

SPECIAL NOTICE

After the first of January next the law requires every thing that goes through the mail to be prepaid; We will be required to prepay the postage on all papers sent from this office, and we hereby notify all persons who wish the WATCHMAN continued to them, that they must not only send forward their subscriptions in advance, but the Postage also. The postage on the Watchman when paid in advance will be about ten cents a year.

We hope our friends will promptly renew their subscriptions and send on the ten cents extra for postage, as we do not wish to cut off any one, but we shall be compelled to do so, if these terms are not complied with.

The postage will not be any more than heretofore, only it is required to be paid where the paper is mailed, and in advance.

HAYS OF ALABAMA.

This branded liar and scoundrel was by dint of U. S. troops, fraud and intimidation elected to Congress. Had it not been for the interference of U. S. troops, and the arresting of citizens by his characters as Hester, the murderer and swindler, and other cut-throats, Hays would have been badly beaten. His success is clearly a case of intimidation, and we do sincerely hope that the next Congress will refuse to admit him, but refer the matter back to the untrammelled people to select a Congressman from his district without intimidation.

A SHORT SESSION AND A CONVENTION.

If the Legislature which meets in Raleigh next Monday, would proceed to call a Convention of the people and return home within two weeks, the people would have renewed cause for Congratulation. Since that body can do nothing, or next to nothing, to promote the public welfare, more than what has already been done by the two previous bodies, until material changes have been effected in the Constitution, it would prove a vast saving in public funds, if the members elect would resolve upon a short session, and agree to leave the myriads of pending issues to a Convention of the people. Let the watchword be a short session and a Convention.

Bankers of Massachusetts had been suggested by some gushing Democrat for speaker of the House in the next Congress. Of course we should take a Mongrel, a Liberal, or a Negro, for that's what is meant by the late triumph. There are no Democrats elected fit to make a speaker.—of course not.

Bankers is what may be called a trimmer. He is neither fish, flesh, nor fowl. He watches the weathercock and shapes his course accordingly. He would just suit certain so-called Conservatives; and if Democratic haters are to be consulted, he should be made speaker by all means. He was elected as an Independent.

THE WAY TO DO IT.

W. J. Yates, Esq., of the Democrat, offers to be one of twenty to raise, \$50,000 to enable the farmers of Mecklenburg to hold their cotton till prices improve. The money is to be lent the farmers at 6 per cent interest. This is what the people need—a low rate of interest, that they can borrow money when in great need at reasonable rates. The gentlemen who have money and are willing to lend the people have it on such accommodating terms are capable of doing the people more good than all the Grange speakers and banks in the country. The present banking system is one of the greatest curses of the age. It is impossible for any one to get accommodations except at a ruinous rate of interest, and giving note and mortgage on property double in value to the amount he receives. The country is suffering for the old hard-money banking system and a low rate of interest. They should be restored. Let the people elect good men to office, and repudiate the mere politicians and the rings. This is the way to do it.

CONVENTION.

The Hon. B. F. Moore of Raleigh, one of the ablest and most Conservative, if not, indeed, the ablest and most opposed to change, of all North Carolina's statesmen, has written a letter in favor of a Convention. But Mr. Moore is only one of the many able men in the State that has spoken out in favor of this important measure. We hazard nothing in saying that the brains of the Conservative party are with the masses of the people on this subject. The great men of the State have spoken out in emphatic tones in favor of a Convention; and, really, but one of two persons of any reputation even for sagacity or ability, have taken any decided stand against it. The subject has not been generally discussed, and the few who have committed themselves in opposition have been hasty, we are

characterable enough to believe. The members of the Press who have not favored it, have merely expressed a doubt as to the propriety or expediency of the measure at this time. They all agree as to the necessity of a change in the constitution, but have not fully made up their minds as to the proper method of change. We feel satisfied, however, that the Press generally will adopt the most prudent and judicious policy, and if the Legislature, as we believe it should and will do, resolves to call a Convention, there is no body or class of men in the State that will give it such universal and earnest support as the members of the State Press.

ORANGE FOR A CONVENTION.

Last week the people of Orange held a meeting to give utterance to their views in favor of a Convention.

John W. Norwood was called to the chair, and John D. Cameron, of the Hillsboro Recorder, appointed Secretary. Mr. Norwood in taking the chair, explained the purpose of meeting and gave his reasons for desiring a convention.

Mr. Norwood was followed by Gov. Graham, who made a speech that must have convinced every man who heard it of the importance and necessity of calling a convention.—Sentinel.

We are glad to know that Gov. Graham is in favor of a Convention. His great name and influence are worth a thousand lesser lights. Graham is a true North Carolinian, scholar and statesman, of great purity of character, dignity and undoubted ability. The fact that he is for a Convention will be sufficient to remove all doubt from the minds of thousands of people as to the propriety of the measure. Such weak arguments as Judge Fowle's and the other timid newspaper writers who have spoken in opposition will no longer be thought of. The fact is not an argument has been adduced by those who oppose a Convention, that is worthy to be put in print. The whole burden of opposition is ineptitude. The stupidity of the so called arguments in opposition is really laughable, if they did not betray such timidity, such an ignorance of the wants of the people, and such an incapacity to take advantage of the means placed in our hands by the recent triumphs for the advancement of the public weal.

GOVERNOR VANCE ON FARMING.

Governor Vance made a speech last week before the Agricultural and Fair Association of Charlotte. He said many good things and made many good points. His manner of telling what he knew about farming was quite amusing. He touched off the Fairs, the races, the gamblers and the farmers. He had no doubts that the Fairs as they are now conducted, and especially the horse racing and gambling features, would make "punkins grow;" but he did not believe that the present system of raising cotton to buy corn and meat would make farmers rich. He thought every farmer should be sure to raise enough corn and meat to supply his own demand, and as much cotton and other things as he could to sell. He very clearly showed that the Southern farmer would get as much for two bales of cotton as he does now for three, if he would only adopt a more judicious system in the conduct of the farm. The reduction in the production of cotton will of course enhance its value; but the plan of devoting the entire farm to the cultivation of cotton works many evils: It demands all the time of the farmer in the cultivation and gathering, the soil is greatly impoverished by it, and after the staple is ready for market, it will scarcely bring money enough to pay the farmer's blacksmith or grocery bills and buy bread and meat enough to last till another crop is made; and while the land is thus impoverished, year after year, there is nothing placed upon it to counteract the damaging effects of the drain to which it has been subjected. Consequently, the farmer is growing poorer and poorer every year. In order to prosper, he must raise stock, make manure, and gradually improve his land each year instead of scraping the soil off in cotton and placing the surplus thus gathered in the banks. It is poor economy to rob the soil to get money to hoard. The man who neglects to keep up his lands by keeping stock and making manure, though he sell a surplus off his farm of five hundred or more each year, his land is reduced, in value and damaged just to that amount. It is simply robbing Peter to pay Paul. The land must be kept up by a judicious system of manuring, of rotating crops, &c. In order to do this effectually, the farmers should give more attention to stock raising, they should cultivate the grasses, clover, &c., and save hay and feed it on the farm.

The Governor urged the importance of an improved system of education: Farmers should be educated. This had been too much neglected. Boys should be educated and prepared for the farm just as they are for the other professions.

The above is not intended as a sketch of the Governor's speech; only the repetition of a few ideas. The Grangers ought to have a big meeting here and get the Governor to address them.

While at Charlotte last week we availed ourselves of the opportunity offered to ascertain the views of several prominent gentlemen on the Convention question. We were gratified as well as surprised to find that not a single one of all those with whom we spoke on the subject is opposed to the measure. They all expressed themselves in favor of decided changes being made in the Constitution, and thought a Convention the best and cheapest way to effect them. They were somewhat divided, however, as to the policy or expediency of calling the Convention at this time. Some thought we had better wait a while; others feared defeat; while others again were confident that now, above all others, is the time to secure it. Gentlemen who mingle extensively with the people declared that failure to call a Convention by the next Legislature would result most disastrously to the party. They felt satisfied that the people generally were in favor of the measure.

CHARLOTTE AND THE FAIR.

We visited Charlotte last Friday, it being the 4th day of the New Fair of the Carolinas. We had not been there for nearly three years, and were glad to see that Charlotte had made considerable progress in the way of improvements. Several new buildings had gone up and others were in process of erection. The new buildings, scattered here and there among old ones, both wood and brick of every variety of style and architecture, give the frontings a very rugged and abrupt appearance. Still there is unmistakable evidence of growth and business prosperity. There are several wholesale houses, the largest of which is probably Messrs. Wittkowsky & Bintel's. This firm is doing quite a large business for Charlotte, and their wholesale and retail stores are quite handsome and well filled, and will compare favorably with stores in much larger cities than Charlotte.

The Fair, we were told, was a success, financially, though the articles and stock on exhibition were quite limited. There were many pretty things in Floral Hall, a fair display of machinery and agricultural implements, some fine potatoes, beets, pumpkins, &c., &c., but it was evident that the farmers of Mecklenburg, as of Rowan, took very little interest in their Fair. The grounds are situated on a beautiful level part of ground about a mile south of the city. The buildings are commodious and well arranged, the track is the best in the state, and altogether, the Association is well fixed to hold a Fair. But Charlotte, and we fear other places likewise, has damaged her future prospects by the admission to the Fair grounds of a horde of gamblers, cut-throats, and thieves. We were told that last year these were admitted in large numbers, and that their devices for swindling the unsuspecting were quite numerous; but this year the scene surpassed any ever before seen in North Carolina. Nearly every game and every trick known to the gambler's art was there shamelessly exposed to the public view. Let the people of North Carolina determine hereafter to have Fairs without having gamblers to prey upon the unsuspecting, or have no fairs at all.

GROWING BETTER.

The glorious news of victory, as the result of the elections of the 3rd of this month, has been growing better day by day. Even the first reports which gave us but a glimmer of triumph, were sufficient, in view of the tardiness of the Radical manipulators to let the truth count, to inspire us with hope that a great victory had been won; yet we were unable to realize, even at a later day, that one of such gigantic proportions and completeness had been achieved. As the news came in from the North, East, West and South more fully were we amazed and more completely rejoiced at the glad tidings of Democratic success.

No signal and complete a triumph has never before been witnessed in this country. Although not entirely unexpected, it is immensely more glorious than the most sanguine had anticipated. It is, too, a success without extraordinary effort. It was a spontaneous uprising of the people against oppression, military rule, royal pretensions, extravagance, dishonesty, corrupt government, and venal and unprincipled office-holders; and the people have done their work well; all credit is due to them. It is now evident that they have not become corrupted by a corrupt, venal administration, but that they are yet true to the great principles of constitutional liberty and free government.

Here is a summary of what has been achieved:

ALABAMA

has elected Houston a Democrat governor, by 10,000 majority, carried both branches of the Legislature, and sent 6 out of 8 members to Congress.

ARIZONA.

Stevens, Independent, elected, defeating the regular Republican.

DELEWARE

elects Cochran a democrat governor by 1630 majority, every member to both

branches of the legislature, and to congress.

GEORGIA

elects her entire Congressional ticket by increased Democratic majorities.

ILLINOIS

gains 6 congressmen, and probably has a small Democratic majority in the Legislature.

FLORIDA

has elected a democratic Legislature, a majority of 26, on joint ballot.

KANSAS

was carried by the Reds by a largely reduced majority and the loss of one Congressman.

The Reform ticket carried, and the Democrats gained one Congressman.

KENTUCKY

goes Democratic by only 75,000 majority.

LOUISIANA

elects five out of six Congressmen and a Democrat Legislature.

MARYLAND

elects her entire Democratic Congressional delegation.

MASSACHUSETTS

gives Gaston for Governor a Democratic majority of 7000, beats Butler the best for Congress, and makes a gain of 4 Democratic Congressmen, and elects Banks, Independent.

MINNESOTA.

So far as can be estimated, the Legislature will be Democratic by a small majority on joint ballot, ensuring a Democrat in the U. S. Senate in place of Ramsay. A Democrat is elected to Congress in the 3rd District. St. Paul's city went Democratic.

MICHIGAN.

Heavy gains for the Democrats who elect 4 Congressmen out of 9, with one still in doubt.

MISSOURI.

elects a Democratic Governor by 25,000 majority, her entire Congressional delegation, and Democratic Legislature.

NEW JERSEY

elects 4 out of 7 Congressmen and a Democratic governor by 12,000 votes.

NEVADA

Democrats re-elected Gov. Bradley by a fair majority.

NEW YORK

gives Tilden a Democrat for Governor 47,000

PENNSYLVANIA

elects 17 of the 27 Congressmen and sends a handsome democratic majority to the Legislature.

RHODE ISLAND

greatly reduced the Radical majority, and sends two Independents to Congress, which according to Nason is a democratic triumph.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Yorkville Enquirer states the election news as follows:—The total vote is 4679, being 373 votes larger than the vote of 1870, which was 4306, and is 907 votes larger than the vote of 1872, which was 3772. Since the election of 1872, according to the returns before us, the whites have gained 412 in numbers, and the blacks 484! According to the returns, it will be seen that Chamberlain's majority is 513; and the majority of Wallace over Kershaw is 575. The Republican nominations for Legislature and county officers are elected. The representation in the Legislature is W. C. Hatty, Thaddeus C. Bates, Nelson Davis and Henry Steels, of whom the two latter are colored. Of the County Commissioners, Edwards and Massey are colored, and also the School Commissioner.

TENNESSEE

gives Porter, Democrat, for Governor 30,000, elects her entire Congressional delegation, and a Democratic Legislature.

TEXAS

sends all Democrats to Congress and is otherwise all right.

VIRGINIA

elects all but two Congressmen by large Democratic majorities.

WI-CONNIN

Grant's immense majorities have dwindled down until they will need the official count to decide how the State has gone, as both parties claim it. Democrats elect 3 out of 5 Congressmen.

COMPLEXION OF NEXT CONGRESS

The Democratic majority in the House will be 70, with 17 still to be chosen. The State to elect involve no Senator. The Radical majority in the Senate is pulled down to 8, and possibly to 6.

SENATOR GORDON'S SPEECH AT ATLANTA.

ATLANTA, Ga., November 6.—Senator Gordon concluded a speech at the great jubilee last night by an appeal for continued prudence and forbearance, which were the Christianity of all politics. He said:

One boon I ask in this hour of your deliverance—I ask you to commission me, in your name, to pledge upon the floor of the Senate your fidelity to the Union under the Constitution—your acquiescence in laws framed in accordance with the Constitution, good and bad, until lawfully repealed; your support of all rightful authority; your cordial friendship for every man and men of all sections who will aid in restoring peace to the sections, justice to the States, liberty to citizens, purity to all departments of the Government and Constitution—its supremacy over Presidents, Congress, parties, and the people. (Loud cheers.) I thank you, my countrymen, for that response. You are so temperate in triumph as you were great in adversity. You cherish malice to none, and are hostile only to tyrants, usurpers, and tyrants.

IMPORTANT TO MARRIED PEOPLE.

The following words of wisdom and caution we copy from an exchange paper. We commend the matter to those who are living in what is called style, and who are without the ready money to pay all their expenses if called on for a settlement. Parents and sons and daughters should not indulge in sham, for the end will certainly be disastrous to all concerned.—Young married people in this community are requested to take notice:

Next to the evil of living beyond one's means, says Dr. Talmaze, is that of spending all one's income. There are multitudes who are sailing so near shore that a slight wind in the wrong direction founders them. They get on well while the times are usual and the wages promptly paid; but a panic or a short period of sickness causes them to drop helpless.—Many a father has ridden in a fine carriage till he came to his grave; then he is laid down, and his children have got out of the carriage, and not only been compelled to walk, but to go barefoot. Against parsimony and niggardliness we proclaim war; but with the same sentence we condemn those who make a "grand splash" while they live, leaving their families in destitution when they die.

LOST OR MISLAID.

Certificate of stock No 25, for two shares of stock in the Salisbury Gas Light Company. The finder will please return the same to A. J. Mock, Esq., JAMES C. TURNER.



EXECUTOR'S SALE!

Having qualified as Executor of the last Will and Testament of Joseph Krider, deceased, I will sell at public sale, on Friday the 11th day of December, 1874, at the late residence of the deceased, about 300 ACRES OF VALUABLE LAND, situated in Scotch Irish Township, Rowan county, adjoining the home tract of said dec'd, and the lands of J. G. Fleming, A. J. Fleming, and others. It will be divided or sold altogether as may be desired. The public road runs through it. It is well situated in reference to Mills and Churches, and well adapted to grain or cotton. Has on it a small dwelling house, stable and outhouse.

At the same time and place, I will sell the personal property, consisting of horses, cattle, corn, flour, a 2 horse Carriage, Farming Tools, Household and Kitchen Furniture, & other articles not mentioned.

TERMS OF SALE: Personal Property, \$1 and under, cash; the remainder on credit for six and twelve months. Title reserved until the purchase money is paid. J. G. FLEMING, Executor.

FOR TEXAS AND THE SOUTH WEST.



The undersigned wishes to inform his numerous friends that he has received the appointment to sell through tickets from Salisbury, N. C. to all points in Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi, Alabama, Missouri, Tennessee and Louisiana, via Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta R. Road, and their Southern Connections. Through Emigrant Tickets, or First Class Tickets sold, and baggage checked through. Parties wishing to take Laborers to the above States, will find it greatly to their own advantage by negotiating with the undersigned at Salisbury. Information in regard to States, time and Connections will be furnished either personally or through the mail.

A. POPE, Gen'l. Passenger & Ticket Agt. Columbia, S. C. J. A. McCONAUGHEY, Agt. C. & A. R. R., Salisbury, N. C. LOUIS ZIMMER, Sept. 3.—lf. Special Agent.

Announcement Extraordinary.

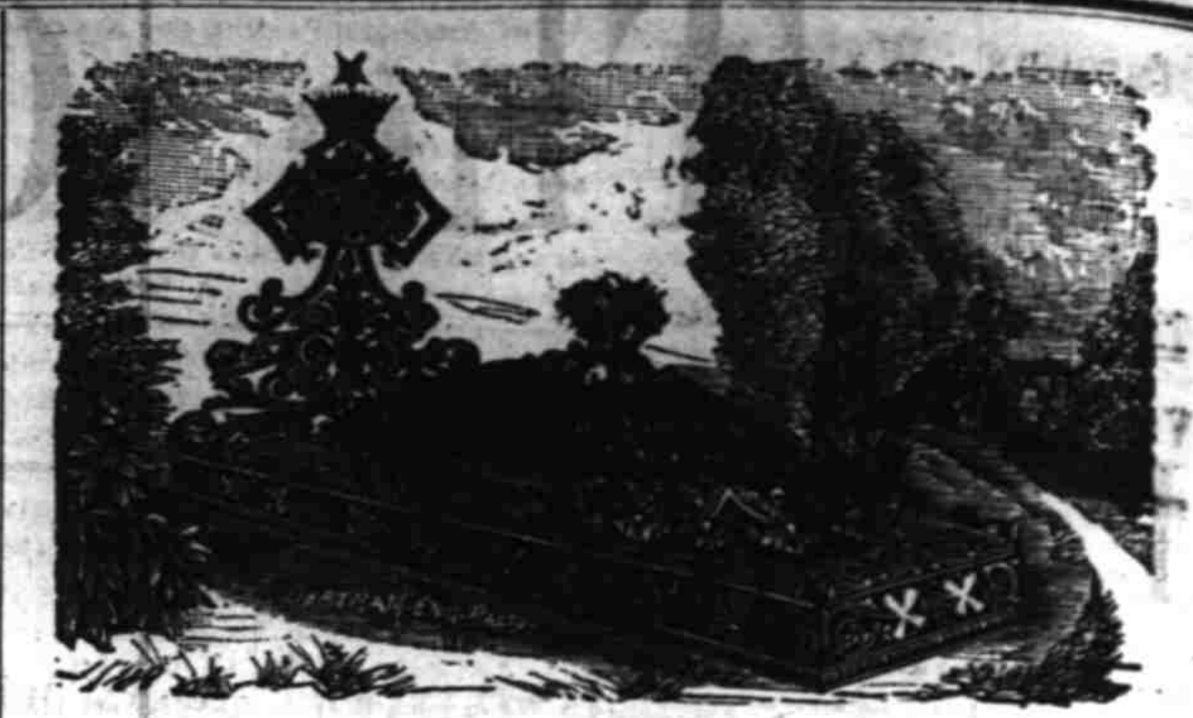


BELL & BROS., Salisbury N C

Offer the best selection of Jewelry to be found in Western North Carolina, Consisting of LADIES' & GENTS' GOLD WATCH RESERVE, Gold Opera and Vest Chains, FINE GOLD PLATED Jewelry.

SILVER WARE, GOLD PENS, &c.

They are agents for the celebrated Diamond Spectacles and Eye Glasses, Manufactured from Minute Crystal PEBBLES. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted 12 months, charges as low as consistent with good work. Store on Main street, 2 doors above National Hotel. 2p. 1874-1y.



A BEAUTIFUL METALIC GRAVE COVERING

Is now offered to every one interested in beautifying and protecting the graves of their deceased relatives. They are made in four sizes, with a variety of styles, ranging in price from \$25 to \$60, according to size and style. Can be painted any color desired, studded or galvanized to suit the taste of purchasers. A galvanized plate, containing whatever inscription parties desire, is furnished with each mound free of charge.

THIS HANDSOME DECORATION

is offered at such prices as to place it within reach of all. We invite the citizens and public generally to call and examine the designs. Specimen can be seen at J. A. Ramsey's office.

C. PLYLER, Agent, Salisbury, N. C.—Aug. 6, 1874-1y

FULTZ WHEAT.

For sale at J. M. Knox & Co's. Average yields per acre 18 bushels; one acre 35 bushels. Took the premium last fall. call soon.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS

All persons having claims against the estate of Jacob Krider, dec'd., are hereby notified to exhibit the same to the undersigned on or before the 6th day of December, 1874; and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to settle promptly. J. G. FLEMING, Executor. November 5, 1874.—six wks. ka.

JAS. LEFFEL'S IMPROVED DOUBLE Turbin Water Wheel.



Nearly 7000 now in use, working under heads varying from 2 to 240 feet! 24 sizes, from 5 1/2 to 96 inches.

The most powerful Wheel in the market. And most economical in use of Water. Large ILLUSTRATED Pamphlet sent post free.

MANUFACTURERS, ALSO, OF Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers, Balcock and Wilcox Patent Tubular Boilers, Ebaugh's Crusher for Minerais, Sew and Grist Mills, Flouring Mill Machinery for White Lead Works and Oil Mills, Shafting Pulleys and Hangers.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS. Sep. 3 1874-6mos.

POOLE & HUNN BALTIMORE, Manufacturers for the South and Northwest; Nearly 7000 now in use, working under heads varying from 2 to 240 feet! 24 sizes, from 5 1/2 to 96 inches.

ALSO A large stock of Boots, Shoes, & Hats (very cheap) Hardware, Saddles, & Harness. Tanners, Kerosene, and Machine Oils. We are also agents for the celebrated Aldin Security Oil, warranted to stand up for one hundred & fifty degrees Fahrenheit, & therefore perfectly safe & very little higher than Kerosene.

We also have a full stock of Liquors, such as Foster, Dolin, & Bailey, Whiskey, Gin, Gluget & Blackberry Brandy, Port, Madeira, Sherry, & Malaga Wines, Ales, &c., &c.

The above stock is offered at Wholesale & Retail, at the very lowest figures. BINGHAM & CO. May. 14 1874-1y.

E. B. FOOTE, M.D.

120 Lexington Avenue, Cor. E. 23d St., NEW YORK. An Independent Physician, TREATS ALL FORMS OF CHRONIC DISEASE, AND RECEIVES Letters from all parts of the Civilized World.

BY HIS ORIGINAL WAY OF Conducting a Medical Practice HE IS TREATING Numerous Patients in Europe, the West India, the Dominion of Canada, and in every State of the Union.

ADVICE GIVEN BY MAIL FREE OF CHARGE.

No mercurial medicines or deleterious drugs used. Has during the past twenty years treated successfully nearly or quite 60,000 cases. All facts connected with each case are carefully recorded, whether they be communicated by letter or in person, so observed by the Doctor or his associate physicians. The latter say all scientific medical men.

All invalids at a distance are required to answer an extended list of plain questions, which will be furnished by mail free, or at the office. A complete system of registering prevents mistake or confusion. Case books never consulted, except by the physicians of the establishment. For free consultation send for list of questions.

A sixty page pamphlet of evidence of success sent free of charge. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, Box 758, New York.

AGENTS WANTED. Dr. Foote is the author of "MEDICAL HOME TALK," a book that reached a circulation of over 300,000 copies; also, of "PLAIN HOME TALK," more recently published, which has sold to the extent of 70,000 copies; also, of "SCIENCE IN STORE," which is now being published in serial form.

Each party has a chamber to himself, and receives every attention from skilled nurses. The Surgeon with his family resides in the Institute, a very great convenience to the sick, especially those operated upon, who can be visited at all times and at a moment's notice. Those desiring information will apply by letter to JULIAN J. CHILSON, M.D., 55 Franklin St., Baltimore Md.

If the Druggist offers any kind of herb-flavored alcohol for dyspepsia, biliousness, or any other ailment, tell him that you want medicine, not a bar-room drink. Ask him for Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA BITTERS, the best regulating preparation known, and which you know is free from "Sulfur" Elements. Reject all other "Tonic" and "Appetizer" and stimulant remedies. There is no medicine that compares with it.

Office in Store Vandorfer & Wylie, near Market House. T. J. FOSTER & BROS. BALTIMORE, Oct. 13th 1874.

BALTIMORE EYE AND EAR Institute.

JULIAN J. CHILSON, M.D., Professor of Eye and Ear Diseases in the University of Md., Surgeon in Charge.