

FOR CONVENTION.

Hon. F. E. SHOBER. J. S. HENDERSON.

ELECTION TICKETS.

Send in your orders for election tickets before it is too late.

We are now printing them at \$1.50 per 1000 for Township tickets, and 75 cts per 1000 for Convention Tickets.

Each must accompany the order.

"MANY VOTERS."

"Many voters" have issued a circular to the voters and especially to the taxpayers of Rowan county for the avowed purpose of correcting the falsities and errors of an address issued by order of the Board of Directors of the Yadkin Valley Rail Road.

The address is first attacked for saying that the county bonds are not to be issued until \$350,000 are raised, and this assertion is flatly contradicted and a tabular statement made to sustain that contradiction.

"Many voters" may contend that the Town subscription contributes a part of the \$100,000 to be subscribed by other parties; but this is too thin to hold water.

"Many voters" next, with a great show of liberality, estimates the County and Town bonds at 60 cts in the dollar. If I really believed that they thought they would be sold that low, constituting as they do the rich money holders of this county.

Gentlemen!—Will you please do me the favor to give me the privilege of saying a few words to the colored voters of Rowan county on the subject of the Yadkin Railroad? I don't pretend to know much more about it than they do, but I am fully persuaded that it is the interest of the colored men to vote for it.

Next, "many voters" make an estimate of the cost of grading the Road, and they base their estimate on the cost of the North Carolina Road, forgetting, or not wishing to know, that the cost of grading a Road depends on the country through which it runs.

"many voters" don't want to deceive any body.

Here then now about freights: They tell you the rates have been reduced on every thing except cotton so as to put Salisbury equal with Charlotte.

Yes; and to whom is the county indebted for this reduction? What has brought it about? Nothing but a dread of competition from this proposed Road.

I might notice this circular at great length showing all the time the ignorance of the writers of the subject upon which they write, or the shallow attempt to mislead and deceive the people while professing to enlighten them; but I will conclude this article by noticing one statement so glaringly false that we are naturally led to ask who made it; and whether his mother ever taught him in boyhood to tell the truth?

Read the act authorizing the county to subscribe, and see if "many voters" believed what they wrote; see if that act don't require that those bonds shall be delivered as the Road is graded, and that the last shall be paid when forty miles are graded.

A VOTER.

Queen Victoria and the Centennial.

Some of the newspapers, particularly those North, have been urging that Queen Victoria be invited to attend the Centennial in 1876. We like the idea, and cannot think of a good reason why the invitation should not both be given and accepted.

SALISBURY, N. C.

July 23d, 1875.

EDITORS CAROLINA WATCHMAN—

Gentlemen!—Will you please do me the favor to give me the privilege of saying a few words to the colored voters of Rowan county on the subject of the Yadkin Railroad? I don't pretend to know much more about it than they do, but I am fully persuaded that it is the interest of the colored men to vote for it.

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Dishonest Radicals.

The Raleigh Sentinel of the 23d last says: The batch of telegraphic news published yesterday is a stinging indictment against the Republican party.

1. In South Carolina ex-Treasurer Parker, a violent Radical and carpet bagger, has just been convicted of embezzling seventy-five thousand dollars from the treasury of the State during his administration.

2. Another dispatch tells of the default of Matthew Drosser, a Republican mail contractor on the line between Vicksburg and New Orleans.

3. Still another. The Postmaster General has commenced suit against the bondsmen of over 40 defaulting contractors. The "Forty Thieves" to the front again! Of course all these government contractors are favorites with the Radical administration.

4. But it is the revenue service that shows worse. U. S. Collector Johnson, of Louisville, is shown to have stolen eighty-one thousand nine hundred dollars. That was a big haul; and it appears he has been carrying on his rascality for years.

5. In St. Louis, Missouri, eight revenue officials have just been indicted for dishonest practices.

6. And in a letter to the Attorney General of Louisiana, Gov. Kellogg makes this damning charge: "Investigation that have taken place before both civil and criminal courts, and the investigation and report of State examiners disclose gross culpability on the part of other persons whose acts have injured the State, and for years have cast discredit on the Government."

This is a telegraphic picture of Republicanism. It is no financial sketch. It is fact, flashed over the wires from authentic sources.

A Speech by Fred Douglass.

During a speech at a Fourth of July celebration Hillsdale, near Washington Fred Douglass alluded to the condition of the colored race and said:

"All we ask is a fair field to work in, and the white men to leave us alone. We have been injured more than we have been helped by men who have professed to be our friends. They are lawyers without clients—ministers, broken down ministers without churches—wandering teachers without schools. They have the gift of great eloquence. They have the gift of being down to a nicety. They are great at getting out circulars. They scatter them broadcast over the land, as leaves before autumnal gales. If you are worth anything they will find out where you live, and if you never get a letter before you get one from them. Fellow-citizens we must stop these men from begging for us as a poor and helpless people. They say, 'Please give me something to educate the poor black people, but do I pay it to me, and if it is a hundred dollars it is reduced to about a hundred cents when it gets to the poor black people. We do not want, we will not have, these second rate men begging for us. We protest against it!'"

Referring to the Freeman's Savings Bank, he said: "We have had a Freeman's Saving Institute, but we don't want any more. Our white friends told us that if we had cents to bring them to them and they would take care of them. If we had dollars, or hundreds, or thousands, to bring them to them. They told us we had a golden egg and a golden goose. Yes, we put our millions there, but where are they now? The men who went into that bank a few years ago poor men are now domiciled in beautiful homes and drive their fine turnouts. It makes me feel badly to think how we have been gulled. Just enough honest men have been put into the bank to insure its success, but while they put in two sound apples they slipped in five or six speckled ones, and were sure to turn the specks down."

He urged the colored people to stop begging for themselves, and if they built churches, not to ask the white people to pay for them, but to ask their banks, colleges and papers, not to ask other people to support them; but to be independent. In concluding he said: "We propose to cut loose from all individual institutions; and to part company with all those wandering mendicants who have followed us simply for paltry gain, and we now bid an affectionate farewell to all these phlegmas in the future. If we need a Moses, we will find him in our own tribes."

Justice to Jefferson Davis.

In alluding to the enthusiastic reception which President Davis received in Texas, the New York Tribune says: "The South laid down its arms and acknowledged the defeat of the opinions for which it was contending, but it has never abandoned its hero-worship or ceased to venerate the men who led its armies and its councils." The Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle and Sentinel thus answers the comments of the Tribune. "If the Tribune means by 'hero-worship' that the Southern people have not forgotten nor neglected the men whom they chose as their leaders because their struggle for independence proved unsuccessful, the South will promptly plead guilty to the charge."

Their generals and their statesmen are just as highly esteemed in defeat as if the cause had been victorious. It will give us plenty of work to do at fair prices, and if that is not to our interest, what can be better? It is impossible for the white man to make money without the black man coming in for a benefit, either as a helper before, or as a laborer afterwards; because a man who has money is sure to spend it in building houses, farming, building factories, or something of the kind, and these require work, and so work becomes plenty. A plenty of work at fair prices always makes good times for every body. That is why I am square out for the Railroad. I don't hide myself behind a bush on this subject, nor do I intend that any man white or black, shall fool me out of voting for it. They talk about its making a big debt on the county. All I have to say on that point is, if the white man who owns most of the property can stand it, I am sure the colored voters need not be afraid of it. Colored voters of Rowan, don't be deceived about this thing, but let us, one and all, vote for it at the election.

I will meet any colored man in the County any day, at any place, to discuss this subject. Let them come out and show their heads.

WESLEY BUTLER.

It is useless to tell people not to fill oil lamps after dark, and warn them never to pour kerosene on a slow fire to make it burn faster. Experience seems to be the only teacher that thousands will heed in this question of safety. Being on the street at about two o'clock last afternoon, we were startled by an alarm from a wooden dwelling near the sidewalk, and rushing in with a policeman, a terrible scene met our astonished gaze.—Chester Reporter.

How to Eat.

Before a man becomes hungry, watchful nature has calculated in her way how much nutriment the body needs, and provides as much of a liquid substance as will be necessary to prepare from the food to be eaten that amount of sustenance which the system may require. When this is freely stored up and all is ready, the sensation of hunger commences, and increases with the steadily increasing amount of the digesting material just referred to, and the very instant the first mouthful of food is swallowed, this "gastric juice" is poured out into the stomach through a thousand ducts; but no more has been prepared than was necessary, for nature does nothing in vain; so that if a single mouthful more of food has been swallowed than the untempted or unstimulated appetite would have called for, there is no gastric juice for its solution, and it remains but to fret and worry and irritate for hours together. If the amount eaten is much in excess, the stomach, as if in utter discouragement at the magnitude of its task, ceases its attempts at digestion, forthwith commences the process of ejecting the unnatural load by means of nausea and vomiting in some cases; in others it remains for an hour or more like weight, easy heaviness; then it begins to "boor," that is, to decompose, to rot, and the disgusting gas or liquid comes up into the throat, causing more or less of a scalding sensation from the pit of the stomach to the throat; this is called "heart burn."

At length the half-digested mixture is forced out of the month by the outraged stomach with that horrible odor and taste with which every glutton is familiar. In some cases the starchy mass is passed out of the stomach downward, causing in its progress a gush of liquid from all parts of the intestinal canal to wash it with a flood out of the system; this is the "diarrhea" which surprises the gourmand at midnight or in the early morning hours, when a late or over-heavy meal has been eaten. When sufficient food has been taken for the amount of gastric juice supplied, hunger ceases, and every mouthful swallowed after that, no gastric juice having been prepared for its dissolution, remains without any beneficial change, inflaming and irritating, and exhausting the stomach by its efforts to get rid of it; and this is the first step toward forming "dyspepsia" which becomes more and more deeply fixed by every repeated outrage, until at length it is a hard round ball, or a lump of lead, and remains a life time worry to the mind, filling it with horrible imaginings, and a weary wasting torture of the body, until it passes into the grave. The moral of this article is, that the man who forces his food, he who eats without an inclination, and he who arrives by toasts, or biters, or wine, or other alcoholic liquors, to get up an appetite, is a sinner against body and soul—a virtual suicide.—Dr. Hall.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

Keep it before the people that the negro party while in power, spent \$3,771.81 more of the people's money in TWO YEARS than the white man's party has spent in FOUR YEARS.

Keep it before the people, that under the rule of the negro party, the people had to pay \$490,576.90, of their money to keep their State Government in operation one year; and that under the rule of the white man's party it takes only \$236,342.99.

Keep it before the people, that negro government costs them more than twice as much as white government, and that too, although white government means safety and security to life, liberty and property, and negro government means wrong, outrage and oppression to both person and property.

The triumph of Radicalism means negro supremacy. Read this, from the Henderson Tribune, and see if it don't: John A. Hyman has caused one Plummer, a negro from Warren county, to be appointed route or mail agent between Wilmington and Weldon. He succeeds Mr. Robinson, and took his place the first of July. Negro Congressmen—negro Justices of the Peace—negro Constables—negro Legislators—negro School Trustees—negro Mail Agents—what's that North Carolina, will you put in power the NEGRO RULE Party?

TER Radicals are working desperately, and either the leaders of the party are very liberal in their contributions or the contingent fund of the government is at their disposal; at any rate, they have plenty of money and use it freely. The Executive Committee is in permanent session in this City.

If this party works so hard for the ruin of the State, will not the Democrats work as hard for its salvation? If the Republican contribute so lavishly to retrieve their losses, will not the Democrats, not only increase their efforts, but open their purses to sustain this power? We want to buy no votes. We want to corrupt no man. But the necessary expenses of a campaign must not fall upon a few public spirited and zealous men.—News.

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The address of the Republican State Executive Committee contains this sentence: "These large amounts (the estimated expense of the Convention, &c.) ought to be saved to the people, already staggering under burdens grievous to be borne." Verily the burdens are grievous! A public debt nine millions to thirty six millions, and a botched up Constitution made up of thieves and plunderers whom Canby put in power over the State in 1865. These are the two burdens that weigh like mountains of trouble on our oppressed people.

COTTON SAW GIN.

Equal to any in the country, with an improved cotton roll superior to any other Gin. Manufactured by J. M. ELLIOTT, Wintboro, S. C.

References: W. R. Cright, R. E. Agt., and Maj. F. W. Woodward. July 15, 1875—3mo pd.

NOTICE.

The Commissioners have ordered the destruction of the Atlantic shrobberry and Canada thistle, persons, therefore, owning or holding possession of vacant lots or back yards growing up in these or other obnoxious shrubbery are notified that they will be expected to have them cleared out within ten days after this notice. Otherwise, the ordinance will be enforced against all who disregard it. J. J. STEWART, Mayor. July 15th 1875.

SUPERIOR COURT—ROWAN COUNTY.

JOHN WATTS, Plaintiff against The North Carolina Ore Dressing Company, Defendant. SUMMONS. STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

To the Sheriff of Rowan County, Greeting: You are hereby commanded in the name of the State to Summon the North Carolina Ore Dressing Company, Defendant, in the above action, to appear at the next Term of the Superior Court of the County of Rowan, at the Court House in Salisbury, on the 3d Monday after the 3rd Monday in September next, then and there to answer the complaint of John Watts, Plaintiff in this suit. And you are further commanded to notify the said Defendant that if he fail to answer the complaint within the time specified by law, the Plaintiff will apply for the relief demanded in the Complaint and for all costs and charges in this suit incurred. Witness, J. M. HORAH, Clerk of our said Court, at office, in Salisbury, this 2nd day of July, A. D. 1875.

J. M. HORAH, Clerk Superior-Court Rowan County. July 15, 1875—6w.

BLATCHLEY'S.

Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged Standard of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be used without disturbing the joints and the copper chamber which never cracks, soles or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade-mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptions circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you will be promptly furnished by addressing with stamp.

CHAS G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer, 506 Commerce St., Philadelphia, Pa. Feb. 18, 1875—1t.

Spring Stock 1875.

- 120 Bags Coffee, 50 Barrels Sugar, 40 " Molasses, 5000 lbs. Bacon, 2000 lbs. Lard, 2000 lbs. Best Sugar Cured Hams, 20 Kegs Soda, 20 Boxes " 50 " Adamantine Candles, 40 " Soap, 2000 lbs. Carolina Rice, 30 Cases Oysters, 20 do Brandy Peaches, 20 do Lemon Syrup, 40 do Fresh Peaches, 10 do Pine Apples, 10 do Smoking Tobacco, 25 Gross Snuff, 25 Cols Cotton & Jute Rope, 40 dox Painted Pails, 40 Boxes Assorted Candy, 100 Beams Wrapping Paper, A full line of Wood & Willow ware, A full line of Boots & Shoes (very cheap), A full line of Hats, A full line of Saddles & Bridles, Salt, Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Canned Goods, Royal Baking Powders, Cigars, Tobacco, Crockery, Kerosene, Tanners & Machine Oils, &c. &c. The above stock was bought since the late heavy decline in prices, and is offered at Wholesale & Retail at very short profits, for cash. BINGHAM & CO. June 3rd 1875. SPECIAL.

No. 1. Heavy plow Shoes at \$160 worth \$200. " Women Shoes at \$125 - 150 & 175. Ladies Embroidered Slippers at 100 worth 150. Ladies Slippers at \$25 worth 175. Ladies Croquet Slippers at \$125 worth \$200. Ladies Cloth Gaiters at \$175 worth \$250. Ladies Cloth Gaiters at \$225 worth \$300. A large lot of Children Shoes very cheap. BINGHAM & CO.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.

Just Published, in a sealed envelope. Price six cents. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical cure of venereal weakness, or Syphilis, induced by Self-Abuse, involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Pits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT A. CUYLER, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the fatal consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and with a dangerous surgical operation, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, can cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers, CHAS. J. O. KLINE & CO. 137 Bowery, New York; Post Office Box, 4586. April 15 1875.—1y.

FRESH TURNIP SEEDS

Just Received a Fresh Supply of Early White Flat Dutch, Early Red Top, Yellow Aberdeen and the Yellow Ruta Bags. At KENNIS'S.

THE RUTHERFORD COLLEGE, N. C.

Will open its Fall term, August 2nd, 1875. Board, from \$4 to \$10 per month. Tuition, from \$1 to \$4 per month. Address, R. L. ABERNETHY, Prop. Happy Home, N. C. June 17th, 1875.—2ta. pd.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

GLOUGH & WARREN ORGAN Co's

(Late S. H. MOONS & GLOUGH ORGAN CO.,) IMPROVED—

CABINET ORGANS



GRAND COMBINATION ORGANS

FITTED WITH THE BEST INVENTED SCRIBNER'S PATENT QUALIFYING TUBES. An invention having a most important bearing on the future of Reed Instruments, by means of which the quantity or volume of tone is very largely increased, and the quality of tone rendered

Equal to that of the Best Pipe Organs of the Same Capacity. Our celebrated "Vox Celeste," "Vox Harmona," "Wilcox Patent," "Octave Complex," the charming "Cello" or "Clarinet" Stops, "Gem Horn," "Cremona," "Vox Angelus," "Viola Edgemo" and

ALL THE LATE IMPROVEMENTS Can be obtained only in these Organs. Fifty Different Styles. For the Parlor and the Church. THE BEST OF MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP. Quality and Volume of Tone Unequaled.

PRICES, \$50 TO \$500. Factory and Warerooms, Cor. 6th and Congress Sts. DETROIT MICHIGAN.

(ESTABLISHED IN 1850.) AGENTS Wanted in Every County

Address GLOUGH & WARREN ORGAN CO., DETROIT, MICH

May 20, 1875. 1y.

FARMERS PLOW

SAVE LABOR, SAVE TIME BY USING THE FARMERS' PLOW.

It will run lighter. It will turn your land better. It will make you better crops. It will cost you less to keep it in order, than any other plow you have ever used.

We will furnish you Plows one year for one plow in ordinary land for one Dollar. What do you say your blacksmith to do the same on your old-fashioned Plow? We have just made a great reduction in Price? All we ask of you. Try it, and then if you don't like it bring it back and your money will be refunded to you.

WE WARRANT EVERY PLOW.

MERONEY & BRO. Salisbury, N. C.—April 1 1875.—1y



A BEAUTIFUL METALIC GRAVE COVERING

Is now offered to every one interested in beautifying and protecting the graves of their deceased relatives. They are made in four sizes, with a variety of styles, ranging in price from \$25 to \$60, according to size and style. Can be painted any color desired, and galvanized to suit the taste of purchasers. A galvanized plate, containing whatever inscription parties desire, is furnished with each mound free of charge.

THIS HANDSOME DECORATION

is offered at such prices as to place it within reach of all. We invite the citizens and public generally to call and examine for themselves. Specimen can be sent at J. A. Ramsey's office.

C. PLYLER, Agent, Salisbury, N. C.—Aug. 6, 1874—1y

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL

ENNIS' ITCH CURE. PRICE 25 & 50 CTS. For sale at ENNIS' Drug Store, July 1-6w. -Pd.

Horner and Grave's School, HILLSBORO, N. C.

The Fall session of 1875 opens on the fourth Monday in July. Catalogue sent on application. July 1-6w. -Pd.