

The Electors of the different States will meet on the first Wednesday in December next, and will cast their votes. Congress will count them on the 2d Wednesday of February next.

It is predicted that the time is near at hand when 28 or 30 gallons of crude petroleum, costing less than one dollar, will do more to drive the machinery of steam engines than a ton of coal, costing four dollars.

At Fayetteville a negro was running for constable against a white man. Judge Buxton, it is said, voted against the negro, and the white man was elected by one vote.—News & Observer.

The unkindest cut of all, considering that the Judge was voted for by at least 80,000 negroes.

President Hayes has appointed by proclamation, the 25th day of November, to be observed as a thanksgiving, as follows: "I therefore recommend that on Thursday, the 25th of November next, the people meet in their respective places of worship, to make their acknowledgments to Almighty God for His bounties and His protection, and to offer to Him prayers for their continuance."

WEST. N. C. RAILROAD—CHANGE OF GAUGE.—Says the West. Carolinian: "We do believe that the change of gauge, in its effect towards the western part of the State will be beneficial. It will bring us into direct communication with Richmond and the North, whereas heretofore we have directly connected with nowhere."

The completion of the Western N. C. Railroad through to its terminus at Paint Rock will mark a new era in the history of the section of the State west of Salisbury. This will be especially true of all the country lying immediately on the road. It will place us on a great trunk line, and instead of the two trains a day carry freight and passengers, as at present, there will be fast express trains and a number of freight trains. Every enterprise will be quickened, and new ones will spring up as the result of the increase in our means of transportation and the numerous markets that will be opened up to the country in the west. We look forward with bright hopes to the completion of the road; nor do we believe the time will be long till all this shall be brought about. One year from to-day, we have no doubt trains will be running through."

The way the west thinks and talks about it is expressed by the Asheville Citizen as follows: "The gauge of the Western North Carolina Railroad is being widened to correspond with the connections in North Carolina and Tennessee. We will now have, for the first time in the history of the State, the old idea of Morehead, Caldwell, Graham and others of a North Carolina system, from Beaufort harbor to the Tennessee line, under one management, of the same gauge. When the road is completed west and to Paint Rock, what a grand line it will be. May the good work go on speedily."

The change of gauge on the West. N. C. R. R., has been completed, we think, and we suppose, the trains will be making regular trips the last of this week or the first of next. The trucks of all the rolling stock will also have to be changed, a work that has been steadily going on during all this week.

The present management of the Road indicates confidence in the future value of the property, and we shall not be surprised if within the next 12 months it shall exceed all our North Carolina railroads in the matter of freights.

Members of Congress.

The following is a list of the members elected from North Carolina to the next Congress of the United States: 1st District—Lewis C. Latham, Dem. 2d " — O. Hubbs, Republican. 3d " — J. W. Shackelford, Dem. 4th " — W. R. Cox, Dem. 5th " — A. M. Seales, Dem. 6th " — Clement Dowd, Dem. 7th " — R. F. Armfield, Dem. 8th " — Robert B. Vance, Dem.

The Next Congress, 47th.

According to the classification of the Baltimore Sun of the 8th inst., the next Senate of the United States will be composed of Democrats 37 Independent Democrats 2 Republicans 37 The Independent Democrats are David Davis, of Illinois, and Mahone, of Virginia. Davis will generally vote with the Democrats. If Mahone should vote with the Republicans, a tie would result and Vice President Arthur would have the casting vote.

In the House of Representatives there will be, according to the same authority Democrats 141 Republicans 147 Greenbackers 15

The Republicans will have the Speaker.

VIRGINIA'S VOTE.—The full vote of Virginia on the election for President was 21,758, of which the regular Democratic electoral ticket received 99,640, Readjuster ticket, 31,284, and the Republican ticket, 83,834. Democratic majority over Republican ticket, 12,806; over Readjuster ticket, 65,356.

The late Synod at Raleigh, adjourned to hold its next annual session in Salisbury, Nov. 18th.

The Frauds in New York to be Investigated.

New York, November 14.—A meeting of prominent Democrats was held last night in St. James' Hotel to take action on alleged frauds in the recent election. Col. F. A. Conkling presided, and among those present were General Smith, General M. L. McMahon, Sheriff Borne, General Jones and N. J. Waterbury. It was resolved to appoint committees as follows: On frauds and coercion perpetrated in this city by Republicans; a committee to investigate not more than twelve election districts in order to thoroughly prepare a case for consideration by Congress, and that they include in this investigation the persecution of colored Democrats by colored Republicans; a committee on Federal intimidation to investigate the doings of Davenport and his men; a committee on prevention of frauds in the future; a committee on finance. Resolutions were adopted setting forth that there is good reason to believe that a large fraudulent vote was polled in this city by gangs of repeaters in the pay of the Republicans, and that bribery and coercion were also extensively practiced, and that such wrongs shall be exposed and punished; that the several Democratic organizations of the city and county be requested to co-operate with the committees to be appointed in carrying out the objects for which they are appointed; and that copies of these proceedings be transmitted to the different county committees throughout the State, with a request that they similarly organize and investigate.

The Returns.

Full returns from eighty-four counties, which gave Vance 112,643 and Settle 101,483, now give Hancock 113,759, Garfield, 105,038. The aggregate Vance and Settle vote in these counties was 215,126; the aggregate Hancock and Garfield vote is 218,797; the aggregate Jarvis and Buxton vote is 216,277. It would seem, therefore, that the vote polled is larger than that cast in 1876. In these counties Hancock received 1,116 more than Vance, and Garfield 3,600 more than Settle. Jarvis received 1,404 less than Vance, and 2,520 less than Hancock. Buxton received 3,555 more than Settle, 105 less than Garfield. Vance's majority in these counties is 6,201. It is probable that the vote of the State will be five or six thousand in excess of the vote of 1876, and the Democratic vote will be very nearly as great as in that year. In the 4th, 5th and 7th districts, our vote is larger than it was in 1876. The figures show that while the Democrats have held their own, the Republicans have cast about 3,500 votes more than in 1876. These deductions are drawn from the figures we have. Other returns may change them somewhat, but we do not think to any great extent. According to the figures received by us, Jarvis' majority is 6,331; with Watauga and Davidson still to hear from. It will probably be 6,500.—News & Observer.

The Duty of the South.

The Washington Gazette gives the following opinion as to the duty of the South, which we may say is "too previous." Now, then, what of the future—what of 1884 and the duty of the South? Thrown on her own resources, rejected in her proffers of fraternity by the majority of the Northern people and taught by repeated lessons that her participation in national elections is the signal not only for ribald abuse and unstinted calumny, but for vindictive opposition to the candidate for the presidency whom she may chance to support, the duty of the South is to retire hereafter from the field of party conventions and party nominations, to preserve her political autonomy intact, to advance her own material and business interests with all the strength and vigor that lie in her condition of homogeneity and political stability, to establish within her borders, bountifully blessed as she is with the lavished riches of Nature and with a moral and conservative population, an imperium in imperio which shall restore to her wasted energies—wasted by war and unfostered since that war by the national government—the life which they should exhibit.

Venality.

That elections in the United States are getting to be controlled more and more by money, is a sad and an alarming fact. When votes can be purchased by wholesale, as was done in the late election in the North, the government passes into the hands of the wealthy classes, and ceases to be a government of the people except in name. It becomes the government of an aristocracy of wealth. The great object of the plutocracy which rules this country, is to shape the policy of the government so as to subserve their class interests. They care little as a class for what is known as public virtue. What they want is a strong government, willing to favor them in its policy, and able to protect them in the enjoyment of their privileges. Grant's administration was to them a model of excellence, and they would like to see it, or a similar one, restored to power. If they are able to buy votes enough, to put into power their favorite candidate for the Presidency they are able to control the voters of the country and buy their acquiescence in a revolution which shall convert our republican form of government into a despotism. We are no alarmist, but we want the people to keep it in mind that "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."—Fayetteville Examiner.

Hancock's Defeat Viewed Through South Carolina Spectacles.

A correspondent of the Charleston News and Courier, recently interviewed Senator M. C. Butler, of South Carolina, who on being asked the reason for Hancock's defeat, he thus explained it: "Oh, there are a multitude of reasons. I thought at one time that he certainly would be elected, but I was anxious from the beginning about the immense amount of money that the Radicals could command. You see, there is a large purchasable vote at the North, that can be carried for anybody or anything for money. Our people know nothing about it. I saw enough in New England summer before last to satisfy me as to how elections could be carried at the North. In political contests of high excitement this element is always afloat, and the party that has the most money as a corruption fund, and will use it, can get them and they turn the tide. Why, every large corporation at the North sympathized with and actively aided the Radical party, because the Radical party believe in centralizing everything, making the strong stronger, the weak weaker, the rich richer and the poor poorer. The mammoth railroad corporations, as tyrannous over their employes as any petty principalities in Europe, with president-kings, as fond of power and wielding as much of it as many of the subordinate potentates of the Old World, prefer Radical rule because they can purchase legislation they want when the Radicals are in power, and they cannot when the Democrats are. I would not be understood as saying that all Republicans are purchasable, but they generally are of easier political virtue than the Democrats."

On the subject of investigating the vote of the State of New York, he said: "If New York desires to investigate her election, why should she not do so? Why should the country get on its head because New York proposes to purify her election? If the Radicals have colonized voters or corrupted the suffrages of that State in any way the people of New York ought to know it; and if they want a Congressional committee to make the investigation they ought to have one. I am opposed to any revolutionary measures, or to any measures which, by technical points, would reverse the popular vote; but that New York has a right to investigate I have no doubt."

The Reapportionment.

Special to Baltimore Sun. WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—It was stated some time since in this correspondence that the superintendent of the census would endeavor to send to Congress at the next session complete tables of the population of the different States, in order that the new apportionment for members of the House of Representatives could be promptly made. Prominent Republicans say that even if the tables of population are furnished no new apportionment shall be made at this session, because the Republicans in both Houses will oppose every movement to that end. The Republicans it is said, have determined that the new apportionment shall be made entirely under Republican auspices, and will therefore see to it that it is postponed until the next Congress. It is said there is a scheme in hand to reduce the representation of the South. The fourteenth amendment to the constitution provides in terms that when the right to vote is denied to the male inhabitants of any State, "except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis for representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State." The claim will be made that the bulk of the colored voters in several of the States are prevented from voting, and the effort will be to reduce the representation accordingly. There is no doubt that this idea has been broached by Republicans here high in the confidence of their party, and it is to be expected that an effort will be made to carry out the idea in Congress. But for various reasons it is very questionable whether any such plan can be made to succeed.

The New York ballot law prescribes how the tickets shall be printed, and provides that it shall be unlawful for any person to cast any ballot printed contrary to the provisions of the act. There are 20,000 election districts in the State, and commenting on the protests against the counting of unlawful votes now being made by the Democrats all over the State, the World asks what is there improbable in the assumption that at least one Republican electoral ballot unlawfully printed as to "caption" or endorsement, and of course, therefore, unlawfully cast and null and void, and of no effect to make a President, has been counted in each election district? Good citizens will see this, and frown down all attempts to get up a riotous and revolutionary spirit in opposition to the calm and impartial operation of the law. For our part, we believe in the enforcement of the law, and in maintaining the purity of elections. If there were fifty thousand illegal Republican ballots cast in New York, we would urge their being thrown out, and we shall not urge the less because the result would be to elevate that peerless soldier and devoted friend of the constitution and law, W. S. Hancock, to the Presidential chair.—News and Observer.

THE PRESIDENT-ELECT TO JUDGE TOURGE.—Among the congratulatory messages received by President-elect Garfield was one from Judge Tourge, the author of "A Fool's Errand," who telegraphed: "The family of fools send greeting." Gen. Garfield replied by letter: "Dear Judge: I would have answered your kind telegram by wire but for the fact that for the past two or three days the wires have been too busy to give me a chance. I thank you for your kind greetings from the 'Family of Fools,' and in return express the hope that the day may come when our country will be a paradise for all such fools."

How to Break the Solid South.

And if the Northern people could only realize the fact Southern people cannot consent to surrender their State governments to the control of the negroes and thus allow the degradation of the moral purity of their society, and the ruin of all their material interests; and the sooner the Republicans learn this the sooner will they find out the way to break the solid South. They cannot do it by solidizing the negroes against the white people and endeavoring to place them in political power here. Let the Republican party find some method by which our State and city governments in this section may be always kept under the control of the best element in our society, and they will have discovered the true key to the solution of the problem of the solid South and the means by which to break that solidity; but until then, in self-defense, we should preserve some sort of unanimity among our white people.—Richmond State.

Our readers must have been struck with the excellent common sense embodied in the report of Gen. Schofield in connection with the Whittaker case and the failure of the high pressure system adopted at West Point to break down the barriers which the God of nature has set up. The effort to force whites and negroes into social equality has failed and will fail always. The purposes of the Radical party, as manifested in their past legislation, to force social equality upon the Southern white people are not by any means to be ignored. Its course in that particular should not be forgotten or forgiven. It is in fact one of the greatest reproaches to that corrupt party, and betrays a lamentable ignorance of human nature and a total disregard of the wishes, prejudices and rights of the white people. But, say some, let us join them and break up the solid party of principles that has been the salvation of the whole country.—Wil. Star.

No more politics for the next four years. Let us address ourselves to the development of our material prosperity, and to the improvement of ourselves as a people morally and intellectually. Materially we are advancing rapidly here at the South, and in a few years, if we are true to ourselves our population will be so increased that we will be masters of the situation in every respect. Let the negroes go if they will, and God speed their going. We want to hear no more contemptible talk of the negroes being a necessity at the South. If white men are too lazy to earn a livelihood without the aid of the negro, the sooner the country is rid of all such the better for it. Anglo Saxon brain and muscle must develop the South, if it is ever greatly prosperous.—But much has already been done. Our agricultural prosperity never was greater than at present.—West. Carolinian.

MEXICAN WAR PENSIONS.—The surviving soldiers of the Mexican war and their friends will make one more effort to get their pension bill passed before the expiration of the present Congress. The Senate bill now stands on the calendar of the Senate as a special order, and the House bill stands at the head of the calendar in the committee of the whole. All through the last session the Republicans in both houses three obstacles in the way of the passage of the bill whenever it was taken up for action. The principal objection made to it was that Jefferson Davis would be included in its provisions. Now that the election is over they may not care so much about this, but as Mr. Davis has said that he did not care to be a beneficiary of the bill, the Democrats may suffer him to be excluded, if the point should be again made by the Republicans.

Gen. Schofield, in his annual reports about West Point, adverts to the Whittaker case, and says that the fraudulent character of the outrage was fully demonstrated within a few hours after its discovery; that West Point cannot be made a favorable place at which to first introduce social intercourse between the white and black man. He says to send to West Point a young man who was born in slavery is to assume that half a generation has been sufficient to raise a colored man to the social, moral and intellectual level which the average white man has reached in several hundred years. As well might the common farm horse be entered in a four-mile race against the best blood inherited from a line of English racers.

RECORDS OF "THE WAR."—Washington, Nov. 15.—Col. Scott, in charge of the publication of the official records of the war of the rebellion, reports that the work has steadily progressed during the past year. Important additions have been made by voluntary contributions to the records, both Union and Confederate. Among the contributions are valuable papers from Mr. Davis, Gen. Beauregard, Chalmers, D. H. Hill, Bushrod Johnson, S. D. Lee, E. Kirby Smith and P. P. Stuart, and from the representatives of Gen. Branch, Breckenridge, D. H. Cooper and Ewell. It is expected that the first two volumes will be issued next month.

Over three thousand immigrants arrived at Castle Garden from Europe on Monday. The total number of immigrants who have arrived thus far this year is above 290,000, and it is estimated by Superintendent Jackson that the immigration this year will exceed that of any previous year in the history of the country. The largest record of immigration was in 1854, when the arrivals were 319,000. In the opinion of the commissioners of emigration fully 60 per cent. of all the immigrants who have arrived this year have been of the most valuable class for the material development of the country.

A silver lining to the Democratic cloud of disaster comes from far off Oregon. The Democrats have elected a Governor of that State, although it is now conceded that they lost the electoral vote.

The Difference.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch. In 1876 the election was close, and the Democrats were successful. The Republicans thereupon proceeded to steal the presidency. In 1880 the election is still more close, and the Republicans elect the President. The Democrats have the same opportunity, and even greater power. But they submit without a thought of resistance.

That's one difference between the Republican and the Democratic leaders.

In 1876 the election was so close that the Republicans had to resort to forgery and perjury to count in their defeated candidate after the election. In 1880 the election was again very close, but this time money—bushels of it—lies, unnumbered, magnificent and infamous, and the concentrated power of 100,000 officeholders, 2,000 banks and 1,000 powerful corporations, monopolies and money interests, did the same business before the election.

That is another difference. But where is the real spirit of the Republic? Where is the true essence of a free election? What is the difference between obtaining the presidency by fraud after and fraud before the election?

Official Vote of California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 16.—Full official returns of this State show that Henry Edgerton, Republican, receives 507 more votes than does Judge Terry, the lowest on the Democratic ticket, and is elected. The other Democratic electors have majorities ranging from 87 to 143.

ELECTION CONTESTS IN LOUISIANA.—New Orleans, Nov. 16.—United States Marshal Wharton in an interview with a Times reporter stated that the Republicans proposed to contest the seats of Democrats returned as elected from the fourth and fifth congressional districts; and may also decide to contest the first and second districts. He says the late election was a farce.

What a writing, reading people we must be. During last month the Post-office Department issued 119,043,313 stamps, 26,731,900 stamped envelopes and 40,964,000 postal cards. The revenues to the department during the fiscal year ending June 30, were \$33,315,479, about 70 cents per capita of our entire population, and the total expenditures \$36,103,820. New York returned the largest revenues, \$6,200,385, and Alaska the least \$453.

SNOW STORMS.—Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 15.—After an almost continuous rain for twenty-four hours, a snow storm set in about 7:30 o'clock this morning and still continues. Heavy snow storms are reported at Fayetteville and Goldsboro.

Christ, Gerber, Wholesale Hardware, Toledo, Ohio, says: The Excelsior Kidney Pad has accomplished more for my wife in three weeks than all the medicine she has taken in three years. Refer all skeptics to me. See adv.

15 Stop Organs, Sub Bass and Cello Only \$85.—Best in the U. S.

OPEN YOUR EYES WIDE before you send North for instruments. Spread eagle advertisements do not always tell the exact truth. BETTER instruments at same or less prices can be had nearer home. See these offers: ORGAN—15 ft. 4 1/2 ft. Reed, Sub Bass and Cello, beautiful Case, Only \$85. Stop Organ, 15 ft. 4 1/2 ft. Reed, 455. Stand and Book included. PIANO—7 ft. 6 in. large size, Rich Rosewood Case, only \$125. 1/2 Oct., upright size, only \$200. 7 1/2 Oct., Square Grand, extra large, Magnificent Case, only \$250. Stand and Cover included. All from old and reliable makers, and fully guaranteed; 15 days test trial. We pay freight if not satisfactory. Positively the best bargains in the U. S. No outside offers test trial. We pay freight with interest from day of sale. World, Send for Full Price List. It will pay you. Address: LUDWIG & BATES' SOUTHERN MUSIC HOUSE, SAVANNAH, GA.

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I am happy to inform my friends and the Traveling Public, that I have again leased the above named House for a term of years. GIVE ME A CALL and I am satisfied you will be pleased.

A First-Class Livery Stable connected with the House, and accommodations expeditious and good. C. S. BROWN. Nov. 9th, 1880. 41m

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Have the Largest and most complete stock of NEW GOODS they have ever offered. Just read and get a bird's-eye view of what they now have in store: Dress Goods, from Super Wash Delaines to 15c. Domestic from Gents' Calicoes, best 8c. Cassimeres, Jeans, Flannels, Linseys, Shawls, Cloak and a full assortment of Dry Goods and notions.

CLOTHING VERY CHEAP. The largest stock of Shirts in the place. Groceries at bottom prices. Eight or ten kinds of Coffee from 12c up to the best Mocha. Eight varieties of Syrup and Molasses very cheap. A good assortment of Sugar as low as can be had in the place. 12 to 14 kinds of Tobacco, cheapest to the best to be had in any market. Bacon, Lard, Salt, Flour, Meal, Leather, &c.

We have a large lot of Late Crop Potatoes now on hand, very fine. A large stock of Table Ware, and many useful articles at 25c. We buy and sell all kinds of Country Produce for cash or better. Be sure and see us before you buy or sell. Oct. 20, 1880. 13m

Administrator's Sale!

On Saturday, the 4th day of December next, at the Court House door in Salisbury, I will offer for sale the reversionary interest in the John McKelvie Home-stead, on Filton Street in the North Ward of Salisbury, being the House and Lot opposite E. E. Shober's residence, and now occupied by Charles Frier. The widow of John McKelvie had dower assigned her including this property. Terms of sale—One-third of the purchase money must be paid on day of sale, and a moiety of six and twelve months for the other two-thirds will be given with interest from day of sale. Bonds with approved security for deferred payments will be required, and title reserved until all the purchase money is paid. By order of Court. LUKE BLACKMER, Commissioner. Oct. 25, 1880—6w



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And all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs by wearing the IMPROVED EXCELSIOR KIDNEY PAD. It is of Marvel of Healing and Relief. Simple, Sensible, Direct, Painless, Powerful. It CURES where all else fails. A REVELATION and REVOLUTION in Medicine. Absorption or direct application, as opposed to unsatisfactory internal medicines. Send for our treatise on Kidney troubles, sent free. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, \$4. ADDRESS: This is the The "Only" Lung Pad Co. Original and Genuine Kidney Pad. Williams Block, 231 N. 2nd St. Ask for it and take no other. DETROIT, MICH.

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LANDRETH'S 1784 SEEDS ARE BEST 1881. If not sold in your town, you can get them by mail. They are guaranteed to give you a crop of 100 bushels per acre. The Old and most extensive Seed Growers in the United States. DAVID LANDRETH & SONS, PATENT, PA. NORTH CAROLINA, (IS THE STATE) ROWAN COUNTY. Alfred Goodman and others, Agents. Summons for Relief. Noah Goodman and others, Defendants. Petition to sell Land for Partition. Upon the affidavit filed it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Carolina Watchman for six successive weeks, notifying Abraham Goodman, John Eller, James Eller, Mary P. Eller and Grant Eller, Defendants, who are non-residents of this State, to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court, for the County of Rowan on the 10th day of December, 1880, and answer the complaint, a copy of which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said county, within ten days from the date of this summons, and let them take notice that if they fail to answer the said complaint within that time, the Plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint. Given under my hand, this 18th day of October, 1880. J. M. HOBAN, C. S. C. Rowan County. 25w

REMOVAL! McCubbins, Beall & Co.

Have removed from No. 7 to No. 4 Murphy's Granite Row, where they are opening a large and well selected stock of Fall and Winter goods consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions, Leather, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Quincey, Clothing, Cotton Legging & Ties, &c. They are Agents for the sale of the best French Bicycles, Folding Cloths and Eureka Sewing Machines. Don't fail to call on them. WHEAT FERTILIZER! Call on McCubbins, Beall & Co. for the best Wheat Fertilizers in use. SEED WHEAT. 300 bushels of extra clean Seed Wheat for sale. Call on McCubbins, Beall & Co. Sept. 26, 1880. 24ly

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