

FOR PRESIDENT: HORACE GREELEY. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: B. GRATZ BROWN.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

The Democratic majority at the recent election in Montana is 199—a gain of 73 over the vote of last year, when the radicals carried it by 418.

They take up vagrants in Wilmington. Why is it not done here?

A Russian Princess, it is said, will soon arrive in this country and proceed to join the Onida Society of free lovers.

The Asheville Citizen says there is now no doubt of the guilt of the fellow Henderson, arrested for the murder of Capt Jarrett, in Marion.

The Editor of the Jefferson Messenger has taken unto himself a wife.

It is now said that the recent gathering of Reds in Raleigh was for the purpose of arranging an electoral ticket for the straight-out Democrats.

W. R. Myers, Esq., of Charlotte, has been appointed assistant elector for the State at large.

The Banner of Temperance printed at Raleigh, has been changed to The Spirit of the Age.

Rev. J. Britton Smith died suddenly near Raleigh Tuesday. It is thought that he took, by mistake, poison for a Sedlitz powder.

Mrs. Fair who killed Col. Crittenden in the presence of his family, and who was on her first trial convicted of murder, has, on her second trial, been acquitted. Such a verdict under the circumstances, is a disgrace and blot upon the Court records of a civilized country.

The U. S. Court, Judge Bond presiding, convened at Greensboro, N. C., on the first Monday in October. The docket will be a full one.

They sprinkle the streets with saw-dust in Wilmington.

J. A. M. Coble, of Guilford County, had his home robbed of every thing edible or wearable last week, while the family was at Campmeeting.

About two weeks ago, Mr. Jas. M. Sutton's Store at Gilsonville was robbed of \$2,000. One of the burglars has been arrested and made a confession implicating three others.

A tobacco barn of Mr. Andrew Cunningham, of Guilford, was destroyed by fire about ten days since. A large quantity of tobacco was burned. The fire was accidental.

Mr. Henry Spence, of Forsythe, had his still-home burned, on the night of the 17th ultimo.

Capt. Nimrod Jarrett, of Macon County, was slain and murdered on Saturday the 14th ultimo, near his home on Nantahala river. He had started to court, and was about a mile from home, when he was murdered and robbed by a worthless character who had been lurking in the neighborhood for a few weeks. The murderer says his name is Henderson and is from Tennessee.

John Pool, W. W. Holden, W. F. Henderson, T. B. Long, T. M. Argo, of Raleigh, and Jack Williamson, of Franklin county, were seen huddled together in converse on the streets of Raleigh a short time since. There is some devilment brewing.

The English Court has gone into mourning for the King of Sweden, Charles XV, lately deceased.

Princess Hohenlohe, half sister to Queen Victoria, is dead.

The Northern Ohio Lunatic Asylum has been burned. Three attendants were burned. The inmates were rescued.

They have a new Bank in Goldsboro. What becomes of the bank that was to have been established in Salisbury? Was the bluster about it, all for boncombe.

The Poor House of Wane county costs the people of that county \$800, annually, and there is but one blind negro in it. That is a Radical point.

The Andes Insurance Company of Cincinnati has failed.

The Goldsboro Messenger learns with regret that Judge Warren has been attacked with paralysis.

Rev Peter Cartwright, the Pioneer Methodist preacher is dead. Aged 87.

A Railroad accident on the Wilmington & Weldon Road, last Thursday night, severely injured several parties. Three cars were thrown from the track, and two, the ladies' car and sleeping car, were precipitated down an embankment, the former turning upside down; and yet no one was killed.

The colored Liberal Convention, which met at Louisville on the 27th of September, adopted a platform endorsing the Cincinnati platform and nominees. It adopted resolutions denouncing the villainy of the rulers who forced themselves upon the Southern States, and by the most unblushing audacity reduced the people thereof to both races to a condition of poverty which half a century of prosperity cannot redeem, and nominating Greeley and Brown for President and Vice-President. It then adjourned sine die.

It is amusing to see the effort the Reds—the so-called straight-out Democrats who have sold themselves to Grant are making to get up some show of opposition to Greeley in this State.

But this Grant-O'Connor-anti-Greeley move will carry no pledge to Mr. Greeley. It will not carry off single votes that Grant would not have gotten anyhow if O'Connor had not been nominated. Grant will therefore be the loser by it. Nobody else will be hurt or benefited. We say merely to the more in this State; and we regret that it promises to amount to nothing.

ORGANIZE.

We notice that Greeley and Brown Clubs are forming in every Township in many of the counties throughout the State. This is as it should be. The time for work is very short, still a thorough organization can be effected, if the Democrats and Conservatives will go to work at once.

North Carolina ought to go for Greeley by a large majority, and she will if the Democrats and Conservatives turn out and do their duty. We have surely suffered enough by lukewarmness and indifference.

Everybody felt confident that there would be

a largely increased Democratic vote in August last, and not dreaming that there would be a proportionally large Red vote, hundreds and thousands of good Conservatives thought there would be no risk in staying away from the polls. They did so, and the result is known to all.

We all know that the Democrats and Conservatives have a majority of some fifteen or twenty thousand in this State; but what good does it do us when our party friends refuse to go to the polls? It would perhaps be better for us if we were a little in the minority. This being the fact, we might be induced to work more earnestly for victory. As the matter now stands, being aware that we possess a handsome majority in the State, we easily satisfy ourselves that all our friends will turn out this time, and the State will be carried for our party. Thus we flatter and deceive ourselves before each election and never awake to our mistake until it is too late.

If we would carry an election, even with a large known majority in our favor, we must organize thoroughly and work all the time until it has been accomplished. There are hundreds and thousands of men in the State, who take no interest in elections, and never think of going out to the polls unless they are urged to do so by their friends or neighbors.

It is all important that clubs be organized in each and every township, and the name of every voter should be enrolled.

We have Constitutions and By-laws, and can supply each township with a copy, if we are called on for them.

THE STATE DEBT.

We publish to-day a communication from a citizen of Stokes, taken from the Raleigh Sentinel, on the subject of the State Debt, and the duty of the incoming Legislature with respect to it.

A Citizen of Stokes is decidedly in favor of repudiation, but he hardly thinks it a feasible. The Legislature may refuse to levy a tax to pay the public debt, but this is all that can be done by that body; and the propriety of this action is altogether a matter of conscientiousness to be decided by each member thereof. If each member can satisfy himself that he may refuse to vote for levying a tax to meet the accruing interest, and finally, to pay off the debt, without doing violence to his oath to support the Constitution, the plan of a citizen of Stokes may be adopted to stave off the unpropitious day, but we do not see how it can be made effective in the immediate accomplishment of the great necessity of the hour, repudiation.

The Associate Editor of this paper, while conducting the Examiner of this city, was the first to boldly advocate the Repudiation of the so-called State Debt. He exposed the monstrous swindle and pointed out the only proper and effectual way to get rid of it. That way is by a State Convention of the people. Such a body would have the unquestioned power to repudiate the great Radical swindle. But, since the people have refused to call a Convention for the purpose, or to elect a legislature pledged to do it, we see no remedy but to suffer the demoralizing and oppressive nuisance for the present, at least.

This monstrous fraudulent debt ought not to be, and we do not believe it ever will be, paid; yet the longer it is permitted to stand uncancelled against us, the greater the danger there is in getting rid of it, and the greater the injury to the State from its effects.

The Legislature can only stave off settlement from one session to another, and the propriety of such action is very questionable.

MR. GREELEY AND HIS WESTERN TOUR.

The Wilmington Journal thus speaks of Mr. Greeley's late tour: The grand oration has at last come to a end, Mr. Greeley has returned to Chappqua.

It is not in this respect alone that this tour of Mr. Greeley is worthy of remark. That is always an anxious moment for his friends when a man, occupying the position that Mr. Greeley does, begins to write letters or to make speeches. It rarely happens that a candidate for the Presidency can say anything without injury to himself and the cause he represents. Especially was this to be dreaded in view of the number of men who were listening to his every word, eager to hurt him either by truth or falsehood, as might best serve their purpose.

But in spite of the dangers besetting him on either side, Mr. Greeley has passed the ordeal unscathed, without an error and without a blunder.

Enemies and unwilling friends in the South watched him with merciles, unforgiving eyes. Enemies and unwilling friends in the North hung upon his every utterance, hoping to catch something with which to fire the Northern hearth. But it was all in vain; and yet never was man bolder or more outspoken, or franker in the declaration of his sentiments and opinions. Verily the great apostle of peace and good-will among Americans has displayed the wisdom of the serpent as well as the harmlessness of the dove. But Mr. Greeley has done more than this on his Western tour—he has shown that he understands the wants of the country and how to remedy them; he has shown, too, that he possesses that rare faculty of uttering words that go straight to the hearts of men; in a word, he has shown himself to be a great Orator and a great Statesman no less than a great Editor.

But yesterday men amused themselves, as they thought, with a crotchety old man, whose chief characteristics were honest impetuosity, an unaffected singularity in his dress and a professed proficiency in book farming. To-day he stands before the country in such large proportions, every inch a man and a statesman, as to command the confidence and respect even of his enemies.

We congratulate Mr. Greeley and we congratulate the country upon the signal success of his great tour.

THE KEYSTONE.

GLORIOUS NEWS FROM PENNSYLVANIA.

Thousands of Republicans Turning—Buckalew Stock Rising Rapidly—Curtin and Billingsfett Doing the Work by which Greeley will be Elected.

[By Telegraph to the Tribune.]

DOYLESTOWN, Sept. 25.

The political outlook of the campaign in Pennsylvania has entirely changed within the last twenty-four hours. Gov. Curtin's letter has smitten the Grant leaders with a palsy from which there is no recovery. On the road here to-day from Wilkesbarre the signs of an abandoned cause for the Hartman ticket were presented at every station. The Lehigh Valley was aflame with

ENTHUSIASM FOR BUCKALEW, and prominent Republicans who have staked largely on the issue of the October election, were hedging on Buckalew by offering \$500 to \$2,000 on his success. The most influential Pennsylvania German is Esais Billingsfett, of Lancaster, for eight years Republican State Senator. On Monday night he charged home upon the Cameron Ring, and the Cameronian candidate the responsibility of their penalization State funds, and their malversation of State finances. If anything was needed to strengthen the effect of Gov. Curtin's letter, this ringing speech of Mr. Billingsfett had directly this effect. His speech and Curtin's letter have been worth ten thousand votes to the cause of Reform. Prominent Republicans declare that the

CONTEST IS ENDED, and the only question is now one of majority.

To-day has witnessed an uncounted scene in this country. Situated on the northern border of Philadelphia, Backs has given changing majorities for both political parties, and neither could claim it for its own. Now it is aroused for Buckalew, and since early morning its county seat has witnessed the most unparalleled demonstration ever seen in Eastern Pennsylvania, outside of Philadelphia. There have been not less than

SEVENTEEN THOUSAND PERSONS PRESENT.

At 10 this morning an immense procession formed, composed of half foot and half mounted men, and with transparencies and banners it marched into the surrounding townships, receiving reinforcements at every cross-road, until it numbered over 6,000. Then returning to the city the greatest meeting ever seen in the county was organized. Ex-District Attorney James made a speech introducing General Kilpatrick. The latter reviewed Grant's career as a soldier and as a statesman, awarding fullest meed of praise to the General, but utter lack of ability as President. Following Gen. Kilpatrick came Gov. Hoffman of New York, whose speech was a master effort. He arraigned the Administration for its systematic centralization and its attempts to control State, city, and township elections. He exposed Bouwlell's management of the finances, and contrasting the past glory of the Republic with its present condition, said that if the policy continued of reaching one-half the nation to religiously hate the other our flag would trail dishonor and shame among the nations of the earth.

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REV. HUGH McADDEN, a missionary from the North, visited this part of the State in 1755. On Friday Sept. 12th of that year he left Henry Sloan's, the north side of the Yadkin at the trading ford, and came about ten miles to James Allison's, Saturday he went 3 or four miles to Mr. Brandon's.—Sabbath 14th preached at the meeting house. Monday rode to John Luckey's about 5 or 6 miles. He does not say how far from Brandon's to the meeting house! Can any one inform us through "The Watchman," where Allison's, Brandon's and Luckey's—where was the meeting house? We have a power of attorney executed by Robert Allison to Thos. Nisbet to receive for him his share of the estate of James Allison, who died in 1770. This paper is in 1773, we suppose that Robert was a son. The document is witnessed by Thomas Allison.

Mr. Brandon's first name is not given; there was a James Brandon on Second Creek, near the late Dr. Samuel Kerr, a member of the committee of Safety in Rowan, 1775. See Wheeler's History page 368 &c.

An account of Gen. Washington's visit to Salisbury in 1791, by Rev. W. A. Mangum, was given in the papers a short time ago. A little incident may be added to that. The tradition is that as the General was approaching the town from the South, and a few miles from it, he, with one or two attendants, called at a farm house on the road for breakfast.

Finding no one at home but a little girl, they enquired where her mother and the other members of the family were. She said that they had gone to town to see Gen. Washington.

They directed her to cook them some ham and eggs, and give them some bread and she should see Gen. Washington too, without going to town. She did as they told her, and when they had eaten, informed her which was Gen. W., and went on their way. Her name was Brandon, and the grandmother of M. L. McCorkie Esq., of Newton, N. C.

From the Wilmington Journal.

OUTRAGE IN CLEVELAND COUNTY!

A Deputy United States Marshall and Federal Soldiers Break up a Meeting of the King's Mountain Baptist Association, and Arrest Women and Children at the Point of the Bayonet!

The following letter received last night, comes from a gentleman of the very highest character and position, and well known personally. His statements may be relied upon as strictly true. And yet, in the face of such outrages as these, we are told that the continuance of Grant's administration in power promises law and order in the country.

Editor Wilmington Journal: On Saturday, the 21st instant, a great outrage was perpetrated in this county by officers and soldiers of the U. S. Government. While the King's Mountain Baptist Association, a body representing over three thousand communicants, was in session at Bethlehem Church, and session, and well known to the Marshall, and one Archibald Moss, who seemed to have some authority from Long, rode up, accompanied by a squad of armed U. S. soldiers detailed from Colonel Hart's command in Lincoln, surrounded the Church and forbade the people to leave. Long and his men were both drunk and armed, and swore very freely. The proceedings of the Association were completely broken up. The pastor of the Church went out and endeavored to persuade them to leave, and on their refusing to do so, the Sheriff of the county arrested Long for disturbing a religious assembly. The soldiers, armed with guns, came out the Sheriff, and commanded Long to behave, and they were promised that they would not be arrested further for violating the laws of the State and of the United States, if they would quietly leave the Church grounds. They rode off in the direction of the spring, and many members of the Association returned to the house, thinking they were gone. But they soon returned, and were galloping over the Church grounds with their guns and pistols, and broke up the Association that evening. When the people started to leave, the soldiers, armed with guns, and even women and children were arrested with guns pointed at them, and compelled to wait the pleasure of this Follow Long, before they could get home. Moss, I am informed by an eye witness, cocked his pistol at a young lady who was driving off in a wagon, and threatened to shoot her, if she did not stop at once. The whole proceeding was an outrage upon religious liberty perpetrated by officers and soldiers of the U. S. Government. The excuse they rendered for conduct was that they were searching for one Mayberry, who was charged with being a Ku-Klux.

GENERAL SPINNER OF THE REDEMPTION OF MUTILATED CURRENCY.—The following is an extract from a letter written by General Spinner on the subject of the redemption of mutilated currency under the act of June 8, 1872, and the instructions of the Post Office Department:

It is the duty of every postmaster to register, in the manner prescribed by law, but without payment of any registration fee, all letters containing fractional or other currency of the United States delivered to him for mailing to the Treasurer of the United States for redemption.

Postmasters and others may forward defaced and mutilated currency to this office for redemption and receive returns either in new currency or drafts on New York, Boston, Philadelphia, or New Orleans, without risk of expense, and with no loss of time beyond that required to convey and count their remittances.

A SOLDIER OF THE REVOLUTION.—Last surviving Revolutionary soldier has come to the surface again, this time in Tennessee. He is one hundred and eighteen years of age, and came to Nashville recently, accompanied by his four children, the youngest being seventy-five. He came after pension money, which had been accumulating for a long time, and he has now a nice little sum to begin life with.

GIVE THE NAMES!

The Radical papers are boasting that there are one hundred and fourteen Straight Out Democratic papers in the South.

Let us have the list. Give us the names and places of publication, by all means.

The Montgomery Advertiser says there is only one of that stripe in Alabama. One little sheet, about the size of an ordinary pocket handkerchief, called The Democrat, we believe, has been started at Asheville since the collapse of the Louisville Convention.

The editor is one Flourney, said to be a Carpet-bagger, and to have voted the Radical ticket last August.

The paper is said to be run by Radical money.

We have, therefore, found two Straight Out sheets—one in Alabama and one in North Carolina.

Now let us have the names of the one hundred and twelve others, said to be published in the South.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.—The Presidential election will not take place in all the States on the same day, as seems to be generally imagined. It will begin in Louisiana on the 4th of November. All the other States except Texas will follow with their votes on the 5th, and Texas will close up the business with a four days' election from the 5th to the 8th, inclusive. Louisiana is required to vote on the 4th—one day before the other states—by a special act of Congress passed at the last session. Why this enactment was passed it is hard to conjecture, unless for the reason that the Administration party wanted to use their expected victory in Louisiana to assist them in other States.

The four days' voting in Texas is simply a device adopted by the Radical legislators of that State several years ago for rotting negroes from one precinct to another, and thus increasing the Radical vote.—Missouri Republican.

SINGULAR METEOR.—Near St. Louis, Mr. L. Murdock found a large meteoric stone at the bottom of a hole in his farm. The hole was clear cut and reached to a depth of more than thirteen feet in the ground. The stone weighed about twelve pounds, was coated with a black crust, and was composed mainly of iron. In shape it was an oblate spheroid and therefore before it reached the earth was probably in a semi-fluid state and revolving on its axis. It should be kept as a specimen of what the earth was before it cooled down into its present habitable condition; it could be used to illustrate the nebular hypothesis, if necessary.

From several other parts of the country reports have lately been coming in, telling of the fall of meteorites, some of which are of immense size, but are composed of well known materials. There have also been several brilliant auroras. We seem likely to have a large and brilliant collection of August meteoric this year, unless perchance these phenomena be now fire-runners and portents of the dreadful catastrophe by which the earth is to be destroyed under the malefic whack of Plantamour's comet.

A SHOT AT THE TRAVELLING CABINET MINISTERS.

It would really seem that the President and the Cabinet have no official duties to perform, or are altogether irresponsible to their public obligations. He spends the whole Summer at Long Branch, and they squandered themselves over the country to make political speeches. Mr. Greeley took a shot at them the other day in his speech at Williamsport, Pa. He described the Administration Cabinet ministers and office-holders as "rumming and racing from one end of the country to the other to persuade the people to keep them in office." He added:

I venture to say that since the first day of May last the Federal office holders have done more work and devoted more attention to keeping their places than they have to doing their duty. All of them enormously taxed, and their energies employed to sustain the machine of power, and then running and racing over the country, giving up to party service and to the President's re-election the time and energies that belong to the people, for which the people have paid, and out of which the people ought to have the advantage.

All right minded people must feel that the Cabinet ministers are acting in a most scandalous manner. But "like master, like man."

FATAL ACCIDENT AT ENESVILLE.—The Ashtabula Pioneer has the following: On Friday night last, at Enesville, Miss Enloe, daughter of J. J. Enloe of that place, met with a terrible accident, which terminated her existence next morning. Miss Enloe, who was a fruit distributor, was engaged in making a "doubling," assisted by his wife and daughter, the latter holding a torch-light while her father poured the warm liquor from the barrel into another. Unfortunately, she held the flame too close to the escaping gas, which ignited, and in a few seconds they were enveloped in the flames. Miss Enloe was burned internally, the flames descending her throat during her screams for help, and she lingered in the utmost agony till death an end to her sufferings. The injuries of Mr. Enloe and his wife are of a painful and serious nature, but not supposed to be fatal.

MISS FISHER OF SALISBURY.—The Philadelphia Telegraph pays a North Carolina author the following merited compliments:

The author of "Valerie Aylmer" is certainly the most promising of our young female novelists. She has shown a steady improvement from the first, and if her stories lack the racy humor and the distinct characterization which distinguishes those of some of our rising star writers, she surpasses many of them in beauty of style and in story telling power. Her latest work, "Ebb Tide," which has just been issued by Messrs D. Appleton & Co., is a tale of Southern life, the scene of which is laid in Charleston S. C. It is a brilliant and very entertaining story, which will well repay a perusal, as well as the three novellas, "Miss Inglesly's Sister-in-Law," "The Story of a Scar," and "A Doubt," which accompany it.

Walter W. King has been elected chairman of the County Conservative Executive Committee of Stokes county in place of G. E. Moore resigned.

On the eighteenth of July the kingdom of Norway celebrated the 1000th anniversary of its existence. Norwegians are warmly attached to, and proud of their land, and with good reason. They are an honest, industrious, hospitable and increasingly prosperous people, and the nation, in union with Sweden, is wisely and happily governed. The present king of Norway and Sweden, who is now a sick if not a dying man, was represented at the celebration by his brother Prince Oscar, who is the next successor to the throne and a man of 45 years of age, of fine talents, kindly bearing, and great popularity.

The ceremonies consisted of religious services, addresses, unveiling of a memorial and general feasting, fireworks and dancing among the people. All the churches were crowded throughout the kingdom, and the day held as a holiday with every species of public and private festivity.

WHY WE GO FOR GREELEY.—Because he is honest.

Because he is a patriot and a man of talents.

Because he wants peace, and if elected (as he certainly will be) he will administer the Government for the good of the whole people, and not a party.

Because he will unite the people of all sections as a band of brothers and no widen the breach by arraying one class or section against the other.

And we go for him because in so doing we thereby show to the people of the North that we are thoroughly reconstructed or we would not be willing to vote for the father of the Republican party, Horace Greeley.—Hillsboro Recorder.

FOUL AND FAIR.

The acquittal of Laura Fair by the San Francisco jury points a moral terribly significant for the times and adorns with hideous malevolence one of the darkest tales in all the annals of crime. That a jury of men, some of whom are supposed to be heads of families, should so solemnly give their sanction to lawless inroads upon the peace of the domestic circle by a base beauty and should pronounce her slaying her victims in the presence of his wife no murder, shows the weakness of human nature and the degeneracy of our system of judicial trials. It virtually offers a premium for blood crowned prostitution. It says the social system, comforts and confuses justice with license, blunts the public conscience and degrades our civilization. Against such monstrous perversion of justice and morals the indignation of the press all over the land ought to be raised. —Wil. Star.

THE WAGES OF SIN.—The New York papers are full of the sad story of Maude Virginia Carlton, of New Orleans, sent by wealthy and respectable parents to Chicago in 1862, at Xavier's Academy, in Chicago, under the care of the Sisters of Mercy. She went in 1862, at the age of twelve years, and after her schooling was over, her parents being dead, married, became the widow of a suicide, went to New York, led a fast life, became an ill treated kept mistress, and finally died at Bayonne, N. J., of consumption and neglect, her funeral taking the rings off her dead fingers to a pawnbroker. "The wages of sin is death."

A young lady of Bamberg, South Carolina, has cultivated twenty-two acres of cotton during past spring and summer, with no other assistance than one negro girl, who is she hired for the year for fifty six dollars. The young lady did the hoeing, while the girl did the ploughing. The ground was manured with four tons of waste fertilizer, and it is estimated, will yield twelve bales of cotton. In addition to the cotton the farmer, lady will make and abundance of corn, peas and potatoes, and enough sugar and syrup to last her for three years. She is only 19 years of age and this is her first attempt to make a crop.

[Shame on healthy men who growl about hard times, and don't work.]

MR. GREELEY ON THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.—What ever may be the thought of the propriety of Mr. Greeley going round the country making speeches while he is a candidate for President of the United States no one can say truly that he does not speak well in this he has advantage over General Grant, if any advantage is to be derived from it. He seems to improve, too, as he goes along. His speeches which we published yesterday, delivered in Cincinnati and Kentucky, are clear logical, and for the most part, show sound views of the financial and political situation of the country.—New York Herald.

THE BEAUTY OF "GOLDEN SILENCE."—The New York World makes this hard hit at the great North American Gift-Taker:

In a strong defence of Grant, a Radical organ dwells tenderly on the beauty of "golden silence." Respecting our friend, we never knew a man to have so golden a silence as he. He says nothing and grabs all he can. Put together, the record in his four years' term of words disbursed and gifts received would make as pretty an account current as any lover of a heavy balance could care to see.

HON. GARRETT DAVIS' SUCCESSOR.—Gov. Lehigh, of Kentucky, has appointed Willis B. Machen, of Lyon county, United States Senator, to succeed Hon. Garrett Davis, deceased. Mr. Machen has been prominently connected with Kentucky politics for many years. He was a member of the Confederate Congress from Kentucky, and has but recently had his disabilities removed. His term of service expires March 4, next, when he is succeeded by Hon. Thos. C. McCreery, elected to the Senate at the last session of the Legislature.

HEAVY BURGLARY.—A few nights ago unknown burglars entered Mr. Andrew Thompson's store at Buena Vista, Chickasaw county, Mississippi, and stole therefrom \$2,700 in gold bullion, and \$400 in their beauty of style and in story telling power. Her latest work, "Ebb Tide," which has just been issued by Messrs D. Appleton & Co., is a tale of Southern life, the scene of which is laid in Charleston S. C. It is a brilliant and very entertaining story, which will well repay a perusal, as well as the three novellas, "Miss Inglesly's Sister-in-Law," "The Story of a Scar," and "A Doubt," which accompany it.

The fruiter in this city have recently brought out from the North, lots of elegant apples, pears, &c., which retail, the apples at 75 cents per bushel and the pears at 5 cents each. In the meantime, probably hundreds of the best of bushels of fruit have rotted under the trees in the orchard in North Carolina. Truly we are a providential people.—Wilmington Journal.

Just as good fruit could have been obtained in many of our Western counties at \$1 and less per bushel.

HOMICIDE.—On last Sunday, Mr. Wm. Jones, son of Dr. W. D. Jones, of this county, killed a negro named John Bowen.

We are told that the negro had said that he was poisoned Jones' brother, and threatened to kill him whenever he could stretch him out of sight of the house. On Sunday they met, and Jones charged him with threatening his life, which the negro did not deny. A quarrel ensued, which resulted in Jones shooting the negro twice, the second shot proving fatal.

We are told the negro is a turbulent fellow and usually carried a pistol.

The coroner's inquest, held yesterday, returned a verdict of justifiable homicide.—Rome Commercial.

MORE ABOUT VERMONT.—The vote in Vermont the other day was 6000 in excess of Grant's vote in 1868; the heaviest ever polled in that State. On this vote since 1868, the Radicals have lost 900 votes and the Democrats in alliance with the Liberals have gained 15000. It figures tell the truth, Grant's popularity is not increased rapidly.

The Charlotte papers are boasting over the fact that Dr. Asbury, near that place, will make 500 gallons of wine from five acres. That may do for Mecklenburg, but S. T. Mickey, of Salem, will make 2500 gallons this year from four acres, besides 1000 gallons of raspberry and blackberry wine.—Winston Sentinel.

LYNCH LAW IN PENNSYLVANIA.—An Eastern (Pennsylvania) dispatch to the New York Sun says that indefinite rumors are current there of the murder of three negroes by a gang of white laborers recently, who sought to avenge the alleged murder of one of their number by the negroes. The negroes' shanties are said to have been all burned.

It's lucky to marry in September if you get a good wife and she gets a good husband.

The Fall Term of the Courts of the 8th Judicial District will be held, commencing as follows:

Surry, Monday, Sept. 2nd. Yadkin, Monday, Sept. 16th. Davie, Monday, Sept. 30th. Rowan, Monday, Oct. 14th. Davidson, Monday, " 28th. Forsythe, Monday, Nov. 11th. Stokes, Monday, " 15th.