Carolina Watchman.

SALISBURY, THURSDAY MAY, 28.

Hon. Thos. S. Ashe has been renominated for Congress in his District.

THE CURSE OF OFFICE-SEEKERS.

The great drawback to progress and general development in North Carolina, and we might say in the whole country, is the curse of office-seekers. They are to be seen and heard on every side, plying their avocation with all the chicanery and low cunning of the consummate demagogue. They are to be found in every class of society and every condition of life; yet there are peculiarities especially common to them as a profession: They are for the most part ignorant, unscrupulous, and unprincipled. They pride themselves on being sharp, as they term it, but this means a certain skill in the art of deception, duplicity and misrepresentation. They will sacrifice a friend for the most trivial cause—if they think by so doing they can advance their selfish ends in the slightest degree. In short, they will do or say any thing however base or mendacious to gain a single vote. And this is the style of men who now fill the majority of official stations. Is there any wonder that we have bad laws, high taxes and general business stagnation? Things will not get better until the people refuse to vote for the mere office-seeker.

The Negro Civil Rights Bill.

This villainous bill passed the U. S. Senate on Saturday morning last, after all night's session. It provides that negro children and white children shall have equal privileges in schools sustained in whole part the by taxation. &c. Until the outrageous measure is repealed there should not be another cent collected in North Carolina, by taxation for public schools. Let there be no more taxes levied for school purposes, and let there be no more talk about imposing taxes to revive Chapel Hill College. Stop all school taxes and let us sustain white schools by contributions. The civil rights bill was passed for the purpose of degrading the white people of the South, and especially the poor white man; and now let the white people organize a white mens' party and accept the issue forced by the negroes and their mean, deceitful political friends.

Let us accord all necessary rights to the colorded people, but neuer consent to their admission into the same schools with white boys and girls.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

Precisely so: This bill was passed for the special purpose of degrading and humiliating Southern men and women. It is, however, but a part of the programme, marked out from the first by the infamous Radical party, or the leaders rather, to degrade the Southern whites to the level of the negro. But it will fail as all the previous acts of villainy inaugurated by them have failed. Our people may be denied a voice in the government, and by *the mere forms of law* be placed on an equality with negroes, but they can not be degraded or dishonored by Yankee or Radical malice. The Civil Rights Bill will prove most unfortunate for the negro. It amounts virtually to a pronunciamento for his annihliation or expatriation. All the decent or better class of white Rads will cut loose from him and he will be like the poor Indian a wanderer and an exile.

☞ There have been many causes which have tended to disorganize the opponents of Radicalism in North Carolina. In some other States, under the banners of Democracy and a White Man's Party, with less white-majorities, the people have signally triumphed over the combined forces of Radicalism and placed in official station their best and ablest men.—The men who furnished the brains and did the labor in organizing and strengthening the party in those States have been rewarded by being made the standard bearers in all the various campaigns, and the people have rallied around them with remarkable unanimity entrusting them with their public affairs. Not so in North Carolina. The opposite policy has obtained. The men among us who have labored most zealously for the advancement of the party—who have done most to build it up—done most to throttle and defeat its enemies—done most to protect the interests of the State and people—have been studiously ignored, repudiated, by Conservative Conventions generally. Is there any wonder then that we have so little concert of action—so little interest manifested in the work of re-organization? The old war horses have been ignored, and the drones and do-nothings who have gotten the lion's share are afraid to take any stand lest they offend somebody. Indeed, they are not fit for party leaders, or for any thing else, although they have been forced upon the public and placed in official stations. When we look back over the rise and progress of the Conservative party in this State, we find that ninety-nine times out of every hundred, the honors and emoluments the party have had to bestow, have been given to those who, as a general thing, have done nothing whatever to advance its interest or uphold it as a party. In many instances, we find that men have been placed in position, who have up to that time obstinately refused even to do so much as vote at elections for Democrats or Conservatives.—The rule has been to discard the brains, of the party, the working men, the courageous and the competent, and take up the gasbags, the do-nothings, the bolters, the soap-tails and fence-riders. So long as this policy is kept up, we need not hope to have harmony, or organization worth the name.

Our Purpose—In the present campaign, as ever hereafter, we intend to advocate principles—not men. We will labor to secure the triumph of true Conservatism, because we believe duty to our country requires it; but we consider the day gone by for substantial and independent newspapers to be "train bearers and organ blowers," for candidates for office. When we can *conscientiously* speak a good word for a Conservative nominee, we will cheerfully do so; but not otherwise. —*Charlotte Observer.*

You are right, neighbor, for once. We have long since determined to support no one for office or public trust whom our consciences do not fully endorse. We, must know that the individual is not only honest and true, but able and otherwise competent to discharge the duties of the position to which he aspires. While we are a strong partisan we shall not favor the promotion of any one strickly on party grounds.

STATE DEBT.

We shall have much to say on this subject, when the candidates shall mount the stump for the legislature. Nine-tenths of the debt, we owe is due to our Northern brethren, who robbed us of our liberty and property, and now lend us money at 18 and 20 per cent.

This last kindness is little better than the robbery. A community of farmers, who borrow at such usurious rates, will soon loose property and liberty. Financiers may talk as they will, but the usurious rates of interest and want of work, has produced the panic in North Carolina.—*Sentinel.*

We would promise to join the *Sentinel* in discussing the State debt, if we had any assurance that it would result in arousing the people to the gravity of the subject. We discussed every phase of the debt question four or five years ago, and we think pointed out the proper mode of settling it; at any rate, there has been no better mode of settlement pointed out; but our legislative halls were so completely packed with policy men and demagogues that the disposition of any subject that required brains and statesmanship was utterly impossible. But for this fact the debt question might have been disposed of long ago. If the people really desire to have the debt question settled and money put down to a proper and living rate of interest, they must cease to vote for political bummers and incompetents, policy men and demagogues. These have been the bane of North Carolina since the war; they have brought many troubles upon the State, every interest has been damaged by their rule. Will the people who can't help seeing the evils now, tolerate them any longer? They will have a chance to answer the question this summer—to put good men at the head of affairs, and by so doing place the State on the high road to prosperity and independence. Will they do it? We believe they will. We think the people have had their eyes opened, and they are more determined than ever to select their best men. We think they see, or ought to see, that the man who is merely a good electioneerer, who devotes his time to playing the demagogue, to "honey fugling" poor ignorant voters that he cares nothing for, in order to secure his own election, is not the man fit to be a legislator, or, for that matter, is not fit to fill any office. It may be set down as a rule that the man who is full of promises, brag, and bluster, never does any thing. The man who would make you believe that he has more influence than all the rest of his fellows, may be set down as having none at all. It is the fool that is always gibbering and trying to ape Solomon—the wise man holdeth his tongue.

As the *Sentinel* well says the high rates of interest are most damaging, especially to the farmer. We want a usury law fixing money at 6 or 8 per cent. Of course the money sharks will oppose it, but we want men in the Legislature who will have the nerve to do something for the good of the State regardless of money influences. Inflation or an increase of the currency will do the farmer no good; for he will have plenty of money just in proportion as he has plenty of produce to sell to bring it. The argument of those who favor a high rate of interest is about on a par with that of the inflationists. It was said that with money at ten to 20 per cent interest, it would become plentiful; that the high rate would not last long, and that what came in would stay. Every intelligent man knows that this has not been the fact under the present law allowing money lenders to charge pretty much what they please. So long as men can get ten to twenty per cent, for their money they will buy no lands—they will invest in no manufactories—they will engage in no enterprise. And why should they, so long as they can get this usurious rate of interest on their money and have it secured by a mortgage on real estate in value double the amount of the sum loaned? This is one of the greatest reasons why our town, county and State have not prospered since the war. Our valuable lands find no purchasers because capitalists find it more profitable to loan their money out at the enormous rate of interest allowed. There are no manufactories going up for the same reason. We say give us a law fixing the rate of interest at six per cent and no more. It matters not whether money comes in voluntarily or not. If we produce cotton, tobacco, wool and cloth, these will bring money in great abundance. Pluck and muscle are more needed in the production of these things than money, since we have the land, the climate and the other necessaries, mainly, to produce them. The mortgages on real estate and other property in Rowan county alone would cover an ordinary field, and these mortgages are for borrowed money, and they are almost equal to a bill of sale. The fewest number of men are ever able to lift them because of the enormous rate of interest. The idea of a farmer borrowing money at 10 or 15 per cent. to buy land with in the hope of being able to pay for it before the interest has eaten it up, is most delusive. For that matter, there is no one except the unscrupulous speculator, the land shark and stock-jobber, who can borrow money and allow more than 6 or 8 per cent. without speedily becoming a bankrupt. We want then not only the State debt settled, but a low rate of interest; and in order to get these things put through we must have true men in the Legislature.

☞ The tobacco interest is one that must be largely developed in this section of the State. Our lands are especially adapted to the cultivation of tobacco, and as it is a profitable crop, we suppose the reason why it has not been more extensively grown is owing to the want of proper information respecting its management. We will not undertake to say, however, what the matter is, as we do not know, but we venture to predict that the day is not far distant when our people will turn their attention to it with the view of making it, as it will undoubtedly prove, a most profitable product. One advantege is already achieved; it is not now necessary to carry the tobacco raised in this section to Virginia in order to reach a market. The highest market prices are now paid at our doors, and if a larger quantity be raised the result will be the stimulating or encouraging of the establishment of new manufactories, for all concerned.

The following items we get from the *Tobacco Leaf.*

Tobacco Fair at Danville.

At a recent meeting of the Danville Board of Trade the following resolution was adopted:

On motion of E. M. Pace, it was *resolved*, that a committee of seven be appointed by the President to take into consideration and make such suggestions as they think best, in regard to holding a Leaf Tobacco Fair in Danville, under the supervision of the Danville Tobacco Association, on Wednesday, July 8th, 1874.

Under the above resolution, the President appointed E. M. Pace, Chm.; W. J. Fowlkes, J. B. Faulkner, L. B. Conway, Daniel Coleman, J. M. Neal and W. P. Graves.

A hearty invitation is extended to the press of North Carolina and Virginia to attend a Fair at Danville, Va., to be held under the auspices of the Board of Trade of that city, on Wednesday, 8th July next. Representing the Tobacco interest of the Trade, and for and in behalf of that interest, we extend a hearty invitation to every quill driver in North Carolina and Virginia to be present on that occasion and participate in the grandest festival of the season.

County Commissioners.

We notice in our exchanges suggestions for the best men in the respective counties to be brought forward for these very important offices—men of intelligence, judgement, and devotion to the public welfare. County Commissioners are invested with very important powers, and constitute a body from whose decesions, in some respects, there is no appeal, hence the need of the best men the county can supply to compose the Board. They levy taxes, and direct and control all the county business—schools, roads, poor house, and all else pertaiuing to the county government. They should possess wisdom to discern what is best to be done within their sphere for the general interest—guarding against extravagence on the one hand and parsimony on the other—exercising a proper medium. Next to the Commissioners, stand the Township Trustees, who likewise have important duties to perform and should possess proper qualification for the trust. Magistrates, should be selected with great care, as their power, under a late act of the Legislature, has been so enlarged as to make them a most important adjunct of the Judicial system of the State, next to a District Judge. They should be free from prejudice, partiality, and with a sufficient knowledge of the statutory law as to render intelligent decisions in the matters that are likely to come before them.—*American.*

The above is most true, and it would be well for voters in the various counties to keep it in rememberance. Let the very best men be selected.

OUR DORMANT ENERGIES.

Our bodies are not as vigorous nor our minds as clear as they might be. This remark is true of at least two-thirds of civilized society, and of these two-thirds probably one-half is laboring under bodily infirmities of a character likely to shorten the lives of the sufferers. This is a melancholy exhibit and furnishes abundant food for reflection. Can the evil be mitigated? It can. Lack for vitality is the primary cause of most of the physical and mental suffering to which we are subjected, and therefore a vitalizing medicinal agent is the remedy required. Is there such a medicine? There is. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will rouse and energize the mind and blood when the life power of the system is in a comparatively dormant state The languide, feeble, desponding invalid is not aware of the latent energies that underlies his debility. He thinks there is no element of vigor left in his frame, when the fact is that his physicial capabilities are merely asleep and only require waking up. Let him stimulate and tone his animal machinery and endow it with new motive power, through the agency of this incomparable invigorant, and he will soon feel like a new man, or rather like a man who has received a new lease of life, and the requisite health to enjoy it. Many busines men suffer from chronic languor and depression caused by too close application to business. Hard students are often oppressed with melancholy from a like cause Mechanics and working men are affected in the same way as a result of overlabor. To all who are in this condition, from whatever cause, Hostetters's Stomach Bitters will prove a signal blessing. It is a perfect panacea for physical debility and mental gloom It strengthens the body, clears the mind and calms the nervous system; while as a remedy for indigestion, biliousness, constipation, rheumatism, and intermittent and remittent fevers, takes precedence of all other medicines.

STANLY COUNTY, YADKIN River, May, 27, 1874

MR. EDITOR:—This has indeed been a gloomy spring to the farmer; through this section too much rain and no freezes have made our lands very close. We are through planting corn and cotton, and plowing out corn. The land is ran together so close that we have to colter the land to keep it from breaking up so clody We have a very poor stand of cotton. we have been scraping the top of the ridge to get a stand; some are replanting, the prospect is quite gloomy. The wheat crop ten days ago was looking very flattering; but since that time has turned yellow and now has the rust on the blades in such a quanity the fields look ripe. The Midge has made its appearance It is a little fly or gnat crowded all around the heads of wheat by hundreds to a head and about an inch below the head on the stalk. The Midge's are all over my wheat crop sucking the heads of the wheat; the grains do not appear to be more than half the common length and shows decay. The Midge seems to be accompanied with a little busy worm, I see worms on nearly every head of wheat, the wheat crop will surely be very short.

Respectfully Yours
J. S. PENNINGTON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Don't be Discouraged. Suppose you *have* "tried fifty remedies" and received no benefit, is there therefore no balm in Gilead?" Verily there is. Your liver may be congested, your stomach half parlyzed, your nerves quivering, your nucles knotted with tortune, your bowels constrained, your lungs diseased, your blood full of impurities—yet in one week after commencing a course of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS you will feel like a new creature.

PAIN-KILLER!

THE GREAT

Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken Internally, It Cures

Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhea, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painters' Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

USED EXTERNALLY, IT CURES

Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains, Tothache, Pain in the face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, &c., &c., &c.

PAIN-KILLER,

after a through trail by innumberable living witnesses, has proved itself THE MACHINE THE AGE. It is internal and eternal remedy. One positive proof of its efficacy is that its sales have constantly increased, and wholly upon its own merits. The effect of the

PAIN-KILLER

upon the patient when taken internally, in case Cold, Cough, Bowel Complaint, Cholera, Dysentery, and other afflictions of the system, has been truly wonderful, and has won for it a name among medical prepartions that can never be forgotten. Its success in removing pain, as an external remedy, in cases of Burns, Bruises, Sores, Sprains, Cuts, Stings of Insects, and other causes of suffering, has secured for it such a host of testimony, as an infallible remedy, that it will be handed down to posterity as one of the greatest medical discoveries of the nineteenth century.

THE PAIN-KILLER

derives much of its popularity from the simplicity attending its use, which gives its it a peculiar value in a family. The various diseases which may be reached by it, and in their incipient stages eradicated, are among those which are peculiarly fatal if suffered to run; but the curative magic of this preparation at once disarms them of their terrors. In all respects it fulfills the conditions of a popular medicine.

Be sure you call for and get the genuine Pain-Killer, as many worthless nostrums are attempted to be sold on the great reputation of this valuable medicine.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.
Price 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1.00 per Bottle.
Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

New Hardware Store.

We respectfully invite the atention of citizens of Rowan, and surrounding counties to our

New Stock of Hardware,

just opened in Salisbury, in which we keep a full line of everything usually kept in a Well Regulated Hardware Store.

Our stock embraces foreign and domestic Carpenter's Tools, a large variety Blacksmiths Tools a large variety Shovels, Spades, Forks, Rakes, Picks, Mattocks, Hoes, Grain, and Grass Scythes, Chains, Iron, Wagon and Buggy Material, Pat. Axes of different paterns, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Disston's Mill, Cross-cut, and Hand Saws,

PAINTS, GLASS &C.,

We also invite your attention to our ramnant stock of

Dry-Goods, Notions, Clothing, Boots

& Shoes, Which we are Selling off at cost, in consequence of having determined to do an exclusive HARDWARE BUSINESS.

Give us a call, two doors below T. F. Kluttz's Durug Store, and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined not to be under sold by any house in this State.

SMITHDEAL & HARTMAN.
May 7, 1874—3mo.

DR. WADE'S

"LIVER CORRECTOR,"

AND CURE FOR

DYSPEPSIA.

Among the many discoveries in medicine of late, few are regarded with more interest than the valuable remedies for DYSPEPSIA. Of these, none stand higher among those who are familiar with its virtue than the "LIVER CORRECTOR."

Prof. MOORMAN, Physician at the White Sulphur Springs, eminent in his profession, and being well known in Baltimore, says of it: "I consider it one of the BEST REMEDIES FOR DYSPEPSIA attended with constipation that I ever used."

Colonel GOODE, of Mecklenburg county, Va., an eminent lawyer, and a gentleman of unusal intelligence, says: "After long suffering, that the "LIVER CORRECTOR" gave him more relief than all other medicine he has took."

WILLIAMSBURG, Greenbrier Co., W. Va.
Messrs Wade, Boykin & Co.,
Baltimore, Maryland:

GENTS—I used three or four bottles of your "Liver Corrector" last summer for my trouble DYSPEPSIA, and got more relief from it than from any medicine that I have ever taken. So great was my suffering I was not able to do anything, was taken with numbness and giddiness, when I would rise up suddenly or when I rode on horseback, or in other words, was in a manner dead for twelve months, and got no relief from any medicine until I found your "Liver Corrector. "My health is now steadily and rapidly improving. Yours gratefully,

J. W. GEE.

For sale by Theo. F. Kluttz, Druggist Salisbury, N. C.
May 7, 1874.—3m.

$10 to $20 per day. Agents wanted everywhere. Particulars free A. H. BLAIR & SE. Louis, Mo.
Nov. 6 1873-tf.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, DAVIE COUNTY. In the Probate Court.

L. H. Cash, plaintiff against Samuel W. Naylor, Surviving Executor of James Beauchamp, dec. Defendant. Petition for removal of Defendant as Executor aforesaid.

The defendant, Samuel W. Naylor, as the surviving Executor of James Beauchamp, deceased, is Summoned to answer the petition of the plaintiff, which is filed in the office of the Judge of Probate, of this county, within twenty days after the service of this Summons on him, and if he fail to answer within the time aforesaid, application will be made to the Court for the relief asked for in the petition, and the same will then be acted on.

This 18th day of May, 1874.

H. B. HOWARD,
Probate Judge.

(Pr fee $8.50.

NORTH CAROLINA, Alexander County. In the Superior Court April 27 1874.

A. C. McIntosh, adm'r. of Edward Turner Dec. against Americus V. Turner, Emily A. Gryden, John E. C. Turner. Petition to sell land for assets to pay debts.

In this proceeding it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Americus, V. Turner, & Emily A. Gryder, are non residents of this State. It is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six successive Weeks in the "Carolina Watchman" a newspaper published at Salisbury, North Carolina. Notifying the said defendants to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court, of Alexander County, at the Court House in Taylorsville, on or before the 1st day of July, A. D. 1874, and answer the Petition of the Plaintiff which is filed in this proceeding and let them take notice that if they fail to answer Plaintiff's Petition within that time judgment *pro confesso* will be granted.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court this 27th day of April, A. D. 1874.

[Seal] E. M STEVENSON, C. S. C.
April 30, 1874—six w.

CLOTHING CLUBS.

How to get a Fine Suit of Clothing FOR NOTHING!

We keep constantly on hand the largest, finest and most desirable stock of Ready-made Clothing in the country, including suits and single garments of every description for Gentlemen's wear and for Boys of all ages over three years.

We have also an immense and elegant stock of Piece Goods for Custom orders, and a corps of artistic Cutters, unequalled in any Tailoring House of either Europe or America.

We are the sole manufacturers of **The American Yoke Shirt,** which is unequalled for ease, elegance and durability. They are sold either Ready-made or To Order.

We keep the most elegant and complete lines of **Robes de Chambre** and **Smoking Jackets** in the United States.

Our numerous patrons in all parts of the country do business with us by means of the System of Measurement introduced by us twenty years ago, and since used with very great success.

We do business on the ONE PRICE SYSTEM, For Cash, to everybody, and fill orders by mail at the same prices as charged over the counters of our Stores.

The National reputation of our House for the superiority of our goods, and honest treatment of our customers, is a guarantee that any orders sent us will be faithfully filled.

NOTICE THIS OFFER!

Any gentleman who will send for our Samples and prices, and will secure Cash orders for us to the amount of $500, shall receive a Custom Made Suit of Black Broad Cloth, the same as we sell for $60.

Or for either of the following amounts the corresponding premium:—

$400,	a Business Suit,	at $40.
350,	"	" 35.
300,	"	" 30.
250,	"	" 25.
200,	"	" 20.
150,	Half Dozen Shirts,	" 15.
100,	a Pair of English Custom Made Pants,	" 10.

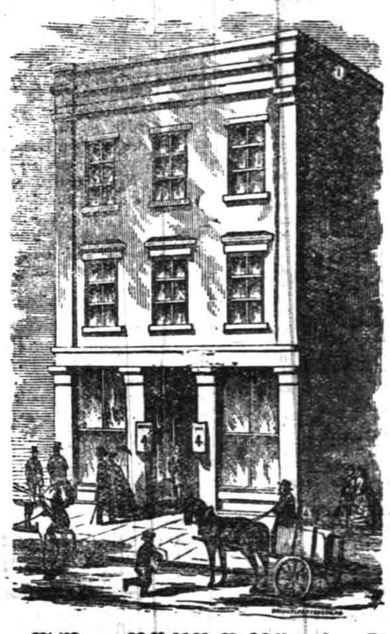
Or any other goods that may be selected of equal value.

Cards of Samples, and Books of Instructions sent upon request to *bona fide applicants.*

DEVLIN & CO.

BROADWAY AND GRAND ST. BROADWAY AND WARREN ST.
BOX 2956, P. O., NEW YORK.

J. M. KNOX, R. A. KNOX, S. J. SWICEGOOD.



J. M. KNOX & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Merchants

No. 4, Granite Row, Salisbury, N. C.,

Are receiving to-day their New Stock for the Summer Trade: Consisting of a full stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

which were bought at the recent decline and which they offer at a reasonable advance on

New York Prices

They have a large stock of GOOD SHOES, and Ready made Clothing, at low prices because bought low.

20 Barrels assorted SUGAR at 10 and 12½ cts at Retail

10 BAGS OF GOOD COFFEE, RICE, SODA, STARCH, SOAP, CANDLES, POWDER, SHOT, TOBACCO, &c. &c.

Also One Car Load of Molasses

500 SACKS OF SALT, BACON, FLOUR, MEAL, CORN, HAY, FODDER, SHUCKS, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

ALSO

Agents for the Celebrated Stonewall and British Lion Guano—said to be best Corn, and Cotton, Fertilizer known,

CORN, MEAL, FLOUR, AND ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE BOUGHT FOR CASH

J. M. KNOX, & CO.,
April 30, 1874—5 tm.

KEEP COOL, KEEP COOL.

We have just received one of Tufts elegant Soda Fountains and are now prepared to furnish our patrons with the best coldest glass of Soda Water that can be drawn from a fountain—It will be remembered that the finest, and acknowledged the best Soda Fountain in America, the one in Helmboldts New York Drug Store, was manufactured by Tufts thereby placing his first on the list of fountains. As regards appearance, neatness, cleanliness & temperature, they have no equal on the globe.

We also offer premiums to our customers; for each glass of Soda Water they are presented with a numbered check which entitles them to a chance at our drawing, the first which will take place on the night of the 15th of June at our Drug Store. Call and examine the premiums. Soda Water furnished for parties, Picnics, Fairs, &c., &c. at one days notice.

C. R. BARKER & CO.
May 14. 1874—tf.

NEW STOCK

SPRING GOODS.

A. L. MOCK & CO.,

Successors to Mock & Brown, have received their entire stock of

SPRING GOODS,

which they offer at greatly reduced prices from farmer seasons.

They are selling Goods strictly for cash and barter, doing away with the old and ruinous credit system, believing it to be better for all parties, and they intend that their prices and quality of Goods shall make it an inducement to Cash buyers of Goods.

Their stock is the largest to be found in this market, and consists of most all

Classes of Goods,

adapted to the wants of this section of country.

They are making a specialty of

READY

MADE CLOTHING,

and have the Largest stock that has been offered in this market since the war, and at prices that can't fail to meet the views of buyers.

A full stock of all kinds of Domestic Goods, LADIES, DRESS GOODS, WHITE GOODS, HOSIERY, RIBBONS, GLOVES LACES, AND EMBROIDERIES.

A full and complete stock of Shoes, and Hates, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Spices, sole Leather &c. &c.,

April 16, 1874—2mos.

LOOK HERE.

We are Agents for the sale of *Burdicks* NATIONAL FEED CUTTER" and take pleasure in offering it to the public as the very best in use. It cuts rapidly, is easy to turn, is strongly built in every part, and not likely to get out of repair. Call and examine for yourselves and be convinced. We are also Agents for the celebrated "WATT PLOW," and keep an assortment of them constantly on hand.

FOSTER & HORAH.
April 23, 1873—tf.

CHEAPER THAN COFFEE.

TTTTTTTTTTTT

Pure, fresh, unadulterated TEAS, in patent screw top cans and foil packages, at much cheaper figures than usually charged. Buy better Teas, and save 25 to 50 per cent, by calling at,

KLUTTZ'S DRUG STORE.
Agency for U. S. Tea Company.
March 19 1874—tf.

HARDWARE.

When you want Hardware at low figures, call on the undersigned at No. 2 Granite Row.

D. A. ATWELL.
Salisbury, N. C., May 13—tf.

FRESH ARRIVALS!

Cheaper than Ever!

Just received at R. W. Price's Family Grocery Store, fresh stocks of choice

Coffees, Sugars, Syrups, Molasses,

—all kinds of

SUGAR CURED MEATS,

Fresh Meats, Pork Sausage, (received daily, Bacon, Lard, Flour, Meal—and a splendid assortment of Candies, Nuts &c.

Trade at low prices.
Salisbury, dec. 10. tf

A LIGHT 2-HORSE WAGON

(SECOND HAND)
Very CHEAP for CASH.
APPLY TO
DAVID R. JULIAN.
April 30th, 1874. (1mo.)