Carolina Watchman.

THUSDAY, OCTOBER, 25, 1877.

A New Volume.—We enter upon a new volume of the *Watchman* this week, and we would take this occasion to express our thanks to its patrons for their continued favors. The "hard times" of which all have complained for several years, have borne as hard upon us, we suppose, as upon any one else. But like the majority of *hard workers*, we are emerging from out the gloom with honor untarnished, and ready to enjoy the "good times" when they come, with a conscience at peace with our fellow men. We expect to work hard to the end of our days, doing the best we can to give our patrons the full value of their money, and confidently expect to be rewarded therefor to the extent of an honest and comfortable living. We have got good shoes, three or four shirts, a sunday coat, and Mauney & Ross have just given us a good hat, and we have paid the last installment on our paper bill and arn't ashamed or afraid to look any of our neighbors full in the face, and therefore——we are ready to book new subscribers as fast as they come, and to serve patrons in all the ways we have been doing it for the last few years. With best wishes to all, &c. &c.

Catawba County is reported to have yielded 125,642 bushels wheat this year.

Salmon eggs have been sent to Henry's to stock the mountain streams with salmon fish.

Wood's Chicago Musuem was burned on Tuesday. Loss $50,000.

Losses sustained by failures reported on Tuesday, aggregate $365,000.

Mr. Clark Springs, an aged deaf mute, was killed on the railroad near Spartanburg, S. C., recently.

The Synod of the Presbyterian church met in Charlotte last night. The attendance is full. Rev. M. McQueen is Moderator.

Senator Morton's condition yesterday, was rather worse than his physicians expected it would be.

The Russians have projected several railroads in Bulgaria and will commence building them next week. They are for war purposes.

Dead Camel.—In loading the cars at Statesville, to move W. W. Cole's circus to Charlotte, one of the camels fell and was so badly injured that it died on the road before reaching Charlotte, and was thrown off the train.

Mr. G. L. Gibson, died at Hickory on the 11th inst. He had stopped there on his return from Boone to attend to some business and died suddenly. He was a native of Cabarrus but resided in Charlotte.

A noted horse thief in Wake, named Wallace, who has given much trouble and shot an officer in that county about six months ago who went to arrest him, returned to his home recently. A posse went to arrest him, but he resisting was shot and killed.

We invite attention to the poetic corner, fourth page, filled occasionally "BY WHO." He writes suggestively, this week, and we shall be pleased if some of our lady readers will drop him a few lines through our columns of either advice or consolation. He is a "hard case" we fear, but seems just now in a softened mood.

The Farmer and Mechanic.—The first No. of this new journal is on our table. It is a large eight page paper, neatly printed on new and handsome type.

It is the organ of the Board of Agriculture, which board was organized in obedience to a provision of the new Constitution of the State. Gov. Vance is ex-officio Chairman of the Board, W. C. Kerr, State Geologist; R. K. Battle, President State Agricultural College; T. M. Holt, President State Agricultural Society; S. B. Alexander, master State Grange, are all ex-officio members of the Board, together with Messrs J. R. Thigpen, of Edgecombe; Nathan Evans, of Cumberland; Leo. L. Polk, commissioner, and Thos. J. Robinson, Sec. and Treasury.

This Board has been diligently planning and laboring to execute the design of the Legislature in the creation of the Agricultural Department, and they only require the hearty sympathy and co-operation of the intelligent farmers of the State to make it eminently sucessful and useful in all the purposes for which it was intended. We regard it as one of the most important schemes ever started in the State. It has already rendered valuable services to the agricultural interests of the State protecting farmers from imposition in respect to fertilizers, in establishing a labratory at Chapel Hill to analyze soils, and in other ways making Chemistry subserve the interest of the farmer, and in re-stocking our streams with fish. They have established a corps of able correspondents with members in every county of the State, and last, finding it necessary in order to communicate with the farmers throughout our borders, have established the "Farmer and Mechanic" as their organ for that purpose. As a part of the grand scheme, it is valuable, and is commended to the support of the people by the highest considerations of State pride and personal interest.

Says the Wilmington *Star*: A young colored man in the employ of Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son, Enoch Bettencourt by name, suddenly expired yesterday afternoon, when up to a few minutes or even seconds before his death he was in apparent good health. The deceased was only 28 or 30 years of age.

CONTESTING SENATORS.

The Republicans in the Senate of U. S. Congress avail themselves of ever real and technical objection to the admission of the Louisiana Senators to the seats in that body which the people of the State have elected them. A long and obstinate contest is kept up both against Spofford and Eustis. Kellog was elected by the Packard Legislature in January last, and was duly accredited by the Packard government as the Senator elect. But the Packard government was a fraud, and fell to pieces the moment the troops were withdrawn from the State. Nichols, it thus appeared, was the true Governor, elect; and the Legislature which afterwards formed under his authority, the true government of the State. This body elected Spofford, and all the necessary forms of law were fully complied with to certify the fact. Now the question in dispute in the U. S. Senate is, which of the two is entitled to the seat, Kellog or Spofford. It is contended by the Republicans that Kellog's credentials comply exactly with all the forms of laws, even to the broad seal of the State, and that *prima facie*, he is the true Senator; and that the subsequent election of Spofford does not invalidate his claim.

Eustis' seat is contested on slightly different grounds by Pinchback, the latter having been elected by what is known as the Kellog Legislature of 1872-'73. Eustis was elected by what is known in Louisiana as the Wheeler or compromise Legislature at a subsequent date. The credentials of Pinchback were presented and referred to the proper Congressional Committee and led to a discussion that lasted nearly four years. The credentials of Mr. Eustis were presented in Jan. 1876, and on the 14th referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. On the 28th of the same month that Committee reported adversely to the right of Eustis, alledging there was no vacancy, Pinchback having been elected before him to the same term; and recommended that the papers relating to Eustis be laid upon the table. But afterwards the Senate decided that Pinchback had not been elected, and so his case was settled. That decision created a vacancy and Mr. Eustis comes forward and claims that he is entitled and qualified to fill it. The Senate had recognized Mr. Eustis as a duly elected Senator and set him aside only on the ground that the place he claimed was already filled by another man. Now, notwithstanding Pinchback is out of the way, and the long continued vacancy in the Senatorial representation, of Louisiana, the Republicans are fighting against the admission of Mr. Eustis, for no other reason, as it would seem, than the dread of endangering their partizan control of the Senate.

The case of Kellog and Spofford is now by resolution of the Senate, in the hands of the Committee on Privileges and Elections. Both are appearing before the Committee, Kellog by counsel, and Spofford supporting his own claim.

The Republicans evidently intend to fight it out to the bitter end. With a vast popular majority against them, and apparently blind to the signs of the times, and especially to their recent overthrow in the great State of Ohio, they show no signs of wavering in Congress, and concede nothing on witnessing the benign effects of the President's just policy towards the South. In short, they have so long clutched the South by the throat and compelled her to obey orders, that they have come to think it is right, and are utterly unwilling to relinquish their hold.

NORTH CAROLINA FRUIT DISPLAY AT THE STATE FAIR.

[Raleigh Observer's Report.]

The visitor first enters what is known as Octagon Hall, where a splendid fruit display meets the eye, Capt. Natt. Atkinson, of Buncombe county, is on hand with two hundred varieties of apples, six varieties of pears, six of peaches and almonds, quinces, chesnuts, walnuts, &c. His brag apple is the Gloria Mundi, and he has specimens actually weighing thirty-two ounces. His Buffs are also beauties, some of them weighing twenty-four ounces. All of his specimens come from Buncombe county, except a few from Haywood, Transylvania and Yancey counties. Capt. Atkinson, it will be remembered, carries a medal from the Centennial exhibition.

J. W. Perry of Chatham, is also a competitor in the orchard production line. He has also on exhibition something like two hundred varieties of apples, three of pears, three of grapes, two of peaches, and two of figs. He brags upon his *Magnum Bonum*, which he declares to be the juciest and sweetest apple in the world.

Cap. J. R. Neal, of Yancey, makes a capital display of fruit raised in his county, and shows seventy-five varieties of magnificent apples, four varieties of grapes, three of peaches, one of quinces, and a large collection of black and white walnuts, sweet chestnuts, goobers, &c., &c. This display is entirely from Capt. Neal's own orchard, and makes such a fine show as to excite general admiration.

J. Van Lindley, of Greensboro, has an excellent display of fruit. Among his one hundred varieties of apples, were some of the largest and most luscious ever seen in this section of the country. He has also numerous varieties of peaches, pears, quinces, &c.

The elections in France took place *last Sunday*, according to law.

No wonder the French people have been so butchered in wars, oppressed by tyrants, and suffered so many calamities, when they *as a people* and *a nation* systematically violate the Sabbath day and spurn the authority of an Almighty God. Any man or people who regularly violate the holy Sabbath will finally come to ruin, if not a miserable death.—*Char. Democrat.*

N. C. TOBACCO FRAUDS.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—It will be remembered that last Spring a large number of tobacco manufacturers were indicted in the United States Circuit Court at Greensboro, N. C., for reusing, altering, forging and counterfeiting tobacco stamps on tobacco manufactured and shiped by them in violation of the internal revenue laws. Last Thursday these cases were called at the Fall term of said Court, Judge Bond presiding, and after some effort to secure a continuance by the defence, the trial was commenced. The United States attorneys and revenue officers were ready with their evidence, and a vigorous prosecution was opened in the evening. That night the consternation of the offenders was great, for they had been led to believe that an arrangement for their "general amnesty" had been or would be effected, the department at Washington having been deluged with petitions in their favor from all parts of the State, no less than seventeen thousand persons, it is said, having signed their petitions. On Friday morning the defendants, fourteen in number, against whom there were twenty-eight cases, appeared in Court, and through their counsel pleaded guilty to all the indictments against them. The vigorous opening of the prosecution the evening before had completely demoralized them, and they hoped by an unconditional submission to secure consideration from the Court, on whose mercy they had thrown themselves. After requiring competent bail for their appearance, the Court suspended sentence until the next term.

The penalties affixed by law to the offences to which they pleaded guilty are $500 to $5,000 fine and three years imprisonment. The names of those pleading guilty are Jeremy R. Gilmer, R. E. Reeves, M. C. Reeves, Winston Fulton, Wm. M. Ban, John M. Brower, John L. Worth, C. W. Lewis, Rufus Roberts, Madison Hines, Lazarus S. Marion, Lewis N. Marion, John R. Patterson and Wiley E. Patterson, all citizens of Surry county, North Carolina.

AN ATTEMPT TO MURDER.

Tuesday afternoon, the 9th inst., Mr. Geo. S. Lanier, of the St. Charles Hotel, Statesville, N. C., was traveling alone in a buggy near Turnersburg, Iredell county, and met in the road a large heavy built man, barefooted and in shirt sleeves. The stranger stopped the horse by catching hold of the bridle reins.—Mr. Lanier was somewhat surprised at this action but quietly told him to let the horse loose—which he did not do. Mr L. got out of the buggy and went towards him and demanded an explanation of such conduct. The stranger struck at him with a knife which he had kept concealed in his hand all the time. Mr. L warded off the lick with one hand and knocked him down with the other, and after giving the would-be-murderer a severe pummeling he drove off, leaving him lying in the road. In his effort to save himself from the deadly stroke of the knife, Mr. L. received a slight wound in the neck and a painful gash on his hand. From all appearances the man referred to was a professional tramp and his intention was to assassinate Mr. Lanier for his money and buggy and horse. He had light hair and moustache, and has not been heard from since.—*Piedmont Press.*

THE N. C. WESTERN U. S. COURT DISTRICT.

We see it stated that Hon. Mr. Waddell has introduced a bill in the House of Representatives to abolish the Western District U. S. Court in North Carolina. We hope it will not pass. The people of this State have few enough conveniences in U. S. Judicial and Post Office facilities without abolishing any that we now have. The Western District Court should not be abolished in order to get clear of Judge Dick, Marshal Douglas or any other officers who do not properly discharge their duties. Let articles of impeachment be preferred against them before the proper tribunals.

If the Western District Court is abolished the people of the whole Western part of the State will have to travel all the way to Wilmington, or Newberne, or some other sea-shore city, to attend Court. The members of Congress from North Carolina west of Raleigh should not permit Mr. Waddell's bill to pass.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

VICE PRESIDENT WHEELER'S VIEWS.

[Washington Republican, 16th.]

Vice President Wheeler has had a long conference with the President regarding the political situation. In speaking on this subject yesterday the Vice President remarked that, notwithstanding the action of the Republicans in Ohio, he still felt that the course of the President in regard to the Southern States was most judicious; that he did not regard the President's course as a policy, but as a principle of vital importance to the future peace and prosperity of the whole country; that he felt more assured of the wisdom of the President's course than ever. During the past summer he had opportunities to ascertain the views of the Republicans not only of New York, but in all parts of the country, and that the feeling was such that, had not this been pursued, it would have cost the Republican party thousands of votes.

Fifteen States have yet to hold elections this fall. Louisiana, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and Wisconsin vote on the 6th of November, and Georgia on the 5th of December. In addition Illinois elects county officers on November 6th.

GIGANTIC SWINDLE.

How a Set of Men Forged Deeds to Texas Lands, and Made Money.

KANSAS CITY, MO., October 19.—A gigantic swindle was brought to light yesterday. J. R. Hall, Edward L. Stevens and Geo. W. Miller were arrested on a requisition from Governor Hubbard, of Texas, charged with forging land titles and issuing fraudulent deeds for large tracts of land in Texas. The scheme of fraud was organized by Hall and another person named Thos. Tullis, of Austin, Texas. Hall lives here, and through his persuasion Stevens and Miller were brought into the plot. Stephens, who is a lawyer and son of Judge Stevens of this city, is believed to have gone into the operations innocently at first, by purchasing 14,000 acres of Texas lands from Hall, but subsequently becoming fascinated by the opportunities offered for making money rapidly, entered freely into the swindling conspiracy, and was known in Texas as a Kansas City lawyer.

In order to better secure the success of these plans, Hall and his confederates caused to be made duplicate copies of notaries and other seals, and procured specimens of the signatures of numerous officials of Texas. They also caused to be printed blank forms, and exact copies of deeds necessary for their transactions. All titles and patents used by them, and representing either the general government or the State lands, were forged. An immense amount of land has been conveyed by them under many different *aliases* to many different persons. About a year ago the attention of Gov. Hubbard was called to the fact, and on looking into it, he was shown that a monstrous swindle had been perpetrated, involving the interests of both the State of Texas and the United States. The authorities at Washington were notified of the facts discovered, and Special Agent Foster was sent out here where he obtained clues to the authors of the swindle, which have been closely followed ever since, resulting in the arrest of sixty persons employed in various parts of the country who belong to the gang. No less than 13 court houses have been set on fire and burned during the past year to destroy evidence that could have been brought against the conspirators. Hall, Stevens and Miller left for Texas, yesterday, in the custody of officers from that State.

A Great Swindle—A Number of Prominent Western Men Implicated.

ST. LOUIS, Oct., 20.—The Kansas City *Times*, in its account of the Texas land swindle, says one of the largest banking houses in Austin, Texas, two Chicago bankers, and two real estate dealers and two attorneys in St. Louis, a banker and two real estate dealers in Indianapolis, and two others in Cincinnati, Cleaveland and Pittsburg are to be or have been arrested for being connected with the frauds. It also says there has been a well organized system of forgery in full practice in the western country for the past eight or nine years.

Goes to the Lunatic Asylum—A Sad Case.

NEW YORK, Oct, 20.—At Plymouth church prayer meeting last night, Mr. Beecher, referring to the case of W. C. Gilman, the insurance scrip broker, who has been sent to the penitentiary, said that it was especially hard to see his niece, Mr. Gilman's wife, go to the lunatic asylum, as she will do, this week, and see also her three children distributed among her friends.

A Proposition Rejected.

NEWARK, N. J., October 20.—The Presbyterian Synod voted one hundred to sixteen against women preachers.

Fight with Robbers—Desparate Encounter.

CINCINNATI, O., October 22.—A special dispatch states that a desperate encounter took place Saturday evening, at Big Clifty, Ky., near Louisville, between two highwaymen and Joseph Hausen, a travelling salesman. Hausen started to walk from West Clifty to Big Clifty to catch the train, and was met upon the bridge which spans a chasm one hundred and forty-six feet in depth, by two desperate characters who demanded money. Hausen drew a revolver and shot one, when the other rushed upon him and attempted to throw him over the bridge. Hausen drew a butcher knife from a package of samples, stabbed the robber and succeeded in throwing him down the chasm and then escaped to Big Clifty. The robbers were arrested but not recognized by the people of the place. The one thrown overboard was saved from instant death by falling in the river, but both men will probably die.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—It seems understood among Louisiana politicians that King's name will not be sent to the Senate until near the close. The impression grows that the whole Louisiana Senatorial question will be remitted to the coming session of the Legislature of that State.

A Terrible Explosion.

A special dispatch from Glassgow to the *Pall Mall Gazette*, says; "An explosion occurred in a colliery at High Blantier, near this city. Four hundred men were in the mine at the time. A large number of lives were lost."

LONDON, Oct. 23.—The latest intelligence from the High Blantyne colliery is to 11 o'clock Monday night. The shaft at the bottom of which the knocking was heard, is rapidly collapsing. Explorers consequently are attempting to re-open communication from another mine. They have penetrated about half a mile, but still have one hundred and fifty fathoms to clear.

LATER.—Four miners were discovered alive at 11 o'clock, but so exhausted that one died before morning and the case of anether is thought hopeless. Mining experts express the opinion that all the men remaining in the pits have perished, but even if any are alive no rescue party can reach them in less than eight or ten days. The work of bringing up the dead was resumed this morning. The bodies were found fearfully burned and mangled, showing that the explosion was of terrific violence.

Railroad Accident.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 23.—A train on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad was thrown from the track to-day. The rail had been raised by a jack screw, which was left to hold the rail out of place. The mail, express, baggage and two passenger cars, with three sleepers, were thrown from the track. All were more or less damaged, but not a passenger was hurt. It is the supposed work of discharged section men.

The President and Secretary of the Cuban Republic Captured.

HAVANA, Oct. 23.—A Spanish column near Halguin, commanded by Col. Lozovujo, has captured the President of the Cuban Republic, Thomas Estrada, and the Secretary of the Cuban Chambers.

Frost in Tennessee.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 23.—A heavy white frost fell this morning, which, it is thought, will materially benefit the cotton crop by stopping the second growth, developed by the recent warm weather, and causing the bolls to open.

A Strike Terminated.

LONDON, October 23.—The weavers' strike at Ashton, by which a thousand operatives were thrown out of employment for the past three weeks, has terminated by the strikers accepting the terms offered by the employers.

Death of an Eminent Divine.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Oct 23.—Rev. Dr. W. E. Munsey, an eminent divine of the Southern Methodist Church, died suddenly this morning at Jonesboro.

Railroad Law.—In a case from Wisconsin, the Supreme Court of the United States has decided that the Legislature has power to provide by law for maximum charges of fare and freight by the railroads within the State. Says the Chief Justice: "With the people of Wisconsin this company has domestic relations. Incidentally these may reach beyond the State. But certainty until Congress undertakes to legislate for those who are without the State, Wisconsin may provide for those within, even though it may indirectly affect those without. If the question ever arises whether the company can be compelled to continue its business at the prices fixed, it will be time enough for us to pass upon it when it reaches here in due course of proceeding. It is not here now."

Telegraphing in Switzerland being part of the postal system, its cheapness has rendered its use almost as common as the postoffice. There is not a village, however smal', or wherever located, even on the highest points of the Alps, but what has the facilities of the Government telegraph night and day. The rates for a single message to any part of the country is only ten cents. The double postal card is another feature of their system, and is one of great advantage. It enables you to send a business order, &c, on one part, and on the other your own address, so insuring an immediate answer without expenses or trouble to the receiver.

A VAST REGION OPENED.—Stanley's explorations, added to those of the late lamented Dr. Livingstone, has directed the attention of the world to Africa, and already schemes are on foot looking to its development. We have only as yet a partial knowledge of the results of the latest tour of investigation by Stanley, but some of his discoveries are more important than any which Livingstone made in his time. He has traced the course of the Congo river and found that it was identical with the Lualaba, which was seen at one point by Livingstone. This Congo river is found to be a great navigable stream, reaching eastward beyond the centre of the continent. It is the Mississippi or Amazon of Africa, and is the key to the commerce of a vast region of productive country.—*Halifax (Nova Scotia) Recorder.*

A FREAK OF NATURE.

There is, in Watauga county, N. C., near the dwelling house of Fredrick Shook, on Dutch Creek, a flourishing oak tree of vigorous growth the leaves of which when they burst forth from the bud in the Spring are of a bright golden yellow color, and retain this color during their whole growth and maturity. In autumn, when the coming frost dies the other forest leaves in the wavy brilliant hues, which give such wonderful beauty to the mountain sides, the leaves on this remarkable tree begin at length to turn green, adopting as its own the fresh tint which is just departing from the others.—What a glorious tree its would have been in old Rome, where it leaves would have been twined into the oak garlands which crowned the victors' brows! Could not Vick, Briggs, J. Van Lindley or some other enterprising nurserymen make a handsome speculation by grafting and introducing it as an ornamental tree? The rare and beautiful color of these leaves is not the result of any disease or injury to the tree, as may be seen by its healthy appearance and thrifty growth.—*Piedmont Press.*

There has been quite an extensive revival among the students of Rutherford College, Catawba county, of late.

A New Double-Seated SPRING WAGON

Will be sold at public auction at the Court-House door in Salisbury, at 12 o'clock M., Saturday the 10th day of November,—the property of Levi Niblock—sold to satisfy a claim due John L. Wright. Terms cash.

1:2t. pd. JOHN L. WRIGHT.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE!

GREAT BARGAINS

FOR CASH.

The Store of A. J. Mock & Co., Salisbury, hitherto closed under proceedings in bankruptcy, will be open on Saturday, October 20th, and every article of that splendid stock of Goods will be sold as rapidly as possible

AT COST!

The stock comprises a general assortment, so that the public can find there almost anything desired. The attention of ladies is especially called to the fancy and staple articles in the dress department of the stock, well known to be superb. They, together with everything else, will be sold at cost or less. Call and see.

☞ Persons indebted to the Firm of A. J. Mock & Co., either by note or account, must pay on or before the 1st of Dec. 1877. Any failing to do so will be proceeded against according to law.

DAVID L. BRINGLE, Assignee.

Salisbury, N. C., Oct. 19, 1877. 1:4w.

Rowan County—

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

David M. Cooper, Adm'r of William Cooper, *Against* Ferrand Watson and wife, Nancy C. Watson, J. D. Ritchey and wife, Amelia C. Ritchey, James C. Cooper, George A. Cooper, Mary E. Cooper. } Special proceeding to make real estate assets.

In this case it appearing to the Court that Mary E. Cooper, one of the defendants, is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered, that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Carolina Watchman, a newspaper published in the town of Salisbury, notifying the said Mary E. Cooper to appear at the Superior Court Clerks' office of Rowan County, on the 28th day of November, 1877, then and there to answer or demur to the petition of the plaintiff.

J. M. HORAH, Clerk.

Oct. 13th, 1877. 6t.

EUGENE L. HARRIS.

Artist in Crayon.

Sassafras Fcrk, N. C.

PORTRAITS ENLARGED

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14x17 $10.00. Framed $13.00. 18x22 $15.00. Framed $20.00.

Send for circular, 51:

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

Just Published, in a sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT, AND RADICAL cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Consumption, Epilipsey, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.,—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

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CRAMPTON'S IMPERIAL SOAP IS THE BEST.

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Crampton's Imperial Soap is the Best.

This Soap is manufactured from pure material; and as it contains a large per centage of Vegetable Oil, is warranted fully equal to the best imported Castile Soap, and at the same time contains all the cleansing properties of the celebrated German and French Laundry Soaps. It is therefore recommended for the use in the Laundry, Kitchen and Bath Room, and for general household purposes; also for Printers, Painters, Engineers and Machinist, it will remove spots of Ink, Tar, Grease, Oil, Paint, etc., from the hands.

The Huntington, Pa., Monitor of April 5th, 1877, pronounces this soap the best in the market, as follows:

Reader, we don't want you to suppose that this is an advertisement, and pass it over unheeded. Read it. We want to direct your attention to the advertisement of "Crampton's Imperial Soap." Having used it in our office for the last year, we can recommend it as the best quality of soap in use. It is a rare thing to get a soap that will thoroughly cleanse printing ink from the hands, as also from linen; but Crampton's laundry soap will do it, and we know whereof we speak. It is especially adapted for printers, painters, engineers and machinist, and it will remove grease of all description from the hands as well as clothes, with little labor. For general household purposes it cannot be excelled.

Manufactured only by Crampton Brothers, 2, 4, 8 and 10, Rutgers Place, and 33 and 35, Jefferson St., New York.

For sale by

G. M. BUIS,

49 SALISBURY, N. C.

THE ONLY ANTIDOTE FOR LONG PROFITS!

A STRICTLY CASH BUSINESS!

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF!

I have opened at the old stand, recently occupied by R. Frank Graham & Co., with a Select Stock of

STAPLE & FANCY GOODS,

With PROVISIONS & GROCERIES Added.

DRY GOODS

Sold CHEAPER than can be bought anywhere in Salisbury.

☞ CORN, WHEAT, OATS, BUTTER & Eggs taken as Cash. ☜

My business will be conducted on a CASH BASIS, thereby giving me many advantages over those who do a credit business.

Thanking my friends for past favors, and hoping to merit a continuation of the same, I am most respectfully, &c.,

R. FRANK GRAHAM.

47:tf.

Blackmer and Henderson,

Attorneys, Counselors and Solicitors,

SALISBURY, N. C.

January 22 1876—tf.

Cotton Press Building.

The undersigned offers his services to the public for Cotton Press Building and Repairing, and will do this work cheaper than ever before done in this country. Address,

H. W. OVERCASH, Enochville, Rowan County, N. C.

30.5m.

Attention FARMERS.

GRASS SEED.

Just received a fresh supply of Clover Seed, Orchard Grass, Blue Grass, Red Top and Timothy, which I will sell cheap. At

July 5:5ms. ENNISS

1823. **SEND FOR** 1878,

THE

NEW YORK OBSERVER.

The Best Religious and Secular Family Newspaper. $3 15 a Year, post-paid. Established 1823.

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SAMPLE COPIES FREE.

49:5t

ASSIGNEES' NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the firm of McCubbins, Beall & Dean, are hereby notified to call and settle with the undersigned assignees in Bankruptcy, as longer delay cannot be given.

D. A. DAVIS, } Assignees in
J. S. McCUBBINS, } Bankruptcy.

Sept. 10, 1877. (47:4t.)

BROWN & VERBLE'S

Livery & Sale Stables,

SALISBURY, N. C.,

Will convey passengers to and from any point with the best stock and vehicles.

THE TRAVELING PUBLIC

will find it to their interest to call upon them before making arrangements elsewhere.

Drovers and Traders

will find at this establishment good lots and stables, and plenty of good hay, fodder, oats and corn.

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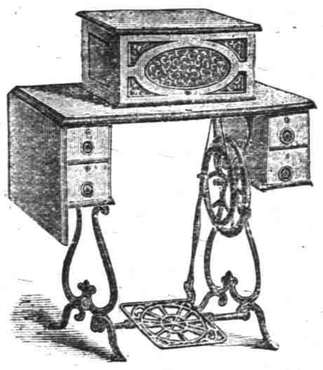

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