

Carolina Watchman.

SALISBURY, THURSDAY OCT. 10.

FOR PRESIDENT: HORACE GREELEY. FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: B. GRATZ BROWN.

Mr Stephen Lassiter, Representative elect from Lenoir County, is dead.

The Irish and the Negro laborers on a New Jersey Railroad have had a fight. The result is one Irishman and three Negroes killed and several of the latter severely wounded and their shanties burned.

The effect of Radical Constitutions and Radical rule is sadly felt in Robeson county. The sheriff there advertises 310 tracts of land for sale to pay taxes.

The next Legislature will contain 16 colored members—4 in the Senate and 12 in the House. This is a gain of 1 in the Senate, and a loss of 4 in the House.

Bishop Pain will preside over the following annual Conferences: Virginia Conference, at Petersburg, November 20th; North Carolina, at Fayetteville, December 4th; South Carolina, at Anderson, December 12th; Baltimore, at Baltimore, March 6th.

Chas. O'Coner has persistently declined the nomination tendered him by the Duncan-Grant-anti-Greeley-straightout force; but says he will serve if elected. We have no doubt that there are numerous families that would do the same thing; but there is no chance for the Great decliner, Mr. O'Coner. He won't get an electoral vote.

Oregon has elected Mitchell, Rad. to the U. S. Senate. He succeeds Corbett, Rad.

It is reported that the Vice President of San Salvador has been assassinated.

It is now thought that Andy Johnson, Independent candidate, and the man who sanctioned the murder of a woman, will be elected Congressman at large in Tennessee.

A terrible Railroad accident occurred on the 2nd instant, in England, on the Road between London and Edinburgh. The Passenger train, while running at a very rapid speed, came in collision with a freight train, causing the instant death of nine persons. Many others were injured, and it is thought several of them will die.

The storing barn of R. F. Webb, Esq., of Orange, was burned on last Saturday. A large quantity of tobacco was destroyed.

The Chestnut crop in the mountains of this State is very fine this year.

A destructive fire occurred in New Jersey on the morning of the fourth. The fire broke out in Watson's Machine Shop and Silk foundry in Patterson, and soon nothing was left but the walls. The whole loss is estimated at \$150,000.

On Wednesday last, Mr. Henry Bridges, eldest son of Hon. R. R. Bridges President of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad, died in the cars at the Petersburg depot while on his way to his home in Wilmington, N. C. Mr. Bridges was in his twenty-first year, and recently graduated at the Virginia Military Institute with the highest honors. He had been in bad health for some time and was returning from the Springs at the time of his death, whither he had gone in the hope of recovery.

The Asheville Citizen says the Apple crop in the mountains was never better, many trees yielding from 30 to 40 bushels to the tree.

A mass meeting of the Democrats will be held at Alexandria on the 17th inst., and the Hon. W. A. Graham, M. W. Ransom, and Ex-Gov. Vance are expected to address the people then and there.

Ex-Sheriff Flanagan, of Pitt county, is dead. The Raleigh News says seventy thousand bushels of wheat were raised in Haywood county this year.

The female College at Asheville is full and flourishing.

Gen. Bragg spent the whole summer at the Warm Springs in Madison county. He left for his home a few days ago.

Mr. Miles Stout, of Wilkes, who was tried at the last term of Court there for the murder of Robert Vannoy, was acquitted, the testimony showing that the act was done in self defence.

The two negroes, Baldy Gaitner and George Graham, were tried for the murder of Margaret Semon, a white woman, at Wilkes Court. Gaitner was acquitted; Graham convicted, but took an appeal. A true bill was found against Maj. Jas. H. Foot, for intimidating voters.

A telegraph office has been established at Lumberton, Robeson county, N. C., and N. A. Lee, of Petersburg, appointed operator.

The tobacco barn of Mr. John R. Adams, of Iredell, was burned last Thursday.

The Statesville Intelligencer learns that the tobacco barn of Mr. Cool, near Cool Springs, Iredell, has been burned, also a quantity of tobacco.

They have a religious revival at Statesville. Many persons have made confession.

Dr. Francis Lieber is dead. The Dr. was born at Berlin March 18, 1800. He was one of the most distinguished American writers on Government and Civil Law.

Married; on the morning of Sept. 25th, Hon. C. L. Cobb to Miss Pattie Pool, both of Elizabeth City, N. C.

York Lattimer and Jerry Thompson for the murder of Sam Martin, all colored, were tried at Rutherford last week. The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

James Morris, of N. Y., a soldier of 1812, is dead.

John C. Thompson, of New York, horticulturist, is dead.

The Fayetteville Eagle says some 300 barrels or 12,000 gallons of wine is the result of the present grape crop at Tokay Vineyard near that place.

The latest news from Georgia is to the effect that the returns from 103 counties give Smith, Democrat, fifty thousand six hundred and seventy-one majority.

THE RECENT ELECTION.

The three great Middle or Northern States that voted last Tuesday have been carried, it is said by the Radical or Grant party. These States were Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana. We cannot say that we are disappointed, though we had been told that there was a fair prospect of carrying them all for the Greeley-Liberal-

Reform-Conservative-anti Grant party. We are not just now prepared to say what the effect of the result in these States will be upon the presidential election which takes place on the fifth of next November.

That there was and that there is a majority of the people of the United States opposed to the Grant or Radical party, we do not doubt, but we really fear that the opportunity for making it effective in the present canvass has been abused and lost.

To the friends of good government—those who are actuated by principle and strive for the right, we would say be firm, be of good cheer, it often happens that good comes out of evil, and that defeat to us does not always prove a victory to our adversaries.

THE FIRE.

Our Town has been subjected to another disastrous conflagration. A fire broke out in the store of Mr. Thos. J. Foster, Saturday night last, between the hours of 12 and 2 1/2 A. M. It was discovered about 2 1/2 o'clock, and although too far advanced to be arrested with the means at command, it spread slowly but steadily to everything within its reach. Five new and handsome store-rooms—four of them occupied—were destroyed. The loss in buildings is estimated at about \$25,000. This is distributable between Messrs. Reeves & West, (no insurance); T. J. Foster, Dr. J. W. Hall, and John I. Shaver. Mr. Shaver is the heaviest loser in buildings, on which there was no insurance. All the persons merchandising in these buildings were more or less insured on their stocks: Foster, to the amount of \$18,000; Bernhardt & Co., \$8,000; Mills & Kerns, \$7,000; and Price & Bro., \$1,000. It is not yet ascertained what amount of loss these gentlemen have sustained over and above their insurance; but it is believed it will be considerable.

It is not known how the fire originated. Mr. Foster left his store about three hours before the fire was discovered; and as everything was then apparently secure, it remains a mystery how it originated.

The north-eastern wall of Klutz & Co's. Drug Store, was also the south-western wall of the row of buildings destroyed; but by reason of its height above the burning buildings, those gentlemen sustained no serious loss. The fire was easily fought off from the windows, there being no wind to drive the flames to fierceness. There was no attempt to remove the stock.

It may be mentioned as a singular oversight, after so many warnings, that so little precaution was taken against fire by those who built the new stores now in ruins. Had the division walls been run well up above the roof, and each apartment thus entirely separated, the fire might have been confined to the room in which it originated. Without this important precaution there is no chance to save buildings when fire once gets a start. It runs from roof to roof, and soon involves the whole block.

There are other necessary provisions to be made to fortify us against fire, which it is hoped will be provided as speedily as possible.

OUR ANNUAL FAIR.

The Fair is in full tide. The Town is full of people. The Fair ground is thronged with exhibitors and visitors. Everybody and everything looking pleased and lively. Carriages, omnibuses and buggies dashing hither and thither. Horseback-riders moving like couriers. Pedestrians, watchfully and hastily. To the gouty and crippled Fair week must be a bore. To the young and active, a festival. To the moralist, a study and a lesson; and to the religious a knotty question. But—

The Fair is in progress. Every one is busy; committees are inspecting and noting down results, and out of the confusion of sounds and goings is to come the statistical reports of goods and wares, machines and implements, stock and poultry, etc., etc., which show what was exhibited and to whom premiums were awarded. This list we hope to present in our next, since it is impossible to give it in this issue.

The sickness in this community has abated, and the doctors say it is now dis-tressingly healthy.—Statesville Intelligencer.

One would have supposed, judging from the reports of the American about Rowan, that no sickness ever occurred in Iredell. But we suppose Iredell, like all other sections of country, is afflicted with its peculiar local diseases, and that about as many people die there, according to the population, as anywhere else. If bilious fever and shills kill people in one section of the country, typhus fever and cholera kill them in others. So that there

is but little difference where we live, sickness and death come to all sooner or later. A few malignant evil disposed persons and a lying black rag sheet have attempted to produce the impression that Salisbury and Rowan County are unhealthy. But this is not true. Salisbury is fully as healthy, if not more healthy, as any town or city in the State east of Newton. If we except a slight prevalence of chills during the fall, and these are common to nearly all sections of the State, there is no town in North Carolina to compare with it in point of health and desirableness as a place of residence. Our water is as pure as that which gushes from the Blue Ridge, and the country around is sufficiently rolling and elevated to protect us against undue malarious or miasmatic influences.

The man is simply an ignoramus who is acquainted with this section of the country and the diseases incident thereto, who says it is sickly and undesirable as a place to live in.

MURDER IN DAVIDSON COUNTY.—The Raleigh Sentinel learns that on Tuesday, the 1st inst., a murder was committed ten miles of Lexington, which creates no little excitement in the community. Mr. Franklin Harris a highly respectable citizen was the victim, and one Elliott the perpetrator of the deed. The following are the particulars as we learned them from a friend: Sometime during the afternoon in question, Mr. H. started out to search for some stray sheep, and in the search passed by Elliott's corn field when he saw E's dogs running down his hogs which had strayed into the field. He picked up a stone and struck one of the dogs. Elliott came up and told him to strike again. When Harris stooped down as if to procure another rock, whereupon Elliott seized a piece of fence rail and struck him with such force upon the head as to crush the skull and cause instantaneous death.

Mr. H. is a young man, about 34 years of age, and leaves a wife and two young children. Elliott is now in the county jail at Lexington.

From the New York World.

A MEAN LITTLE GOVERNMENT SWINDLE.

The Postmaster General seems determined to insist upon the rule that insufficiently prepaid letters shall be held at their place of destination until the payment of double the amount of the deficit. This, if a letter so bulky as to require two or three stamps, mailed in New York for Buffalo with but one it is to be held at the latter office until the person to whom it is addressed pays the postmaster 6 cents. There is no justice, reason or law in this ruling, and it is to be hoped its enforcement will be resisted in the courts.

The section of the new Postal Law, approved June 8th, 1871, bearing on this matter, are as follows: "Sec. 150. That postage on all mail matter must be prepaid by stamps at the time of mailing, unless herein otherwise provided for."

"Sec. 151. That all mail matter deposited for mailing, on which the least one cent of postage has been paid as required by law, shall be forwarded to its destination, charged on delivery."

"Sec. 152. That if any mail matter on which by law the postage is required to be prepaid at the mailing office, shall by inadvertence or neglect of the postmaster, be sent unprepaid, double the prepaid rates shall be charged and collected on delivery."

It would be hard to find in these provisions any warrant for the arbitrary ruling which Mr. Creswell has approved. He and his subordinates may think it a good thing to fine A at Buffalo 3 cents for the oversight of B in New York, and this after B has paid one-half the postage, and A the other, but people are not to be thus molested at the mere will and pleasure of their public servants. Section 151 of the new Postal law most positively says that if one-cent stamp be put upon a letter requiring two, the letter is nevertheless to be forwarded, and "the unpaid postage"—that is the mythical six cents, collected on delivery. There is no such thing in this case as the "inadvertence" mentioned in section 152. A double letter with one cent stamp upon it has a clear legal right to be forwarded, subject, of course, to a charge of the three lacking cents.

EFFECTS OF RADICAL RULE AT THE NORTH.—It does seem that the Southern States do not enjoy a monopoly of the crime and ruffianism of the country, that the mythical six cents, collected on delivery, are not the only violators of the law and disturbers of the peace. From the North, city and country, our exchanges come teeming with records of murders, burglaries, arson, riots, highway robbery, and all the other crimes of the law. Only a few days since we read of the formation of a vigilance committee in Chicago, and we learn from the New York Sun that a crime in New York and Brooklyn is increasing so fast that peaceable citizens are considering the necessity of forming combinations for the protection of life and property in those cities.

A correspondent of the Sun writes as follows: "I am an ex-officer in the United States Army, and an ex-member of the famous Vigilance Committee of California, and I am the possessor, in real estate and cash, of 30,000. I am a resident of Brooklyn, doing business in New York. I know that both cities are infested with a large gang of cut-throats and thieves, and that our courts of justice are not adequate to the occasion. I do not propose to trespass on your time and space, and enter into any argument as to why this is so. You know, and I know, and over a hundred thousand other law-abiding citizens are aware of these facts."

"Now, sir, I propose the immediate formation of a Vigilance Committee, consisting of property-holders—firm, reliable, trustworthy men—men who mean business. I will give me services and five hundred dollars cash towards the enterprise."

The above indicates pretty clearly the estimate placed upon the mythical six cents, collected on delivery, and the universal demoralization can only be accounted for on the hypothesis that a corrupt, profligate and licentious government, by its example, engenders a spirit of lawlessness and depravity among those masses of the wretched race the people mourn.—Saratoga News.

Augusta is blessed. The election on Wednesday showed that there are not a half dozen white Radicals in the city. The white men who formerly voted with the Rads, abandoned them, and voted the straight Democratic ticket.

THE STATE FAIR.—The Charlotte Democrat has the following appropriate notice of the approaching State Fair. It breathes a proper spirit and we should be gratified if the other State papers would express similar views. Quite a number of the papers of the State seem, judging from the tenor of their allusions, to look upon the Fair as a Raleigh Institution. This is a mistake. The Fair is a State enterprise, and every locality has, or ought to have, as much interest in it as Raleigh. The Democrat says:

The North Carolina State Fair opens on Tuesday, the 15th of October. The Railroad fare from and back to Charlotte has been reduced to the low rate of six dollars. We hope there will be a general gathering of the Western people at Raleigh during the Fair week. Let our people from different sections meet often and get acquainted with each other, and talk about farming and other topics, and learn more of the excellent qualities of the good Old North State. The young men and young women, as well as the old ones, from every quarter of the State, ought to see each other, and, by so doing, it might be the means of promoting happiness and pleasure hereafter. Every native North Carolinian ought to go to Raleigh on some public occasion, and see something of the leading men of the State. We don't mix together enough, and therefore we suggest a full attendance at the State Fair next week. We feel it a duty to attend, and expect to be there.

OLD JOHN ROBINSON.—A huge advertisement of this mammoth show appears in our issue of day. As it exhibits here on the 28th inst., curiosity is about on the tip-toe to know if it can really be the true that it is such an immense establishment as it is represented to be. As evidence of the fact we copy here an extract relative to it from the Hagerstown (Md.) News:

Two hundred and seventeen teams passed through the toll-gate before half past eleven this morning at John Robinson's Great Show. The travel on a half-dozen roads leading to the city was about as large. At the time announced for the opening, 2 P. M., the four large tents were completely jammed, and thousands who crowded around the ticket sellers were refused admission. The streets were filled with teams and the crowd exceeded any that ever gathered in the city. Four local tents are not enough to hold the people. All pronounce Robinson's the greatest and best show ever seen.

HOGS—SMALL BREEDS.—A stock raiser of some experience, in an article upon evergreen and medium-sized animals, thus speaks of hogs, indicating his preference for the small breeds:

"There is not one single advantage to be claimed in favor of large hogs. There never was a monster hog which did not make the man who raised him pay for every pound he weighed. There is, however, one advantage in most grates, but charge full price for every atom of their carcass. When slaughtered, it takes a long time to get one cool to the marrow of the bone, and when the hams are put in salt, it is troublesome to finish them to the center. Four hundred pounds, live weight is as long as it takes to get one cool, thus is a good bacon. Beyond this size, there is loss somewhere. Either the feeder, butcher or consumer is lost; and as a general thing, every one who has anything to do with the hog, will find if he observes closely, that they are not so profitable as the smooth, small breeds. Smallized, with little upright ears, and legs and feet delicate to perfection, are marks which indicate the greatest amount of flesh for any given amount of food consumed and will more readily draw the situation of the butcher."

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION LAW.—We learn that Dr. Menninger, Secretary of the State, in the absence of any special law, bearing upon the Presidential election, has deemed it advisable to obtain the views of prominent legal gentlemen of both political parties with a view of obtaining uniformity of action in election returns, at the several precincts throughout the State. In the opinion of these gentlemen, the 3rd Section of Chapter 45 Law of 1868, is still in force, to wit:

"This election law shall be conducted and the returns made as usual as may be directed in relation to election of State officers and representatives in Congress, except as herein otherwise expressed."

In this view the law of 1872, chapter 185, is applicable to the election as far as may be. Dates which in this law are designated for the State election should be approximated in the ensuing one; Registration should begin at once in accordance with sections 6, 7 and 8 of the Act of 1863.

REWARD \$25. House broken open and Money Stolen. From the 1st to the 4th of Oct., Inst, my house in Davidson county, was broken open and the following stolen: One \$100 One hundred Dollar Bill, One \$20 Twenty Dollar Bill, also specie, the amount not known. A reward of Twenty-five Dollars will be given for the recovery of the money. SARAH W. LIMBOUGH. DAVIDSON CO., N. C. Oct. 8th 1872 - 3t.

FALL OPENING. Messrs. Correll & Elford have received their Fall Stock of Millinery Goods, comprising every thing in their line, and of Latest Styles. Ladies are invited to call and see their selection, which embrace every thing New and Beautiful for Hats and Bonnets and Ornaments for the Hair. 3t.

NOTICE TO ALL WHO ARE CONCERNED. I am again under the necessity of calling on all who are due me to call and make immediate settlement. Now I mean just what I say, and no one has a right to think this is meant for some one else, for it is meant for you. R. P. BESSENT. Salisbury, Sept. 3, 1872. [3t]

The choice given to every man born into this world is simply, whether he will be a laborer or an assassin; and whoever has not his hand on the still of the plow, has it on the hilt of the dagger.

Judge Reuger strook the right chord when he declared "that a man who sold his vote was a greater traitor to his country than that which he assailed his Government with a gun in his hand."

The Georgia Election—Ninety-Nine Counties Heard from gives a majority of 40,000. ATLANTA, Oct. 5. The official report of ninety-nine counties show a majority for Smith, Democrat, of 40,013. One hundred and twenty-nine Democrats and six Radicals are so far reported elected as Representatives. The Democratic majority has been increased by two things; many negroes were tax defaulters, and their leaders took the money sent to pay their taxes, and the negroes in many places sought to seize the polls and get up trouble, and failing, refused en masse to vote, though invited, in order to make a point on the Democrats.

For the Watchman. COL. WM. H. H. COWLES, OF WILKES.

Editors Watchman: We have heard this gentleman favorably spoken of in connection with the Reading Clerkship of the Senate. Col. Cowles distinguished himself as a brave and skillful officer in the Army, and was severely wounded in several engagements. Since the close of the war he has devoted himself to the practice of the Law, and by his talents, energy, and popular manners, has contributed largely to the success of the Conservative party in his section of the State. His clear intellect, and position of Reading Clerk, would be but a fit recognition of his gallant and meritorious conduct during the war, and of his untiring efforts since that time, to advance the cause of Conservatism.

A CARD. To our many friends who stood by us so faithfully during the late terrific fire, and to whom—under Providence—we are indebted for exemption from great loss, we tender our sincere and grateful thanks. Kindness such as this, in the hour of imminent peril, can never be forgotten by us. F. KLUTZ & CO. C. A. HENDERSON.

A CARD. The undersigned, feeling sincerely thankful to those who assisted him in removing his goods beyond the reach of the late fire, desires to make this public acknowledgment of the valuable services thus rendered them. PRICE & BRO.

MARRIED. In this County, on the 24 inst, by Rev. Geo. B. Wetmore, Mr. J. C. Hyde to Miss Margaret C. daughter of R. J. M. Barber Esq.

In this Town, Friday morning, October 4th, inst., Mr. WILLIAM A. WALTERS, after about two weeks illness, in the 56th year of his life. The deceased was Sheriff of this County for about fifteen years. He was elected to it at the recent August election. He also once represented the County in the Legislature. Whatever position of public trust he filled, it was uniformly satisfactory to the people. His duties were discharged with quickness and gentleness, but with reasonable firmness. He had schooled himself into the practical observance of moderation and kindness towards all men, which, joined to his uprightness, and a generous confidence in the integrity and honesty of others, made him an amiable and popular man. It was not possible for any one to fill the office of Sheriff with more quietness than he did. In his duties, under his administration, fell upon the people as noiseless as dew upon the grass. He was in truth a public servant—serving as one expecting to be called on to render account. He was faithful in all his public and private relations, whether as a county or church officer, or as a private citizen. His death is a public loss. To his family it is an irreparable calamity.

FIFTY AND ONE HUNDRED DOLLAR BILLS wanted at the Post Office, for which smaller bills will be given in exchange.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. SAMUEL REEVES, JR. JOHN BEARD. 200 HEAD OF BEEF Cattle Wanted. The undersigned wish to purchase Two Hundred fine Best Cattle, for which they are prepared to pay the highest cash price. They would also inform the Citizens of Salisbury that they are furnishing the market with beef four times each week; namely, on Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday mornings. REEVES & BEARD.

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THE WORLD'S FAIR. TO BE HELD AT SALISBURY, MONDAY October The 28th.

JOHN ROBINSON'S Great Traveling Museum, Menagerie, Caravan, and Hippodrome, Combined with THE GRAND INTERNATIONAL ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN. POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE.

MAMMOTH CIRCUS, In Four to Ten Tents, As the Space of the Ground will permit. JOHN ROBINSON, Proprietor and General Director. JOHN ROBINSON, Jr., Manager.

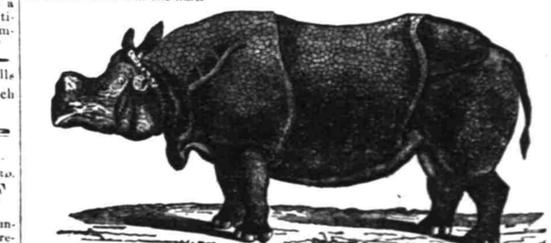


This gigantic Enterprise, which has been at a vast expenditure of Time and Money, thoroughly reorganized and equipped for the present traveling season, presents the Startling, Novel, Unique and Colossal Spectacle never before witnessed in the annals of amusement enterprise either in this or any other age. Twelve Superior SHOWS in One, All for a Single Price of Admission. In the Collection and Organization of the Museum the utmost care has been taken to gratify and enlighten the public by presenting in the most tact, talent and liberality of all other managers in America or Europe. It may be interesting for the public to understand that for nearly Two Years Mr. ROBINSON'S Numerous Agents, who are found in almost every part of the World, have been actively employed in procuring Curiosities for his Great Traveling Show. Some of these were put on exhibition for the First Time Last Year, but they have been very largely supplemented for the present season by New Acquisitions and Contributions brought by almost every Steamer from Foreign Ports which has arrived in New York for the past eight months. As an illustration of the Indubitable Energy of the well known Proprietor of this enterprise, with the subdivisions of China, Japan, Australia, the Polar Regions, South Sea Islands, Arabia, Turkey, Siam, Creosote, Egypt, the Pacific, the Indian and Atlantic Oceans, together with the Red Sea and Holy Land, have all been included into, contributing to swell the aggregate of his Single Department, which, after all, constitutes but a moiety of all that may be seen. It is estimated that in the Aquarium, Museum, Menagerie and Caravan there are Twenty Thousand Curiosities.

This Stupendous Combination has been brought together at an actual cost to the Proprietor of More Than a Million of Dollars; which is ten times more than was ever invested in a single Show. The curiosities of the several departments represents the choicest exhibits in a single realm of Zoology, Ornithology, Geology, Ichthyology, Conchology, Entomology, Anthropology, Mechanics, Natural History, Science, Statistics, all Nations, and many rare and exquisite productions of the Automaton and Heliographic Arts, and so classified for the GREAT EXHIBITION as to challenge the admiration not only of Naturalists, but of Poets, Statesmen, Philosophers and Divines. Parents, School and Public School Teachers should bear in mind that No Public Exhibition ever instituted in America afforded a table of the Practical Lessons of Instruction which are found in this Unique Exposition of Object Teaching. To this vast array is added, in a Separate Colossal Tent capable of holding Ten Thousand People.

MAGNIFICENT ROMAN HIPPODROME AND CIRCUS.

With One Hundred Horses, Ponies, Camels, Males, Riding Dogs, Monkeys, Tigers, Trick Horses, Elephants, and Fifty of the Best Male and Female Artists in the World. It is traveling by wagon would require the attendance of nearly Two Thousand Men and Horses, it is further more confidently believed by those most competent to judge, will be the most successful and very profitable in the statement that, taken in the aggregate, J. ROBINSON'S World's Fair has more real and solid attraction, merit and value, with a Greater Variety of Marvelous Features than is anywhere contained in Twenty Ordinary Shows. In order that the Public may be able to form an approximate conception of the magnitude of this concern, we volunteer the statement that—which will be qualified at any time—the daily expense attending JOHN ROBINSON'S EXHIBITION are three times more than the gross receipts of any of the self-styled first-class shows in America. It is, therefore, with no ordinary degree of confidence that the management announces these Terms of the Great Show. Price of Admission are positively the LARGEST Ever Seen on Earth. We respectfully solicit the attention of the reader to the following enumeration of only the Leading Features of the Great Exhibition, as we have not the space to mention the multitudinous curiosities with which the entire Exposition so amazingly abounds: The MONSIEUR SEA LIONS, from Alaska, nine in number, the largest weight, a Two Ton Animal, possessing five hundred pounds of fish daily; the Egyptian Crocodile, twenty feet long; a Deer of African and South American Snakes, the longest one thirty feet; a Texas Steer with Three Horns and Eyes; an Educated Hog, that can Read and Talk; the Largest Elephant in the world—actual weight Five Tons; a Rhinoceros of the African Continent, the largest weight, a Pair of Giraffes of THICHBEN, twice feet high; South American Hippopotamus, Harle Beast, Horned Horses, Capa Bara, Cashmere Goat, Educated Palatine Sheep, Spotted Axis Deer, Bison of Colorado, American Fallow Deer, South American Jaguar, Silver Lions of California, Striped and Spotted Hyenas, Pervian Alpaca, Drove of Camels, Buffaloes, Bisons, Sacred Cattle, Llamas; Forty of the Smallest Ponies ever seen; weight Eight Thousand Pounds, cost \$16,000; a Pair of Giraffes of THICHBEN, twice feet high; Lion of Zuffra; Shetland Goo, Barbours; the Zebu, or Ox Nunda; Spotted Tigers, Black Tiger, African Porcupine and Beavers, the whole forming the Most Magnificent Collection of Wild Animals ever seen at one time.



IN THE ARENA Will be Introduced the Following Unexcelled Array of Equestrian, Acrobatic, Athletic and Gymnastic Talent:

The Great and Indomitable ROBERT STICKNEY, The Preferred Rider of the Paris Exposition and the Champion Horseman of the World. GEORGE M. KELLEY, The Champion Leaper. JOHN WILSON, The Great Four horse Rider. MASTER F. ROBBINS, The Dashing Somersault Equestrian. MR. GEORGE SLOMAN, The Daring South American Horseman and Trainer. COLORED BOY, LEWIS, The Wild and Dashing Representative of Barroch Horsemanship and Hardie Leaper. ABDELL AND DAVIS, The Unequaled Gymnast. WILLIAM CARROLL, The Flying Leaper. THE WONDERFUL CONRADS, Acrobats, Gymnasts and Volgers. M-LE FRANCES, The Great Exemplar of the High School of Equestrianism. FOUR GREAT CLOWNS, Embodying some of the Most Original in Art. JOAN LOWLOW, the Peerless; ARCHIE CAMPBELL, WILLIAM CONRAD, F. ROBINSON. THE HOLLAND BROTHERS, In their wonderful Gymnastic Spectacles. CHARLES MACARTY, Battout-Leaper and Volger. The Charming and Beautiful M-LE L'AMOUR, This Equestrienne Eclipses any Artiste that has made her Debut within the Charmed MABANE GERTRUDE, The Fearless and Beautiful Wild Beast Tamer. M-LE MARGARET, The Queen of the Menage. WILLIAM CONRAD'S Performing DOGS and MONKEYS Will also be introduced, and the World is Challenged to Produce their Equals in the variety of their performance and the almost human sagacity which they display. Remember, a Show, the Equal of Which Has Never Been Seen in Europe or America. Managed and Owned by the Veteran Showman of the World Old John Robinson, Whose name is a sure guarantee that the Public will witness the Finest and Most Extensive Exhibition ever witnessed in SALISBURY. REMEMBER THE DAY, MONDAY OCT. 28th. ADMISION TO ALL 75cts. CHILDREN (under 10) 50cts. Performances at 1 and 7:30 o'clock Daily.