THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1877.

Carolina Watchman.

Gov. Vance delivered his lecture on the Jews in Asheville, last week. The same lecture won for him the profoundest gratitude and admiration of the Jews in Wilmington, a year or two ago.

Dr. W. H. WHEELER has beaten "Windy Billy" in the race for Revenue Collector in the 5th District. The administration would take in less air, and so *Wheel*-er comes in vice *Win*-stead displaced and *Windy* shut out. This is because *Wheel*-er *spoke* more than *Windy blew*.

Col. F. M. Holliday has been nominated for Governor by the Conservatives of Virginia. The State debt question continues to engross a large share of public concern, and the Convention took occasion to speak out in decided terms in favor of maintaing the name and good fame of the State. Col. Holliday also declares against everything like repudiation.

"Fooling."—We learn that a negro prisoner at work on the West. N. C. R. R. was killed by one of the guard on Tuesday last. It is described to us as an act of wanton carelessness—the result of "foolin" with a loaded gun. It occurred in the force under the command of Mr. Wm. Howard, of this place, who, by the way, we also learn has been superceded, but not on account of this accident.

Russio--Turkish War.—Appalling accounts are given of the misery of fugitives from districts devastated by Bashi-Bazouks and Bulgarians. Thousands of women and children have been driven out homeless and starving, leaving crops to rot on the ground. It is probable the Turks and christians can never again live in the same country, but that the latter will be exterminated. The cruelties practiced against them are mostly perpetrated by irregular Turkish troops, over whom the government have had only a limited control.

WONDERFUL IF TRUE.

The Charlotte *Observer* of the 14th, gives account of a new and wonderful process for preserving Fruits, Vegetables, Meats, &c., tested in the presence of some of the prominent citizens of that place last Monday. It is the discovery of two gentlemen of Texas, Gen. A. T. Hawthorne and Col. Chas. Baskerville, who offer to sell the right of the State for $20,000. The greatest part of the wonder is the cheapness of the process: It is a fluid preparation costing only fifteen cents per barrel, if we mistake not. Next to that is the perfect preservation which it ensures. If the discovery is indeed what is claimed for it, it ought to be bought by the State or the general government and given to the people.

Sorgum.—There is a largely increased interest in this part of the State in the production of this article. Almost every farmer has his cane patch this year, and will produce syrup sufficient for his own use, and many of them will have a surplus. They are introducing improved machinery and evaporators, and aiming to manufacture a superior article. This is a step in the right direction and will save thousands of dollars to the farmers of Western North Carolina. Mrs. Rich. Thomason and her sons, in this vicinity, have never given up the production of this crop since its introduction during the war. They recognized its value from the first, and have steadily made it pay, not only in meeting their own wants, but in supplying to the market an article readily bringing a fair price and commanding the preference over the commoner grades of imported molasses.

APPOINTMENT OF CONSTABLES.

We see in the papers no little said in regard to the proper authority to appoint constables in the various Townships where no election was held for such officers on the first Thursday in August. In Mecklenburg we see the County Commissioners appointed constables, but such appointees becoming alarmed lest they had not been duly appointed, candidates were beseiging the Governor for such appointments. We understand the County Commissioners of Rowan made such appointments when asked to do so and in doing so, it seems to us, did right. Section 24, of the 4th article of the amended Constitution, says: "In each county "a sheriff and coroner shall be elected, "and in each Township there shall be a "constable elected in like manner, &c,. "In case of a vacancy existing *for any* "*cause* in any of the offices created by this "section, the Commissioners of the County "may appoint to such office for the unex-"pired term." Now the constables term of office elected under the old constitution expired the 1st Thursday in August, and so there was no constables elected in many counties to fill the vacancies occasioned by the expiration of the term of service of the constables in office at the time the amended constitution went into effect, and the words "for any cause" was thought to be comprehensive enough to cover the case, and the County Commissioners made such appointments.

The trouble arises in the case because the 25th section of the same article says: "All vacancies occuring in the offices pro-"vided for by this article of the constitu-"tion shall be filled by the appointment of "the Governor, *unless otherwise provided* "*for*." Now it is held that the 24th section of the 4th article of the constitution *does otherwise provide* for filling vacancies in the office of constable. Let the Attorney General take the case, and let us know where the power to appoint constables exists under our amended constitution.

INTERESTING TO FRUIT GROWERS.

The American Pomological Society will hold its 16th Session at Baltimore, Md., on the 12th, 13th and 14th Sept. proximo, and it is expected to be the largest meeting ever held. The Society have sent invitations to some of the Fruit Growers of North Carolina to attend and bring samples of all the various fruits they can collect. The present year is favorable for such exhibition, the Fruit crop of this State being both abundant and of excellent quality. We hope those who are engaged in the business will take some pains to make collections and have them on exhibition at this great annual gathering.

The subjoined letter on this subject will be read with interest:

RICHMOND, VA., August 2d 1877.

CAPT. JNO. BEARD, Salisbury, N. C.,

DEAR SIR:—We enclose to you an extract from the August number of the "Southern Planter & Farmer" in reference to the meeting of the American Pomological Society which is to be held this year in Baltimore * * We write to you because we know that you are interested in the subject of Fruits and Fruit Growing, and because we believe you will be interested to add a fine collection of fruit as your share of the Exhibition. It is not necessary to have a very large number of kinds in order to make it worth while to send specimends, for often a small number of varieties of FINE Apples, or Pears, or Grapes, &c. attract more attention than a more extended display where the fruit is not so fine. If you or any of your neighbors have any new seedling of Apples, Pears, Peaches, &c. of merit, it would be very desirable to have specimens of them also sent for exhibition.—We hope you will let us know soon whether you can send some samples of fruit, and if you would like to send the fruit to us and have us take charge of it, we will attend to the fruit with pleasure, and will be sure that it is properly exhibited.

A large number of persons in all parts of the State are taking an interest in this Exhibition, and mean to make the display of Fruit a FINE ONE. We trust that we can depend on you to send some handsome fruit.

Hoping to hear from you soon, we are

Yours Respectfully,
FRANKLIN DAVIS & Co.

THE LAST CONFEDERATE GOLD.—Richmond, Va., Aug. 3.—Judge Hughes, of the United States District Court, has decided that the gold from the Virginia treasury which the State officials distributed among themselves on the evening of the evacuation of Richmond was the property of the United States government, and that the action brought against the said officials by the United States government can be maintained in his court. The amount involved is $25,000.

MAINE AND BLAINE.

The Convention Nominates a Governor and Refuses to Endorse Hayes.

AUGUSTA, ME., August 9.—Blaine called the convention to order. There was great applause. Judge Drummond the temporary chairman, was made permanent chairman, with a large number of vice-presidents. The administrationists have a majority on the resolutions committee.

Seldon Bonner was nominated Governor by acclamation. The resolutions do not assail the administration. The fourth is as follows; "Most kindly and fraternal relations should be entertained between all sections of our common country, and peace, good will, quiet and harmony have always been most cordially desired and labored for by the Republicans of Maine. They believe these great ends can be secured by only the freest exercise of political opinion, and the most unrestrained liberty of party organization. They view therefore with solicitude and alarm, the complete consolidation of all political power in the sixteen Southern States in the hands of those who precipitated the rebellion. While white union men are persecuted into silence or banishment, the entire colored race is so practically disfranchised by force and fear that in Congressional districts where they have more than two-thirds of the voters, they are unable to elect one of their own race, or a white man in sympathy with their interests," &c.

LATER.—An amendment to the resolutions reaffirming confidence in the integrity, patriotism and statesmanship of Rutherford B. Hayes was not adopted.

A Strike Women Turn Against Their Husbands.

NEW YORK, August 9.—There has been more trouble at Port Johnson and Bergen Point, among the coal heavers this morning. Twenty-five old hands returned to work at old wages. At noon they went home to dinner and were met at the end of the plank road by their own wives and the wives of other strikers, who attacked them with stones.

THE INDIAN WAR.

The Battle at Big Hole—Gibbon's Losses &c.

CHICAGO, August 13.

The following is the official report of the Indian fight in Montana;

ST. PAUL, MINN., August 11.

Gen. Sheridan, Chicago, Ills.:

A dispatch just received from Gen. Gibbon, dated Big Hole Pass, August 9th, says: "We surprised the Nez Perces camp here this morning, and got possession of it after a hard fight, in which both sides lost heavily. Capt. Logan and Lieutenant Bradley are killed. Myself, Captain Williams and Lieutenants Coolidge Woodruff and English were wounded—the last seriously. (Signed.)

A. TERRY,
Brigadier-Gen. Commanding."

LATER,

CHICAGO, August 13.

The following dispatch was received at the military headquarters:

"BIG HOLE PASS, Aug. 11.

"My loss in the battle of the 9th instant, were seven officers and fifty-three men, killed and wounded. I am satisfied that the Indians suffered much more, for the surprise was complete. Forty dead Indians were counted on about one-half of the battle-field. Howard has just arrived, and I believe he can catch them again. As soon as I can get the services of a doctor, I propose to move to Deer Lodge and take most of our wounded to Ft. Shaw. They are all doing well, but I fear that Lieutenant English is mortally hurt.

(Signed.) GIBBON,
Commanding."

SCRANTON, August 13.—Two hundred and fifty men stopped the pump men at several mines in and about Carbondale, put out the fires, and the mines are again being flooded.

Diabolical Action of Strikers.

SCRANTON, August 9.—A diabolical attempt was made last night about 9 o'clock to surrender six of the mayor's posse into the hands of the mob upon a writ of commitment. Carriages were provided and the mob assembled at Taylorsville. The plan was thwarted by the prompt action of the military which took possession of the posse, delivering them up this morning to the sheriff of Wilkesbarre.

Mexican Depredators.

GALVESTON, August 13.—The *News'* special from Rio Grande City says: "At 1 o'clock this morning fifteen men from Mexico entered the town, broke open the jail, shot Judge Cox and the jailor, and released two notorious outlaws. The civil authorities called on the military for assistance, and Col. Price, with one hundred regulars and two Gatlin guns started in pursuit but failed to overtake them. They recrossed the river and entered Mexico seven miles below Rio Grande. The troops have not yet crossed."

WASHINGTON, August 13.—The Treasury Department has issued a circular that its employees must pay their washerwomen, &c.

A Washington special to the Baltimore *Sun*, says: "Mr. Blaine, in a letter to a friend in Washington, expresses apprehension that the Southern policy of President Hayes will be lost sight of in the agitation of the labor troubles. He conveys the impression that while he will endeavor to keep on top in the agitation of the labor question, he will take care not to abandon his line of action on the Southern question. Butler's intentions are to make the Southern question secondary to the workingmans', whose champion he proposes to be."

The postmaster at Charleston, South Carolina, in a letter to the Postmaster-General, calls his attention to the increasing practice of selling postage stamps, &c., by country postmasters of that State, for the purpose of increasing their compensations, which, under the present law, is derived from the commissions on the number of stamps sold.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The last of the Whisky convicts in the West have been released from the penitentiary.

Gov. of Texas must make requisition on Mexico for offenders on Texas soil.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—N. Y. Leather Manufacturers' Co., petition for a receiver.

A bankers convention is to be held in N. Y. on the 16th Sept. The call extends to all the banks in the U. S.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Col. Gibbon has inflicted a severe if not fatal chastisement on the hostile Nez Perces Indians.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The Turks are butchering the christians in and about Esk Saghara, by the thousands. Men, women and children are all alike destroyed, and their houses burnt.

The Russians are awaiting re-enforcements.

Chancy Rose, Indiana, aged 83, is dead. He has expended $2,000,000 for charitable and benevolent purposes.

An English Steamer sailed from New Haven, Aug. 11, night, with ammunition for the Turks.

The Queen of England in her recent speech in prorogation of Parliament says she had determined to stand neutral in reference to the Eastern war, and will so remain, so long as the interest of her kingdom are not endangered.

The Newton folks secured the passage of the Lenoir and Chester road through their town, by agreeing to grade the track between Lincolnton and Newton.

The Charlotte District Conference at Monroe last week, resolved that a division of the North Carolina Conference is inexpedient at present.

The next North Carolina Annual Conference of the Methodist Church will be held at Salisbury on the 28th of November. Bishop Doggett will preside.

Queen Victoria don't believe in divorces. Recently she refused to see an American lady of high social standing, who happened to have two husbands living.

And now up steps our friend Caleb Hoyle with another new seedling grape, which he gallantly names the "Carolina Lady." And the Carolina Lady, like her name sake, is nice and plump, and sweet as—well say—"sweet as a peach," and twice as juicy.—*Southern Home.*

[From the N. Y. World, 5th.]

Sewing-Girls in the Sea—Fifteen Hundred of them Invited to a Day's Pleasure at Rockaway Beach.

Sixteen hundred New York and Brooklyn sewing-girls went down on the new steamboat Columbia yesterday on a free excursion to Rockaway Beach. Some of the girls were very pretty, and almost all of them were young and brisk and tidy. They came from Stewart's, Claflin's, Macy's and numberless other places, and nearly all employers seem to have taken pains to arrange a comfortable holiday for them. The Columbia took one lot at Twenty-fourth street, North River: another at Tenth street, another at pier No. 2, and another at Jewel's Dock, Brooklyn. Some tickets were sold also, mostly to young men whom the girls knew and doubtless were willing to have along, and the company numbered some 2,500 altogether.

There is quite a number of Jamestown weeds growing in different parts of the town that should be rooted up.—*Hickory Press.* Cut in August and dried, and they are a specific for the relief of asthma—not cure, but instant relief. Smoke in a pipe. Fact.—*Star.*

Mrs. DEATON, the old lady struck by the train on the Charlotte and Statesville R. R., last Wednesday, was promptly attended by two Doctors who did for her all that was possible, but her injuries were fatal. Only her left leg, next to the train, was mangled, and her skull under the left ear badly smashed. The poor old lady was alone to blame for the accident, abundant notice having been given her; but she only miscalculated her strength and agility, and it cost her her life.

Blasting by electricity is coming into use and is found to be far more sure and economical than the ordinary way. Many different charges can be exploded by it simultaneously, thus aggregating a force sufficient to rend a mountain into fragments. A small electrical machine, weighing only 14 lbs., easily handled by workmen, has been devised for this purpose.

A Mrs. Margaret Clark writes from Memphis to the Mayor of New Orleans that in 1852 her husband loaned General Gaines some $8,000. Now she desires that Mrs. Myra Clark Gaines should settle the debt, or give her a piece of property in New Orleans.

SALISBURY CONGREGATION.

This congregation is now vacant. We ministered to them for the last time, as pastor, on Sunday, July 29. Parting counsels were given under circumstances which affected us deeply. The minds of all were well prepared to receive them; and we are fully persuaded that, if obeyed, they will secure a prosperous future to the congregation. They were such as God's word enjoins, and the neglect of which incurs his displeasure, but the practice of which is always accompanied with his blessing.

The relation of pastor and people is a mutually endearing one. No man of natural affection can be associated with a congregation for even a short period without forming strong attachments, and drawing forth measurably a reciprocal feeling; and this tendency is rendered more intense and decided by the solemn convictions drawn from the divine realities of the Gospel—its cheering verities of hope and faith taking hold upon the "life eternal."

The sundering of that relation has always been to us most painful, as we presume it is to pastors generally.

Our pastoral intercourse with the Salisbury congregation was uninterruptedly pleasant. In no instance did we ever have an unkind or disrespectful word spoken to us; nor do we know of one instance, while among them, of evil having been spoken of us. And it is due, further, to say of the community of Salisbury generally that they treated us with habitual kindness and respect. In no locality have we found the citizens more uniformly courteous than were those of Salisbury toward us during our short stay among them. And we parted with them reluctantly, and with the earnest wish and prayer for their temporal and eternal good.

St. John's Ev. Lutheran congregation of Salisbury, we hope, will soon again enjoy the faithful administration of the divine word, from the mouth of a pastor sent of God, and whom, as laboring among them, they will "esteem very highly for his work's sake."—*Lutheran Visitor.*

Davidson County—

PROBATE COURT.

P. S. Benbow, Admr. of T. C. Wallace, *Plaintiff*
Against
Robert Wallace and others *Defendants.*
} NOTICE.

To Robert Wallace, H. D. Wallace, Geo. Wallace, Eugene Williams and others, Defendants in this case. You will take notice that the Plaintiff in this case will make a motion to confirm the sale of the lands described in the Petition, before me at my office in the Town of Lexington, on the 20th day of August, 1877; when and where you may appear and show cause, if any you have, why said sale shall not be confirmed.

This the 26th day of July, 1877.

C. F. LOWE,
Clerk Superior Court and Probate Judge, Davidson County.