboveonmed Hugh Brown.



a quantity of good Wheat, of the growth of 1839—crop of Wheat and Corn of this year's growth; Rye and Oats;—Household and Kitchen, Furniture, Farming Utensils;—Also, on the 25th and 28th, a parcel of STOCK CATTLE, on the pre-