DECEMBER 9, 1875.

A man named SAM BENNETT was arrested at Burnsville, N. C., recently, charged with counterfeiting, by changing the denomination of bills. He was lodged in jail at Asheville.

The Asheville Pioneer has an arrowhead of soap-stone found 10 feet under the ground in Tennessee, with fern leaves the same way. pictured on it by some indestructible coloring matter.

For Governor .- The Albemarle Times nominates Col. J. S. Amis, of Granville co., for Governor ; and the Oxford Torch-Light endorses the nomination,

The telegraphic news of Tuesday morn ing brought a report of the escape of New York's arch thief, Bost Tweed. He was permitted under guard to visit his family, and under pretence of a private interview with his wife, passed into a room from which he mysteriously escaped. No doubt it was planned, and he is probably gone for good.

Delegates to the Grand Lodge. - Several were here Monday, and among the rest we were pleased to meet Mr. MURRELL ex-editor of the Hickory Press, on his way to the Grand Lodge of the Masons, in session at Raleigh, this week. He leaves here endorsed by one of our ladies "He's what I call a handsome man." "Thar now," as Judge Cloud would put,-"he's got a wife-he's got a wife and children."

Gen. McDonald, one of the head men of the Whiskey Ring convicted at St. Louis for defrauding the government out of its revenue, greets his friends through the prison bars with a cheerful, unabashed face, and hopes they will not think any less of him in his misfortune. The impu-

this country, as they love their own happiness and desire the welfare of posterity, to make the punishment of such offenders terrible. Brazenfaced villians should be humbled or killed.

The Grand Jury at Mecklenburg. at the last Court, presented the Court-House as a public nuisance. It is said

Judge Schenck complimented the Grand Jury in very bigh terms at the close of Court for the faithful performance of their difficult and delicate duties, and in his address to them took occasion to denounce the too frequent practices of signing petitions for the pardon of offenders.

The Sheriff of Mecklenburg took 20 prisoners to the State Penitentiary last Friday-5 whites and 15 blacks-and if Judge Schenck's precepts are obeyed, of them are sentenced to ten years.

### METHODIST CONFERENCE.

account of the proceedings of Conference in that city from Saturday's report of which we learn that when the question what lacal preachers are recommended for following passed:

Revs. I. N. Mann, Hillsboro' District ; W. H. Pegram, Greesboro' District; W. P. Williams, Salisbury District; B. F. Dixon, Shelby District; J. H. Davis. Wilmingson District, and Wm. O'Neill; New Bern District. John J. Sutliff, Salisbury District, failed to pass.

orders under the same question was next considered and the following passed; Rev. A. M. Smith, Charlotte District. On the question, where shall the next

Conference be held, it was decided in favor of Greensboro,' N. C.

### BRILLIANT EXAMPLES.

calling the attention of the youth of the from the many, and vest it in the few, and to country to the life examples of Andrew restore to power that oligarchy, under whose Johnson, the tailor President of the control the rich grew richer and the poor poor-United States, and Henry Wilson, the shoemaker Vice President. They both in the same breath protested against such an amendment as this which plainly takes away unstarted in the world as penniless boys, just and undue power from an irresponsible execuadvancement in life, and by their indomi- themselves, acting through their own Representable wills and perseverance, reached tatives freely chosen by themselves, it would fame and fortune. Mr. Johnson, it is said, was illiterate when he married, and had everything to accomplished after that epoch in his life. Doubtless both were self-denying and humble in their earlier the State Directors in all Rail Roads, in which years, and learned well everything they undertook. They may have possessed extraordinary talent, but that without diligent study and accurate knowledge, would never have enabled them to reach, apon their personal merits, the high and honored positions attained by them. Mr. Wilson, we think, distinguished himself in a wrong cause (abolitionism), but he was bonest, and it carried him up. Andrew Johnson's career during his Presidential term, rendered him famous in the history of his country. His name will live us a staunch defender of Constitutional liberty long after his adversaries are forgotten. As examples of heoric perseverance for a worthy name, our country affor Is few more illustrious,

of a colliery in Yorkshire England. Over lost in the Mine, which is very large, extending for miles, and is worked with safety lamps. Just 12 years ago 300 persons perished at the same place and in

connection with the whiskey ring.

question of senatorial nominations in the Assembly.

The annual meeting of the Board of Irustees of the University of North Carolina will be held at Raleigh on the 16th

A movement has been made for the endowment of little Julia, the daughter of Stonewall Jackson. The contributions are not to exceed \$1 from any one per-

The election of Col. Lamar to the speak ership, troubles the Washington Radical organ amazingly. We think Lamar's speech, regarded as the chart by which the Democratic party will navigate the ship of State, is what troubles the Republieans most. The threat against thieves and corruptionists they know will be executed, and hence they begin to howl The music is sweet to the ears of the hardworking, tax-paying, houest people of the whole country, who are praying for the return of honesty and justice in the land.

### The Proposed Constitutional Amendments,

In your last issue, I considered and explained the amendments proposed to Articles 1 and It is the solemn duty of the people of 2 of the Constitution. In this communication I shall undertake to give an explanation of the amendments proposed to

ARTICLE III. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

It contains seventeen sections, only two of which

are proposed to be altered, to-wit-1.-Section 10 now reads as follows : "The Governor shall nominate, and by and

with the advice and consent of a majority of the Senators elect, appoint all officers, whose to be unsuited to the wants of the county, offices are established by this Constitution, or This is no doubt the beginning of a new which shall be created by law, and whose appointments are not otherwise provided for, and no such officers shall be appointed."

"The words in italies are stricken out, so that the section as amended will read as follows: "The Governor shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of a majority of the Senators elect, appoint all officers, whose offices are established by this Constitution, and

The scope, and intention of this amendment

is to restore to the popular branch of the Government, to-wit: the Legislature-the right and all-prevading, that the civil service of this counauthority to provide for the election and apnone of them will be pardoned out. Most pointment of all officers, whose offices are not otherwise provided for in the Constitution it- The people demand at our hands self. It authorizes the same body, which shall The Wilmington papers give a daily vested in the Governor, under the present Con- responsibisity the honest, the experienced, and stitution. One Governor resisted and defied enforce the execution of a simple writ of habeas ment; that all the public accounts be scrutinized corpus, which the Governor politely refused to the House to do; and that Deacon's orders, was taken up, the obey, but contented himself with delivering an opinion, that the Chief Magistrate of the State and wrong-doers, no matter how high or low had plainly violated the law, and adding that, shall be fearless arrainged and fully exposed as there was no power that he knew of, under and punished. There is a growing and irresis-

power of the Judiciary was exhausted." imposed upon him by an Act of the Legislature, The call for those applying for Elders' upon the alleged pretext, that said Act was those classes—the farmers and laborers—who Judge in his own case.

exception. I presume for this reason, because they had severely denounced the whole tendency of the action of the Convention as being "in direct subversion of the rights of the peo-The newspapers are very properly ple, designed and intended to take the power Republican signers of "the protest" were not sincere in their protestations.

The ratification of this amendment will give to the General Assembly the appointment of the State has an interest; and will also give to that body the entire control of the charitable and penal institutions of the State, such as Penitentiary and the Asylums for the Insane, and for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind.

2.-Section 17 now reads as follows: "There shall be established in the office of the Secretary of State, a Bureau of statistics, Agriculture and Immigration, under such regulations as the General Assembly may provide."

The amendment proposed strikes out this section, and inserts the following in lieu there-

"Sec. 17. The General Assembly shall establish a department of Agriculture, Immigration and statistics, under such regulations as may its crowning glory will be, to best promote the agricultural interests of the State, and shall enact laws for the adequate protection of sheep husbandry."

This amendment was adopted at the suggestion of leading members of the Brison of the human being of every race, color, and condition 1876.

NEWS BY YESTERDAY'S MAIL, bandry. It is intended to promote the farming in the land, interest, to invite immigration, and to improve There were 280 members of the House the condition of the laboring classes. It is beof Representatives present at the opening, lieved, that such a department will be productive of great advantages to the whole State.

If any serious objections have ever been Terrible loss of life from the explosion urged to either of the above amendments, it has not been brought to my attention. I hope to be 140 persons are supposed to have been able to explain, in your next issue, the amendments to the Judiciary Article.

JOHN 8. HENDERSON.

## ORGANIZATION OF THE

The United States House of Representatives The Grand Jury at St. Louis has found was virtually organized on Saturday last, in to solve the a true bill against Gen. Babcock for his caucus of the Democratic members, by the nomination of MICHAEL C. KERR, of Indiana, for Speaker; Mr. ADAMS, of Kentucky, for Clerk; The Bonapartists in France are polt- THOMPSON, of Ohio, for Sergeant-at-Arms; ting the overthrow of the Government in C. H. FITZHUGH, of Texas, for Doorkeeper; and JAMES STUART, of Virginia, Postmas-

> All the above nominations were formally ratified in the House of Representatives on

Mr. KERR is spoken of as a gentleman eminently fitted to preside, and as firmly devoted to Constitutional principles. He was a war Democrat, but has stood up against the radical persecution of the South since the war. Has a large experience as a member of Congress, and is calm and firm amidst great excitement.

Col. LANAR of Mississippi was chosen as Chairman of the Democratic caucus, Saturday, and on taking his seat delivered the following their public spirit and political genius.

Gentlemen: - In calling me to this position of responsibility and distinction you have conferred an honor which I appreciate most highly, and for which I thank you most cordially. We here are confronted with a crisis in the Democratic party of the country which brings to our party grand opportunities, but is at the same ime freighted for us with solemn responsibilities-and if we do not improve these opportunities and rise to the measure of the responsipilities the fruits of the great political revolution which has brought us here to-day will be or us like the fruit which grows upon the shores of the accursed sea. The people of this country by overwhelming majorities of States, and majorities in votes, have placed the Democratic party, after a long period of exclusion from power, in possession of the most important part of Federal Government. When I say imporof our political opponents. The members of our country as to retain the confidence of these the House of Representatives have no patron- voters. age whatever beyond that of the appointment of a military or naval cadet, and their compensation is barely adequate to a republican life of House of Representives; but this branch is nevertheless, under our system of government. the corner-stone of our fabric of liberty, because it is the only department of the Federal Government directly responsible to the people of the country and receiving its power directly from their hands. All the other branches of the Government are two or three degrees removed from the people in the mode of their selection or in the nature of their responsibilities. But while the house of Representatives is thus immediately responsible to the people, Democratic party in the House of Representa-

co-ordinate branches of the Government to whose appointments are not otherwise provid- their just responsibility, and thus, by an unerring instinct or by keen intelligence, have blended together our duty, our interest, and our inclinations. There has been for some time in the public mind a conviction, profound and try has not been directed from considerations of public good, but from those of party profits, and for corrupt, selfish, and unpatrotic designs. A SWEEPING AND THOROUGH REFORM create an office, to fill it. The experience of the which shall be conducted in a spirit that will

last seven years proves, that too much power is secure the appointment to places of trust and the capable. There is also an imperative demand that a vigilant examination be made into to insure their property with any one the authority of the Courts, so that the Chief the administration of the public revenue of the except an agent of known standing and Justice declared himself utterly powerless to country both in its collection and its disburse- ability. by us, as it is the solemn privilege and duty of

the laws of the State, to authorize the arrest of tible sentiment in the country that under the one wild-cat and bankrupt companies of specious theory of protecting and fostering parthe Governor, he therefore declared "that the ticular industries and interests a system of miscalled revenue laws has been in operation det-Another Governor, equally reckless, positive- rimental and blasting to all the other great inly refused to perform a plain ministerial duty, terests of the country, and maintained at the all of them have been shown up at expense of the general revenue and to the different times in these columns as frauds: injury of the great majority of the people, and unconstitutional-thus usurping the functions are least able to bear the burden of oppresof the Judiciary, and constituting himself a sive laws. One of the highest and most pressing demands upon us will be not only to and Piedmont, West Virginia, Washinsist on bringing down the expense of ington, International and United States, It is worthy of remark, that the Forty-nine the Government to the needs only of economic- Washington, D. C., Salamander, Mer-Republican signers of the "Protest" do not seem | al administration but to perfect and adopt such to have considered this amendment as liable to a system of taxation as will bring in the requir ed revenue with the fewest restrictions upon commerce and with the least burden to the people, and that burden equitably distributed and Sunbury and Columbia, Pennsylvania. skillfully adjusted.

Owing to the exigencies of one of those internecine conflicts incidential to the life of almost every country, and also a pernicious system of nowhere, and others too numerous to legislation, our people, our business investments, our commerce, and all the diversified interests of the country, are suffering from the

our duty to take care that nothing is done to no one to depend on but themselves for tive and vests it securely and safely in the people the public honor, or lower or disturb the credit of our Government; but we are to remove those tional debt is paid in full and that the currency of this democratic republic is made equal with

that of any nation on earth. Upon the part of those who have been vested with the political power and destiny of our country during the last ten or fifteen years it during the past year: To the State has been a frequent remark that the

ERA OF CONSTITUTIONAL POLITICS HAD CLOSED: that questions of constitutional limitations and restrictions were no longer to hinder or delay the legislation of the Government in its deal- to Indian Missions, \$1,430; or a total of ings with financial, economical, or social sub- some \$12,050. jects, which were, it is assumed, now the only matters worthy of public attention; and yet amidst their grand boastings the Forty-third Congress found themselves faced with the gravest questions of constitutional law, reaching at Wake Forest College. down to the fundamental system, and involving not only the relations of the State to the Federal Government, but that of the people and their own home-government. The grandest aspiration of the Democratic party is, and

RESTORE THE CONSTITUTION TO ITS PRISTINE STRENGTH AND AUTHORITY. and to make it the protector of every section and of every State in the Union, and of every

one party of the nation that that portion of the Southern people who were arrayed against the authority of the Federal Government in the late war would be an element of disturbance to the American Union has mainly disappeared, as is evidenced by your election. In its stead has grown a more fraternal feeling, which regards us of the Southern States as fellow-citizens of the same great nation. And, on other hand, the people of whom I speak, of whom I am one, are nere to-day, by their chosen representatives, ready to honor any draft which the American people may draw upon their patriotism or their faith in the glory and the beneficient destiny of American institutions .-[Applause.]

The experiment which has been introduced mongst us, based upon confidence in the working of local self-government, and intended

DIFFICULTIES CONNECTED WITH RECENT SO-

CIAL AFD POLITICAL TRANSFORMATIONS, shall have an open field and fair play. hindrance shall be placed in the way of its vigorous development and its amplest success. [Applause.] It has been said that the day of tlemen there is one part of this Union—that part which I know best—which asks for the part which I know best—which I know best entimental politics has passed away; but, genpeople. We want a Government that we can

reverence and love. We hunger for a patriotism which shall

KNIT ALL THE PEOPLE TOGETHER n a generous and loving brotherhood, and which shall be as broad as the territory over which the national flag floats. Let me say here that no government, no nation can prosper without this vital fire. It is the sentiment which acting upon free institutions and reaching through them upon a people constitutes

Gentlemen, we are here as Democrats, members of a political party which has a long and pleasure; for as soon as the ladies, students from glorious history. Let us in our duties this winter recall and revive those principles the faithful maintenance of which by the fathers of our country secured for so long a period the confidence and support of the people. Let us seek to renew the prosperity and advance the greatness and glory of our country. Let us esolve to win the confidence, the affection, of the whole American people for our party by showing them that we, its representatives have statesmanship, patriotism, and strength of purpose enough to deserve that confidence and affection. Let us not forget that

which brought us here, and which gives us these opportunities and great responsibilities, was achieved not alone by Democratic votes, tant, I do not mean that the individual mem- but with the co-operating efforts of patriotic bers are invested with imposing prerogatives or and unselfish men of all parties who, wearied stronage—those which hold and command the from corruption and maladministration, chose for the kindness and courtesy extended glittering prizes of governmental emoluments to call us to our duty of checking these evils Government, which are still under the control wise we shall so rule ourselves and so serve

REFORMS ARE URGENTLY NEEDED.

Let us wisely make them. A renewed prossimplicity and prudential economy. There are us, by removing unjust discriminations, by many offices in the gift of the Executive far imposing rigid economy, by restoring a sound more profitable, and in the public esteem far carrency, by securing the equal rights of all more distinguished, than that of a seat in the the States and all the people, make the Democratic party the author of a new prosperity, so we may begin for our parts a new and glorious career, in which its history should be once more, as formerly, the story of the Union's greatest grandeur and the people's universal happiness and contentment. [Great applause.]

INSURANCE MATTERS -The Investigator, an Insurance journal of high standing, published in Chicago, Ill., in all the other branches of the Government are showing up the worthlessness and failure responsible to this body. The people of the of the Chicago Insurance Agency Assocountry have charged us, have charged the ciation, says on page 171 of its November number-and the facts given will be tives, with the important duty of bringing these found of interest to the people of all sections of the country who indulge in "But there are about thirty or forty

other bogus companies just as bad, it not worse, than the above doing business in this city, and most of them hail from West Virginia, Delaware, Washington, Pennsylvania, and New Orleans. Most of the property between Canal and Halstead, and the river and Harrison streets. on the West Side, is insured in companies prising citizens; and appearances indicate that it of this kind. The only way the people can avoid being swindled is by refusing

The Investigator and other journals showed up the nature of the concern, in consequence of which, the legitimate companies it had given business to refused to have anything further to do with it, and nothing remained but the numer-West Virginia, Washington and New Orleans. Following is a list of some of these worthless and bankrupt concerns :

Adams, Arlington, Merchants', Grange, Continental, LaBelle, Brunswick, Commonwealth, Berkly, Mineral Mountain chants' Tradesmen's Workingman's Mutual, New Orleans-all bankrupt. Gibraltar, United Firemen's Association, Delaware, State of Delaware. The Westmoreland, of Nova Scotia, or

THE BAPTISTS.

WHAT THE CHUCH IS DOING IN NORTH

Two hundred and fifty delegates attended the recent State Convention of the Baptist church in Shelby. Five obstructions which bar the progress and check boards constitute the working machinery the prosperity of the American republic, of the church. The Boards of State and French, Norwegian, Welsh, Swedish, Holland have been too evident to the people, that these It is our duty as Democrats, it is the duty and Foreign Missions are located in Raleigh, is to be the glory of the Democratic party the Ministerial Educational Board at wish to understand the true philosophy of while it controls the House to see that the na- Wake Forest College, the Sunday School Board at Charlotte, and the Church Extension Board at Wilmington.

> The amount of money contributed Missions by the State Board and District Associations, \$7,000; to Ministerial Education, \$1.600 : to Foreign Missions, \$2,500; to Sunday Schools, about \$3,000

There are at present six students for the ministry at the Greenville (S. C.) About 5,000 souls were added to the

closed. The Rev. F. M. Jordan, General Evangelist, reported 691 persons as hav-

during the past two years. The next meeting of the convention any person who cannot procute one in his signed. Orders solicited. will be held in Raleigh in November, neighborhood. The Bitters are sold in every

VIRGINIA.

According to previous promise, I proceed at According to previous promise, I proceed at the "Old a few lines in regard to my tour in Vincinia, the "Old Dominion," as it is popularly called, which may be be be a popular to your numerous readers. On Wednesday night, Oct. 2sth, I took the train is Salisbury, N. C., and passing Greensborough, N. C. Danville, Lynchburg, Ya., I arrived at Chariottsville Ya., where I enjoyed an excellent dinner, served in Virginia style, in a first-class hotel. A little af-one o'clock, I moved for Wanesboro', Augusta 00., Va., and arrived at 4 o'clock, P. M. I met with 20., Va., and arrived at 4 o'clock, P. M. I met with a most kind reception at the residence of Messrs. Viellian & Henkel. These gentlemen, with their kind families, know how to make a person feel at home, and enjoy real hospitality. Mr. Henkel furnished me a fine horse to enable me to visitan old, esteemed friend and brother, a mile distant from the village. Rev. Mr. Heard, whom I had not seen for upwards of fourteen years. The meeting was pleasant, and the occasion afforded us a delightful opportunity for an old fashioned, fire-side chat. He has changed considerably in these fourteen years, as has changed considerably in these fourteen years, a well as I have. But how pleasantly the hours gird ed away in our intercourse with this affectionate family! He has a good charge—three congregations—and seems to be quite successful in the Master's

The next day I returned to Waynesboro', where met Rev. I. A. Fox, who conveyed me to the parson tion in regard to brother. Fox and family is superflu ous. We took occasion to visit some of his church members who received us with the utmost kindness in that direction. He gives the matter his attention, and is one of the best posted men relative to improv love and revere, and serve from the motive of hold his fine cattle, abeep and hogs.
On Sunday, the Bist day of Oct., I preached for an intelligent and attentive audience who seemed to appreciate the discourse. Brother Fox labors among his people with acceptance and success. If the evening I returned to Waynesboro' where I en lian & Henkle. At night I went to hear a young Presbyterian preach. He preached a good sermon. On Monday, Nov. 1st, I took the train and soon reached Staunton, Va., the city of Female Institu-tions of learning. I immediately wended my way for the Lutheran Female Seminary where I expected to meet the principal, Rev. J. I. Miller and his good lady who had been looking for me several days-

they happened to be absent at the time of my arriv the old North State, heard of my arrival, they got! ier, daughter of Rev. D. L. Dreher, dec., of Salisbury C. is regared as the life of the school, and held in high esteem by all. This remark is not designed to detract in the least from the merits of others, but it becomes a specialty as she is from your town. appearance. A familiar family conversation ensue The hours passed most pleasantly. The school, ton of, and most comfortable quarters for the prophets who pass that way, and visit the Institu tion which is taking rank among the first class schools of the State. It is in a presperous condition and Brother Miller is much encouraged. He is constantly in receipt of letters from the extreme South, Texas, Florida, &c., making inquiry about the school. ough. Superior advantages are presented here to securing a good, useful, and accomplished education

in regard to an Institution so favorably know throughout the Church. bers are invested with imposing prerogatives of and alarmed by the unceasing evils resulting thanks to Rev. Mr. Minnish, the beloved paster of, great personal distinction. The departments of and alarmed by the unceasing evils resulting and incessant worker in, the Lutheran congregation, and honor-are the co-ordinate branches of the and clearing away these corruptions. If we are sonburg, Va., where I found most pleasant quarters ly restord in Woodstock, Va. He is a most highly esteemed citizen. I spent a very pleasant time with him and his kind family. Wallst iju.et n and of my friends there, I regret that I did not meet brother Barb. He had gone on a visit to Salem, Va. In the evening, I preached to Harrisonburg On Friday I took the train for New Market, Va perity is every where carnestly desired. Let where Lutheranism is dominant. Here Rev. J. met me and spotted brother Snyder's calculations little by reminding me of an old minumion meeting in St. Matthew Charen New and attentive congregations. On the next Saturday I preached for Rev. Mr. Snyder at Forestville, in his

> communion on Sunday, and resurned to New Marog in Emanuel Courch. preached in the morning and almost night to larg

> new church, which reflects great honor on that com-munity. I left brother Snyder there to attend to his

on Education in Folytechnic Hall, to a very intelligent and attentive audience. I had the pleasure of Institution of learning, and found them learned and s felt throughout the whole country. The Classics, Arts and Sciences are thoroughly taught here.
On Thursday I went to Mt. Jackson where I had resided before I moved to N.C. It is three years since I had visited this place. It has nearly doubled its population during this period. It has fine natur. he course of a few years it will count its inhabitants by thousands instead of hundreds.-There is no Mt. Jackson.
Next I visited the Stony Creek section in Shenan

me, and yet my appearance in their midst was jus and others whom I knew as children had become heads of families. The past and the present wer others passing gradually into the internal. Mingle emotions filled iny heart, Friday, Nov. 19th, brother Snyder met me and ook me into the country among his friends, where

to our comfort. On Saturday we commenced a communion meeting in Mt. Jackson. I preached Satur at entire congregations, On Monday we returned to New Market: I then ook the beautiful grade for the Page county Valley ld friend, Wm. H. Cline, who resides near Lewran he county seat of Page co., Va. With him, when he sided in Shenandoah, I had boarded, before I mov

onforming to the principles of christian piety and On Saturday, Nov. 27th, I design visiting with two of the proprietors, Moore & Perry, Orkney Springs, one of the most celebrated watering places and Sum-On Sunday I expect to preach in Bethel, at Crock Roads, and Mt. Jackson. On Monday I shall star. North for Hagerstown, Washington City, Baltimore, As my article has already grown too long, I shall simply add that for the fertility of its hands, the prily of its waters, the richness of its mineral ources, the beauty of its scenery-its mountairs and its valleys, its streams and rivulets—the indus-try and thrift of its inhabitants, the great valley of Virginia is unsurpassed. Although we had lived in the valley a number of years, we never saw it and appreciated it as we did during this trip.

A Valuable Medical Treatise.

Hostetter's United States Almanac for 1376 for distribution, gratis, throughout the United States and all civilized countries of the Western Hemisphere, will be published about the first of January, i the English, German Bohemian and Spanish languages, and all who health should read and ponder the valuable suggestions it contains. In addition to an admirable medical treatise on the causes. pre vention and cure of a gre variety of diseases. it embraces a large amount of information interesting to the merchant, the mechanic, the miner, the farmer, the planter, and the professional man; and the calculations have been made for such meridians and latitudes as are most suitable for a correct and comprehensive National Calendar.

The nature, uses, and extraordinary sanitary effect of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the staple tonic and alterative of more than half Theological Seminary, and twenty-six the Christian world, are fully set forth in its pages, which are also interspersed with pictorial illustrations, valuable receipes for the household and farm, humorous anecdotes, and churches in the State during the year just other instructive and amusing reading matter, original and selected. Among the Annuals to appear with the opening of the year, this will be one of the most useful, and may be had for asking. The Proprietors, Messra. Hostetter & ing professed religion under his ministry Smith, Pittsburgh. Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to

city town and village, and are extensive) we need throughout the untim cirilized world.

Greens bor o Female COLLEGE GREENSBORO, N. C.

The Spring Session of 1876 On Wednesday, the 12th of January, and simple Vegetable Remedy, for the speedy and continue twelve weeks. Board (exclusive of washing and lights) \$75. Tuition in regular course, \$25.

Charges for extra studies moderate For Catalogues containing particulars, apply Kev. T. M. Jones, President N. H. D. WILSON,

President of Board of Trustees,

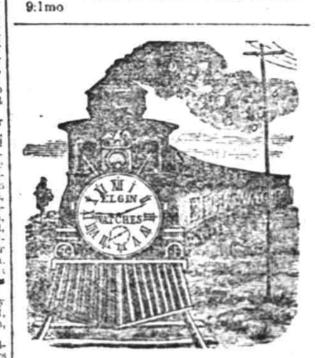
HOTICE Dissolution of Copartnership

The firm of Smithdeal & Hartman is this lay dissolved, by mutual consent. All persons ndebted to said firm either by note or act., must call and settle the same by the 1st day of January, 1876. All failing so to do by paying cost can settle the same with an officer after the above mentioned date.

W. SMITHDEAL, A. HARTMAN.

The Hardware business will be continued at the rame old stand on Main St. in the name of Smithdeal & Co. They invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine their new and well selected stock before purchasing elsewhere. They furthermore give notice that they are agents for the Buckeye mower and reaper-Sweepstakes thrasher and cleaner and the Thomas hay rake. The best reachines

SMITHDEAL & CALDWELL.



More beautiful than ever is the new **JEWERLY** 

just received at Bell & Bro's,

consisting of GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES. GOLD AND PLATED CHAINS. BRACELETS, LADIES SETS. GENTS BUTTONS, PINS,

AND STUDS.

18 K. ENGAGEMENT RINGS &C

We have made in the handsomest

HAIR CHAINS, HAIR JEWELRY Diamond and Weedding Rings. Special attention giving to the Repairing and Timing of fine Watches and Regulators. All Watches repaired by us are warranted

ign of large Watch and I'en. Salisbury, Dec. 2, 1870-11.

J. C. O. GRAHAM. R. FRANK GRAHAM.

In Dry Goods just as we were buying our Stock, has enabled us to put in store au as sortment of Goods unprecedently low.

Our Stock is entirely new, was selected with care as to quality and price and is offered at as low prices as can be found in this part of the South.

We have in Stock a full line of Staple & Fancy Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Ready made Clothing. Notions, Groceries, &c. and we want the Public to call and see us before buying. All we ask is a chance to show our goods and to let you learn by experience that we mean to sell Goods on fair

R. FRANK GRAHAM & Co., Hedricks building, 1st door below Bingham & Co., Main Street.

### RATHBONE'S



With or without Portable Hot Water Reservoir and Closet. Don't buy an old-fashioned Stove, but get one

With all latest improvements. Largest Oven and Flues. Longest Fire Bex for long wood. Ventilated Oven, Fire Back and Fire Box Bottom in-

sures a Quick, Sweet and Even Bake and Roast-Swing Hoarth and Ash Catch. Won't soil floor or carpet. Durable Double and Braced Centers and Ring Covers. Burns but little wood. Has Mica or Solid Iron Front. Carefully Fitted Smooth Castings. No Old Scrap Iron-Nickel Plated Trimmings. Tin Lined Oven Doors. Ground and Silver-like Polished Edges and Mouldings. Heavy. Best New Iron: Won't crack. WARRANTED SATISFACTORY.

Manufactured by RATHBONE, SARD & CO., Albany, N. Y. Sold by an Enterprising Dealer in every Town. L. V. BROWN. Salisbury, N. C. Nov. 11, 1875 .- 3mos.

### LUMBER! LUMBER!!

NY person wanting good yellow Pine M. L. BEAN.

Hickory, N. C. oot 28 Y5.-3mos.

NEW DVAERVISEMENTS. TO CONSUMPTIVES:

The advertiser, an old physician, retired from active practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India Missionary the formula of a permanent Cure of Consumption, Bronchitin Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections; also a Positive and Radical Cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having thoroughly tested its won-derful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it known to his suffer. ing fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a conscientious desire to relieve human suffering, he will send (free of charge), to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and successfully using. Sent by return mail addressing

DR. W. C. STEVENS. MUNROE BLOCK, SYRACUSE, N. Y.

Nov. 25, 1875 .- 1y. NEW STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS HAVE COME

Having just returned from New York and Philadelphia, we would respectfully announce to the public that we are prepared to offer them one of the largest and cheapest stocks of goods ever brought to this market, consisting o DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS

GROCERIES &c. We call especial attention to our large stock f the latest and most fashionable styles of dothny, Ladie-, Shawls and Furs in endless varieties, and a full assortment of other Goods at assonshingly low prices, (10,000) bales Cotton, wanted, Call and see us at No. 1 Murphy's

Granite Row. McCUBBINS, BEALL & DEAN. Salisbury, Oct. 14, 1875,-2mos.

### NEW FIRM & NEW GOODS Kluttz & Rendleman.

HEDRICK'S NEW BUILDING No. 2

We are now opening a well and selected stock of Fail and Winter Goods, which have been bought at the very lowest Cash Prices, cunsisting of every kind of Dry Coods, Yanker noions, Clothing, Hats and Caps, Ladies' trimmed Hats, Shors and Doots, Crockery and a full line of Family Groceries, which we offer as low as attention and due politeness to merit a literal share of public patronage, as our motivis quick sales and short profit.

Come one, come all and give us a look before buying elsewhere,

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS We pay the highest market prices for all kinds of Country produce in Cash or Earter, W. LAWSON ELUTIZ J. A. RENDLEMAN

Oct. 14, 18o5 - 3, mos.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE Western North Carolin . Incane Asy um Monganton, No. Ca. Nov. 5th, 1874.

Sealed proposals will be received at this for the laying of 21 millions of Brick more of ess according to the specifications of the areatect for the foundation walls of the above Asylum. The said proposals must con ain tals for the work both with and without formshing the lime and cement in accordance with the Office 2 doors above National Hotel, see printed specifications. The work will be re quired to begin on or after the 1st of May ner and to be completed by the 1-t of Lies, 1876 It will be required that the entire work shall be strictly under the direction, control and super vision of a person, such as the Board of Com-

> Copies of the specifications of the contract may be obtained by addressing the Secretary, approved and executed bonds to the full amount the bid are required to be filed with the proposals. Proposals should be scaled, marked Proposals for laying brick for the Western Insane Asylum of North Carolina, and address-

> T. GEO. WALTON. Sec'v. of W. N. C. Insane Asylum. Salisbury, N. C. Nov. 11, 1875. - Jan. c. OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA INDANE ASTLER MORGANTON, No. Ca. Nov. 6th, 1876.

Sealed proposals will be received at this

heart White Oak Lumber or the ame quanty The said Lumber to be sawed before the 15th of March next, and suitably part and stuck when delivered at the site Specifications of the size atbtained on application to Us

Proposals for Lumber for the Western North Carolina Insane Asylum of North Carolina, Sec'y, of W. N. C. lusane Asylum

I the bid required to be filed with the Propo

ale. Proposals should be waled and marked

BUGGIES.



and other work in the Carriage fine, call W. M. BARKER'S. Shops on Liberty street between louisi & Fisher Sts.

MAIN STREET.

Next Door to National/Hotel. The proprietor wishes to appounce to his riends and the public generally that he has always on hand a full assortment of the finest wines and liquors. The former reputation

of this establishment will be sustained regardless of cost. Home made Whiskeys and Brandies speciality. Bailey's Ryc or Corn Whiskey. Cline's Corn Whiskey always on hand. J. A. SNIDER.

# Proprietor

Is now opened and will be furnished with every delicacy the market affords, Frest A Lumber, should address the under- Oysters, Fish, all kinds of fouls, Game of every description. Meals at all hours either day or night. J. A. SNIDER.

Proprietor