Carolina Watchman.

SALISBURY, FRIDAY JUNE 14th.

State Democratic Conservative Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR
HON. A. S. MERRIMON,
of Buncombe.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,
JOHN HUGHES,
of Craven.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JUDGE WILLIAM M. SHIPP,
of Mecklenburg.

FOR TREASURER,
JOHN W. GRAHAM,
of Orange.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
JOHN A. WOMACK,
of Chatham.

FOR AUDITOR,
COLLETT LEVENTHORPE,
of Caldwell.

FOR SUP'T PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
NEREUS MENDEN HALL,
of Guilford.

FOR SUP'T OF PUBLIC WORKS,
JAMES H. SEPARK,
of Wake.

For Congress:
MAJ. W. M. ROBBINS,
of Rowan.

ANOTHER CHANGE.

We have made several changes in our business relations since the late war, and unless this changeable world becomes more stable, may make more when we think it will suit. The one we have to announce at present is the accession of Mr. J. J. STEWART as associate editor of the Watchman. This is an arrangement to which few, if any, will object, especially as there is work enough in the house to employ him and more beside, if it were *well* done. Mr. S. has had considerable newspaper experience, which is a great advantage to one who will have plenty of newspaper work to do. It shall be our continual aim to serve the public in every proper way, having a conscience void of offence.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Having disposed of the type and fixtures of the *Examiner* Office to Mr. H. H. Helper, for the use of *The Tribune*, and united the *Examiner* newspaper with the *Carolina Watchman*, I deem it proper to make that statement to the public and to speak of my future connection with this paper.

This arrangement necessarily involves the suspension of the Tri weekly *Examiner* for the present. No one regrets this more than the writer; but it has been a question with him for some time, whether he could not better serve his own interest and that of the cause, and furnish his readers with a greater variety of more acceptable and profitable news and miscellaneous matter, by giving up the Tri-weekly and devoting his whole time to a weekly paper alone. It is hoped therefore, that the new arrangement may result in making a weekly second to none, and if successful to the extent of the wishes cherished, neither the friends of the *Examiner* nor those of the *Carolina Watchman* can have cause of regret. I can see no virtue, on my part, in making extravagant promises, but ask, rather, the patience and forbearance of the public.

Those who have prepaid for either the Tri-weekly or the Weekly *Examiner*, will be fully indemnified by receiving the *Watchman* in their stead until the term of their subscription expires. Advertisers who have paid in advance will be remunerated likewise.

As to the politics of the *Watchman*, there will be no change. It will in every way fill the place of the *Examiner* and the *Watchman* of former days, and, it is hoped, will prove acceptable to all concerned. Every effort will be used to make it an interesting and desirable newspaper, and though the reward may not equal the labor, it is confidently expected that a generous encouragement will be bestowed.

THE STATE CANVASS.

As far as we have been able to learn, the State canvass is progressing admirably. The people feeling a great interest in the result are turning out in goodly numbers and our candidates are every where making a most favorable impression. If the signs are not astonishingly deceptive, Radicalism must die this year. The people have resolved upon it and they are preparing for the funeral and burial next August and next November. They are aroused and will dispose of the job for the State and the Union at the times named respectively.

Caldwell has been so completely used up in his encounters with Judge Merrimon so far, that he has declined to agree to any regular appointments at which Judge Merrimon is to be present. He puts it on the ground of ill-health; but the real cause is apparent to all who have kept posted on the discussions heretofore had between them. Caldwell has not only a bad cause, but an opponent whom he can't manage and for whom he is no equal. Let the people take courage—the prospect is very promising.

THE GRANT DESPOTISM.

The arrest of Capt. W. H. Trezevant, a merchant of Charlotte and citizen of N. Carolina, a few days ago, by a Deputy U. S. Marshal from South Carolina, and his abduction from this State and confinement in the common jail at Columbia S. C., has been justly denounced by the press in and out of the State. And surely it is a case that calls for the unqualified condemnation of every good citizen, regardless of party, who loves his country and respects the rights and liberty of the people.

A Deputy U. S. Marshal comes from South Carolina to Charlotte in this State, and has the unblushing effrontery to go forth on the public street in open day light to arrest a citizen on a trumped up charge, very likely, of Ku Kluxing. He presents a pistol to the breast of his unarmed victim, and under a guard of soldiers marches him off to a prison in another State. Call this not an outrage on civil rights and civil liberty, states rights and constitutional free government! Is not this the essence of military despotism? Who is safe under such a government. It matters not whether Capt. Trezevant was guilty or not, he was entitled to the rights of a freeman, if, indeed, there remain any rights or freedom under the Grant despotism. Where is the protection that once existed against the arrest of citizens of North Carolina by foreigners or parties from other States? Where were the sworn officers of the law whose duty it was to protect Capt. Trezevant from this invasion and outrage? As the officers at Charlotte have neglected to arrest and punish the Deputy Marshal who perpetrated this high-handed outrage, will Gov. Caldwell make demand on the Gov. of South Carolina for him that he may be held accountable for this crime? Will he perform a plain but imperative duty? Will he rebuke this despotic act of Grants tools? or will he wait for the people to do it at the polls next November?

The Sentinel says we have no language sufficient to denounce such a high-handed oppression. Give Grant "and his infernal set all the power they seek and no man's liberty and no man's life would be safe. And yet we live, some are stupied enough to believe, in a land of freedom.—Any worthless and insolent satrap of Grant's can do to-day what would cause Victoria's head to roll in the saw dust upon a bloody scaffold. How long we are to submit to such action—such tyranny, such outrage remain with the people to say, and yet there are some southern men who profess to be patriots and still prefer Grant to Greeley. Any body rather than such a tyrant and fool say we."

We regret that any Conservative or Democrat should allow his temper to so far get the better of his judgment as to lead him to declare he will vote for Grant if Greeley should receive the endorsation of the National Democratic Convention. We know there is not one who when the time for voting arrives will do anything of the kind; and such declarations only impair their influence for good with the people. Let us be guided by reason in this matter. To all who take this very extreme view, as well as to that equally indiscreet class, who insist that they will vote for Greeley whether the Baltimore Convention shall endorse him or not, we say—be calm. Don't make any rash declarations so far in advance. If we go into the Convention, let us abide by its decision.—Richmond *Enquirer*.

We frequently hear such declarations from persons in regard to state and local tickets or nominees; but they very rarely emanate from thinking, prudent men, and should never come from any one who feels that his judgment is entitled to respect. It is a poor way to show one's patriotism or zeal for the cause for him thus to express a determination to adhere to *his own special favorite or friend*, rathert han abide the decision and choice of the *large majority* of his political associates. It is not only very *illiberal* and unjust, but a reflection upon the judgment and conservative fidelity of those with whom he claims to act. We are called upon every day to sacrifice things that are pleasant and desirable to us for the sake of comforting and pleasing others. This is a duty incumbent upon us all as good citizens and christians, and the moral obligation is not less binding in politics. In order to promote harmony and effective action we must always show respect for the decision of the majority and confidence in the judgment of the many rather than the few.

To say that a candidate, after he has been fairly and unanimously endorsed by a convention of our party, is untrue and unworthy of our support, is simple to charge the majority of our party friends as being unworthy of our confidence, if not with corruption and fraud. This is a grave matter—a broad and sweeping charge, that should never be made without the most incontestible evidence of truth, unless the purpose is to destroy the organization and break up the party. Judicious, thinking men will be more careful.

—:o:—

DISORGANIZERS.—There are a large number of persons in almost every county, city or town in the State, looking to office as the easiest mode of acquiring support and employment. Others want office for selfish motives. There is no locality that is free from this office-hunger. The prevalent eagerness after office disposes too many disappointed conservatives to entertain insidious proposals from watchful and cunning Radical managers, and to form combinations to secure the coveted positions which are in conflict with the duties they owe to the organization of which they profess to be sincere members.

Goldsboro Messenger.

It is the honorable duty of every one professing to be a Conservative, to support the nominee of that party. Every man cannot have his favorite nominated, and it is not right for those who submitted to a decision of a County or District Convention to be found grumbling afterwards. Come, gentlemen, stand up to the party in time of need; and after a reform in our State Government is inaugurated, then you shall have another chance for an office of some sort. Elect the Conservative nominee first and then quarrel afterwards about *how* the nominations were made. Let us all unite to defeat the tyrant Grant and his friends everywhere, and then those who choose may show their selfishness about office-holding.

Blessed is the man who does not want office for he shall not be disappointed!! —*Charlotte Democrat.*

Notwithstanding we had one of the largest Conventions here on the first of June that has assembled in this county for years, and which was remarkably harmonious and enthusiastic in the selection of candidates, we hear of certain office-seekers making ready to produce discord and confusion in the ranks of the Democratic-Conservative party. These pestiferous growlers claim to be Conservatives, and desire to run as Independents. They are now entertaining propositions from the Radicals, as to whether they will come out as independent candidates. They do not desire the Rads to nominate them, for that would ruin their prospects at once and forever; but they are playing a meaner and baser game: They are trying secretly to secure the promise of Radical support, and as soon as that is done, they propose to announce themselves as "Independent Candidates" with the hope of getting enough Conservative votes to beat the regular nominees of the Conservative party. A little dissatisfaction having grown out of the nomination for sheriff, they are fanning the flames and trying to produce a split in our ranks, and the Rads are helping them with all the eloquence and chicanery they possess.

Now, this is no trumped up story, but a fact that will soon be evident to all, if the weak-kneed, double dealing, so-called conservatives referred to have the nerve, or rather the audacity, to make known their base purposes and infamous treachery, by proclaiming themselves candidates, as they certainly will do, if they get the slightest encouragement from high-toned, true Conservatives.

Shall such a game work? Shall puny office-seekers be allowed to disturb the harmony of the party? Shall men who are thus basely and cowardly seeking negro and scalawag votes, receive any encouragement from the good and true men of the county? Not at all. There are no Democrats or Conservatives in Rowan who are so much disappointed in the nominations, as to be induced to cast their votes for the dough-faced, double-dealing intriguers who are now boot-licking negroes and hobsnobbing with Radical managers in order to get into office. There are no good men among us who are so easily lead away from the path of duty as to be persuaded to give in their support to the treacherous puppets of the most diabolical and corrupt faction that ever cursed the State or county. The spirit that breeds and brings forth independent candidates for office in such times as these is more intolerant and villainous than that which controls the councils and inspires the infamies of Radical robbery and oppression. We are groaning beneath the iron heal of Radical despotism! all the cherished institutions of a half century that have not already crumbled and perished by its touch are threatened and in imminent peril—even the peace, life, liberty, and property of the citizen are in jeopardy, and yet we are asked to give up our regular nominees, split asunder our organization, and take up such creatures as are low and venal enough to attempt to thrive and ride into office by producing discord and defection among our friends. The stake is too great. Our friends, and the friends of the country and good government must stand together until Radicalism and its pimps have perished.

What do we care about particular friends or favorites for office now? So our candidates are honest and capable, faithful and true to the great principles and interests so dear to us all, it matters not whether they are our preference or not. The all important question for us to ask is, are they opposed to Radicalism? If this is satisfactorily answered, we should be content. We can very well afford to vote for our bitterest personal enemy, if he is but zealous and honest in his defense of the common weal—if he will but defend the cause of liberty, of right, and justice against the monstrous faction that lives by plunder and rules with a rod of iron. Peace, liberty, and property are dearer than friends; and no one is a real enemy who is a friend of liberty and respects the rights and property of his neighbors. But the villain who would not only oppress and imprison, but rob and murder for the sake of power and pelf, is an enemy of both God and man—and of such is the Radical party made up.

A very heavy storm of rain and hail passed over Mount Airy, embracing a narrow belt of about one mile in Width. Wheat and garden vegetables were destroyed, and the lands badly washed. It occurred on the 15th ult., and the hail had not all disappeared three days after.

People's Press.

DAVIDSON COLLEGE, N. C.,
Saturday, June 8, 1872.

Editor Watchman—

My Dear Sir: Perhaps some of your readers will like to see what is to be done here Commencement week, so I send you a notice of some of those attractions:

The Rev. Prof. Phillips will preach the Baccalaureate sermon, and the Rev. J. B. Mack, of Cabarrus county, the "Williams Association" sermon, at Davidson College on Sunday, June 23.

Gen. J. B. Gordon, of Ga., is to be the orator before the Eumenean and Philanthropic Societies, and the Rev. J. D. Burkhead, before the Alumni, on Wednesday. The Representatives of the two Literary Societies will appear Wednesday night.

Thursday, as Commencement day, will be devoted to the graduating exercises of the Senior Class.

I am respectfully,

☞We tender our thanks to the writer of the above letter, for it affords us pleasure to contribute, through our columns, for the promotion of the educational interest of the State.

We subjoin the following additional items concerning Davidson College, drawn from Catalogue of 1871–'72:

Annual meeting of Trustees, 9 a. m., June 25. Beginning of Collegiate year, Thursday, September 26.

The Faculty consists of John R. Blake, M. A., *Chairman*, and Prof. of Natural Philosophy and Astronomy. Rev. J. Monroe Anderson, M. A., Troy Prof. of English, Logic, Evidences of Christianity, &c. W. G. Richardson, M. A., Prof. of Ancient and Modern Languages. Rev. Charles Phillips, D. D., Prof. Mathematics and Engineering. William J. Martin, M. A., Chambers Prof. of Chemistry, Natural History and Geology. The chair of Mental and Moral Philosophy is to be filled at next meeting of Trustees. Paul P. Winn, B. A., adjunct Prof. of Languages.

The list of Students exhibits the names of 14 Seniors, 31 Juniors, 27 Sophomores, 24 Freshmen, and 3 Scientific—Total, 99. They are from North Carolina, 59; South Carolina, 22; Alabama, 11; Mississippi, 2; Tenn. 2; and one each from Arkansas, Georgia and Florida.

From the Raleigh News.

Speaking of the charges brought by the Democratic papers against Governor Caldwell, the Newbern *Times* says:

"The latest dodge of the kind is the story that the Governor had armed a company of "negroes" in Wilmington. This is grossly false. Wilmington has had a colored rifle corps for sometime, purely local in its character, and such as exist in almost every city, and because they have "guns" for target practice, the Conservative press must needs make political buncombe out of it."

Will the *Times* deny that one hundred rifles were sent from the State Arsenal to arm a negro volunteer company in Wilmington, with the full knowledge, consent and approval of Gov. Caldwell.

Will the *Times* be good enough to show by what law these arms were sent to this negro company?

Is not this another act of usurpation on the part of his Academy, which, added to his other crimes, should aid in burying him deep in his political grave in August next?

By what authority did the Governor send these arms to Wilmington?

"Guns for target practice, indeed!" Who knows to what purpose these arms may be applied? Who knows when a disturbance or collision may occur in Wilmington? And can the *Times* satisfy the public mind that these arms in the hands of negroes which are only intended for "target practice," are not liable to be used in shooting and murdering the citizens of that city?

It has been charged that one hundred "guns" or rifles were sent from the State Arsenal to arm a negro military company in Wilmington.—This charge the *Times* characterizes as "grossly false."

But it is true, that Gov. Caldwell cannot, dare not deny it. In fact he acknowledged it in his speech at Whiteville, when questioned on the subject by Judge Meares.

We repeat the charge, and we ask again, where can the law be found in North Carolina, which allows the Governor to send out arms to negro volunteer companies, for "target practice" or for any other purpose?

THE BANKRUPT ACT.

Circular to the Members of the Bar of the 4th Congressional District of North Carolina.

GENTLEMEN: The following amendment to the Bankrupt Act passed both Houses of Congress June 3d, 1872, and became a law by the signature of the President:

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first proviso in Section 14 of an act approved March 2, 1867, entitled 'An Act to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy throughout the United States' be amended by striking out the words 1864, and inserting in lieu thereof 1871.

This Act exempts to the bankrupt such property as the State exemption laws in force in 1871, gives to insolvent persons, to-wit: a homestead of the value of $1,000 and personal property of the value of $500, which, together with the $500 exempt under the United States laws, makes an aggregate exemption in bankruptcy of $2,000.

The present status of the Bankrupt Act is very generally misunderstood, even by the profession, and is as follows: The assets which come to the hands of the Assignee must equal 50 per cent, of that part of the debt actually proved against the estate, on which the bankrupt is liable as *principal debtor*, and which was contracted since January 1st, 1869.

If there are no assets, or if they are insufficient to reach this proportion of the personal debt contracted since January 1st, 1869, proven against the estate, then the bankrupt will be discharged only from all debts contracted prior to January 1st, 1869, and from all surety debts contracted since that time.

The profession will see that in nineteen-twentieths of cases, discharge is as certain as under the 33d section of the original Act.

I am very respectfully,
Your obedient servent,
A. W. SHAFFER,
Register in Bankruptcy,
4th Cong. Dist. of N. C.
Raleigh, June 6, 1872.

MERRIMON AND KIRK.—In his great speech at the Theatre in this city last Tuesday, Judge Merrimon alluded to the charge made against him of having shown himself the friend of the desperado Kirk in Asheville at the close of the war. From this slanderous charge he vindicated himself to the entire satisfaction of the large audience who heard him, and we doubt whether a radical who heard him will be base enough ever again to reiterate that charge. We shall see, however, as the campaign progresses.—New Bern *Commerce.*

XX ROBBINS.

XX Robbins! This is the only cry the Kirkites have against Major Robbins, our candidate for Congress, and it shows to what straits they are put to for ammunition to fight with. There is not a man with at himble full of brains in the State who believes that Maj. Robbins would sell himself for the pitiful sum of $20, especially when Radical members, and poor shoats at that—were selling for thousands. He did take $20 unthoughtedly as a lawyer's fee. He didn't try to conceal it. He went himself and informed the Committee on Bribery and Corruption of the fact. He was tried by the most venal, corrupt and thieving legislative body that ever assembled outside of South Carolina—a body that he had denounced for their corruption and bribery—a body that feared and hated him, and would have given half their stealings to get rid of him, and by his enemies he was declared *innocent of corrupt intent.*

Winston Sentinel.

FEDERAL COURT.

Our city presents a lively appearance. Marshals, deputy Marshals, Commissioners, detectives and spies are all here. Men who are fattening on the money extorted from the people. From Thomasville, in Davidson county, the following gentlemen are in attendance as defendants charged with intimidating negro voters to wit:

1. Dr. K. W. Thomas.
2. John A. Mock.
3. D. T. Lambreth.
4. J. H. Lambreth.
5. William Foster.
6. W. T. Moore.
7. David Loflin.
8. John K. Keen.
9. Jas. M. Leach.
10. John W. Lambreth.

It is a remarkable fact that every negro except three at Thomasville box voted the radical ticket.* The three exceptions were democrats. There was never any riot, raiding or disorder in the county. These gentlemen belonged to a secret political society which was dissolved long before the passage of the kuklux law under which they are indicted. They are all gentlemen of character and standing, and no charge for intimidating voters or violation of the law can be sustained.—*Ral. Sentinel.*

☞In the Wilmington District, Hon. A. M. Waddell has been nominated for re-election.

☞The Republican District Convention which met at Concord on Thursday last, nominated Hon. Oliver H. Dockery of Richmond county, for Congress in opposition to Mr. Ashe the Democratic candidate. Wm. S. Bynum of Lincoln, was appointed the Grant Elector.

CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS.

First District—	D M Carter of Beaufort,
Second "	W H Kitchen of Halifax.
Third "	A M Waddel of New Hanover.
Fourth "	Sion H Rogers of Wake.
Fifth "	J M Leach of Davidson.
Sixth "	Thomas S Ashe of Anson.
Seventh "	W M Robbins of Rowan.
Eighth "	Robt B Vance of Buncombe.

ELECTORS.

First District—	Octavius Coke of Chowan.
Second "	Swift Galloway of Greene,
Third "	T C Fuller of Cumberland.
Fourth "	H A London of Chatham.
Sixth "	W L Steele of Richmond.
Seventh "	F B McDowell of Iredell.
Eighth "	Thomas Johnson of Buncombe.

A RACE FOR A GRASS WIDOW.

A correspondent writes to the Mankate, Minn. *Union* of a widow who resides in a certain town in Winona county, who had been wooing two young striplings, the one ten and the other eleven years her junior. Both lads happened to meet the lady at the same time, and both were on the errand of deciding upon the day for celebrating the nuptials, as each had the encouragement to believe himself the favored suitor.

The widow herself was undecided, and a scene of tears gave a momentary relief to the heart-throbbings of the two young lovers. Finally she chose the younger of the two, and they parted for the night. In the morning the discarded lover bethought himself of his photograph and ring, still in the possession of the lady.—He went to the lady to obtain them, and again sought favor in her eyes. She yielded, and promised if he should get his license first she would marry him. He left on the afternoon train for Winona to procure the license, and noticed his rival on board, who was on the same errand, but evidently knew nothing of the new bargain.

As soon as the train arrived, the lover who had the latest promise rushed for the clerk's office and obtained his license, and just as he was retiring the rival entered and applied for a license to marry the woman. Our hero who had obtained the license was bound to press his advantage, and instead of waiting for the morning train, which would bear his rival home, he footed it home through the mud the same night, and secured his prize the next morning by marrying the "grass widder."

HOW TO TELL.—An Exchange puts forth the following bit of information:—"To discover spurious greenbacks or national bank notes, divide the last two figures of the number of the bill by four, and if one remains the letter on the genuine will be A; if two remains it will be B; if three C; and should there be no remainder the letter will be D. For example, a note is registered 2,161; divide sixty one by four and there will be one remaining. According to the rule the letter on the note will be A. In case the rule fails, be certain that the note is counterfeit.

PUBLIC SPEAKING—SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Maj. W. M. ROBBINS, the Conservative Democratic candidate for Congress in this District, will address the people at the following times and places:

Wilkesboro',	Wednesday,	" 19th.
Taylorsville,	Friday,	" 21st.
Statesville,	Saturday,	" 22nd.
Olin,	Tuesday,	" 25th.
Hamptonville,	Wednesday,	" 26th.
Yadkinville,	Thursday,	" 27th.
Salisbury,	Saturday,	" 29th.

Col. Furchas, the candidate of the opposite party, has agreed to be present also; so that the people can hear both sides. Let everybody come out. Come out one and all

MARRIED.

On the 12th June, by Rev. F. H. Johnson, at his residence in Lexington N. C., Mr C. R. Barker, to Miss Mary Young, both of Salisbury N. C.

"Oh, love crowned fair, thy present is
Made up of golden hours;
And may thy future pathway be
Adorned with sweetest flowers.

C.—

On the 11th instant, by Rev. W. Kimball, Mr. Julius C. Bringle and Miss Celia S. Brown.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GIVE IN YOUR TAX.

All persons liable to a corporation tax on property or poll, are notified to call on the undersigned at the WATCHMAN Office and give in a list of the same during the first week in July next. A double tax is the penalty of failure.

J. J. STEWART, C. B. C.

Salisbury, June 6, 1872. 3ts.

ROWAN MILLS!

THE proprietors of these justly celebrated Mills are in the market for WHEAT, and solicit calls from all who have it to sell. They *pay the highest market cash prices.*

Flour! Flour!!

They also solicit orders for Flour. They manufacture four different grades of Flour, ranging — **Best Family, Family, Extra,** and **Super.**

They also solicit orders for Bran.

They exchange, or grind for toll, as may be desired.

EMMERT, BROS. & CO.

39:6mp'd

CATAWBA ENGLISH and CLASSICAL HIGH SCHOOL,
Newton, N. C.

REV. J. C. CLAPP, A. B., S. M. FINGER, A. M., } *Principals.*
J. D. ROWE, *Assistant.*

THE 14th Session of 16 weeks will begin on the 15th day of July next.

Tuition, from $8 to $18 for the Session.

Board in families, from $8 to $10 per month

For Circular and particulars address

CLAPP & FINGER,
Newton, N. C.

39:6t

BINGHAM SCHOOL,
MEBANEVILLE, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of 1872, opens August 2d.

The course of instruction is classical, (including Modern Languages,) Mathematical, and Commercial. The organization is military.

For circulars address

39:5t COL. WM. BINGHAM.

EXECUTORS' SALE
Of Real Estate.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Rowan County, the undersigned will sell at public auction at the Court House Door in the Town of Salisbury, on Saturday the 13th day of July next, at 12 o'clock, M., all the real property belonging to the Estate of Montfort S. McKenzie, deceased, consisting of two Valuable tracts of Land, containing between Seven and Eight Hundred acres.

This land will be divided into tracts to suit the convenience of purchasers. TERMS of Sale—one-third cash upon the confirmation of the sale, the balance on a Credit of six and twelve months, bond and approved security. Title retained until all the purchase money is paid.

CHARLES H. McKENZIE,
JOHN W. McKENZIE,
Executors of Montfort S. McKenzie, deceased.

June 7th, 1872. 4t

MOCK & BROWN.
Dry Goods, Groceries &c.

We are now receiving our second stock of Goods for the Summer trade and have extensive varieties of the following Goods.

Prints in all the new and desirable patterns at 8 to 12½ cts. Bleached and Brown Domestics, Sheetings and Pillow Casing. Irish and Birdseye Linens, Towels, Crash, Table Linens, and Damask, Hosiery and Gloves, White Goods, Notions and Trimmings of all descriptions.

Dry Goods in Newest Styles.

Black Gros Grain Silks. Japanese do striped Grenadines, expressly for Summer Wear. Lenos and Barages.

Percale, Pique, in White and Buff.

A beautiful assortment of ladies' Hats and Sailors, trimmed and untrimmed in the new styles and at low prices.

Ready-Made, Clothing

in Cassimere Cloths and Linens, White Marseilles vest, very beautiful, a large and well selected stock of hats, and of the most desirable styles.

Groceries of all kinds, salt, sole Leather, Crockery &c., &c. Also a full and complete line of Shoes of all descriptions.

We solicit the trade of the citizens of Salisbury and county generally and guarantee good goods at low Prices and strictly honest and fair dealing, polite attention by experienced young men, who take pleasure in accommodating and waiting on customers.

May 29, 1872—tf.

This is to Give Notice: That on the 16th day of December, A. D., 1871, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of W. W. Stoner, in the County of Rowan and State of North Carolina—who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition—that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of, and before R. H. Broadfield, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy in Salisbury, N. C., at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 20th day of June, A. D., 1872.

S. T. CARROW,
U. S. Marshal.
J. T. CUTHRELL,
Deputy U. S. Marshal and Messenger.

[38:3t]

This is to Give Notice: That on the 4th day of April, A. D., 1872, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of B. N. Smith, of Charlotte, in the County of Mecklenburg, and State of North Carolina—who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition—that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the office of, and before R. H. Broadfield, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, in his office, in Salisbury, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 14th day of June A. D., 1872.

S. T. CARROW,
U. S. Marshal.
J. T. CUTHRELL,
Deputy U. S. Marshal and Messenger.

[37:3tpd]

I have analyzed the Whiskey known under the brand of "B SELECT," controlled by Messrs. **WALTER D. BLAIR & Co.,** *Richmond, Va, and find it* **Free from Fusil Oil,** *and and other impurities, and recommend its use for medicinal and family purposes.*

J. B. McCAW, M. D.,
Late Prof. of Chemistry M. College, Va.

This brand is beyond all doubt a superior article and can only be had genuine, at T. J. FOSTER'S, No. 3 Main st., nearly opposite Mansion Hotel, Salisbury, N. C.

38:4t

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Clap-trap and Cant—Invalid reader, if you are unwise enough to put yourself outside of any of the *mock tonics* guaranteed to contain "no diffusive stimulant," you will inevitably come to grief. Ask your physician if any liquid preparation, destitute of stimulating properties, is worthy of the name of a tonic. He will tell you no. Shun all such nauseous catch-pennies. PLANTATION BITTERS, the most wholesome invigorant in the world, owes the rapidity with which it relieves the disordered stomach and the shattered nerves to the diffusive agent which conveys its medical ingredients to the seat of the complaint. That agent is the spirit of the sugar cane, the most nutritious and agreeable of the varieties of alchohol. The medicinal idgredients of the Bitters, valuable as they are, would be comparatively useless without this distributive basis. They would ferment and sour. Beware, as you hope for health, of the horrible compounds of refuse drugs in a state of fermentation which humbugs are endeavoring to foist upon the public as medicines.

☞Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will not raise the dead, but it will cure the living. For all severe Coughs, Throat and Bronchial diseases it has never been equaled.

A PITIFUL CONDITION.

It is a sad thing to pass through life only half alive. Yet there are thousands whose habitual condition is one of languor and debility. They complain of no specific disease; they suffer no positive pain; but they have no relish for any thing which affords mental or sensuous pleasure. In nine cases out of ten this state of lassitude and torpor arises from a morbid stomach. Indigestion destroys the energy of both mind and body. When the waste of nature is not supplied by a due and regular assimilation of the food, every organ is starved, every function interrupted.

Now, what does common sense suggest under these circumstances of depression? The system needs rousing and strengthening; not merely for an hour or two, to sink afterward into a more pitiable condition than ever (as it assuredly would do if an ordinary alcholoic stimulant were resorted to,) but radically and permanently.

How is this desirable object to be accomplished? The answer to this question, founded on the unvarying experience of a quarter of a century, is easily given. Infuse new vigor into the digestive organs by a course of Hostter's Stomach Bitters. Do not waste time by administering temporary remedies, but wake the system up by recuperating the great organ upon which all the other organs depend for their nurture and support.

By the time that a dozen doses of the great vegetable tonic and invigorant have been taken the feeble frame of the dyspeptic will begin to feel its benign influence. Appetite will be created, and with appetite the capacity to digest what it craves. Persevere until the cure is complete—until healthful blood, fit to be the material of flesh and muscle, bone and nerve and brain, flows through the channels of circulation, instead of the watery pabulum with which they have heretofore been imperfectly nourished.

FLAVORING ESSENCES are of primary importance in good cooking. All articles of the description the highly concentrated Extracts, prepared by Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston, are pronounced by leading chemists the most perfect and best.

HOPE WORKS.—Every day and hour we meet with fresh and down witnesses of human depravity. Let men speak up! Let us hear! All testimony goes to show the efficacy of Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters. Many are suffering from the effects of unwholesome liquid bitters or poisonous stimulants. Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters is the great blood purifier, and accomplishes in due time, a perfect cure.

NATURE'S OWN PERFUMERS.—Lubin's Extracts are the most lasting and delicious. Ask for Lubin's Fragrant Bouquet. The exquisite and enchanting odors are marvelously refreshing, invigorating, and exhilarating in their influences by the daily use of them. Sold by all druggists.

CONSUMPTION.—I will send (free of charge) to any person who wishes it, a receipt for a simple vegetable remedy which will cure Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and Sore Throat, if taken in time. Please address, with stamp, DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 96 Pearl St., New York.

DR. DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS are such by the hair from the dead—give life and vigor to the aging and young of both sexes, blind and young.

PORTER'S ANIMAL OIL.—More accounts come from using this than any other remedy. Sold everywhere. Depot for the United States and Canada, 165 Greenwich St., New York. Oil House of Cod Liver Oil, established 1770, N. Y.

T. B. CLARKE & CO., Agents, Charlotte, are agents for Rose in Carolina.

A BEAUTIFUL WINTER.—Is shown by the use of Parkin's Blood of Youth." It removes pimples, eruptions, and all other disfigurements from the skin, making the skin fair and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. Wholesale prices, Wholesale druggists.

JUST THE REMEDY WANTED.—Thanks to Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we now hear but few of those distressing cries of childhood watching with pain, suffering, fretting children.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, Depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also as a preventive for Chill Fever and Ague, and other intermittent fevers, the Peruvian Phosphoritic Wine of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, is held by all Druggists to be the best tonic, and as a tonic for patients recovering from fever, it has no equal.

BERRY'S GETTING GOODS BELL COMMON WAY is accordingly the original formula of Crescent Parts, so long and favorably known as the successors of Russell, Berry & Co., Hazard and Risley and their branches. It is the same in every respect as now made by H. W. Berry and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

SHERMAN'S IVORY PEARL TOOTH POWDER.—The best article for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 c. per bottle. F. C. WEBB & CO., New York.

CAPRICE is unrivalled as a Healing Compound. Physicians prescribe it as the most wonderful remedy ever known. Price 25 cents per bottle. John F. Henry, Sole Proprietor, 8 Cliff Place, New York.

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This magnificent compound is the best in the world. It is safe and most reliable type in existence, never failing in imparting to the hair a truly natural color, rendering it soft, pliable, and easy to manage. Manufactory 68 Maiden Lane, New York.

PAPAYA is a opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne, not producing constipation or headache, as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the Superior
ALEXANDER COUNTY, } Court.

A. Carson Administrator of Garner Lowdermilk,
against
Ruth M. Lowdermilk, Eliza M. Bess, L. S. Anderson and wife Rebecca, James Oxford and wife Martha, J. R. Bradburn and wife Nancy C., William Vance & Harriet Jane Lowdermilk,

} Pl'ff.

} Petition for settlement.

Def'ts.

In this proceeding, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Ruth Lowdermilk, Eliza M. Bess, William Vance Lowdermilk and Harriet Jane Lowdermilk are non-residents of this State; It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the "Carolina Watchman," a newspaper published in Salisbury, N. C., for six weeks successively, requiring said defendants, to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for the County of Alexander at the Court House in Taylorsville, on the 8th day of July next, and answer the complaint of Plaintiff, or the same will be heard ex parte as to them.

This 23d day of May 1872.

E. M. STEVENSON, Clerk
Superior Court, Alexander County.

37:6tpd

HO! FOR THE MOUNTAINS.

AN EXCURSION train has been chartered to run from Salisbury to Old Fort Friday June the 14th, at 8 o'clock, A. M. The occasion will be enlivied with excellent music, and conclude with a GRAND BALL at Old Fort.

There will be plenty of room for every body—a special car for ladies and their escorts.

Fare to Old Fort and return only $2.

J. L. BAILEY.

May 27, 1872.—37:2t.