

TO THE TANNERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

The undersigned have taken out a PATENT for an improvement made by themselves in the important art of **Finishing Leather.**

This improvement consists in a new mixture of their invention, which is applied to the leather, and which saves the expense of tallow and the labor of whitening. They do not offer it to the public without having themselves effectually tested it, nor on their own recommendation alone, but ask attention to the certificates given below by highly respectable and experienced Tanners who have examined the invention, and being satisfied of its usefulness, have purchased rights—and also to the certificates of the Boot and Shoe-makers who bear testimony to the quality and finish of the leather.

WM. A. RONALD,
HENRY C. MILLER,
Chas. Green, Rowan County, N. C.
March 4, 1842.

CERTIFICATES:
At the request of Messrs. Ronald & Miller, and for our own satisfaction, we have particularly examined their improved plan of finishing leather, and pronounce it altogether beyond our expectation for value; and we cheerfully recommend it to the Tanners of the Country as a great saving of labor and expense, and as giving a fine gloss and high finish to the leather. Being satisfied of this, we have purchased for ourselves the right to use their patent.

JOHN CLARK,
Tanner, Salisbury.
JOHN SLOOP, JR.,
LEVI COWAN,
WM. S. COWAN,
Tanners, Rowan County.

We have manufactured a considerable quantity of leather finished on the improved plan, lately invented by Messrs. Ronald & Miller, and we consider it of the best quality, both for beauty of finish, and lasting property.

JAS. D. GLOVER,
WM. LAMBETH,
JOHN THOMPSON,
Boot and Shoe-makers, Salisbury.

GARDEN SEEDS.

A large variety of Garden Seeds for sale at the Salisbury Drug-store, by C. B. WHEELER.
February 18, 1842.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has opened a Public House, in Mocksville, Davie County, where he is prepared to accommodate Boarders and Travellers in a style which he hopes will prove satisfactory to all who may favor him with their custom.

The Stables will be abundantly furnished with every thing necessary in the line of Proceider;—his Bar well supplied with a variety of liquors.
His charges will be moderate. All notices and disorderly conduct will be strictly prohibited. Call and try me.
E. R. BUCKHEAD,
March 11, 1842.

HILL IRONS.

WHERE may be had at C. Fisher's Foundry, on South Yakin River, Mill Irons of almost all descriptions in this country.

SUCH AS

Saw Mill Irons, Gudgeons all sorts, White's of all sizes, &c.—When not on hand, they may be made to order at a short notice.
WILLIAMSON HARRIS, Agent,
December 31, 1841.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

North Carolina Temperance Union.

The State Temperance Society at N. C. at its late annual meeting, in its Executive Committee, took measures for the establishment of this Union, devoted to the cause of Temperance.

In obedience to their wishes, and impressed with the importance of such a publication, the Editors have determined, if sufficient encouragement can be obtained, to issue the first number of such a publication, to be called the NORTH CAROLINA TEMPERANCE UNION, on the first of January next.

The leading object of the Union will be, the dissemination of Temperance principles. We shall endeavor to present it in its pages, a full record of the progress of the Temperance cause in our own and in foreign lands;—of its effect upon individuals and communities;—and original articles in defence of its principles, and in reply to the various objections urged against it.

While, however, the promotion of Temperance will be the first and leading object of our Journal, it is our intention, that its pages shall be enriched by a general summary of the most important events of the day, and by particular attention to the interests of Agriculture.

In carrying out this object, the Committee look with confidence to the friends of Temperance, scattered all over North Carolina, for aid and support. A new impulse has been given to the cause in the State. Weighing the true principles of our country, we could find a true ally in the true friends of our own eyes, which would send a flood of light through every benighted heart. The first number of the Union is now in the press, and is being sent out with a prompt and successful issue. The friends of Temperance are invited to give us their names and addresses, and we trust that an honorable will go forth from the Capital of the old North State, to its scattered boundaries, that will not only enlighten and purify through all future generations, but will also be most earnestly applied to every friend of Temperance. It is only, and good order, to be sent promptly. As the object is to commence with the year 1842, delay on the part of its friends may be fatal to the success of the Union, and the friends of Temperance are invited to send their names and addresses, and we trust that an honorable will go forth from the Capital of the old North State, to its scattered boundaries, that will not only enlighten and purify through all future generations, but will also be most earnestly applied to every friend of Temperance.

Resolved, That it be most earnestly recommended to each of the Officers of the State Temperance Society, and to any who are friendly to the cause, to distribute after the receipt of this resolution, to be sent to the Secretary of the State Temperance Society, so that the publication may commence at the time contemplated.

By order of the Executive Committee of the North Carolina State Temperance Society.

LATH, Grand-Sired by the AMERICAN ECLIPSE, The Champion of America,— Winner of the great match race, The North against the South, \$20,000 Aside.

THE thorough-bred horse LATH, bred by Col. Wade Hampton of South Carolina, will make his fourth and last season, which is now commenced and will end the 1st July, at the following places, viz: at Jacob Coleman's, Cabarrus county, every Monday and Tuesday; at Salisbury, Wednesday and Thursday; and at Lexington, Davidson county, Friday and Saturday. He will be regularly at his stables, public days and high water excepted. He will be let to maree at the following reduced prices:—\$12 the season, to be discharged by ten if paid before the season expires, and \$15 to insure, payable as soon as the mare is ascertained to be in foal, or the property changes owners, and fifty cents to the groom. Care will be taken to prevent accidents, but, in no instance, will I be responsible for any that may occur.
R. W. LONG,
Salisbury, N. C., March 18, 1842.

PEDIGREE:
LATH was bred by me, and that he was foaled in the Spring of 1833. He was got by Godolphin, imported from England, by Sir Archy, his dam Young Letty, who by Sir Archy, out of Col. Singleton's celebrated Letty, by the imported Bedford out of the imported mare Arvilla; Godolphin was got by Eclipse; his dam Sybil, by Impheston out of Letty by imported Bedford, &c. Impheston was got by the imported Buzzard out of the dam of Sir Archy.

DESCRIPTION, PERFORMANCE, &c.

LATH is a fine bay, without white, 15 hands, 3 inches high, with good bone, and capital action. At 3 years old, he won the produce stake at Columbia, 2 mile heats, beating Mr. Taylor's Pilly Daisy, and Capt. Spauld's Colt, Convention, nine others paying forfeit.—Two weeks afterwards he won the Jockey Club Purse, 3 mile heats, at Augusta, beating Kate, and distancing Black Bird. At Charleston he was beaten by Clodhopper for the Jockey Club Purse, 3 mile heats; being very much embarrassed after the first heat. At 4 years old, he won the Jockey Club Purse, 3 mile heats, at Camden, beating Sir Kenneth and Dorabella at 30 heats; being the first in consequence of bolting when several lengths in advance of the field, just before he reached the judges' stand; and getting entangled amongst the carriages, he sustained an injury which occasioned his withdrawal from the turf.

LATH was a race horse of the first class, which he evinced in his trials with Bay Maria, Charlotte Rusee, and Kitty Heth, and in point of speed he is inferior to none, whether imported or native. His constitution is robust, having never been sick, and his temper good. His color, form, and action, speak for themselves. In a word, Lath unites in himself as many claims to public patronage, as any young Stallion that I know.

W. HAMPTON,
Willow Jan. 22, 1839.

From the above Certificate of Col. Hampton, who bred and had LATH trained for the Turf, it will be seen that he considered him a Race horse of the first class,—not only from the fact he has mentioned as having run publicly, but from private trials he has made with horses which are now on the Turf, and running with considerable success. It will also be observed by his certificate, that he considered Lath of the purest blood,—not to be surpassed by any horse, imported or native.

I consider it entirely unnecessary to attempt to compare LATH, either for his performances on the Turf or as to his blood, since, in every respect, he is so well attested. But will remark that Lath was not only descended from pure blood, but has come from stock both Sir, Grandair, Dam, and Grand dam, that are of the running blood. For instance, he was Godolphin made his four miles in 7 minutes and 59 seconds, his Grandair, the American Eclipse, so well known at the North and South, made his time in the great match race, the North against the South, \$20,000 aside, in 7 minutes and 59 seconds, when Eclipse ran with considerable ease. This race gained him the honorable name of the Champion of the North. His dam, won by the renowned Sir Archy whose reputation as a racer, &c., stands unimpaired both in England and America. The grand dam of LATH, God Letty, bred by the great Southern Amateur of horses, Col. R. Singleton, of South Carolina, which has produced more fine race horses than any other mare in the Union. Thus it will be seen that there is united in LATH two of the best studs of the South, Hampton's and Singleton's crossed with Gen. Coles of the North.

The public is now presented with such an opportunity of improving the blood of that noble and useful animal, the horse, as rarely occurs in this section of country.
R. W. L.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

Western Carolina Temperance Advocate,

A weekly paper devoted to the Temperance Reform, Published at Asheville, N. C., and edited by D. R. MANALLY.

A Temperance Convention was held at this place in September, resolved on publishing a paper of the above title and character, an appointed Dr. John Dickson and D. R. Manally to conduct it. From the many pressing engagements, Dr. Dickson at once resigned, he remains in expectation for to be re-elected, and the subscriber therefore, proceeds to issue this Prospectus in his own name, with a hope that he will be assisted in the undertaking, by all the friends of the Temperance cause throughout this State, and that the paper may be a success in its execution.

Friends of the Temperance Cause! In your own hands is a most earnest appeal—while thousands upon thousands of wretched annually expending thousands of dollars, at the race track, at taverns, and in games are saved, the luxury of restraint and the fire, and in the hands of the temperance reformer, the interests of public morals, can you not do something in a cause that must be dear to every true patriot, plain farmer, and Christian? Remember there are but few, very few, such papers in all the Southern States. The Western part of North Carolina, the Western part of Virginia, and the Eastern part of Tennessee, are in need of a paper of this kind, and it is for you now to say whether they shall have it.

The very low price at which it was fixed by the Convention, will make it necessary, that a very large subscription be had, before the publication of it can be justified.

TERMS.

The Western Carolina Temperance Advocate will be published on a medium sheet, in quarto form, each number costing eight cents, and will be furnished at the very low price of Fifty cents a copy. Where no subscription is taken, the payment must be made on the receipt of the first number.

Postmasters, editors or publishers of papers, and all subscribers of the paper, are authorized Agents.

Blanks for Sale Here.

LUMBER FOR SALE.

HERE is a large quantity of Plank, Scantling, and other building materials on hand for Sale at the Mills of Charles Fisher, on South Yakin River, formerly Pearson's Mills.

—ALSO—
A quantity of choice curled Maple Plank, suitable for making house-furniture of various kinds. Any quantity of sawed Shingles can be furnished at a very short notice. These Shingles are always made out of heart pine, or yellow poplar,—of a regular size, and require no planing, but can be nailed on the roof just as they fall from the saw—Price \$3 per 1,000 at the Mill.
WILLIAMSON HARRIS, Agt.
December 31, 1841.

Laborers Wanted.

Wanted,—a number of hands to work at the mining business at Conrad's Hill, in Davidson County. The usual wages will be given, and the hands will be paid off weekly, or monthly, as they may wish.—Good board may be had near the mine on reasonable terms.
T. PHILLIPS ALLEN, Agent.
January 14, 1842.

THE FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

THE PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY COURIER.
WITH THE LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE WORLD!!

The publishers of this old established and universally popular Family Journal, would deem it supererogatory to say a word in commendation of its past or present excellence and usefulness. Its unrivalled and increasing circulation, (over 35,000,) is its best recommendation. For the future, however, a determination to be made in the van of the American Newspaper Weekly Press, will call for increased expenditures and renewed attractions for the coming year, 1842, not the least of which will be an improvement in the quality of the paper, and the addition of popular contributors, embracing, we fully believe, the best list to any similar Journal in the world. The Courier is independent in its character, fearless in pursuing a straight forward course, and supporting the best interests of the public. It is strictly neutral in politics and religion. It will maintain a high tone of morals, and not an article will appear in its pages which should not find a place at every fireside. It has more than double the number of constant readers, to that of any other paper published in the country, embracing the best families of our Republic.

AMERICAN TALES.

Every one should be proud to patronize the Philadelphia Saturday Courier, as by its unbroken series of original American Tales, by such native writers as Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz, Mrs. St. Leon Loud, "The Lady of Maryland," Professor Ingraham, T. S. Arthur, Esq., Miss Sedgwick, Miss Leslie, and many others, it has justly earned the title of the American Family Newspaper.

Foreign Literature and News.

Determined to spare no expense in making the Saturday Courier a perfect model of a Universal Family Newspaper, of equal interest to all classes and persons of every nation, we have made arrangements to receive all the Magazines and papers of interest, published in England and on the Continent, the news and gems of which are immediately transferred to its columns, thus giving to emigrants, as well as others, a correct and connected account of whatever occurs of interest, either at home or abroad.

THE MARKETS.

Particular care is taken to procure the earliest advices in reference to the prices of all kinds of Grain, Provision, Produce, &c., the state of Stocks, Banks, Money and Funds, and an extensive arrangement will hereafter render our Prices Current of inestimable interest to the traveller, the farmer, and all business classes whatsoever.

The general character of the Courier is well known. Its columns contain a great variety of Tales, Sermons, Essays, and Memorables, and articles in Literature, Science, the Arts, Mechanics, Agriculture, Education, Music, News, Health, Amusement, and in fact, in every department usually discussed in a Universal Family Newspaper, from such writers as Mrs. C. Lee Hentz, Mrs. S. C. Hall, Charles Dickens, (Boz,) Professor Daughlin, Professor Ingraham, T. S. Arthur, J. S. Arthur, Mrs. M. St. Leon Loud, Douglas Jerrold, Miss Sedgwick, Wm. E. Burton, Lieut. G. W. Patton, Thos. Campbell, Miss Milford, Professor Wines, E. L. Bulwer, J. G. Neal, Thos. G. Spear, Capt. Margyatt, R. N. R. Penn South,

TO AGENTS—TERMS.
The terms of the Courier are \$2 per annum, payable in advance, but when any one will officiate to procure ten new subscribers, and send us \$15, per money and postage free, we will receive for one for each. Seven copies for \$10, three copies for \$5, or one copy three years for \$5.

CLUBBING.

Two copies of the Saturday Courier, and Godey's Lady's Book, one year, will be sent for \$5.
Five copies of the Saturday Courier, and Godey's Lady's Book, one year, will be sent for \$10.
Address, M'JAKIN & HOLDEN, Philadelphia.

Those with whom we exchange, will add to their own obligations by copying the above, or referring to it in their columns.

HORSE BILLS.

NEATLY PRINTED AT THIS OFFICE.

PROPOSALS

For publishing in the City of Richmond, a new Weekly Paper, to be entitled

THE VIRGINIA DEMOCRAT,

It will be printed on good paper, weekly, until after the next election, at the uncommonly low price of Twenty Five cents to a single subscriber, nine copies for Two Dollars, TWENTY-THREE copies for Five Dollars, FIFTY copies for Ten Dollars, payable invariably in advance.

It will wage an uncompromising war with all the ruminant sciences now advocated and supported by the Federal party; and nothing shall be left undone, which the most anxious exertions can accomplish, to effect the entire overthrow of the Federal faction at the ensuing election. The articles will be brief, pithy and pungent, but yet courteous and respectful; Federalism in all its various forms and Protean shapes, will be handled without gloves.

We respectfully ask that a generous patronage may be bestowed upon our efforts to promote the success of the cause in which we are engaged. Orders addressed to THE VIRGINIA PRESS, will receive prompt attention.
March 18, 1842.

THE MARKETS.

AT SALISBURY, APRIL 20, 1842.

Bacon,	9 a 10	Iron,	4 1/2 a 7
Beef,	3 1/2 a 4	Lard,	8 a 10
Brandy, (peach)	30 a 35	Molasses,	50 a 62 1/2
Do (apple)	25 a	Nails,	8 a 9
Butter,	10 a 12 1/2	Oats,	15 a 18
Beeswax,	18 a 20	Porc,	4 a 4 1/2
Bagging,	18 a 25	Rice, (quart)	1 1/2
Bale Rope,	10 a 12 1/2	Sugar, (brown)	10 a 12 1/2
Cotton, (clean)	8 a	Do (low)	18 a 20
Corn,	30 a 35	Salt, (bu.)	1 25 a 1 50
Coffee,	14 a 18	Do (sack)	3 75 a 4 00
Flour,	4 50 a 5 00	Steel, (blister)	10 a
Foathers,	35 a 37 1/2	Do (cast)	25 a 30
Flaxseed,	7 a 8	Tallow,	12 1/2
Do Oil,	90 a 91	Whiskey,	25 a

AT CHERAW, S. C., APRIL 19, 1842.

Beef, (scarce)	3	Flour,	6 00 a 6 50
Bacon,	7 a 8	Foathers,	40 a 48
Butter,	12 1/2 a 15	Lard, (scarce)	7 a 8 1/2
Beeswax,	22 a 25	Molasses,	40 a 50
Bagging,	20 a 25	Oats,	37 a 40
Bale Rope,	10 a 12 1/2	Rice, (100 lbs)	4 a 5
Coffee,	12 1/2 a 15	Sugar,	10 a 12
Cotton,	7 a 8	Salt, (sack)	2 75
Corn, (scarce)	a 50	Do (bushel)	87 1/2 a 81

AT CAMDEN, S. C., APRIL 2, 1842.

Beef,	4 a 5	Cotton,	5 a 8 1/2
Bacon,	7 1/2 a 10	Corn,	50
Butter,	15 a 18	Flour,	7 00
Beeswax,	18 a 25	Foathers,	37 a 40
Bagging,	20	Lard,	10 a 12
Bale Rope,	12 1/2	Molasses,	33 a 30
Coffee,	15 a 16	Oats,	45 a 50

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

Congressional Globe and Appendix.

THESE works have now been published by us for ten consecutive sessions of Congress. Commencing with the session of 1832-3. They have had such wide circulation, and have been so universally approved and sought after by the public, that we deem it necessary to issue the Prospectus to say that they will be continued at the next session of Congress, and to state, succinctly, their contents, the form in which they will be printed, and the prices for them.

The Congressional Globe is made up of the daily proceedings of the two Houses of Congress. The speeches of the members are abridged, or condensed, to bring them into a reasonable, or readable length. All the resolutions offered, or motions made, are given in length, in the mover's own words; and the yeas and nays on all the important questions. It is printed with small type—brevier and nonpareil—on a double royal sheet, in quarto form, each number containing 16 royal quarto pages. It is printed as fast as the business done in Congress furnishes matter enough for a number—usually one number, but sometimes two numbers, a week. We have invariably printed more numbers than there were weeks in a session. The approaching session of Congress, it is expected, will continue 7 months, if so, subscribers may expect between 30 and 40 numbers, which, together, will make between 500 and 600 royal quarto pages.

The Appendix is made up of the PRESIDENT'S annual message, the reports of the principal officers of the Government that accompany it, and all the long speeches of members of Congress, written out or revised by themselves. It is printed in the same form as the Congressional Globe, and usually makes about the same number of pages. Heretofore, on account of the set speeches being so numerous and so long, we have not completed the Appendix until one or two months after the close of the session; but, in future, we intend to print the speeches as fast as they shall be prepared, and of course shall complete the work within a few days after the adjournment.

Each of these works is complete in itself; but it is necessary for every subscriber who desires a full knowledge of the proceedings of Congress, to have both; because, then, if there should be any ambiguity in the synopsis of the speech, or any denial of its correctness, as published in the Congressional Globe, the reader may return to the Appendix to see the speech at length, corrected by the member himself.

Now, there is no source but the Congressional Globe and Appendix, from which a person can obtain a full history of the proceedings of Congress. Gales and Seaton's Register of Debates, which contained a history, has been suspended for three or four years. It cost about five times as much for a session as the Congressional Globe and Appendix, and did not contain an equal amount of matter, a great portion of the current proceedings being omitted. We are enabled to print the Congressional Globe and Appendix at the low rate now proposed, by having a large quantity of type, and keeping the Congressional matter that we set up for the daily and semi-weekly Globes, standing for the Congressional Globe and Appendix. If we had to set up the matter purposely for these works, we could not afford to print them for double the price now charged.

Complete indexes to both the Congressional Globe and the Appendix are printed at the close of each session, and sent to all subscribers for them.

We have on hand 3,000 or 4,000 surplus copies of the Congressional Globe and Appendix for the Extra Session, which make together near one thousand royal quarto pages. They give the fullest history of Congress that has ever been published. We now sell them for \$1 each; that is, \$1 for the Congressional Globe, and \$1 for the Appendix. We propose to let subscribers for the Congressional Globe and Appendix for the next session, have them for 50 cent each. They will be necessary to understand fully the proceedings of the next session. The important matters discussed at the last, will be brought up at the next session, in consequence of the universal dissatisfaction evinced in the late elections with the vast and novel system of policy which the powers have introduced, and which was forced through Congress without consulting public opinion, or even allowing the full discussion usual in regard to subjects of ordinary interest.

The reports of the Congressional Globe and Appendix of the District. They are given precisely as written out by the Reporters, and the members' corrections. And the whole are subject to the revision and correction of the printers, as they pass in review in our daily sheet, to ease any misunderstanding or misrepresentation of their remarks should occur.

We make a daily analysis of the things in Congress, and give our opinions in it freely, but it is published only in the Daily Semi-weekly, and Weekly Globes. The Daily Globe is \$10, the Semi-weekly Globes \$2 per annum, in advance. The Weekly Globe is printed in the same form as the Congressional Globe and Appendix, and a complete index made to it at the end of each year.

TERMS.

For the Congressional Globe and Appendix for the last Extra Session, \$1.

For the Congressional Globe for the next session, \$1 per copy.

For the Appendix for the next session, \$1 per copy.

Six copies of either of the above works will be sent for \$5; twelve copies for \$10, and so on in proportion for a greater number.

Payments may be transmitted by mail, postage paid, at our risk. By a rule of the Post Office Department, postmasters are permitted to frank letters containing money for subscriptions, and the members' corrections. The notes of any bank, current where a subscriber resides, will be received by us at par.

To insure all the numbers, the subscriptions should be in Washington by the 15th December next, at farthest, though it is probable that we shall print enough surplus copies to fill every subscription that may be paid before the 1st day of January next.

No attention will be paid to any order unless the money accompanies it. BLAIR & RIVINGTON, Washington City, October 25, 1841.

IMPORTANT WORK!

HOW IN THE COURSE OF PUBLICATION,

A DICTIONARY OF

Art, Manufactures and Mines,

CONTAINING A CLEAR EXPOSITION OF THEIR PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES.

By ANDREW URE, M. D., F. R. S. M. G. S. M. A. S. L. L. Lond., Mem. Acad. N. S. Philad., S. Ph. Soc. N. Germ. Hanov., Multi, &c. &c.

ILLUSTRATED WITH ONE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-ONE ENGRAVINGS.

THIS is unquestionably the most popular work of the kind ever published, and a book most admirably adapted to the wants of all classes of the community. The following are the important objects which the learned author endeavors to accomplish:

1st. To instruct the Manufacturer, Metallurgist and Tradesman in the principle of their respective processes, so as to render them, in reality, the masters of their business; and, to emancipate them from a state of bondage to such as are too commonly governed by blind prejudice and a vicious routine.

2dly. To afford Merchants, Brokers, Drysalers, Druggists, and officers of the Revenue, characteristic descriptions of the commodities which pass through their hands.

3dly. By exhibiting some of the finest developments of Chemistry and Physics, to lay open an excellent practical school to Students of these kindred sciences.

4thly. To teach Capitalists, who may be desirous of placing their funds in some productive branch of industry, to select judiciously, among plausible elements, 5thly. To enable gentlemen of the Law to become well acquainted with the nature of those patent schemes, which are so apt to give rise to litigation.

6thly. To present to legislators such a clear exposition of the staple manufactures, as may dissuade them from enacting laws which obstruct industry, or cherish one branch of it to the injury of many others.

And lastly, to give the general reader, intent chiefly on Intellectual Cultivation, views of many of the noblest achievements of Science, in effecting those grand transformations of matter to which Great Britain and the United States owe their permanent wealth, and power among the nations of the earth.

The latest statistics of every important object of Manufacture are given from the best, and usually from official authority at the end of each article.

The work will be printed from the 2d London Edition, which sells for \$12 a copy. It will be put on good paper, in a very brevier type, and will make about 1000 pages. It will be issued in twenty-one monthly numbers, in covers, at 25 cents each, payable on delivery.

To any person sending us five dollars at one time in advance, we will forward the numbers by mail, post paid, as soon as they come from the press.

To suitable agents this affords a rare opportunity, as we can put the work to them on terms extremely favorable. In every manufacturing town, and every village throughout the United States and Canada subscribers may be obtained with the greatest facility. Address, post paid, La Roy Sunderland, 126 Fulton Street, New York.

To every editor who gives this advertisement insertion 12 insertions, we will forward, to order, one copy of the whole work, provided the paper containing the notice be sent to the New York Watchman, N. York, March 11, 1842.

BANKRUPT LAW.

UNITED STATES—NORTH CAROLINA DISTRICT.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, That on the 1st day of February next, I shall hold a Court in my office in Fayetteville, for the purpose of examining petitions under "An Act to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy throughout the United States," and that the said Court will be kept open every day in succession (Sundays excepted) until notice shall be given to the contrary.

In the case of voluntary bankrupts, the Act provides that all persons whatsoever, residing in the State, &c., owing debts, which shall not have been created in consequence of a deficiency of a public officer, or an executor, administrator, guardian of an estate, or who shall, in any other fiduciary capacity, who shall, by petition, setting forth the best of their knowledge and belief, a list of their creditors, their respective claims of residence, and the amount due to each, together with an accurate inventory of his or their property, rights and credits, of every name, kind, and description, and the location and situation of each and every parcel of property, thereof, verified on oath, (or affirming) apply to the proper Court, for the benefit of the Act, and therein declare themselves to be bankrupts to meet their debts and engagements, shall be deemed bankrupts within the purview of the Act, as may be so declared accordingly by a decree of the Court.

It is my opinion, that all persons coming within the purview of the Act, though they may be entirely destitute of property, are entitled to its benefits.

I perceive in the publications of several of the District Judges, a diversity of opinion, as I anticipated, on the construction of the act, even in the incipient stage of proceeding under it; and I am aware that other and more important difficulties will occur in the sequel. But I am now engaged in a correspondence with several District Judges, with the view of reconciling, as far as we can, the discrepancies of the Act, and of aiming, at least, at something like a uniformity of practice. I shall, however, hold myself in readiness to put the Act in operation, according to its spirit and the best of my ability, whether it be amended or not.

The necessary rules and forms, together with tariff of fees, shall be given in due time.