

TERMS OF THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY CHAS. P. FISHER, Editor and Proprietor.

The WESTERN CAROLINIAN is published every Friday, at \$2 per annum, in advance, or \$2 50, if not paid in three months from the time of subscription.

Advertisements are published at the rate of \$1 per square for the first insertion, and 25 cents for each continuation.

To secure attention, all letters addressed to the Editor on business, must be free of postage.

ROWAN HOTEL.



THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING purchased that well known and long established public house, (known by the name of Slaughter's Hotel), situated in the Town of Salisbury, N. C., informs his friends and the public generally, that the same is now open for the reception of Travellers and Boarders.

His Table and Bar will be supplied with the best the market and surrounding country affords. His Stables spacious and handsomely supplied with grain, and provender, attended by faithful and attentive Outlets.

The undersigned pledges himself that no exertion on his part shall be wanting, to give general satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. JAMES L. COWAN. Salisbury, Sept. 11, 1840.



SALISBURY Female Academy.

THE Exercises of this institution were resumed on Monday, November 2nd, under the charge of Miss BAKER. Terms as heretofore—\$8, \$10 or \$12 50 for the different classes. Music on the Piano and Guitar, \$25 each. Salisbury, Nov. 6, 1840.

TO WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRERS.

THE Subscriber wishes to employ a Watch and Clock Repairer, to whom he will give constant work and good wages. None but those of sober and industrious habits need apply. DAVID L. POOL. Salisbury, N. C., October 30, 1840.

Valuable Land for Sale.

I WILL sell, as Trustee of John Beard, Jr., a TRACT of LAND, lying within one mile of the town of Salisbury, containing from 180 to 200 acres. There is 40 Acres cleared Land or it, of which about 15 Acres is first rate meadow, and a good flash branch running through it.

Another tract adjoining Daniel Roger, Jacob Walton, and others, containing 31 1/2 Acres. Another tract adjoining the one above mentioned, containing 77 Acres.

Another tract, lying about 2 1/2 miles from Salisbury, adjoining Martin Klotts and others, containing 144 Acres. And LAST and BEST, a first rate tract, lying on the waters of Crane Creek, about 2 1/2 miles east from Salisbury, containing 323 Acres, of which there is an excellent GRIST MILL AND SAW MILL.

Notice. THE Subscriber having removed to the country, has appointed Col. A. W. Brandon his Agent, for settling his business in the Town of Salisbury, Col. B. may be found at all times at the Rowan Hotel, where all persons indebted to me are invited to call and make settlement immediately. WM. D. CRAWFORD. N. B. Nothing but my peculiar circumstances could induce me to make this urgent call upon my friends for settlement. W. D. C. Salisbury, Aug. 28, 1840.

Book Bindery. WILLIAM HUNTER, Book Binder, informs the public that he still carries on an Establishment of the above kind in CHARLOTTE, North Carolina, a few doors south of the Mint.

Splendid Stock of Fresh Groceries, &c., JUST RECEIVED AT THE SALISBURY COFFEE-HOUSE. MR. ROUCHE ANNOUNCES to his customers, friends and the public in general, that he is now receiving from the Charleston market, a large and fresh supply of articles in his line of business.

Second and Last Call. MR. ROUCHE now gives notice, that such notes and accounts as were due him previous of the last Superior Court, if not paid immediately, will be put out for collection.

MILITARY. FOR SALE—A Military Coat, nearly as good as new, Epaullette, Breast, (silver gilt) Belt, Sash, Cap and Feather. Apply at this Office. Salisbury, N. C., October 9, 1840.

Taken Up. AND Committed to the Jail of Rowan county, on the 3rd of November, 1840, a negro man by the name of JOHN SEARS, claiming himself to be free. Said John is 5 feet 10 inches high, yellow complexioned, with a scar on his left cheek from a burn.

Job Printing. JOB PRINTING. Neatly and Expeditiously executed at This Office.

Blanks. BLANKS, Of every description for sale, at this Office.

Look Up! THE subscriber, wishing to remove to the west, offers for sale or rent his HOUSE and LOT, in Salisbury—situated on main street north-east of the Courthouse.

Arrival and Departure of the Mails AT AND FROM SALISBURY, N. C.

NORTHERN MAIL—via Greensboro, &c. Arrives daily, at 11 o'clock, a. m., and Departs daily at 7 o'clock, a. m.

NORTH CAROLINA MAIL—via Salisbury, &c. Arrives Tuesday and Fridays at 1 o'clock, a. m., and Departs Tuesday and Fridays at 7 o'clock, a. m.

WESTERN MAIL—via Asheville, &c. Arrives Saturdays, Tuesdays, and Fridays at 8 o'clock, a. m., and Departs Mondays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 7 o'clock, a. m.

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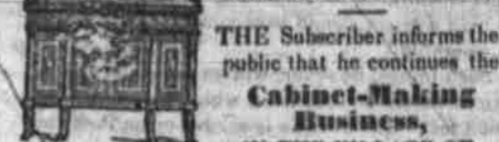
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To Travellers.

THE travelling community are respectfully informed that the Subscriber is now running his line direct from Raleigh by way of Pittsboro' and Ashboro' to Salisbury, in small Northern made Coaches of the first order; leaving Raleigh on Mondays and Thursdays at 10 A. M., arriving in Salisbury next days at 10 P. M.

His horses are good, and drivers particularly careful and accommodating. JOEL McLEAN. Feb. 12, 1830. N. B. Seats secured at the Mansion Hotel.



CABINET WORK.

THE Subscriber informs the public that he continues the Cabinet-Making Business, IN THE VILLAGE OF LEXINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA. He is prepared to execute all descriptions of work in his line of business in a very superior style, as regards workmanship and materials, and certainly on lower terms than is afforded by any other establishment of the kind in this region of country.

Orders from a distance thankfully received and promptly and faithfully executed. Produce, Scantling and Plank taken in exchange for work. NATHAN PARKS. Lexington, Feb. 7, 1840.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS & BITTERS. THE LIFE GIVING PILLS AND PHENIA BITTERS, so celebrated, and so much used by the afflicted in every part of the country, is now received and for sale by the Subscriber.

MATCHLESS SANATIVE. THIS invaluable Medicine is for sale by the Subscriber, at Millersville, Montgomery Co., N. C. W. E. BURAGE. February 21, 1840.

THE AGRICULTURIST. COOKED AND UNCOOKED FOOD. There is in the Maryland Agricultural Report, a record of an experiment of this kind, conclusive in favor of the cooked food; though from some cause, the gain in either case was not such as ought to take place when hogs are well fed.

On the first day of December, four shoats of the same breed and nearly of the same size, were selected from a lot of ninety hogs; two of which, weighing 185 pounds, were put by themselves, and were fed on one gallon of shelled Indian corn, weighing seven pounds, to each for every 24 hours, and as much water as they wanted.

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frequently. There will, in exposed troughs, always be more or less loss from rain, but they should not prevent a supply. It has been found an excellent practice where sheep alone come to the troughs, to put a little tar on the bottom, and sprinkle salt upon it. In this way a small portion of the tar is taken with the salt, and is not only found conducive to health, but rubbed in this way over the nose, serves to prevent the attacks of the Estrus ovis, or sheep fly.—Jb.

POLITICS OF THE DAY.

An Apologue addressed to Mr. Webster.—Once upon a time there was a man who had an unruly bull, that was terribly destructive to the corn patches of his neighbors. Do what they would, this bull tore down the fences, and laid the granaries about him, as if he was merely throwing up so much dust. On several occasions they had attempted to fasten him, and by putting a halter about his neck, ropes upon his feet, and a board upon his horns, hoped to take away his power of evil, and prevent his further ravages. But the bull burst his fetters as so many wiles of straw, and tossed the sticks from his head, with as much ease as a boy would toss up a cent. Despairing to restrain the ferocity of the bull, a general council was held to devise the means of putting an end to his devastations. It had come to be suspected, that the owner had trained him to his tricks, and was more to be blamed than the dumb unreasoning animal. Strangers as it may seem, there were some men who were in favor of giving full play to the bull, but the property of these, it must be observed, had not been touched, and indeed, was thought to have been improved by the destruction of that of the neighbors. There were others, among them a staunch and intrepid old Captain from the western settlements, who were for running a knife into the heart of the animal, and to close the matter at once. But the most singular proposal of all, was that of a grave and important personage from the east; who contended that the bull should have pretty much his own way, only that he should be requested to tie a paper upon his horns, giving notice every time he intended to make an assault, and to promise that on no occasion, would he do more than a certain amount of damage. The people, however, were too knowing to trust to the tender mercies of the bull; and the suggestion of the wise man from the east was dismissed, as some said, though we can hardly possess in the midst of ridicule, times, and groans.

The moral of this story, my dear Senator is, that the people of the United States have no faith in so ravenous and ferocious a beast as a National Bank, especially when it is in the hands of grasping and unprincipled owners, and that they believe that a little paper billet posted on its forehead, showing what it is doing, and that a little tied to its tail, in the shape of a limitation of dividends, is about as effectual security against its caprices and ferocity, as a piece of whale oil would be against the restless heavings of the sea.—N. Y. Bee. Post.

HARRISON AND TYLER.—In one of the late public speeches of Governor Tyler, he is reported to have said that he and General Harrison always agreed when in Congress, in their political opinions. Col. Milson, in his able address before the Democratic Association the other evening, alluded to the recorded facts in the case. It seems from the record that, during the short period they were in Congress together, Yoss and Nays were taken 56 times; out of this number they voted in opposition to each other FIFTY TWO times, and only voted twice alike. Great similarity of political opinions to be sure—real Sameness twins.

TIP AND TY. This is a strange mixture of discordant materials, intended to please all; but disgusting to the majority; for who would approve such a mixture as this? Tip says he will sign a bank charter, if Congress pass the law. Tip is in favor of a protective tariff, pursued until grass grows in the streets of the Southern cities. Tip thinks the tariff unconstitutional. Tip is for internal improvements by the general government. Tip believes such improvements to be an infraction of the Constitution. Tip says it is the desire nearest his heart to see the surplus revenue appropriated to the emancipation and deportation of slaves with consent of the States. Tip thinks the general government has no right to interfere with slavery in the States at all. Tip was in favor of the proclamation and force bill. Tip thinks them both a gross invasion of State rights. Now, as Tip and Ty are swallowed by the same party, in the case of hard cider, in what do they agree? Shall we have a President pulling one way and a Vice President another? The cabinet will be a nice piece with two such men in it.

Short Notice.—A Committee of hard ciderites in Jackson, Mississippi, recently invited Thomas Goode, Esq., to a banquet to be given near that place. Mr. Goode replied to their invitation as follows:—GENTLEMEN: I tell you again, that you are barking up the wrong tree.

THOMAS GOODE.—The Baltimore American of the 27th ultimo, announces the death of Jno. S. Spruce, Esq., one of the U. S. Senators for Maryland.—He died at his residence in Worcester county, on Thursday the 23d ult.

Members of Congress from South Carolina.—The following are the members elected to the next Congress from the State—Isaac E. Holmes, R. Bateswell Knott, John Campbell, F. W. Pickens, Thomas D. Sumner, Sampson H. Butler, William Butler, Patrick C. Caldwell, and James Rogers. William Butler is the only Whig in the list.—Candler Journal.