

Carolina Watchman.

SEPTEMBER 28, 1876.

Persons making remittances for the Watchman should send \$2.10 to pay for a year—10 cts. to pay postage.

Savannah Sufferers!—The Agent of the Southern Express Company at this place has received orders from the Superintendent, to ship free all packages intended for the relief of the sufferers in Savannah, Ga. The public are therefore solicited to leave at the Express office anything they wish to send. The suffering there is great, and it is said many will be obliged to perish from the want of the common necessaries of life. The fever has been steadily on the increase and has broken out at several new places in the vicinity. Those who can get away are flying from it, but there are thousands who are unable to escape either by sickness of themselves or families, or from the lack of means to carry them away.

The times are very hard even with us, but we are blessed with health, and may have it in their power to spare something for the relief of deeply afflicted friends in Savannah. Whatever they can do should be done quickly. Send provisions of any kind—flour, bacon, chickens, meal, potatoes—anything that will sustain human life.

GOV. TILDEN'S INCOME TAX.

The New York Times charged Gov. Tilden of having made a false return of his income tax in 1862. A very imposing parade of items, figures and dates were given by the Times, and every necessary formality complied with to make the public believe the statement. There was one glaring fact, however, that was not possible for the Times to obscure, and that was the high character of the man whom it thus assailed. It was incredible that a great lawyer, a rich and liberal man, of high social position, shield, for a few dollars, swear to a false return. Few intelligent men believed it—very few, if any. But it was deemed important to show the facts in the case, and it has been done to the entire satisfaction of the public. A bigger lie has not been concocted since the canvass opened. It was taken up by Judge Jas. P. Sinnott, item by item, figure by figure, and everything shown to be false from top to bottom. The investigation and report is given in the newspapers, and we regret our inability to republish it, owing to its great length. The exposure is full and complete, so that the whole story now goes out with well merited scorn.

The present enthusiastic temper in favor of Tilden, Vance and reform has no parallel since 1840. It swept the country then from Maine to Texas, and wiped out Martin Van Buren and the party he represented. It is clearly the same spirit of that great civil revolution, proceeding from causes of a similar character, though the offences of the party now in power are a thousand times greater than were those laid to the charge of Van Buren and his friends. JOHN M. MOREHEAD was then the whig candidate for Governor of the State. Like Vance, he was the people's man; confided in him and loved him. His own heart, like Vance's, was full of sympathy with the people; he was true to them, and they were true to him. He carried Rowan that year, against R. M. Sanders, the Van Buren candidate, by 327 majority. Vance's friends this year are counting on from 800 to 1000 majority over his Granite competitor, Judge Settle. The total vote of the county then, was only 1581. Now it is about 2800, not including about 500 white voters who have not heretofore gone to the polls.

We think there is no mistaking the signs of the times. If the people come out to the election as they now seem determined to do, the rebuke which they will administer to Grant and his party of plunderers will be simply tremendous. It will sweep them like a tempest. Their patience has been most shamefully abused, and now they will vindicate their rights and their honor by hurling from power those who have so grossly wronged and insulted them. The people are masters in this country. It is the only country in the world where they are masters, and here, if no where else, rules are public servants, directly accountable to the people for their public acts. Every voter in the land should keep the knowledge of this fact fresh in his mind, and should also closely scrutinize the official conduct of public servants, holding them always to a rigid and faithful account. Any neglect at this point is dangerous, and if the people of this country are ever robbed of their liberties it will be through the wickedness and daring of the men whom they put in power over them. Grant and his friends have shown how easily they can abuse the trust confided to them in thousands of instances, and if they are left alone for a few years the people would be utterly despoiled of their rights and liberties. This is all known to the world, and hence it is we have the public deprecations, against these offenders. The great wrong is on the wall; the prospect that will be weighed in the balances and found wanting. They must walk the plank—take a plunge into that dark sea from whence there is no regression.

THE DEMOCRAT'S ACCOUNT.

We published in our last a brief notice of the rejoinder speeches of Vance and Settle at Charlotte last week. The following dispassionate notice of that incident from the Charlotte Democrat will be read with interest:

Judge Settle's reply was by no means to his credit, in fact, was no reply at all. He used no argument; he replied to nothing that Vance had said; but occupied his time in abuse, and useless repetition of much he had said before.

Vance then got up to close the debate, but was frequently interrupted by the Judge, who for his temper, and showed very plainly that he felt keenly the severe castigation he had received. He said he held Gov. Vance responsible for the insult he received here some weeks ago.

Vance replied that it was the doings of some boys that he was not near the Hotel at the time, but that his friends tried and did stop the noise.

Settle then stated that the card of Mayor Johnson was false, and that if Vance could not protect him from insult at the hands of his friends, he could not control his friends, how could he control a great State.

Vance replied that if he (Settle) held him responsible for all the doings of little boys and some drunken men, he would not hereafter attempt to control his friends.

Settle—very excitedly, "I, sir, am no suppliant at your feet asking such." Then, said Vance, let each man look out for himself. You will not take back your remark that you hold me responsible.

Vance said that the person who sent the communication to the National Republican, charging him with being in the crowd, and inciting the disturbance, was a lying scoundrel, and dare not tell his name.

Judge Settle stated that he had not seen the article alluded to, but asked the reporters present to state that he acknowledged that Vance always tried to quiet such disturbances.

Thus ended the speaking. The speakers then got into their carriage, and escorted by the marshals and band, proceeded to the hotel. All who heard him, pronounced the speech of Vance a noble effort, and his handling of Settle all that could have been desired. Judge Settle may be a very able man, but his speech on Tuesday certainly showed that he is no match for Z. B. Vance, and the result in November will bear us out in this statement.

A radical newspaper's notice of the same incident will show how prodigiously false they put up things:

THE DISCUSSION AT CHARLOTTE.—Judge Settle and Ex-Gov. Vance met in discussion in Charlotte, last Tuesday, which about the same result that has attended the speaking in other localities. Judge Settle defeated his opponent, as he will certainly do at the polls on November. For this, Vance's friends, many of them, became very indignant and manifested the largest rudeness to Judge Settle, stopping little short of personal violence, which they had the will to inflict but dared not. But for the forbearance of Republicans, not to resent even the grossest insults to Judge Settle and their party, this canvass would be crim-ed with blood, for provocation has been repeatedly offered to try men's souls.—Statesville American.

The discussion between Gov. Vance and Judge Settle took place in this city on last Tuesday, the 19th inst., and notwithstanding there was a large crowd present, supposed to be about 4,000, Judge Settle was not mobbed nor in any way disturbed, but the best of order prevailed during the whole day. But we are sorry to say that Judge Settle did not act altogether as if he wanted the day to pass off so quietly, for in the closing up of the discussion he let his temper get the better of him and acted more like a—well we dislike to accense a man of Judge Settle's standing of being in any way under the influence of liquor, nor do we like to say that he is insane, but something was said, the matter, and the pitcher was emptied—but then it might have been filled with water, for he did not taste or smell it.—Char. Democrat.

THE CANBY CONSTITUTION—WHO MADE IT AND HOW!

The Constitution under which we live was the work of the Convention of 1858. That Convention was composed very largely of ignorant men, very largely of corrupt men, who were controlled by strangers in our State and unknown to our people save as the representatives of their conquerors in a long bloody and disastrous war. It would indeed have been well nigh miraculous had the Constitution framed by that body been adapted to the wants and condition of the people of North Carolina for the simple reason that the men who composed it neither knew nor cared what those wants might be.

Nor was the mode in which the pretended ratification of the Constitution was accomplished, calculated to sugar coat the bitter pill. Change everywhere and in everything, was the order of the day. Our entire system of government was overturned. Power was taken from the many and given to the few; was taken from the people and given to the officeholders. The people were made subordinate and their rulers were made supreme. In all things the servant was above the master. The white race was subjected to the rule of the black race. Thousands and thousands of our best white citizens were disfranchised and kept away from the polls while vast borders of ignorant excited negroes were permitted to crowd to them, breathing threats of vengeance against their late owners. Watchful bayonets and ready swords were everywhere gleaming. Federal officers everywhere stood ready to give the word to Federal soldiers to force with cannon and with cavalry, with bullet and with bayonet, upon a disarmed and subjugated people, a constitution at once infamous in its origin and ruinous in its operation.

Nor was the man who did all these things a man to be loved by us. Canby, General Edward Canby, then military lord and master over our State, was a General in the victorious Federal army, the army that pillaged and plundered our people and laid waste our country, that had burned our cities and ravaged our women and murdered our men. This man from his residence in South Carolina gave orders for the arrest and trial by military tribunal of citizens of North Carolina; appointed and removed at will, and merely by an ordinary telegram, even the very highest officials of our State, our very

governors indeed; by military order he held the civil officers of counties "responsible" to himself for the discharge of their duties; opened and closed at will our citizens' places of business, and permitted and forbade traffic at will; at will he opened and closed the ballot-box to our citizens; convened conventions at will and seated and unseated members thereof; appropriated by military order the money of the people in their own State Treasury, and levied and collected taxes as to him might seem best. Such was the body that framed and such was the man and such was the power, that forced upon us the infamous Constitution under which we live.

It would have been well nigh miraculous, we say, had it been suited to the wants of the people of North Carolina. That it must be changed materially, is now no longer an open question.—Wilmington Journal.

BEAUFORT BLAST-BLOWN AND BILLOW BEATEN.

The Sad Sea Waves on a High Old Tear—Terrorful Tribulations of the Tornado-Twisters on the Coast.

[Special correspondence of the Sentinel.]

BEAUFORT, N. C., Sept. 17, 1876.

Yesterday Beaufort and surrounding country was visited by the severest storm that has occurred since 1842. It has been raining almost incessantly since Friday afternoon, and early Sunday morning a south wind commenced blowing and gradually increased until at 8 o'clock

A PERFECT HURRICAN

was sweeping over the town, blowing down houses, trees and fences and scattering destruction on every hand. The scene at the Atlantic at this time beggars description. Your correspondent saw schooners of 30 and 40 tons barthen snap their cables and come dashing by like some wild animal rushing to destruction.

THE ATLANTIC HOTEL

is almost a complete wreck. The large and spacious ball room, and the two verandahs extending nearly around the hotel are all gone, and the first floor of the main building is all torn away by the angry waves and winds, emptying the contents of the dining room, offices and rooms on the floor into the water. Breakfast had just been prepared and the bell rung when the alarm for escape was given, and the inmates of the hotel had to rush for an out-building for safety without tasting the repast.

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were swept away within sight of the hungry guests, and the only breakfast they had was obtained by a brave gentleman reaching a window of the dining-room by the floating timbers and bringing out some chicken, rolls and a pot of coffee at the risk of his life. The damage done to the hotel cannot be less than \$5,000.

There were seven or eight small buildings in the town blown down, but fortunately no lives were lost.

Trees were uprooted and scattered all over the principal streets, making some of them almost impassable, and of those that remain standing their foliage is mostly killed by heavy and cold spray from the angry waves. They look just like there had been a heavy frost on them.

NEARLY ALL THE STORES

on Front street were flooded, and some of the merchants had their goods damaged considerably, but to what extent is not yet known. This street presents a sad appearance, blocked up with stranded boats and rubbish so that it is difficult to travel it on foot. Your correspondent saw one schooner of forty tons capacity lying on dry land on this street, another smaller one lying further up with her boom almost in

THE FRONT PORCH

of one of the residences, while all of the small boats were either driven ashore or washed up the beach.

The damage done to the fisheries is immense, carrying away the boats, seines and baited fish. The damage to the crops is also heavy.

A friend at Morehead writing briefly on the same subject has this to say of the damage done at Morehead City:

"The storm began last Saturday morning, at 8 o'clock, and lasted until 2 p. m. The hotel at Morehead and every house along the wharf was swept away. Phillips' warehouse is a complete wreck. A portion of S. fier's house is gone, and also a portion of Franklin's house. Jones' turpentine distillery and several other buildings were carried away, wharves and bathing houses." E.

Zack Chandler the Chairman of the Republican Executive National Committee

declares that he would rather see every white man, woman and child in the South put to the sword, than to see the country Democratic. Settle is one of his followers.

[From the N. Y. Sun of Aug. 20, 1876]

The Republicans cannot stand up against the evidence of their maladministration, robberies, frauds, corruption, prodigality, and excesses during the last fifteen years. They have destroyed property, unsettled confidence, ruined the enterprise, and brought distress on the country. With the certainty of defeat at a fair election, they now daringly propose to invoke the aid of brute force and to triumph, if possible, by throwing troops into doubtful States. The experiment is dangerous. The people of the North are in no mood for this business. Grant's arrogance is fast becoming intolerable, and if he ventures further than the letter of the law allows, he will be surely held to the sternest account when Congress shall meet in December.

SALE POSTPONED.

There will be a sale on Friday, Sept. 29, of all the Furniture and personal property belonging to W. T. Linton, in and about the Boyden House, in and about 50.11.

J. A. BOYDEN, Trustee, of W. T. Linton.

[From the N. Y. World of Aug. 22, '76.]

Thoughtful and impartial voters will also see that this recent threat cannot be executed, to accomplish this intimidation in the South, while the friends of Hayes seek, without offensive and palpable violation by the President of the recent judgment of the Supreme Court in Washington, promulgating all the modern legislation on which Grant has used the army in the South to uphold the fifteenth amendment, as unconstitutional and void. Under this decision the army can only be employed when there is an outbreak, threatening a resistance to law, which the State, either by the Legislature or the Executive, informs the President it is powerless to control.

VEGETINE

Breaks at the root of menses by purifying the blood, restoring the liver and a healthy action, invigorating the nervous system.

Is not a vile, poisonous compound, which simply purges the bowels, but a safe and healthy remedy which is sure to purify the blood and thereby restore the health.

Is now prescribed in case of Scrofula and other diseases of the blood, by many of the best physicians, owing to its great success in curing all diseases of this nature.

Does not deceive invalids by false hopes by purging, but creates a healthy action, and restores the system in clearing and purifying the whole system, leading the patient gradually to perfect health.

Was looked upon as an experiment for some time by some of our best physicians, but those most incredulous in regard to its merit are now its most ardent friends and supporters.

Instead of being a purgative medicine has worked its way up to its present astonishing success by actual merit in curing all diseases of the blood, of whatever nature.

Says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier, it creates a healthy action, and restores the system in clearing and purifying the whole system, leading the patient gradually to perfect health."

Is highly effective, and is a safe remedy in such a manner as to produce no unfavorable results.

Is acknowledged and recommended by physicians and apothecaries to be the best purifier and cleanser of the blood yet discovered, and thousands speak in its praise who have been restored to health.

PROOF WHAT IS NEEDED.

Boston, Feb. 13, 1871.

Dear Sir:—About one year since I found myself in a feeble condition from general debility. I had tried several remedies, but they had no effect. I was restored to health and discontinued its use. I feel compelled to tell you of it, for it is especially prepared, and would cheerfully recommend it to all who are afflicted with the same complaint as they are now suffering from. Respectfully yours,

W. M. PATTINGILL.

Firm of R. M. Pattinell & Co., 10 State Street, Boston.

Dr. H. R. STEVENS: OREGONIAN, Nov. 26, 1872.

Dear Sir:—The two bottles of VEGETINE furnished me by your agent, say wife has used with great benefit.

For some time she has been troubled with diarrhoea and colic, and these troubles are now entirely removed by the use of VEGETINE. She was also troubled with Dropsy and General Debility, and now is a strong and healthy woman. Yours truly,

W. H. STEVENS, 223, Walnut Street.

FEEL MYSELF A NEW MAN.

Natick, Mass., June 1st, 1872.

Dear Sir:—I have read of the advice and earnest persuasion of Rev. E. B. of this place, I have taken VEGETINE for Dropsy, of which I have suffered for years.

I have used only two bottles and already feel myself a new man. Respectfully,

Dr. J. W. CARTER.

Report from a Practical Chemist and Apothecary.

Boston, Jan. 1, 1874.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I have sold at retail since April 13, 1870, and can truly say that it has completely cured the disease which I have mentioned in the enclosed letter, and I am perfectly acquainted with several cases of Scrofula, having cured by VEGETINE alone, in like vicinity.

Very truly yours,

To H. R. STEVENS, Esq., at Broadway.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

GET THE BEST

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.

The Cabinet or Parlor Organ in its present improved form was invented and introduced by MASON & HAMLIN in 1861, superseding the Melodeon, which was the best instrument of the class previously in use. Several important improvements were embodied in this new instrument, and especially it brought to highest excellence.

WE HAVE NOT HEARD SUCH PURE MUSICAL TONES FROM ANY OTHER REED INSTRUMENT. The most important secret or skill in respect to the VOICING THE REEDS, in which the Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ certainly stands alone.

There are now made yearly in the United States, under various names, as Cabinet, Parlor, Cottage, Bobber, American, etc., about fifty thousand Organs, by something like two hundred and fifty makers. But the MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS HAVE ALWAYS MAINTAINED THEIR SUPREMACY as the best of this class of instruments.

UNEQUALLED, and if judged critically, Unapproached in excellence by any others. This supremacy is attested by the public.

TESTIMONY OF MUSICIANS GENERALLY. In America, and a very large number in Europe, published in full in the Catalogue and Circulars of the Company; also, by the remarkable and

Entirely unprecedented Award to them of highest honors at competitive Exhibitions in EUROPE AS WELL AS AMERICA.

It is not too much to say that in America they have ALWAYS RECEIVED HIGHEST HONORS, for in hundreds of Exhibitions it is believed there have not been six in all where other Organs have attained equal honors. These Organs enjoy the proud distinction of having received a FIRST-CLASS MEDAL AT EVERY EUROPEAN WORLD'S EXPOSITION as well as our own, and of being the ONLY AMERICAN ORGANS WHICH HAVE EVER BEEN FOUND WORTHY IN SUCH COMPETITION. They received first medals at Paris, 1867; Vienna, 1873; and Santiago, 1875.

EVERY ORGAN of this company is manufactured in the most thorough and careful manner, from the very best material. In every minute excellence is bestowed upon every component. Every instrument is warranted to be, according to its size, capacity and class, the BEST ORGAN WHICH IT IS POSSIBLE TO MAKE OF THE PRESENT STATE OF THE ART.

Such, however, are their facilities for manufacture accumulated in the largest and finest factory in the world, and rendered possible by the very large demand for these Organs, both in Europe and America, that they are enabled to sell at little more than cost of the most inferior Organs, and often at less than the price demanded for them.

RETAIL DEALERS OFTEN RECOMMEND OTHER ORGANS as equal or better, and the manufacturers of those to sell them. The reason for this is, simply, MANUFACTURERS OF OTHER WORK OFFER LABOR REDUCED BY COMMISSIONS TO DEALERS.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN COMPANY have pleasure in offering this season the largest and finest assortment of Organs ever produced, including novelties and improvements both in musical capacity and in tone. Many styles are now offered, with EXTENSIVE FACILITIES FOR ORDERING, very elegant and rich. They pledge themselves that every organ of their make shall exceed any other in any reasonable purchase.

Illustrated Catalogues with full descriptions of styles, PRICES LISTED and TESTIMONY CIRCULARS will be sent free of charge to any address.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.—154 Tremont Street, Boston; 23 Union Square, New York; 50 and 52 Adams Street, Chicago; 87 Great Marlborough Street, London; 22 Backer Street, Vienna; 114 Collins Street, Melbourne. Sept. 21, 1876—17.

RIOTS! ROWS! RIOTS!

Not between the races but among Sewing Machine Companies because the world is growing.

Singer Sewing Machines are greatly reduced in price for cash. We will sell for 25 per cent less than heretofore. Needles, oil, attachments, &c. for sale and machines cleaned, repaired or traded for. Address all orders to

WILL R. BARKER, Agent, SALISBURY, N. C. Office Barker's Drug Store. Sept. 21, 1876. 491st

DR. THOS. HILL

offers his professional services to the citizens of Salisbury and surrounding country. Residence on Church street between Jackson and Inliss. Office— Aug. 12, 23m.

National Hotel

RALEIGH, N. C. Board by the Day, \$2.00.

Beautifully situated next to Capitol square Col. C. S. BROWN, Propr DISSOLUTION!

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between L. W. Walton and J. F. Ross, under the firm name of WALTON & ROSS, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to them will please call at their stand and settle.

Sept. 12, 1876. L. W. WALTON; J. F. ROSS.

NEW FIRM.

WE have this day associated ourselves for the purpose of conducting a general MERCHANDISE BUSINESS under the firm name of MAUNY & ROSS, at the store formerly occupied by Walton & Ross.

We hope by fair dealing to merit a liberal share of the public patronage.

E. MAUNY, J. F. ROSS, 481m Sept. 12, 1876.

LAND FOR SALE.

The undersigned has determined to sell a small tract of land lying in Franklin Township, three and a half miles north of Salisbury, immediately on the new Rockville road. There is now framed house on the premises but not yet finished; and a well of good water in the kitchen piazza. The land lies well and is very desirably located, being within half a mile of Franklin Academy and convenient to several churches, where there is preaching every Sunday. It is in a good and healthy neighborhood. Any person wishing to buy would do well to call upon the undersigned, the land, &c., and see for themselves. Terms will be made to suit the purchaser.

JOHN C. MILLER, Sept. 1, 1876 48m

Land for Sale.

I will sell at the premises on the 15th day of September, 1876, at 11 o'clock, a valuable tract of land lying 10 miles west of Salisbury, near the Beatties Ford Road, on the waters of Mill Creek, near Bark Creek church, adjoining the lands of M. W. Goodman and others, containing about

100 Acres

—about 60 acres under cultivation, some 30 acres of bottom, some cleared and some in woods. It lies on a good House, Barn, Orchard, &c. Altogether it is a very desirable Tract of Land. Also, about 17 bushels Wheat, at same time and place. Terms easy. Apply to S. A. LOWRANCE, Admt. of F. D. Clodfelter Rowan co, Aug. 26th, 1876. 27p.

ANNOUNCING THE ADVENT OF "The Old Reliable."

SALISBURY ONE DAY ONLY FRIDAY, OCT. 27.

THE CENTENNIAL WONDER!
"OLD" JOHN ROBINSON'S GREAT WORLD'S EXPOSITION!



THIS MAMMOTH SHOW COMPRISES AMONG ITS MOST PROMINENT FEATURES A GRAND MENAGERIE, AQUARIUM & CIRCUS.

Each complete and unsurpassed in itself, requiring several special trains to convey it from one city to another. The immense Menagerie, among its myriads of wonderful Animals and Monsters, contains genuine contributions from Land, Sea and Air, and from every clime in Europe, Asia, Africa and America. Besides an almost unlimited number of the most remarkable and Rare Wild BEASTS, SEA MONSTERS and WONDERFUL BIRDS.



THERE IS ALSO A GRAND AND STRICTLY MORAL CIRCUS.

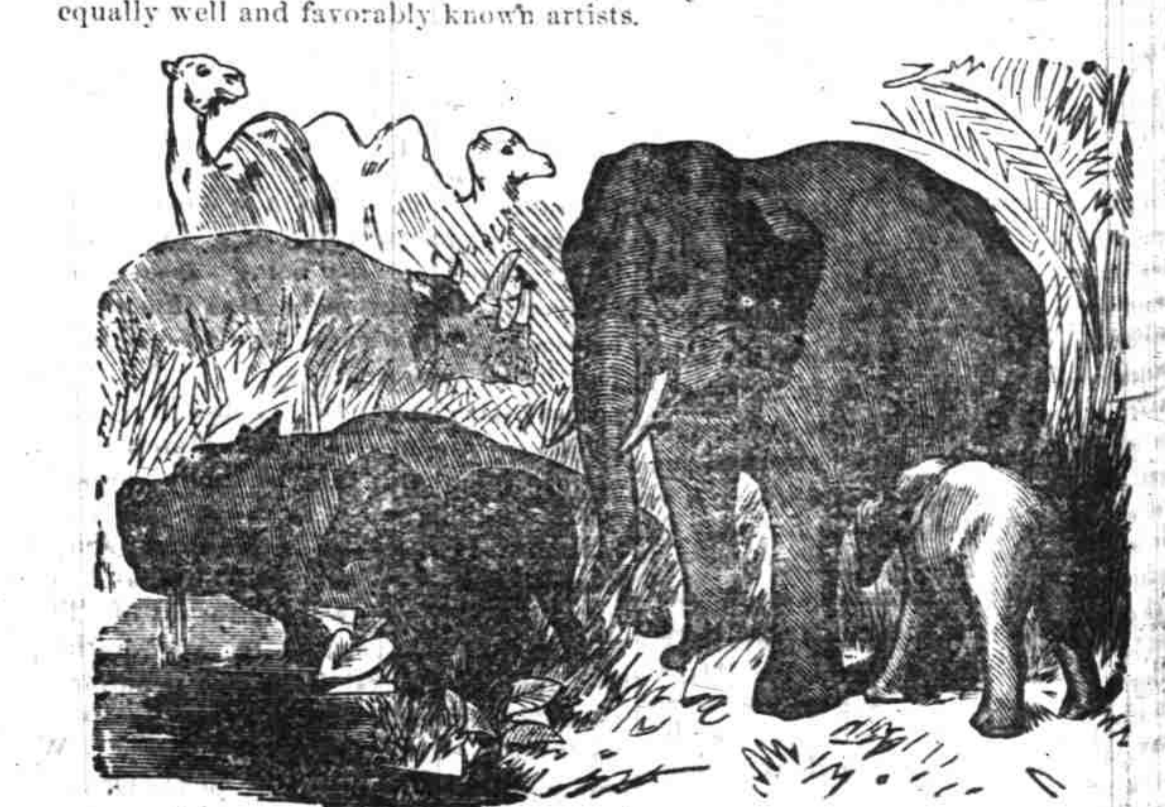
In which the talent employed is unequalled, and comprises the highest order of Performers in the land. The public, and particularly ladies, children and families, are assured that this department is without a blemish, and nothing is said or done that can offend the most fastidious taste of a refined or high-toned community.

Among the Illustrations and Wonderful Artists in this department are MR. ROBERT STICKEY, the most daring, finished and graceful Equestrian now living, and the Champion Double Somersault Leaper of the world.

Miss EMMA LAKE, the most charming and dashing young Horsewoman in the profession. Her challenge message act has never been equaled. JOHN LOWLOW, concided by the public, the press and the profession to be the greatest Clown living.

FRANK ROBBINS, the Peerless Rider, whose reputation is world wide. EL NINO EDMOND, the unrivaled and remarkable Tight-Rope Performer. HERBERT BROTHERS, the Acrobatic Wonders.

LAZELLE & FRANKLIN, the thrilling Trapeze Performers. Miss JENNIE TOURNOUR, the Ariel Queen. MISS ROSALINE STICKEY, Miss CHRISTINE and six other lady Riders. JOHN WILSON, the Four-Horse Bare Back Rider. GEORGE SLOMAN, the great English Globe Performer. NONPAREIL LEWIS, the wonderful negro boy Bare Back Rider, and twenty other equally well and favorably known artists.



PROCESSION OF DAZZLING SPLENDOR

Unsurpassed as a Moving Panorama of Brilliant Chariots, Wagons, Cars, Carriages, Buses, Animals, Sacred Cattle, Two Bands of Music, Trained Horses, Wild Beasts, Fifty Painted Waving Banners, Gorgeous Costumes and

A Team of Ponderous Elephants

Driven in Harness Drawing a Golden Chariot, A Team of Egyptian Dromedaries, Ponies Drawing the FAIRY CHARIOT, forming a picture of Bewildering Beauty.

Two Performances Daily

DOORS OPEN AT 1 AND 7 P. M. PERFORMANCES AN HOUR LATER.

A few reserved Cushion Opera Chairs can be secured at the small additional charge of 25 cents.

Excursion Rates on Western N. C. Railroad from all Stations to Salisbury and Return. See special Excursion Bills.