

Carolina Watchman.

OCTOBER, 7.

Col. Sam'l. McD. Tate, of Morganton, has been elected a Director of W. N. C. R. R. by the Stockholders. This is a good selection.

The Convention would add very much to the popularity of its ordinances, by providing for the appointment of Judges by the Governor with the approval of the Legislature, and also making provision for the final settlement of the State debt. There are important matters and there is as much concern manifested about them as there is about every thing else to be done. Let us have no more electing of judges since it has made demagogues of them all and works badly. Give the people a chance to say what they will do with their public debt so-called.

Radical rowdism has at last broken into the Convention. The conduct of certain Radical leaders, last Thursday, Tourgee being the chief, was not only disgraceful, but a gross insult to the sovereign people of the State. This fellow Tourgee, who is a carpet-bagger and negro worshiper of the first water, seems to have no more knowledge of Parliamentary usage than a log has of decency; or else he takes advantage of his position to insult the good people of the old North State. If the Convention do not expel him and the others who acted with him, the Democrats of that body will become pariahs in one of the most disgraceful scenes ever perpetrated by a body largely composed of respectable gentlemen in North Carolina. Let them be expelled!

THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

TWENTY-FOURTH DAY.

RALEIGH, Oct. 2.

At 10 a. m., Mr. President Ransom called the convention to order. Prayer by Rev. Dr. Atkinson, of the city. Messrs. Reid, Bennett, Durham, Jones, Caldwell, and Turner, submitted a report from their committees. On motion of Mr. Manning, of New Hanover, the rules were suspended and the ordinance providing that no convention shall be called except by submitting the question to the people. Amendments to the constitution to be adopted by two-thirds of the general assembly and ratified by the people. The ordinance passed its second reading. On motion of Mr. Clingan, the rules were suspended to put the ordinance on its third reading. Mr. Clingan moved to strike out "two-thirds" and insert "three-fifths," so that it will pass a constitutional amendment instead of two-thirds as the ordinance requires. On this amendment Mr. Tourgee called the yeas and nays, and it was adopted by a vote of yeas 54, nays 44. Mr. Buxton moved to amend by saying that no question of convention shall be submitted to the people except upon a two-thirds vote of the general assembly. The amendment was accepted. On the call of Mr. Clingan the previous question was ordered. The question recurred upon the ordinance on its third reading and it passed.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The ordinance to add additional sections to article 5, reported by the Committee on Revenue, Taxation and Public Debt as a substitute for various ordinances on the same subject, was taken up as the special order. The following is the ordinance: "Sec. 1. The general assembly shall have no power to levy taxes for the payment or adjustment of more than five per cent. of the principal of the bonds of the state, known as special tax bonds, and thirty-three per cent. of all other bonds of the state, until the question of additional levy shall have been submitted to the qualified voters of the state for their approval or disapproval, and shall have been approved by a majority thereof. And no part of the interest which has accrued or may hereafter accrue, upon any bonds of the state, shall ever be paid. Mr. Jarvis moved to strike out the words "more than five per cent. of the principal of." A long discussion ensued without result.

TWENTY-FIFTH DAY.

MONDAY, October 4.

At 10 a. m., Mr. President Ransom called the Convention to order. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Pritchard, of this city. Journal of yesterday read and approved. The ordinance to strike out sections 15, 16 and 17, art. 4, and insert the following was taken up: "Sec. 1. The general assembly shall have no power to deprive the judicial department of any power or jurisdiction which rightfully pertains to it as a co-ordinate department of the government; but the general assembly shall allot and distribute a portion of its power and jurisdiction which does not pertain to the supreme court among the other courts prescribed in this constitution, or which may be abolished by law in such manner as it may deem best, provide also a proper system of appeals, and regulate by law, when necessary, the methods of proceeding in the exercise of their powers, so far as the same may be done without conflict with other provisions of this constitution." Mr. Bennett called the previous question. The yeas and nays were called and the call was sustained by a vote of yeas 49, nays 46. The question then recurred on the passage of the ordinance on its second reading and it passed by a vote of yeas 59, nays 46. On motion of Mr. French the rules were suspended and the ordinance to amend art. 3, by adding a section requiring the general assembly to establish a department of agriculture, immigration and statistics, was taken up and passed its second reading. On motion of Mr. French the rules were suspended and the ordinance declaring that secret political societies are dangerous to the liberties of the people and should not be tolerated, was taken up and passed its second reading. Mr. Holtz called a resolution to pay the contestants from Robeson county, Messrs. Norman and McNeill, per diem and mileage up to the day that the case is decided. On motion of Mr. Holtz the rules were suspended and the resolution was taken up and adopted. The ordinance to strike out sec. 33, art. 4, was taken up. Section 33 reads as follows: "The several justices of the peace shall have exclusive original jurisdiction under such

regulations as the general assembly shall prescribe, of all civil actions founded on contract, wherein the sum demanded shall not exceed two hundred dollars, and wherein the title to real estate shall not be in controversy; and of all criminal cases arising within their counties, the punishment cannot exceed a fine of one month." Mr. Bowman was opposed to it. Mr. Jarvis was in favor of it. Mr. Harringer was in favor of the ordinance. On the passage of the ordinance, on its several readings, Mr. Bennett called the previous question. The call was sustained by the following vote: Yeas, 50; nays, 48. The question recurred on the adoption of the committee's substitute given above. On the demand of Mr. Badger the yeas and nays were called, and the substitute was adopted by a vote of yeas 51, nays 47. Pending the further consideration of the matter, the

SPECIAL ORDER. The ordinance in regard to special tax bonds and the public debt, was taken up. The debate on this matter was so long, and continued up to such a late hour, that the proceedings are omitted. [NOTE.—All of the propositions in regard to the special tax bonds and public debt were voted down, and at 6 p. m. the convention adjourned.]

TWENTY-SIXTH DAY.

TUESDAY, October 5.

At 10 a. m. Mr. President Ransom called the convention to order. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Spake, of the convention. Journal of yesterday read and approved. Mr. Bennett offered a protest against the action of the convention on yesterday in allowing per diem and mileage to the contestants from Robeson county. The protest was signed by Messrs. Shober, Coleman, and Shepherd submitted reports from standing committees. By Mr. Throne, an ordinance for the financial relief of the people of North Carolina. [The ordinance provides that the state shall raise \$500,000, to be invested in U. S. bonds, and banks are to be established in each county of the state, and money to be loaned to citizens upon good security and at a moderate rate of interest. By Mr. Dockery, a resolution in regard to completing the railroad from Old Fort to some point on the Tennessee line. All the available means of the state should be applied to complete this work, and that the general assembly order to have the railroad completed. By Mr. Bennett, a resolution instructing the committee on the judicial department to inquire and report whether or not the Salisbury & Cheraw road can be relieved on the gauge law. Calendar. By Mr. Bennett: A resolution instructing the Committee on Privileges and Elections to report at once on the Robeson county case, and that the convention will proceed on Wednesday (to-morrow) morning to consider the matter. The yeas and nays were called and the motion was adopted by a vote of yeas 47, nays 51. The resolution took its place on the calendar. By Mr. Badger: A resolution instructing the Committee on Privileges and Elections to inquire and report whether Messrs. Manning, of Chatham, Reid, of Beaufort, and Coleman, of Beaufort are trustees of the university, Calendar. By Mr. French: A resolution instructing the principal clerk to prepare the journals of the convention after adjournment and to give him \$200 for his services. On motion of Mr. French, the rules were suspended, and the resolution was taken up and adopted. On motion of Mr. Bennett, the rules were suspended, and his resolution of instruction to the Committee on the Judicial Department in reference to the Salisbury and Cheraw railroad was taken up and adopted. Mr. Bingham moved to reconsider the vote by which the substitute offered by Mr. Turner for the report of the Committee on Revenue, Taxation and Public Debt, in regard to special tax bonds was rejected on yesterday. Mr. Clingan moved to table the motion to reconsider. The yeas and nays were called and the motion to table was adopted by a vote of yeas 52, nays 49. [Mr. Justice voted nay at first, but changed his vote to yeas, saying that he did so at the solicitation of party friends against his better judgment.] Mr. Holtz said he voted nay as his judgment as to what the best interests of his state required dictated to him to do.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The motion to reconsider the vote by which the ordinance to amend sec. 10, art. 3, (published before) passed its third reading, was taken up as the special order of the hour. Mr. Durham moved to lay the motion on the table. The yeas and nays were called and the motion to lay on the table prevailed by a vote of yeas 54, nays 48. [The ordinance has reference to the governor nominating and the senate confirming certain officers.]

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

The resolution to amend sec. 33, art. 4, of the constitution was taken up on the unfinished business. The previous question recurred on the passage of the ordinance on its second reading. The yeas and nays were called and the resolution passed by a vote of yeas 53, nays 49. The ordinance proposed to be abrogated was published on yesterday. The ordinance to abrogate sections 15, 16 and 17 of art. 4, and substituting the following in lieu thereof, was taken up on its third reading: "Sec. 1. The general assembly shall have no power to deprive the judicial department of any power or jurisdiction which rightfully pertains to it as a co-ordinate department of the government; but the general assembly shall allot and distribute a portion of its power and jurisdiction which does not pertain to the supreme court among the other courts prescribed in this constitution, or which may be abolished by law in such manner as it may deem best, provide also a proper system of appeals, and regulate by law, when necessary, the methods of proceeding in the exercise of their powers, so far as the same may be done without conflict with other provisions of this constitution." The question recurred upon the passage of the ordinance on its third reading. Mr. Badger moved to reconsider the vote just taken, having voted with majority, in order to make the motion. Mr. Durham moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table. The yeas and nays were called and the motion to lay on the table prevailed by a vote of yeas 54, nays 48. [The ordinance has reference to the governor nominating and the senate confirming certain officers.]

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tion on the whole matter. Mr. Justice moved to adjourn. The chair decided that the question recurred on the motion to adjourn. The yeas and nays were called, and the question referred to adjourn by a vote of yeas 43, nays 52. There numerous filibustering and dilatory motions were made by the republican side of the house, and all sorts of captious points of order were made and discussed in spite of the president's efforts to keep order. After a long wrangle, the convention took a recess until 4 p. m.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY.

EVENING SESSION.

Raleigh, Oct. 5.

The Convention reassembled at 4 o'clock. The motion of Mr. Badger to reconsider the vote by which the ordinance to strike out sec. 15, 16, and 17, art. 4, was adopted, and a considerable number of motions, callings of the roll, and a large number of "points of order" from the Republican side of the house, occupying the time of the Convention until 6 o'clock the motion to reconsider was lost, while the Republican members were absent from the hall almost in a body, having absented themselves to prevent a quorum. The substitute reported by the Committee on Suffrage and Eligibility to office for ordinance No. 29 and 222, was considered. It requires ninety days residence before a person can vote, and prohibits any person convicted of felony or other infamous crime from voting. Smyth, col., "spoke a piece" in opposition to the measure, and during its consideration, the Convention adjourned.

MORNING SESSION.

RALEIGH, Oct. 6th.

The Convention met at 10 o'clock, Mr. Jarvis in the chair. UNFINISHED BUSINESS. The substitute from the Committee on Suffrage and Eligibility to office for ordinance No. 29 and 222, was considered. It provides: "That section 1, of article VI. of the Constitution, be amended by striking out the word 'thirty' in line 4, and inserting in lieu thereof the word 'ninety'; and by adding at the end of said section the following words: 'But no person who, upon conviction or confession in open court, shall be adjudged guilty of felony, or of any other crime infamous by the laws of this State, shall be entitled to vote at any election under the laws of this State, unless such person shall be restored to the rights of citizenship in a mode prescribed by law.' So that said section, as amended, shall read as follows: 'SECTION 1. Every male person born in the United States, and every male person who has been naturalized, twenty-one years old or upward, who shall have resided in this State twelve months next preceding the election, and ninety days in the county in which he offers to vote, shall be deemed an elector. But no person who, upon conviction or confession in open court, shall be adjudged guilty of felony, or of any other crime infamous by the laws of this State, shall be entitled to vote at any election under the laws of this State, unless such person shall be restored to the rights of citizenship in a mode prescribed by law.' The previous question having been called by Mr. Manning, the question of adjournment was taken up. Mr. French moved that the Convention do now take a recess until Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. Mr. Badger moved an amendment to 10 o'clock Friday. Lost by a vote of 20 to 85. Mr. French's motion was lost by a vote of 22 to 84. Smyth, col., moved an amendment proposing that atheism and malfeasance in office shall be a bar to suffrage and holding office. Lost by a vote of 0 to 106. Mr. Justice's amendment to strike out 90 and insert 30 days residence, was lost by a vote of 52 to 57. Smyth, col., an amendment that no person or persons thus disfranchised shall be required to pay public tax. Lost by a vote of 41 to 68. The second proposition to "amend by inserting" was adopted by 64 to 44.

Radical Rowdism in the Convention.

The Radical members of the convention to day enacted a scene of shameful rowdism in the hall. The chairman had ruled that delegates could not interrupt business between the taking of a ballot, and the announcement of the result, and was about announcing the result of the ballot taken yesterday, remanding the Robeson county case to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, when a tremendous hellablow broke out in the Radical ranks. Nearly all of them left their seats and crowded into the aisles, hooting and yelling like savages. In vain the gavel of the chairman fell with a show of force, and in vain he called obstreperous delegates by name, and commanded order. In vain one or two decent Radicals called for order and endeavored to shame their shameless colleagues into civilized behavior. The hall resounded with blasphemous and obscenity, and the din was terrific. The scene would have disgraced a Kickapoo scalp dance or Kit Burns' rapt. But even this is not the worst feature of the affair; for, by a seemingly preconcerted arrangement, a large number of armed negroes were introduced into the lobby, ready to take part in the fray which there is apparently reason to believe a Radical caucus had decided to provoke. The prudence and forbearance of the Democratic members prevented serious consequences, but the devil's-hoof of Radicalism, in all its cloven deformity, has again been shown.—Sentinel 1st inst.

Merited Honors.

The Charlotte Observer, of Sept. 22, tells of this gratifying recognition of the abilities of one of the "old North State's" favorite sons: "Ex-Gov. Vance has received an invitation from the chairman of the Executive Committee of the Democratic party of Ohio inviting him to that State to take the stump in behalf of William Allen, the Democratic candidate for governor. He is also in receipt of a similar invitation from the chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee of Mississippi, but cannot accept either, for the reason that his full courts are just coming on, and he cannot possibly afford to miss them. He regrets this very much, and especially as to Ohio. He replied to the latter from this state, on yesterday, announcing his inability to accept the invitation."

THE SALISBURY FAIR.—We are indebted to our friend A. H. Boyden, Esq., President, for an invitation to attend the Fifth Annual Fair of the Western North Carolina Agricultural and Mechanical Association to be held at Salisbury on the 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d of October. We understand that the citizens of Salisbury are making every extensive preparation for this occasion, and expect to realize a great success.—News.

FASHIONS and GOLD COIN PRESENTS!

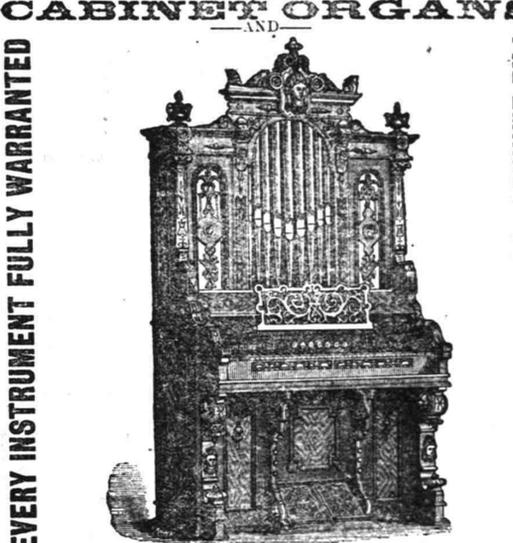
Advertisement for A. BURDETTE SMITH'S Monthly "World of Fashion," featuring fine arts and polite literature, subscription prices, and a list of prizes including gold coins and a pattern bazaar.

\$4,500.00 in Gold Coin to Give Away!

Advertisement for Gold Coin presents, offering \$4,500.00 in gold coins to subscribers of the "World of Fashion" magazine. Includes a list of prizes and subscription details.

YOUR BEST

Advertisement for GLOUGH & WARREN ORGAN CO'S CABINET ORGANS, highlighting their quality and variety.



GRAND COMBINATION ORGANS.

Advertisement for Grand Combination Organs, featuring Scribner's Patent Qualifying Tubes and highlighting their superior sound and durability.

ALL THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS

Advertisement for the latest improvements in cabinet organs, listing various models and their features.

FARMERS

Advertisement for a farming implement, likely a plow, with the slogan "SAVE MONEY, SAVE LABOR, SAVE TIME, BY USING THE FARMER'S PLOW." Includes an illustration of the plow and contact information for the manufacturer.

PIGS FOR SALE.

Advertisement for pig sales, mentioning John C. Miller of Rowan County and the quality of the pigs offered.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA

Advertisement for the Medical College of Virginia, detailing the curriculum and faculty for the session 1875-76.

BOYDEN HOUSE,

Advertisement for the Boyden House in Salisbury, N.C., highlighting its location and amenities.

First class Bar and Billiard Saloon

Advertisement for a first-class bar and billiard saloon, located near the Boyden House.

Administrator's Sale of Real and PERSONAL STAT.

Advertisement for an administrator's sale of real and personal property, including land and household goods.

E. H. MARSH'S MACHINE WORKS.

Advertisement for E. H. Marsh's Machine Works, specializing in agricultural and industrial machinery.

BUIS & BARKER WHOLESALE & RETAIL DRUGGISTS

Advertisement for Buis & Barker, wholesale and retail druggists, offering a wide variety of medicines and supplies.

STATE LIFE Insurance COMPANY,

Advertisement for the State Life Insurance Company, highlighting its capital and financial strength.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

Advertisement for the State of North Carolina, mentioning legal proceedings and court cases.

AT HOME,

Advertisement for a home-based business or service, possibly related to insurance or real estate.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COTTON SAW GIN

Advertisement for a cotton saw gin, highlighting its efficiency and quality.

OMNIBUS & BAGGAGE WAGON ACCOMMODATIONS.

Advertisement for omnibus and baggage wagon accommodations, offering convenient travel options.

SIMONTON FEMALE COLLEGE,

Advertisement for Simonton Female College, detailing its curriculum and location in Stateville, N.C.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.

Advertisement for a lecture to young men, focusing on health, education, and career advice.

WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE,

Advertisement for Western Maryland College, highlighting its academic programs and campus life.

STAR SALOON.

Advertisement for the Star Saloon, offering a variety of beverages and a comfortable atmosphere.

SUPERIOR COURT—ROWAN COUNTY.

Advertisement for the Superior Court in Rowan County, mentioning legal proceedings and court dates.

STATE LIFE Insurance COMPANY,

Advertisement for the State Life Insurance Company, highlighting its capital and financial strength.

AT HOME,

Advertisement for a home-based business or service, possibly related to insurance or real estate.