Carolina Watchman.

LOCAL.

AUGUST 31, 1876.

See Col. C. S. Brown's add. He has reduced board to two dollars per day.

The district convention will be held at Feard's Mills on Saturday the 8th inst.

Mr. S. H. Wiley and R. W. Davis left last Monday for the Phila-tennial centi-delphia.

Davenport Female College in Lenoir opened last Monday with flattering prospects, so we learn.

Gen. Wat. Ransom and family were at the National last Monday morning, have gone up the Western Road.

Dr. Griffith informs us that he will be in the city and ready for work by the first of September. All the aching teeth will stop about that time.

Is your paper cross (X) marked? It means that your subscription year has expired and that a remittance is due. Please honor the check, and oblige.

There will be a meeting of Fulton Lodge, No. 99, A. F. and A. M., on Friday evening, Sept. 1st, at 8 o'clock. Grand Master Blunt is expected to be present.

A consolidation has been effected between the Lenoir House and the St. Charles Hotel in Statesville. They are both run by G. S. Lanier & Co.

Persons whose papers are marked with a X mark in pencil, will understand from it that they are due us for the paper, and will please remit.

Land sale 15th Sept. near Back Creek church—100 acres improved—in one of the best neighborhoods in Western N. C. See S. A. Lowrance's advertisement in this paper.

We noticed Mr. J. S. Tomlinson registered at the National. He did not stay long enough to allow an interview, we were anxious to see him. How is the "Press" Bro. T.

Mr. E. W. Hovey has returned from New York. He reports the mining interests of this section as "looking up." Several capitalists are here now, examining the various mines in this county.

We regret to chronicle the death of Mr. James A. Arey. He died at his home in this town last Sunday night, of consumption, aged 29 years. He was burried with military honors, by the Rowan Rifle Guards.

We are again called on to say that no communication whatever, will be published without the writers name is sent with it. We always throw them away. If you are ashamed of what you write, you may be sure it is not worth its room in any paper.

We call attention to the advertisement of Miss Jennie Caldwell's school. This well established school will open the 20th, of September.

Mrs. Neave's Music school opens at the same time—see add.

It is reported that some thoughtless persons offered a gross indignity to a young couple in East Ward a few evenings ago. It is manly to repent of an indiscretion and make speedy amends, and to do so always redounds to the credit of the party, for it proves he has moral courage and self-respect

We met a little fellow the other day wearing a broad grin. On inquiring we found that he had just emmerged from dresses, the shame of all boys, and had donned a pair of pants. It was his greatest triumph, and a prouder person walked not the streets of any city.

EXCURSION TO PHILADELPHIA.

Mr. M. L. Holmes, of this place, has arranged an Excursion to the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia, starting from Charlotte, N. C., night of Sept. 7th, *via* Danville, Richmond, York River steamers to Baltimore, and thence to Philadelphia. Tickets good on return by same route if within 30 days. Fare for the round trip at the very low price of fifteen dollars. No better opportunity to visit the northern cities and the great world-renowned show can be expected or desired. The accommodations are to be first class.

Musical Cats.—Last Sunday evening, several members of a family gathered around the organ to sing some of Sankey's popular airs. When the music commenced, an old cat walked into the parlor and after surveying the situation, went out to return in a few minutes with one of her kittens which she placed beside the organ, then went back for another, and another, till the whole seven were thus prominently situated. The kittens were removed, but were immediately brought back by their good mama. It seems that the object of the old cat was to tune the voices of the kittens to the organ. Five out of the seven had decided alto voices while the remaining two expressed a highly refined preference for tenor.

☞ We publish on the 4th page of this paper an article reflecting on the Rev. J. G. Neiffer, formerly of this place, in connection with his Ministerial labors at Lima, Ohio. From another source, to wit: The Lima *Democrat*, we glean the following:

"*Zions Lutheran Church.*—Last Sunday five members were again added to this church by the rite of Confirmation. Two Sundays ago, nine were admitted, making fourteen new additions within the last two weeks. The total number added to the membership of this church since the present pastor—the Rev. J. G. Neiffer—took charge of it is seventy-three. These figures prove this congregation to be in a prosperous and growing condition. The actual membership is now much larger than it ever has been since its organization."

[Note.—This, and the article referred to above, possess a local interest to our people, and are presented on that account alone.]

Young man do your duty! We have good reason to believe that there are a good many young men in the county who are old enough to vote and who, for various reasons fail to do so. Several do not because they are afraid of having to pay the poll tax. This is a bad precedent indeed. You are citizens of the country and each one of you must help bear the burdens of the country. You cant always shirk this duty and *now* is the time to come out and do your whole duty and show that you are worthy the name of *man*. Furthermore, it is the duty of magistrates to enlist all persons coming of the age prescribed by law for taxes on the tax books. If the young men won't do their duty, Magistrates, *do* yours.

State Agricultural Society.—We are pleased to learn that this Society is making a very special effort to demonstrate its value to the people of the State by its labors for the promotion of agricultural interests. No more important subject relating to the material prosperity of the people can engage the attention of men. He who makes two blades of grass to grow where but one grew before is a benefactor of his race. Every intelligent effort to increase the production of the soil should elicit public applause; and we therefore cheer the State Agricultural Society in their endeavors to arouse a more lively interest in the great subject on which all other interests immediately depend. One of the plans of this Society is to be seen in their efforts to secure a large and varied exhibition of products this Fall at the annual State Fair, at which time public speakers will bring out things new and old, as from a treasure house, for the encouragement and instruction of their hearers. May it all result in much good.

A gentleman of this city was talking with an intelligent man of color when the following conversation took place:

Gent—"How are you going to vote in the coming election?

Colored man—Can't tell yet.

Gent—You still stick to the corrupt leaders of the Radical party?

Colored man—No I can't say I do.

Gent—They don't care a continental for you. They now profess the most sincere love and sympathy for you to get your vote; but when you are no longer able to put them in fat offices they will turn their back on and spurn you.

Colored man—I fear dat is so.

Gent—Did your leaders ever tell you the truth?

Colored man—They have told a heap of tales.

Gent—Did they ever tell you one truth that you remember?

Colored man—Not one that I can call to mind now.

Gent—And yet you vote for them every year, right or wrong, good or bad.

Colored man—Yes sir, we goes it blind.

There was much more of the same tenor passed in the conversation; but it all amounted to the frank confession, "we goes it blind;" and so no doubt it is. There is no help for it, and it is not worth while to talk to them.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

The Rowan County Sunday School Convention met at Shiloh church Aug 23, and continued in session two days.

Thirteen schools were represented. The attendance was fair, and considerable interest was manifested by those present.

Reports from the various Sunday Schools show a prosperous condition.

Several questions were discussed which had for their object the advancement of the Sunday School and the elevation of its standard. The manner in which these questions were discussed by the several denominations represented, shows the utmost good feeling existing in the various Sunday Schools.

The officers elected are:

Frank Brown, President.

Rev. G. B. Wetmore, Vice President.

Rev. Samuel Rothrock, Treasury.

John W. Mauney, Secretary.

A resolution urging that Sunday Schools be kept open through the winter was passed.

Also one requesting each Sunday School in the County to send at least four delegates to the next annual session of this Convention. It was

Resolved, That this Convention recommend the formation of Township S. S. associations as auxilliary to this, to meet lienniably and to send delegates to the sessions of this Convention.

A resolution of thanks to the people of Shiloh, was passed.

Thyatira Church was suggested as the place for the next session, and Aug. 24th, 1877, as the time.

The Convention requested the publication of the proceedings in the Salisbury papers.

JOHN W. MAUNEY, *Sec.*

OBITUARY.

MAJOR JOHN BEARD.

The subject of this notice was born in Salisbury, North Carolina, on the 14th of June, 1797, and died at his residence in this city on the 15th of July last, in his 80th year.

At the age of 16 he entered Yale College, and graduated there in 1817. Returning to his native place he was elected the following year, just after attaining majority, and without opposition, to represent Salisbury in the House of Commons, where he took position at once among its leading members. In politics he was by inheritance and association a Federalist, following the leadership of such men as Stanley, Iredell, Moore, Gaston and others, but at a later period changed his political views. About this time, 1818, the question of calling a convention to alter the State Constitution agitated the political mind, the original Constitution having been framed in 1776, when the principles of Republican Government had not been fully analyzed. When the question came up in the Legislature, "Convention or no Convention," Major Beard voted against the measure, influenced by his own convictions as well as by the action of the distinguished men before named.

In 1828 he was elected without opposition to represent what is now Davie county in the State Senate, and declined a second election from considerations of a private nature which inclined him to withdraw from political life. As before stated, Major Beard was a Federalist, and with that party was opposed to the doctrine of the right of a State to resist an act of Congress, and in 1832, when the public mind was in a state of almost frantic excitement in consequence of the action of South Carolina, and the threatening course of Congress in regard to nullification, or the right of a State to interpose against an unconstitutional act of Congress, he was selected with two others to address the people of his native county, in October of that year, denouncing the doctrine. Preparatory to this he studied earnestly the United States Constitutional history with all the debates and commentaries thereon, which led to his conviction and confession of the truth and wisdom of the resolutions of '98 and '99. He at once announced this fact and declined to advocate principles he could no longer honestly maintain for which he was denounced as a "disunionist." In 1833 he was urged to again become a candidate for the Senate, which he strongly objected to, believing that his "apostacy," as it was termed by his prior Federalist friends, would prove fatal to him as a public man. He however consented and was opposed by General Thomas J. Polk, a warm personal friend, and with whom he had been formerly politically associated. The contest was an excited but friendly one, and resulted in the election of Major Beard by a handsome majority—in Salisbury where both candidates resided his majority being 60 votes. Major Beard was returned to the Senate in 1834 and '35. During this period the Convention question again came up and was referred to a select committee composed of members from the Districts, of which Major Beard was appointed chairman. His report was adopted, and the bill for calling a Convention passed by one vote.

In 1835 Major Beard went to Missouri, but removed to Florida in 1838 and resided in St. Augustine.—Within the years 1838 and '45 he held the offices of Clerk of the United States Court and United States Marshal, under the Territorial Government, and on the admission of Florida as a State of the Union he was elected Register of Public Lands, and removed to Tallahassee. This office he resigned in 1850 to accept the unanimous nomination of the Democratic party as a candidate for Congress, but was defeated by a small majority. In that campaign Major Beard took strong ground against the compromise measures under which California was admitted into the Union, urging upon the people that "if they submitted then it would not be long before they would have to submit to Free Negro Equality," and these views caused his defeat. He was then elected Comptroller of the State, which office he resigned in 1854 to accept the agency of the Apalachicola Land Company. He was one of the Representatives from Leon county to the Secession Convention of 1861, and during the war which followed he contributed all in his power to make the cause of the South a success. He was appointed again to the Comptroller's office in 1866, and among his other acts while there, for which the people should thank him, he refused to audit the claims for increased pay of the members of the Legislature of 1867, which they had voted themselves over the veto by Governor Walker of the bill for that purpose, and they received only the pay allowed them by a previous Legislature.

In 1869 Major Beard was attacked by vertigo to which was superadded neuralgia, and with these combined he suffered greatly until within a short period of his death. For some months prior to his death he became entirely relieved, and his last days were calm and peaceful, and his end without pain or struggle.

From this brief sketch it will be seen that the deceased held many offices and positions of trust and high responsibilities, yet held none which he did not fill; and out of them all brought a reputation without taint or blemish. Indeed his character for both personal and official integrity was absolutely stainless and perfect.

Major Beard was the product of the earlier and better days of the Republic, and what Grattan said of the Earl of Chatham may be said of him, "modern degeneracy had not reached him." In mind he was refined and cultivated, in manners cordial, courteous and winning, in his friendships and attachments ardent and steadfast, in his devotion to principle utterly uncompromising and immovable.

The feeling of his family towards him was that of blended love and reverence. Pure in life, steadfast in death, crowned with years and honor, thus has gone from among us one who combined all the elements which go to make up the great and grand character of the christian gentleman.

THE FOLLY OF WEDDING TOURS.

It is notorious that a woman will submit to every suffering and undergo every penalty required by fashion. She will sacrifice her beauty and comfort in dress, and jeopardize her dearest prospects of life to the requirement of usage. A wedding tour may have untold discomforts; it may embarrass her modesty, endanger her connubial bliss, injure her health, lay the beginnings of bickerings and differences; it may have every known disadvantage, but it will be insisted on if society utters its behests to that effect. It is women who are specially anxious that marriages should multiply, and yet it is women who have given the wedding ceremony such elaboration of display and loaded it with such costly expenditures, that marriage, with a majority of men, is rendered impossible. Fashion or common sense, or some other power, should dictate that marriage ceremonies should be simple and unostentatious, and that after the ceremony is performed the calm of some sweet seclusion is absolutely necessary, not only for the future health of a wife whose nerves are already overstrained by the excitement of what is to her a tremendous event, but the foundation of an intercourse between the newly married couple that shall be sweet and lasting. Have any of our people the courage to defy usage, and act according to their own inclinations at this important period?

Yes, let them (the ladies) speak out. Our columns are open for them; or we will register their names a in book, and keep their photographs for the inspection of gents on the "look out."

FROM LENIOR TO HICKORY.

Ere the god of day silvered the edges of overhanging clouds, we repaired to the Livery Stable of Lenior in search of a vechicle to convey us to Hickory. We were met by a man who wore a slouch hat, and his trousers in his high boots, who greeted us with, Hello! We want to go to Hiekory, can you send us? Yes sir! this am the place to get the fust class wehickles and dis is de chile to snatch the strings. Well we want to go, how long before you will be ready? We! for gracious sake! where is we? I don't see any body else, is there any body else to go? No, we explained, that is just a habit we've got of talking. Yes, and its a mighty bad habit too, he replied, 'spose you was courting of a gal and say, "we love you," she would want to know right off who the d—we was! We had to tell him he was right about that, but would like to know about what time he would be ready to start? O, yes sir, you is guine off—just in 4 minits sir, shall be round in 4 minits, but fore you go jist pick out your critter, you kin have choice, dem's all fust class for dis hillinous country. We picked out the best one—one that had evidently rivaled Dexter in his time, but owing to previous exercise, his legs were bandaged and his neck had an "onward look," which made us think he had been reaching for something not quite attainable to horse flesh. Our man complimented us on our good judgment by saying; I declare, you gone 'n took the very best hoss in de stable. We left him promising to call for us in 4 minits. In course of two hours he drove up to the Jones House and yelled: "all a-bord!" We appeared and found he had selected the vehicle himself. It was undoubtedly a relic of antedeluvian days: the fore wheels were cross-eyed and the hind wheels had made a bargain to lean in different directions. On the body of the buggy by close examination one might trace the outlines of the great American buzzard, his mighty wings outstretched, looking defiance in every direction. In this turn-out, we turned our backs on the classic and salubrious town of Lenoir.

The mail hack had gotten about two hours the start of us. Our driver said we would have to——

Drive in the trail
Of the U. S. mail—

until we could catch up.

We necessarily drove *hard* to catch up, which was accomplished about 7 miles from Lenoir. Then——

We passed the U. S. mail,
Which followed in our trail——

Our horse was named "old purp" and his being driven so fast would have laid him up, had it not been for his previous knowledge of the path he was traveling. It was discovered that one of the wheels had given way. Our driver said it would hold out till we could git to the blacksmith shop, at which place we soon arrived, and felt no little uneasiness for

The U. S. mail
Was on our trail.

This shop was no common affair—it sported a lovely sign which read like this:

"HENRY CLAY'S WEBSTER BLACK-SMITH SHOP, WHERE ALL KINDS OF FANCY SPOTED WORK IS DONE IN THE MOST DICTIONARY STILE."

Our man run in, and in a little time the wheels were changed. The hubs were just an inch shorter than the axles, he put them on any way, saying, we could dodge stumps better with them that way. At this place a * Brass Band also joined us, and it was whispered that it would escort the press into Hickory. The music suited "old purp" exactly, he pranced around and made fearful jumps,—his blood was up, here was no denying that fact. He arched his beautiful neck, and travelled in a business like manner 'till we got to the caw-taw-baw river bridge, which is about 650 feet long and spans that mighty tumultuous river, which was named after the bridge. "Old purp" persistantly refused to go through the bridge, and by way of pursuasive argument, the driver knocked him down with a rail and led him through before he fully recovered. Presently he came to himself and began to show signs of life by starting off in a lope, which was a great inconvenience to the man that took tole for the use the bridge: he followed on a mule, hollowing to us to wait! but old purp was riled, he had been knocked down and there was no stop in him. He got worse and began running as the tole-man neared us. We suppose the idea of a race had entered his sensible head, and that fool notion together with the music, urged him to his utmost. The tole-man despaired and turned back, but "old purp" went onward till we entered the suburbs of that frontier city, Hickory—the music and the speed attracted the attention of the natives, they all came running to the doors and windows to the know excitement. "Old purp" heeded not the merry gaze of the smiling people, but hurried on to the Western Hotel where he was in the habit of stopping when in Hickory, and stopped. Bro. Tomlinson came immediately forward and congratulated us on our safe arrival and musical turn-out.

We were enjoying a good rest, when the arrival of a shackley hack reminded us that——

The U. S. mail
Was no more on our trail.

P. S. This mail brought us a vallise, umbrella and a silk hat. We were negotiating for a twenty cent hat at the time, which made us thankful that

The U. S. Mail
Had followed our trail.

* The Brass Bands referred to was on the hubs of the wheels—*very* loose.

A Double Danger Averted.

The inhabitant of a malarious region is threatened by a double danger. He is not only compelled to *breathe* miasma, but to *swallow* it, since it infects not only the atmosphere, but the water. The aerial poison threatens his system through the lungs and pores, the liquid through the stomach. Against this double peril there is but one protection, and that is to invigorate the entire body through the digestive and secretive organs. Ordinary tonics usually fail to accomplish this—Hostetter's Stomach Bitters never. In the tropics, where the diseases originated by malaria are of a far more malignant type than those originated by the same cause in the temperate zone, it enjoys immense and constantly increasing sales, and there is no portion of this continent where it is not the reigning specific for miasmatic fevers and disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, proceeding from malaria and other causes.

MARRIED

At the residence of the groom's father, by W. B. Woodruff, on the 22nd day of August, 1876, Mr. George M. Burrus of Rockford Surry co., to Miss Mary D. Dobson of Surry co.

Aug. 24th 1876, by Rev. P. S. Triplet, Richard Burroughs, of Rowan Mills, to Miss Sarah Catherine Irvin of Mt. Moure Iredell county.

DIED.

Of diptheria, Mrs. John Marlin, aged 66 years, August 27th.

SALISBURY MARKET,

[Corrected by McCubbins, Beall & Dean.]

August 2, 1876.

Cotton—dull. Middlings,	10
low do	9
stains	6@8
Bacon, county, hog round,	12½ @ 15
Butter—	20@25
Eggs	8 @ 10
Chickens—per dozen	$1.50@2.00
Corn—market well supplied	65@70
Meal—moderate demand at	75@80
Wheat—good demand at	1.00@1.10
Flour—market stocked—best fam.	$3.00
super.	2.75
Potatoes, Irish	50
Onions—no demand	75
Lard—	15c
Hay—	40
Oats—	40
Beeswax—	28@30
Tallow—	6@7
Blackberries—	6½@7
Apples, dried—	4@8
Sugar—	10@15
Coffee—	25
Calicos—	6@8

RALEIGH MARKET.

WHOLESALE CASH PRICES.

Raleigh, July 26, 1876.

FLOUR, North Carolina $6.00 a $6.25.
CORN, 75 a 80c.
CORN MEAL, 80 a 90c
BACON, N. C. hog round, 14 a 15.
" " hams 16½ a 17.
HIDES, green, 5½
" dry, 10 a 11
FODDER, baled, new $1.25.
HAY, N. C. baled, good, 90c a 1,00.

DAVIE COUNTY.

In the Superior Court.

Mocksville Lodge No. 134 of free and accepted Masons, *Plaintiffs*
Against
B Bailey, E D Scales and wife Laura Scales, Leila Bryan and Frank Bryan, *Defendants.*
Summons for Relief.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

To the Sheriff of Davie County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon B Bailey, E D Scales and wife Laura Scales, Leila Bryan and Frank Bryan, the Defendants above named, if they be found within your County, to be and appear before the judge of our Superior Court, at a Court to be held for the county of Davie at the Court House in Mocksville, on the 2nd Monday after the 3d Monday of September next, and answer the complaint which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for said county, within the first three days of the next term thereof, and let the Defendant's take notice that if they fail to answer the said complaint within that time, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Herein fail not and of this summons make due return.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, this third day of August, 1876.

H. B. HOWARD,
Clerk Superior Court of Davie County.
By G. M. Bingham, Deputy Clerk. 43:6t:pd.

ROWAN COUNTY

In the Superior Court.

Thomas M. Kerns, as adm'r. of Nancy Sloop, deceased.
Against
Wm A Garver, L B Garver, John D Felker, S A Garver, Flora Garver, Henry Baker, John Baker, Ellen Shinn, Mary Baker, Margaret Fink, Catharine Kerr, John Baker, Fesperman Baker, Margaret Beaver, Mary Donahue, Sophia Gentle, Moses Baker, Michael Wilhelm, Daniel Wilhelm, Margaret Ritchie, Anna Wilhelm, Nancy Wilhelm, Samuel Wilhelm, Jacob Krider and John Baker.
Summons for Relief.

To the Sheriff of Rowan County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the Defendants above named, if they be found within your County, to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for the County of Rowan, within 20 days after the service of this summons on them, exclusive of the day of such service, and answer the complaint, a copy of which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for said County, within ten days from the date of this summons, and let them take notice that if they fail to answer the said complaint within that time, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Hereof fail not and of this summons make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, this 28th day of June 1876.

J. M. HORAH,
Clerk Superior Court Rowan County.
38:6t:$9.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.