Carolina Watchman

LOCAL AND STATE ITEMS.

SALISBURY MARKET.

Feb. 8th.

COTTON—21 cts. Sales brisk.
CORN—84 a 85.
FLOUR—$4.00 a 4.35.
MEAL—87 a 90.
BACON—(new,) 8 a 10. Dull.
PORK—7 a 7½.
POTATOES—Irish, good, $1. Sweet, $1.
APPLES—green, $1.25
EGGS—15 a 16.
BUTTER—20 a 25.
CHICKENS—$2.50 a $3 per doz.
BEEF—per quarter, 5 a 7.
LARD—11 a 12.
FEAEHERS—new, 50.
TALLOW—8 a 10.
BEESWAY—28 a 30.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Cotton strong—sales 1,326 bales; Uplands 23½; Orleans 23¾.
CHARLESTON, Feb. 6.—Cotton 22.
WILMINGTON, Feb. 6.—Cotton 18 a 22.
LIVERPOOL, Feb. 6.—Cotton, Uplands 11¼ a 11½; Orleans 11½ a 11¾.

Lutheran Church.—Prof. W. E. HUNBERT, will preach in the Lutheran church of this place next Sunday morning and night.

☞ The Legislature finding it impossible to get through with the public business by the 7th, have postponed the day of adjournment to the 12th instant.

Revival.—A most interesting revival of religion has been in progress at Davidson College] for some weeks past. Over 50 of the pupils at this institution were professors of religion when they entered at the present session, and during this revival 28 or 30 more have been converted, leaving but a small number who have not y et come under the influence of the Holy Spirit and been led to repentance. A more gratifying visitation of Providence than this could not befall a College, nor one which would yield a more heartfelt joy to parents and friends.

Stillwell's Fertilizer.—We call attention to Messrs. Grier & Co's advertisement of this new fertilizer. It will be seen that Messrs. Foster & Horah are Agents for the sale of it in this place.

☞ Mr. J. E. MOOSE, it will be seen by our advertising columns, holds on with Messrs. Studwell Brothers, N. Y. We had the pleasure of a call from Mr. MOOSE, a few days ago, while passing in his annual business tour through the State. He has the honor to represent one of the best and most popular Houses in the great Metropolis, and there is no one better qualified than he to perform the delicate duty.

THE AMERICAN FARMER.—The number for Feb'y of this journal is at hand, well-filled with matter for the farm and garden appropriate to the season. Every department of rural life is treated—the staple crops, manures, live stock, fruit-growing, &c., receiving due attention, whilst unusual care is given to Floriculture, Ornamental Planting, &c., A special feature of the *Farmer* is its able correspondence from men of various sections of the country, distinguished for their devotion to Agriculture. Published at Baltimore, Md., by Samuel Sands & Son, at $1.50 a year, or at $1.00 in clubs of five or more, with liberal premiums for clubs. We commend it to our readers as well worth the subscription price.

THE ECONOMIST is the title of a new paper just started at Elizabeth City, N. C., by R. B. CREECY, Esq. It is finely got up throughout, and is a most creditable accession to the journals of the State. The editor is said to be gentleman and a scholar, and the first No. of his paper before us indicate that he is. The *Economist* will defend Constitutional liberty, law and order.

FIRE.

Dr. T. W. KREN's Tobacco Factory, in this place, was burned on Monday morning last, about 2 o'clock, together with its contents, estimated at $15,000. He had an insurance on the stock and machinery of $10.000; but none on the building, owned by M. L. HOLMES, Esq. It is believed to be the work of an incendiary. The disaster falls on numerous colored work hands who lose employment in the Factory.

An old farmer was out one day looking over his broad acres, with an axe on his shoulder and a small dog at his heels. They espied a woodchuck. The dog gave chase and drove him into a stone wall, where action immediately commenced.—The dog would draw the woodchuck partly from the wall, and the woodchuck would take the dog back. The old farmer's sympathy getting high on the side of the dog, thought he must help him. So putting himself in position, with axe above the dog, he waited for the extraction of the woodchuck, when he would cut him down. The opportunity afforded, and the old man struck, but the woodchuck gathered up at the same time, took the dog in far enough to receive the blow the dog was killed on the spot. For years after the old man, in relating the story, would always add: "And that dog don't know to this day but what the woodchuck killed him."

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

Editor Carolina Watchman—

Dear Sir: I send you herewith, a second instalment of communications which led to my removal from office, consisting of a copy of a letter addressed to the Postmaster General, and a letter addressed to myself by Hon. John Pool relative to the same. My reply to Mr. Pool's letter will appear in your next issue.

It is proper for me to say that during a personal interview with the 1st Assistant Postmaster General, last June, relative to the appointment of Thomas B. Long, that gentleman informed me that if I could produce any evidence to the Department showing that Long had proved faithless to the trust alleged in the letter referred to, he would not hesitate to remove him at once. I filed with that officer a certified copy of the case brought against Thos. B. Long and his securities in Alamance County Court by W. A. Smith, President of the N. C. Railroad, which shows that Long is a defaulter to the amount of $5,951.94.

A member of the Finance Committee of said road says:—"I have this day—January 24th, 1872, examined Mr. Long's account on the books of the R. R. Co., and find a balance against him of $5,367.95 with interest which makes it about the amount you have from the Court records. The last credit was in December 1869—cash $153.61.

The court records of Chatham county will show that *Col.* Thomas B. Long paid off his debts by pleading the "Baby" act.

Respectfully,
H. H. HELPER.

SALISBURY, Feb. 8th, 1872.

SALISBURY, N. C., June 7th, 1871.

Hon. J. A. J. CRESWELL,
Postmaster General,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir: Thomas B. Long of this place has, as I understand, been commissioned Mail Agent on the Western N. C. Railroad, vice G. J. Long removed.

A proper regard for truth, honesty, and the sacred rights of the people, the postal service, and the vital interests of true Republicanism dictates to me the duty of entering my solemn protest against this appointment for the following reasons:—First, because I do not believe Thomas B. Long is an honest man, and, in my opinion, I feel assured that this entire community is of the same belief. Secondly, it is an appointment not fit in any respect to be made, and why? First for the reason that he has paid off his just debts by pleading the "Baby" act, (I am a sufferer by him to the amount of $500,) and Secondly, because he has recently been removed from the Salisbury Agency of the North Carolina Railroad as a defaulter to the amount of five thousand and more dollars.

You have been, as I suppose, most egregiously imposed upon by certain persons in behalf of Long. By this appointment a great wrong has, unintentionally of course, on your part been inflicted upon the Postmaster at this place, for so long as Long is Mail Agent, he will be in constant fear of the safety of the mails, judging from the past conduct of this man. Also this appointment must be regarded as a death-blow to Republicanism here. I pray you, therefore, to restore Mr. G. J. Long, a staunch Republican, who has lost a large portion of one of his hands; who has proven himself to be a faithful official servant, and in whom the public have the utmost confidence. Very respectfully,

H. H. HELPER.

WASHINGTON, June 8th, 1871.

H. H. HELPER, Esq.,

My Dear Sir: A copy of your letter to the Ass't Post Master General was received. If your view of Thomas B. Long be correct, the Republicans of Salisbury must be greatly mistaken. The most earnest recommendation of Mr. Long, and a letter certifying his good character, were sent to me by many leading Republicans—among them the following:

D. L. Bringle, Chm'n Rep. Ex. Com., A. Bencini, Gov. T. R. Caldwell, S. H. Wiley, A. A. Joyce, W. F. Hendersen, C. S. Moring, I. W. Jones, C. L. Harris, W. H. Bailey, James E. Kerr, Luke Blackmer, T. G. Haughton, Jno. S. Henderson. Obadiah Woodson, and W. H. Howerton. Your opinion expressed to me in advance, would have caused me to inquire whether all these gentlemen were mistaken. But after the appointment is made, a letter from you to the *Department* is unusual in character and out of place. I cannot allow the recognized working Republicans of Rowan and elsewhere to be overruled by any one man.

Your letter to the P. M. General is a reflection on myself.

Very respectfully, &c.
JOHN POOL.

SUBSTITUTE FOR MAHOGANY.

The diffiulty of procuring mahogany and other precious woods, and consequent exorbitant prices demanded for the ordinary articles of family convenience, has occasioned the art of the chemist to be applied to a subject peculiarly calculated to promote domestic embelishment at a trifling expense. It has been contrived to render any species of wood of a close grain, so nearly to resemble mahogony in the texture, density, and polish that tolerably good judges are incapable of distinguishing between this happy imitation and the native product. The first operation, as now practised in France, is to plane the surface, so as to render it perfectly smooth; the wood is then to be rubbed with diluted nitrous acid, which prepares it for the materials subsequently to be applied. Afterwards, one ounce and a half of dragon's blood, dissolved in a pint of spirits of wine, and one-third of that quantity of carbonate of soda, are to be mixed together and filtered; and the liquid in this state is to be rubbed, or rather laid upon the wood with a soft brush.—This process is repeated with little alteration, and in a short interval afterwards the wood possesses the external appearance of mahogany. When this application has been properly made, the surface will resemble an artificial mirror; but if the polish becomes less brilliant, by rubbing it with a little cold-drawn linseed oil the wood will be restored to its former brilliancy.

Transforming the Complexion.—The transformations produced by HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM are quite as astonishing as any scene on the stage of a theatre. That famous beautifier, transmutes a sallow, peeky looking complexion, into one in which the lilly and the rose vie for admiration, and imparts to tadry, harsh skin, the softness of perfect loveliness. Tan and freckles, which country air and sunlight are pretty sure to produce in spite of parasols and sundawns, are completely obliterated by it; while it has a perfectly magical effect in banishing undue redness, blotches and pimples from the skin. When the lady who has used it to remedy her complexional defects looks in the mirror, she is equally astonished and gratified at the improvements in her appearance. Every blemish has disappeared; her neck, arms and bosom, now rival in whiteness the snowy collar which encircles her throat, her cheek mantles with a peach-like bloom, and she is ready to invoke a blessing on the inventor of the article which has wrought such a delightful transformation.

If you desire rosy cheeks and a complexion fair and free from Pimples, Blotches and Eruptions, purify your blood by taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

GUESS WHO IS THE NEATEST HOUSEKEEPER in our town? We know her. She cleans her knives, china, windows, paint, oil cloths, tables and floors, and brightens her tin, brass and copper wares with Enoch Morgan's Sons' Sapollo Ask for it. It is a good thing. 1mo19

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SINKING SLOWLY.

Diseases that progress rapidly to a crisis are not the only ones to be dreaded. Canker or dry rot does not blast a tree as suddenly as a stroke of lightning, but unless arrested it destroys it as certainly; and in like manner chronic debility, although it does not kill with the swiftness of yellow fever, is as sure to sap the springs of life eventually as any acute disease, if not checked by invigorating medication. There is something inexpressibly touching in the spectacle of premature decay. Languor, pallor, emaciation, depression of spirits, and a distaste for exertion are its ordinary symptoms, and they should be promptly met by tonic treatment. The best invigorant and exhilerant that can be administered in a case of this kind is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The stimulating principle of the preparation rouses the dormant energies of the system, and the strengthening and regulating properties give a permanent and healthful impulse to the vital forces thus brought into play. The failing appetite is re-awakened, the quality of the blood is improved, the secretions become more natural, and every organ that contributes to the nourishment of the body undergoes salutary change. By these means the repair of the physical structure is effected and its health and vigor restored. In no class of diseases has the beneficent operation of the Bitters been more marked and striking than in those characterized by general debility and nervous prostration. Ladies affected with these ailments find in this most wholesome of all tonics and correctives the safest and surest means of relief. It is strong to restore and powerless to injure. Such is the uniform testimony of "clouds of witnesses."

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

The primary cause of Consumption is derangement of the digestive organs. This derangement produces direct nutrition and assimilation. By assimilation I mean that process by which the nutriment of the food is converted into blood, and thence into solids of the body. Persons with digestion thus impaired, having the slightest pre-disposition to pulmonary disease, or if they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the Lungs in some of its forms; and I hold that it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucus and slime, which is clogging these organs so that they cannot perform their functions, and then rouse up and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose the surest and best remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clear out the liver of all diseased bile that has accumulated there, and rouse it up to a new and healthy action, by which natural and healthy bile is secreted.

The stomach, bowels, and liver thus cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills; but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, the organ is torpid and the appetite poor. In the bowels the lacteals are weak, and requiring strength and support. It is in a condition like this that Schenck's Seaweed Tonic proves to be the most valuable remedy ever discovered. It is alkaline, and its use will neutralize all excess of acid, making the stomach sweet and fresh; it will give permanent tone to this important organ, and create a good hearty appetite, and prepare the system for the first process of a good digestion, and ultimately make good, healthy, living blood. After this preparatory treatment, what remains to cure most cases of Consumption is the free and persevering use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. The Pulmonic Syrup nourishes the system, purifies the blood, and is readily absorbed into the circulation, and thence distributed to the diseased lungs. There it ripens all morbid matters, whether in the form of abscesses or tubercles, and then assists Nature to expel all the diseased matter, in the form of free expectoration, when once it ripens. It is then, by the great healing and purifying properties of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, that all ulcers and cavities are healed up sound, and my patient is cured.

The question ought to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good appetite and a good digestion, so that the body will grow in flesh and get strong. If a person has diseased lungs,—a cavity or ulcer there,—the cavity cannot heal, the matter cannot ripen, as long as the system is low and weak. What is necessary to do is to raise the tide of things,—a good appetite, a good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get fat; then nature is helped the cavities will heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in large quantities, and the person regain health and strength. This is the true and only plan to cure Consumption, and if a person is very bad if the lungs are not entirely destroyed or even if one lung is entirely gone, if there is enough vitality left in the other to heal up, there is hope.

I have seen many persons cured with only one sound lung, live and enjoy life to a good old age. This is what Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to clear the system of all the disease that lies in the lungs, whatever the form may be.

It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold; keep in doors in cold and damp weather; avoid night air, and take outdoor exercise only in a genial and warm sunshine.

I wish it distinctly understood that when I recommend a patient to be careful in regard to taking cold, while using my Medicines, I do so for special reason. A man who has but partially recovered from the effects of a bad cold is far more liable to a relapse than one who has been entirely cured; and it is precisely the same in regard to Consumption. So long as the lungs are not perfectly healed, just so long is there imminent danger of the return of the disease. Hence it is that I so strenuously caution pulmonary patients against exposing themselves to an atmosphere that is not genial and pleasant. Confirmed Consumptives' lungs are a mass of sores, which the least change of atmosphere will flame. The grand secret of my success with my Medicines consists in my ability to subdue inflammation, instead of irritating it, as many of the faculty do. An inflamed lung cannot with safety to the patient, be exposed to the biting blasts of Winter or the chilling winds of Spring or autumn. It should be carefully shielded from all irritating influences. The utmost caution should be observed in this particular as without it a cure under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.

The patient should be kept on a wholesome and nutritious diet, and all the Medicines continued until the body has restored to it the usual quantity of flesh and strength.

I was myself cured by this treatment of the worst kind of Consumption, and have lived to get fat and heavy, weighing more than I ever did before, and have cured thousands since who were given up by every many have been cured by this treatment whom I have never seen.

About the first of October I expect to take possession of my new building at the Northeast Corner of Sixth and Arch Streets, where I shall be pleased to give advice to all who may require it.

Full directions accompany all my Remedies, so that a person in any part of the world can be readily cured by a strict observance of the same.

J. H. SCHENCK M. D.,
Philadelphia.
JOHN F. HENRY,
8 College Place, New York,
Wholesale Agent.
sep15:6m

I HAVE been a dispeptic for years; began to use the Simmons' Liver Regulator two years ago; it has acted like a charm in my case.
Rev. J. C. HOLMES,
Clayton, Ala.

CLERGYMEN, Bankers, Book-keepers, Editors anp all others that lead sedentry lives, will find much relief from the frequent Headaches, Nervousness, and Constipation engendered from want of exercise, by taking Simmon's Liver Regulator. It is a harmless vegetable compound; it can do no injury; and numbers who have tried it will confidently assert that it is the best remedy that can be used.

NOTICE TO THE LADIES.

Among the many useful inventions produced by the Nineteenth Century none occupies a more prominent position than that of the Sewing Machine. The cheerful hum of these tireless little helpmates of our mothers and wives may now be heard in almost every house in the land.—They are made in endless variety and one is almost at a loss to choose when there are so many of decided merit. One of the latest and most improved is the EMPIRE, manufactured by the EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO., 294 Bowery, N. Y., *speedy, noiseless* and *durable;* and we can conscientiously recommend parties in search of a Machine to give it an examination before concluding to purchase.

Agents wanted, liberal discounts given.
may26:1y-

Quite a novelty in the shape of a new style Patent Stem Winding Watch, that is hunting-case or open-face combined, has been brought out by STEWART, GRAHAM & Co., Jewelers, 6 Whitehall Street, New York, which they sell at the wonderful low price of $12. Read their advertisement and purchase one if you want a really good Watch. *"Christian* WEEKLY *endorses their reliability in every way."* [15:6mo

Sale of Land.

IN pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of Pitt county, I will sell publicly at the Court-House door in Salisbury, Thursday the 22 day of February. 1872. the following tract of land situated in the county of Rowan, belonging to the estate of L. R. Anderson, deceased, to wit:

A tract of land purchased of D. L. Bringle, and lying near the Flat Rock about three miles from Salisbury, containing (122) one hundred and twenty-two acres.

Terms, one fourth cash and the remainder upon a credit of twelve months, with interest from sale, secured by note with good personal security. No title made until full payment.

L. P. BEARDSLEY, Admr. of
L. R. ANDERSON, dec'd.
January the 15, 1872 [5t18]

Notice in Bankruptcy.

Bankrupt Notice.—The third and final meeting of the creditors of Wm. Hardung, Bankrupt of Yadkin county, will be held at Salisbury, at the office of R. H. Broadfield, Register, on the 20th day of February, 1872, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., at which time I will apply for a discharge from any further liabilities as assignee of the said Harding. W. W. LONG,
Feb. 2, 1872.—20-2t pd] Assignee.

Assignee's Notice of Appointment.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of M. L. Chunn, of Rowan County, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of the United States for the Cape Fear District of North Carolina.
JOHN S. HENDERSON, Assignee,
P. O. Salisbury, N. C.
Feb, 1, 1872.—20-2t-pd

ANNOUNCEMENT.

I PROPOSE to EDIT and PUBLISH a Weekly Republican newspaper in this city as soon as suitable arrangements can be made, to be styled

THE NORTH CAROLINA TRIBUNE.

It will advocate universal Amnesty as a necessary means to the permanent peace and prosperity, not only of the Southern States, but of the whole country.

Legislation by which the Public Lands or their proceeds, shall be divided among all the States for Public School purposes according to the number of inhabitants, respectively, or their entire reservation for actual settlers.

Immediate resumption of specie payments, without which a sound National currency is impossible.

An Act by Congress that shall recognize our State Homestead law so as to protect the debtor from foreign and home creditors alike.

The abolition of the whole Internal Revenue System.

The funding of the National Debt in 4 per cent. Bonds to run 50 years, and a re-adjustment of the Tariff Law, so as to meet from Customs Revenue the interest thereon, as well as the current expenses of the Government from importations that come in competition with American Industry and Manufacturing.

The greatest possible protection against Monopolists.

Rigid economy in every Department of the State and National Governments.

Complete reform of the Public Service in all its branches, both State and Nation, and the elevation of none but *honest* and *intelligent* men to office.

The equitable compromise of our State Debt.

The organization of a Commission, by act of the Legislature, of three gentlemen, who shall be paid suitable salaries from the State Treasury, one of whom shall be the present State Geologist, whose duty shall be to collect the most trustworthy information with respect to the great advantages for Immigrant Settlers inside our borders—one of said Commission to reside in Europe in this behalf.

Uncompromising hostility to all secret political organizations of whatever name or character.

A division of the State into two Judicial Districts, &c., &c.

Terms $2 per annum.

In addition to the regular issue I will commence in the second week of June next, the publication of an Illustrated Campaign paper which will terminate with the Presidential election in November.

The Campaign will continue six months. Terms $1. H. H. HELPER.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the Superior
DAVIE COUNTY. } Court.
Elizabeth Sprouse, Pl't'f.
Against
Jacob Kroll and Catherine, Kroll, Def'ts. } Summons for Relief.

In this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendants Jacob Kroll, and his wife Catherine Kroll, are non-residents of the State of North Carolina—It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the "Carolina Watchman," a newsper published in the Town of Salisbury, N. C., for six weeks successively, notifying said defendants to be and appear before the Judge of the Superior Court, for the County of Davie to be held at the Court House in Mocksville on the 2nd Monday after the 3d Monday in March next and answer the complaint, a copy of which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court within the first three days of said Term, and let them take notice that if they fail to answer the said complaint within that Term, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Witness, H. R. Austin, Clerk of the Superior Court of said County, at office in Mocksville, the 1st day of January A. D. 1872. H. R. AUSTIN, C. S. C.
of Davie County.
6t:17:pd