



NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT: WINFIELD SCOTT HANCOCK, OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT: WILLIAM H. ENGLISH, OF INDIANA.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET: FOR GOVERNOR, THOMAS J. JARVIS, OF PIT.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, JAMES L. ROBINSON, OF MASON.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE, WILLIAM L. SAUNDERS, OF WAKE.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL, THOMAS S. KENAN, OF WILSON.

FOR TREASURER, JOHN M. WORTH, OF RANDOLPH.

FOR AUDITOR, W. P. ROBERTS, OF GATES.

FOR SUP. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, JOHN C. SCARBORO, OF JOHNSTON.

ELECTORS FOR THE STATE AT LARGE, JAMES MADISON LEACH, OF DAVIDSON, FABIAN H. BUSBEE, OF WAKE.

Seventh District Congressional Convention.

At a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee of the Seventh District held at Statesville on Tuesday the 8th, a Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress, was called to meet in YADKINVILLE on THURSDAY, the 5th of August.

REPUBLICAN MEETING IN CHARLOTTE.

The Observer, of Sunday last, brings report of the proceedings of a Radical convention in which there were several incidents of public interest. We note first, that Wm. R. Myers and Gen. R. Barringer were the only white men who took part. The other speakers were negroes. John Schenck, colored, seemed to be the ruling spirit of the body, and when resisted in some of the proceedings of the meeting, rose up with his followers, and threatened to vacate the hall. This brought up Gen. Barringer, who gave into Schenck, and begged the meeting to do so. He was successful. Harmony was restored, and the meeting proceeded with its business. But we note second, that in the course of his speech Gen. Barringer declared that if the Democrats ever got the power they would restore slavery: He knew they denied it, but they were liars!

We put this on record for the General's benefit hereafter. Was it said to appease Schneck, and scare up the negro vote? Was it intended to signalize extraordinary courage in behalf of radicalism? Was it in payment of a debt to the radical party, from whom it is reported the General has received substantial tokens of favor? Was it because he believed what he said was true? These are interesting inquiries and we leave them to our readers to solve. The General has placed himself beyond the pale of a charitable construction by the violence of this own language. Men are at liberty to believe what they please of him.

The strength of the Democratic party in North Carolina is beyond all question. The only trouble about it is to get them to go to the polls. A gentleman from Atwell township said to us a few days ago "nearly all the Overseasmen in Atwell (there are about 160 of them), are good solid men and democrats, but not more than 25 of them ever trouble themselves to go to the polls." This is an exceptional year. The democrats of this great country are going to vote a tremendous rebuke to the Republicans for putting Hayes in Tilden's place, and every good man in Atwell's township, we trust, will make a hand at the work.

COUNTY CONVENTIONS.—Since our last the State Executive Committee have submitted a plan for holding County Conventions for the purpose of nominating candidates in the several counties of the State. We are glad they have done so, and it must be apparent to all that the aim of the Central Executive Committee was primarily to devise a plan which would fairly bring out the true sentiments of the people and secure the greatest possible harmony. They could have no other design. The County Executive Committee of Rowan now have this plan under consideration, and will in our next address the democratic voters of the county on the subject.

The National Republican Committee met in Washington, July 2d, and organized. Marshall Jewell, Connecticut, was elected Chairman. Ex-Senator Dorsey, of Arkansas, was made Secretary in place of Keogh, of North Carolina. A sub-committee of seven members was appointed, to have its headquarters at Chicago, with John A. Logan, of Illinois, chairman.

N. C. MIXING.—We suppose there is not a single northern man or company engaged in the mining business in this State who entered upon it before he or they had fully satisfied themselves that the prospect of making money was reasonably fair, or that the indications justified the risk they proposed to make. We suppose farther, that they endeavored accurately to calculate the amount of the risk and to provide for meeting all the demands of the venture with cash. A failure in either point, especially the last, would be likely to prove embarrassing in all operations of this kind. Without it the company soon suffer a loss of confidence. Local business men may afford temporary relief, but in their ignorance of the financial standing of the company, they naturally become nervous and fearful as they feel the weight of the help they are giving, and a failure to come to time is apt to precipitate movements to secure themselves. This is all very natural, and although it may sometimes afford the ground work of complaints of being hardly dealt with, it cannot be denied that similar actions under similar circumstances is the rule of the world over, and the exceptions no more rare in the South than elsewhere. It is a fact, then, that companies engaged in mining in North Carolina, must provide to meet business engagements with promptness, in small as well as in large transactions, or encounter the usual scruples that men make to protect themselves against loss, or apprehended loss. If it be true that northern mining companies satisfy themselves in advance of the probable character of the mine in which they propose to invest money, (and we give them credit for so doing), then, by the judgment of men who profess to be competent to pass on such matters, the mining property of North Carolina is worth all the ventures that have been or may yet be made to test their value. No honest company will make an important venture on the mere word of a proprietor; but the property is first closely inspected and subjected to thorough tests. The company's agent enters the mine and takes from it the ores and subjects them to a satisfactory examination. No amount of bulling will sell a gold mine to men who expect to work it and get out of it the purchase money. It must be proven to be all that is claimed for it. The dishonest work in mine transactions is not done by the North Carolina proprietor who proclaims that he has a gold mine worth selling. He is generally a poor man and sells because he is not able or willing to incur the expense of working out the property. All the bulling he can do can only elicit a thorough examination of his property by men who are supposed to possess scientific knowledge of the subject, and a sale at any price must be accepted as proof of value. If these promises be true, then North Carolina mines are worthy the attention of northern capitalists, notwithstanding a captious man here and there, may say the contrary; and this brings us to the point we set out to reach. We are willing to make allowance for the feelings of one who has adventured and failed to realize expectations; but when he predicates upon that the assertion that there is no mining property in the State worthy of an honest investment of money, he should see that he brings his judgment in direct conflict with scores of others equally competent to give an opinion, and who are actually demonstrating the contrary; for there are many mines and miners in the State. This is an attitude we do not choose to comment on, but it must suggest to any one, occupying it doubts as to its propriety, and whether it may not subject him to an off-hand criticism. It certainly has no general concurrence, or mining would soon cease to be a business in the State; whereas it has been and is yet a growing interest, and men esteemed to be wise in such matters, think we are just now entering upon developments of far greater importance than ever heretofore conceived of. Almost every day brings to light the existence of hidden minerals in our hills and valleys, whilst mines which are worked with skill are generally remunerative.

Press Convention. The Convention met in Asheville, North Carolina, on Wednesday, June 30th, in accordance with an invitation extended by the people of that pleasant city. We do not propose to tax the general reader with the business proceedings of the Convention, but will only give some impressions of the occasion, and the reception and general treatment of the Press by the hospitable citizens of Asheville. Before we had reached our destination, we were met by Mr. Natt Atkinson, the fruit man of Buncombe. He emptied a basket of fine apples into our car, which was a thing to be appreciated. At the terminus of the Railroad, we were met by stages, hacks, carriages, etc., sent to convey our members to the city—only distant five miles. In Asheville, the Editors (some people call them dead heads) were kindly taken charge of, and conducted to the most pleasant homes in the city. On Wednesday evening a reception supper was tendered, and a most sumptuous affair it proved to be—enjoyed beyond our power of description. One very amusing scene occurred during the evening: One of the handsomest Editors present was so unfortunate as to accidentally dip his countenance into the cold sweets of a saucer of cream, to the astonishment and mirth of several fair observers. We suppress his name for want of space.

On Thursday evening the doors of the Opera Hall were thrown wide open, and the Ball given in honor of the Press was a success. It has seldom been our pleasure to witness such a display of beauty and taste as was presented on that occasion. Great thanks are due the ladies and gentlemen of Asheville for the admirable manner in which everything connected with both the supper and ball were conducted.

Thanks are due Mr. E. I. Holmes for a lot of smoking tobacco and other refreshments tendered us. We must say that his smoking tobacco is put up in the best possible manner and is excellent—not deadened by flavoring matter. His enterprise must succeed—that is if the public care for a pure article, well put up.

W. T. Blackwell, the Durham tobaccoist of world wide fame, honored the association with several presents—giving each member a chess board and men, a package of Durham Smoking tobacco and a fan to keep him cool. A man equipped thusly could laze away lots of time. Our spouse forbids that we go into particulars—we can only touch as it were here and there. All agreed that the association had never been better received, or better cared for.

Asheville is a delightful spot, the most fashionable, and at the same time, cordial summer retreat we have ever visited. The beautiful views in the immediate vicinity, are easy of access. While writing of all the pleasures and courtesies extended the Press, we do not hesitate to say that we are opposed to this way of accepting invitations and hospitalities from towns, hotels, &c. It would add much to the dignity of the press to dispatch their business and pay for their pleasures as other people do. When this is done, and the questions which really touch the interests of the Press and the State are discussed, then the Association will be at a proper standard, and in keeping with the dignity and responsibility of our position.

OFFICERS FOR '80-'81. DOSSETT BATTLE—President. JORDON STONE—Sec. and Treasurer. SAMUEL A. ASHE—Orator. Poem.

BUXTON AND BARRINGER. The Republican State Convention which met at Raleigh on the 7th, nominated Judge Ralph P. Buxton for Governor, and Gen. Rufus Barringer, of Mecklenburg, for Lt. Governor. A sandbank pony and a Morgan horse make up this team.

THE BLOODY SHIRT.—The republicans find it impossible to move a step without waving their old banner, the bloody shirt. Already they have issued a sensational book depicting in glowing and monstrous colors the Hamburg, S. C., affair, in which the responsibility of all the crimes there enacted are laid on the shoulders of the Democrats. It is a tissue of falsehoods from beginning to end, but that makes no difference at all; with them the object sought justifies the means employed, however despicable they may be. What does a party care for lying after having once robbed the people of a duly elected President by fraud and false swearing.

The Wilmington Star says—Mrs. W. M. Parker and Mr. Ashley Gilbert, came near being drowned while surf bathing near Wrightsville, N. C. Mrs. S's head had twice disappeared under the water which was beyond her depth, before Mr. Gilbert who went to her assistance reached her. He caught by her bathing dress and struggled with her to shallow water which he fortunately reached before utter exhaustion. Rev. Mr. Jurny reached the party in time to be of service.

The same paper recites the particulars of a most villainous attempt to fire the residence of Rev. G. W. Price; and worst of all the perpetrators escaped detection.

The Phylloxera pest, says the New York Times, has destroyed many of the best and most productive vineyards of France. The evil has completely baffled the skill of the French Scientist, and the people are compelled to witness its ravages without the ability to arrest it. It has already spread extensively in the wine making districts and fears are entertained that it may ruin the wine interest of the country. It has also appeared in California, to the alarm of the wine growers of the Pacific slope.

Alexander C. Laughlin, employed as an expert to count and cancel bills of the Bank of the State of South Carolina, was put to jail, last week, in Charleston, for stealing a portion of the money he was at work on. It is not yet known how much he has stolen. His engagement has run through several months, and the packages he has made will have to be counted again to discover the amount they are short.

Bill Arp is out most jubilantly for Hancock and English. He says if we don't elect them he will "lose faith in all sublimity things and try and fit myself for heaven and quit."

Gen. A. L. Pearson, who has long been a Republican, it is reported in a special dispatch from Pittsburgh, to the Washington Post, has enrolled under the Hancock Banner.

There was a Democratic flag raising at Monroe last Saturday. Maj. Dowd and Gen. Leach were there and made speeches. It was a lively time.

James B. Weaver, Greenback candidate for President, has announced his acceptance of the nomination tendered him.

The cotton crop in the eastern counties of the State is said to be very fine and far advanced.

Gen. A. L. Pearson, a republican leader in Pittsburg, Pa., declares in favor of Hancock.

The "Second Century," is the title of a 24 column weekly Democratic paper just started at Albemarle, N. C., by P. W. Wooley, Esq. It is issued on Thursday, starting July 1st, at \$1.50 per year.

We clip from its columns the following items: "Col. F. F. Simmons, was knocked down by John Louis Hall, at Troy, last week on a trial before Neil McInnis, Esq. The Col. was pleading his own cause, (he had warranted Hall about some lumber) and charged Hall with fraud in the transaction, Hall, then and there dealt him three severe blows and felled him to the floor. Hall was fined \$10 and imprisoned 24 hours for contempt of court.

Mr. Jacob Barnhardt, living about three miles west of town, killed a rattle-snake last week that had 45 rattles and a button. He says that the snake at the largest part, was as large as his boot leg.

The following members were elected officers of Salisbury Lodge No. 775 K. O. H. for the next term: Dic.—C. E. Mills. V.—W. H. Overman. Ass.—Frank Brown. Rep.—T. B. Beall. F. R.—H. M. Jones. Treas.—W. L. Kintz. Chap.—R. R. Crawford. Guide—Jno. Y. Barber. Guard—Geo. A. Klutz. Sen.—M. A. Smith. Med. Ex.—Dr. H. T. Trantham.

There will be a called meeting on next Monday night at 7 o'clock sharp. All members are invited to attend, as there will be important business.

REPORTER. [Town papers please copy.]

Mary O'Conner, of Jersey City, N. J. killed her three children on the night of the 2d instant. She was suffering under some great mental oppression and killed the children because she thought she would soon die, and did not want to leave the children to take the chances of the world. They were 8, 5 and 2 years old. She cut their throats with a razor. Her husband, now almost crazy, was waked by the cry of one of the children, but did not get into the room until it was too late to save them.

One of the troubles of the Republican leaders is in the refusal of many of the clerks and office-holders to contribute to the party fund for political purposes. Some women clerks who have refused have been notified that their services are no longer required.

The Record says there is as good tobacco land in Chatham as in any county of the State, and that her people are going into the business in earnest. One man has set 150,000 hills and another 100,000.

Gen. Clingman claims to have been an original Hancock man, having predicted his nomination two weeks before the event.

Judge Black Compliments Gen. Hancock on Order No. 40.

WASHINGTON, November 30, 1867.—My Dear General: This moment I read your admirable order. I am much engaged, but I cannot resist the temptation to steal time enough from my clients to tell you how grateful you have made me by your patriotic and noble behavior. Yours is the first, most distinct and most emphatic recognition which the principles of American liberty have received at the hands of any high officer in a southern command. It has the very ring of the revolutionary metal. Washington never said a thing in better taste or better time. It will prove to all men that "Peace hath her victories no less renowned than those of war." I congratulate you not because it will make you the most popular man in America (for I dare say you care nothing about that), but because it will give you through all time the solid reputation of a true patriot and a sincere lover of your country, its laws and its government. This, added to your brilliant achievements as a soldier, will leave you without a rival in the affections of all whose good will is worth having, and give you a place in history which your children will be proud of.

This acknowledgment from me does not amount to much, but I am expressing only the feelings of millions, and expressing them feebly at that.

With profound respect, I am yours, etc., J. S. BLACK. To Major-General Hancock.

Hancock at Chancellorsville. Policeman Albert Bradley, who was formerly a member of the twenty-seventh regiment, Connecticut volunteers, tells a characteristic story of Gen. Hancock. It was at the battle of Chancellorsville. Officer Bradley's regiment was on the right of the line, a battery of artillery on the left. The rebels set to work at the battery and rained such a storm of shot and shell upon it that many of the gunners were killed and the rest were driven away. Gen. Hancock rode up among the infantry and called for volunteers to man the guns. Officer Bradley and others went forward. Gen. Hancock rode at their head through the terrible fire. He was a picture of manly strength and beauty—truly a "superb" man. It was impossible that horse and rider should escape, and the former went down. The gallant leader seemed deeply affected. He looked for a moment to see if the animal was really fatally hurt, and then he stooped quickly and passionately and kissed the faithful charger. Brushing his hand across his eyes he said: "To the guns and on foot he remained at the head of his men until every gun was once more righted and pouring its death-dealing missiles into the enemy. "I shall never forget the sight," said Mr. Bradley; "and ever since I have cherished a tender regard for Gen. Hancock.

That incident made a deep impression on his men, and, although I am a Republican, I know that nearly all of the boys who fought under him will vote for Gen. Hancock."—New Haven Union.

Sentence Committed to Imprisonment for Life. Gen. Vance and Senators Ransom and Vance succeeded in having the sentence of death upon Uriah M. Cooper, late of Brevard, N. C., committed to imprisonment for life. Mr. Cooper was sentenced to be hung at Fort Smith, Arkansas, on the 18th of June. Strong hopes are entertained for a full pardon at an early day.

The following letter has been received by Gen. Vance from Mr. Cooper: FORT SMITH, ARK., June 14, 1880.

Hon. H. B. Vance—Dear Sir: "I'm with great pleasure, and a heart full of gratitude and love for you that I express my most sincere thanks to you for your interference in my behalf to save me from an ignominious death-scandal. For your aid in securing for me a commutation, rest assured it will ever be remembered by me and my people of that proud old State—the State of my nativity—North Carolina, as long as life lasts. My wife and two little children, who are all the world to me, makes life indeed sweet to me in my position. Circumstantial evidence, as you are aware, has sent many persons to the gallows, there to suffer for crimes which they were wholly innocent of. So it would have been in my case had I met the awful doom which I was near when you and the Great One stepped in and saved my life. Permit me again to thank you from the very bottom of my heart for the interest you have taken in my behalf, and to hope that "He who doeth all things for the best" will assist you in finally securing for me a full and unconditional pardon. My folks in my mother State also tender a thousand thanks, and will ever remember the name of R. B. Vance.

With prayer and love, Your obedient servant, URIAH M. COOPER.

Right here is a good time and place to tell what we heard one of the boss Republicans of Rowan say only a few weeks ago—"Bob Vance," said he, "is worth more than any other four members we have in Congress; he works for the people of his State without regard to party. He takes hold for them at once and never lets go until he has done all that can be done."

The New York Nation, in an apologetic article on Garfield and the DeGolyer pavement swindle, concludes by saying that "it is not fair to judge his (Garfield's) conduct in 1871 with the light of 1880. There is not one of us whose views about discretion touching the relations between politics and money have not been greatly clarified by the events of the past nine years." All which means, if it means anything, that bribery and theft in connection with politics were in the nature of excusable misdemeanors in 1871, but that "we," who have been "clarified," think differently now. Mr. Garfield, for instance, thought then that it was all right to take his share of the DeGolyer swag, but probably wouldn't do so again therefore the record should be erased. He has since passed through the pangs of a new birth and a process of "clarification" that have made a new and perfect man of him. We do not care to follow further the intricacies of this curious argument, but would suggest to the Nation that there were some honest men in politics who looked upon bribe-taking and venality in office as odious offenses, even so far back in the ages of history as 1871, and these men, whether Republicans or Democrats will take it as no compliment to be told that they winked at rascality under cover of a loose public sentiment, that now, in a pure Democratic era, they would make haste to condemn. The Nation may speak for itself, but it doesn't speak for upright citizens anywhere. The country is in no mood to take a candidate for the Presidency either on probation or in the throes of penance.—Washington Post.

INDIANA DEMOCRATS.—GRAND RATIFICATION MEETING.—SPEECHES BY ENGLISH AND HENDRICKS.—Indianapolis, June 29.—An immense Democratic ratification meeting was held here last night. Ex-Governor Hendricks presided. Speeches were made by Ex-Governor Hendricks, Hon. W. H. English, nominee for Vice-President, and others. English, in the course of his remarks, said he would accept the nomination when officially tendered him, and if elected would perform his duties in no bigotted spirit. He also said Hendricks would stand high in the confidence of the next Democratic administration.

DEATH OF DR. SEARS.—Saratoga, N. Y., July 6.—Rev. Barnas Sears, D. D. LL.D., of Staunton, Va., died here at three o'clock this afternoon, aged 77 years. Dr. Sears had long been prominent in educational matters, and was the author of several books on educational subjects, and was for many years president of the Brown University at Providence. When George Peabody gave a fund to promote education in the South, Dr. Sears was made its manager, with an advisory board of trustees. He then went to Virginia. He came here about a month ago for his health. The funeral will take place in Boston.

One of the reasons given by Senator Don Cameron for so persistently refusing the chairmanship of the National Republican committee is that the position would have cost him not less than \$50,000 of his private funds, which may be true and may be not. It is probably a somewhat exaggerated statement of the case. The Camerons bet high, however, on a full hand, and there is no doubt in the world that if the candidate had been a man by the name of Grant the Senator would have put up handsomely and taken the chairmanship besides. He evidently looks on Garfield stock as a risky investment.—Washington Post.

Fifteen years after the close of the war the Democrats have concluded to forgive the sin of fighting on the Union side.—St. Louis Grant-Democrat. And have decided to make the Republican party forgive it.

Unquestionable. The Herald, Detroit, Mich., says of Warner's Safe Liver and Kidney Cure: "Its efficacy in kidney, liver, and urinary diseases is so fully acknowledged that it is not worth the questioning. Bona fide testimonials from well-known citizens in public and private life are evidences strong enough to convince the most stubborn doubter."

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Notice!—The Milk of one cow is reserved expressly for infants at 38c. MRS. D. L. BRINGLE'S.

WANTED!—One Hundred Bushels of Onions; also, One Hundred Bushels of Peach Stones, at ENNIS'S.

Wesleyan Female Institute, STAUNTON, VIRGINIA. Opens its 31st Session September 20th, 1880. Among the first Schools for young ladies in the United States. Climate unsurpassed. Surroundings beautiful. Pupils from seventeen States. Among the lowest terms in the Union.

TERMS:—Board, Washing, Lights, English Course, Latin, French, for each half of the Scholastic year \$115. All extra very low. For catalogue, address Rev. Wm. A. HARRIS, D. D., Pres., 38-2nd Staunton, Va.

FOR SALE! Machinery and Mining Materials. One new Morey & Sperry 10 Stamp Battery. One new Agitator for same. One new 30 horse-power Return Tubular Boiler. One new 30 horse-power Erie Company Stationary Engine.

One 12 horse-power Horizontal Hoisting Engine with vertical boiler. All the above in running order. One large vice. One Blacksmith outfit. One large vice. Also, Picks, Shovels, Drills, Hammers, Pipe-tongs, wrenches, ropes barrels, barrows and mining apparatuses.

All the above are of superior quality and in first-class condition. For purchase of any or all of the above, address by or before July 15, 1880, L. BERTRAM CADY, Lock Box 410, Salisbury, N. C.

Notice to Contractors. Proposals will be received by the undersigned until 9 o'clock A. M. on Saturday the 31st inst., for building a parsonage near Thytara Church. Plans and specifications may be seen by applying to the undersigned Chairman of Building Committee. W. A. LINGEE.

July 6th, 1880. 38-4t. MARCH'S MACHINE SHOPS. Administration, &c. The Machine Shops and Foundry of the late E. H. Marsh are FOR RENT.

An experienced machinist and competent man to manage, will find here a very inviting opportunity for successful business. The machinery is all in good running order and will be kept in operation until rented. Orders will be filled as usual.

NOTICE! Having administered on my late husband's estate I hereby notified to all persons indebted to it are hereby notified to make early payment. And those having claims against the same, are required to present them for payment within twelve months from this the 1st day of July, 1880, and this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. MARTHA C. MARSH, Administratrix.

FOR SALE! From one hundred and fifty to two hundred acres of good LAND. —half woodland, and balance (including good meadow and new ground) under cultivation. Tract lies on the N. C. Railroad, two miles from station. Will be sold at a bargain. For further particulars call at this office. 37-2m.

Special Term of the Superior Court of Rowan County. Notice is hereby given to all Parties to Suits, Witnesses, Attorneys, and to all whom it may concern, that a Special Term of the Superior Court of Rowan County will be held at the Court House in Salisbury, on Monday, the ninth (9th) day of August, 1880, for the trial of civil cases, and continue until the business is disposed of. D. A. DAVIS, Chairman County Commissions of Rowan.

H. N. WOODSON, Clerk Board of County Commissioners. 37-6w.

Administrator's Sale AND Notice of Settlement. Having qualified as Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed, on the estate of Solomon Eagle dec'd, I will sell all of his estate both real and personal, at his late residence, on the 20th day of July, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs, with Farming tools of all kinds, and household and kitchen furniture will be sold, with Three Fine Plantations of land near Liberty Church, on Dutch Second Creek, comprising about 700 acres, all in good repair. Terms of Sale, Cash.

All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate settlement, and all persons having claims against the estate are hereby notified that they must present them to us on or before the 20th day of June, 1881, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. JOHN EAGLE, JOSEPH EAGLE, Administrators de bonis non of Solomon Eagle. June 19, 1880. 35-6w.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. JAMES M. GRAY, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, OFFICE-- THE BUILDING ADJOINING THE COURTHOUSE. Owners of Gold Mining Lands and Buyers, put in communication. All Mining interests meet promptly attention. Notes, accounts, &c. collected. Estates, and all matters of Administrators and Executors, &c. settled. Land and all other titles carefully investigated. REAL ESTATE AGENCY. Lands in Rowan and adjoining counties bought and sold. Communications solicited with those desiring to buy or sell.

Arrangements made to purchase cheap lands in Florida, Texas and Minnesota (that part known as the promised land). Lands for sale in Illinois, and along the James river in Virginia. Parties desiring to lease, or come to, North Carolina, Creek Mills, Settle P. O., Iredell County, N. C., furnished with necessary information. N.B. Lands bought and sold along the proposed line of the Wadesboro and Salisbury railroad. Titles in counties receive outside aid or not. The program of the day and the awakening energies of the people of these counties demand and must have it. Arrangements being perfected to put town lots in Salisbury and at other points in market. P.S. A market ready for small desirable farms. For call Lock Box 100.

Hunting Creek! To RENT.—I have a very desirable property for Merchandise Business at Hunting Creek which I will rent on favorable terms. It is a good place for a Store and is well worthy the inspection of any active man wishing to establish a country place for business. Also, I want to erect a Factory building on Hunting Creek, and buildings are invited to address me for specifications and other particulars. I have also suitable buildings for a Blacksmith and Shoe and Boot Maker, which can be rented very low. The Blacksmith Shop is ready furnished with tools. June 4, 1880. J. W. ELLIS, 34-6t-pd Settle, Iredell County, N. C.

THEO. BUERBAUM'S HEADQUARTERS FOR Fruits, Candies, Cigars, Books, Pictures, And Picture-Frames.

NOTICE! NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD CO., SECRETARY & TREASURER'S OFFICE. COMPANY SHOPS, N. C., May 31, 1880. The Thirty-first Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the North Carolina Railroad Company will be held in Greensboro, N. C., on the Second Thursday in July, 1880, and the Transfer Books of said company will be closed from this date until after the meeting. P. B. RUFFIN, Secy.

GOOD NEWS! Money Saved By Examining Klutz & Rendleman's Large and Well Selected Stock of NEW GOODS.

Just Read a few lines and judge the balance of our Stock accordingly: Lawns, Plumes, and Perals at 10c. Two or three Thousand yard s of good Calico, bought last year, that we offer at 7 1/2 cts. A Full assortment of all kinds of goods at the lowest prices.

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS. A complete Stock of Shoes at old prices. Ladies and Men's Hats from 1 1/2 cts up. A Full Assortment of Shirts at last year's prices.

Cheep! Can sell a Man's Coat for 50 cents. Eight or Ten kinds of COFFEES, from 12 1/2 cts to the finest Mocha. Eight varieties of Syrups and Molasses very cheap. A good assortment of SUGARS as low as can be had in the place. Twelve kinds of

CHEWING TOBACCO, Cheapest to the best to be had in any market. Salt, Leather, Meats, Crockery, Potatoes and many many articles not here mentioned. We buy and sell all kinds of Country Produce, and will give good prices for Dried Fruits and Ferried Fruit. Be sure and see us before you buy or sell. May 29, 1880. Klutz & Rendleman.

GREAT EXCITEMENT At No. 1, Murphy's Granite Row. McCUBBINS, BEALL & CO. Have just received their SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK OF NEW GOODS.

BOUGHT ENTIRELY FOR CASH at exceedingly low prices, which cannot fail to please. They have a full and complete stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HATS, CAPS, and STRAW GOODS, BOOTS and SHOES, NOTIONS, CLOTHING, Fish, Bacon, Lard, Flour, Meal, &c.

They are agents for the sale of JOHN MENRYMAN & CO.'S BONE DUST, admitted to be the very best cotton and tobacco Fertilizer in use. Also, for the French Burr Mill Stones, Bolting Cloths, Europe's Patent Machine, &c. Don't fail to call on No. 1, March 26, 1880. 24-ly

P. S.—We have fenced up a FREE hitching Lot in rear of our Warehouse, where people can hitch and feed without being annoyed by cattle and hogs. We intend putting up Stalls. No charge except to shut the gate.

EXECUTOR'S SALE AND NOTICE FOR SETTLEMENT. Having qualified as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Alexander Brown, deceased, I will have a Sale of his personal property at his late residence on Wednesday the 14th day of July next. Horses, Cattle, Hogs, with Household and Kitchen Furniture and Farming Tools of all kinds will be sold. TERMS OF SALE CASH.

All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate settlement, and all persons having claims against the estate are notified that they must present them to me on or before the 12th day of June, 1881, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. G. HENRY BROWN, Exr. of June 11th, 1880. Alexander Brown. no.35-6w.

BLANK ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE NOTICES For Sale at this Office.