

LOCAL.

THURSDAY, MAY 5 1881.

NEW TERMS.

From and after the 1st day of January, 1881, the subscription price of the Watchman will be as follows:

One year, paid in advance, \$1.50
" payment delayed 3 months, 2.00
" payment delayed 12 months 2.50

Mrs. J. W. Wilson and family are at the Boyden House.

Read the ad of Brown & Gowan, Tinware, Stoves, &c.

The dry ticket is fashionable now—most of the towns in this section have adopted it.

Mr. Gilbert Brandreth, Ass't Engineer at the Crowell Mine, has returned from Sing Sing.

The bar-rooms are to all appearances closed. Innocent drinks, such as cider, soda water, lemonade, &c., are advertised at the old stands.

Those pleasant little parties known as "Mite Meetings" have been reorganized and will meet at Mr. J. W. Mauney's on Friday evening.

Messrs. Crawford & Taylor are selling self-propelling portable engines. They fire up occasionally and parade the streets to the delight of small boys and the terror of refractory mules.

Mr. Mack Harrison has imported another fine Jersey animal. His cattle are much preferred on account of their milk-giving qualities, and the butter brought here from his dairy always brings the highest prices.

Lawyer W. H. Bailey, of Charlotte, attended the County Commissioners' meeting last Monday and offered again, D. L. Bringle's bond as Sheriff of this county. His motion was laid on the table.

NEW LIVELY STABLE.—Messrs. Will and Tom Mowery have opened a lively stable of Council between Main and Lee streets, where they will gladly serve the public. Their buggies and harness are new and their horses fresh.

Mr. E. P. Brown boasts of his graining, or imitating oak and walnut, and refers to the new work on the counters of A. Paeker's store as a specimen. The work is certainly pretty.

Lurid flames leaped from many a far and oil barrel last Monday night, and the smell of burnt powder added fragrance to the night air—rejoicing over the election of a Democratic Mayor and board of aldermen.

Mr. K. P. Julian, a young candidate for the ministry, who has just finished his studies at Union Theological Seminary, filled the pulpit of the Presbyterian church last Sabbath, and the ability displayed in his discourse is creditable to him.

Rev. T. H. Pritchard, D. D., President of Wake Forest College, will deliver the annual Literary Address before the Literary Society of Yadin Mineral Springs Institute, Thursday, May 26.—Thanks for an invitation to be present.

The election of Mr. Charles C. Kridler, by the County Commissioners, to fill out Sheriff Waggoner's unexpired term, has met with universal satisfaction. He is one of the best men in the county, and will, we doubt not, make a most efficient and satisfactory officer.

The financial committee have examined the Town Treasurer's books, and found them correct in every respect. There were 257 vouchers, being 23 more than the vouchers of the last two years put together. The receipts were \$10,071.78; disbursements \$10,018.30, leaving a balance of \$53.48.

One of the commissioners told us that the books were kept in the very best order, and that it did not require an hour's time to examine the whole record, although it contained such a large number of vouchers.

This is certainly very complimentary to Mr. O. D. Davis, the treasurer. The record will be published next week.

JEFFERSON DAVIS' BOOK.

This great work, just now coming out, is one of the sensations of the day. Few who remember the trying days of the late war between the States, and the thrilling events of each day during its continuance; whose hearts, heads and hands were ceaselessly engaged during those never-to-be-forgotten years of self-denial and self-sacrifice, can feel indifferent to what the great Southern chieftain has put on durable record as the facts in "the rise and fall of the Confederate Government." Indifference on a subject so great, and teeming with memories which even yet move stout hearts to tears, would be as unnatural as the failure of mother-love, and as graceless as a barren wall. We suppose, however, that such instances in the South will be rare. And while it is not expected that everybody will buy a copy of Mr. Davis' book, we are gratified to learn that it is selling more freely than any ten dollar book yet offered to the public, and that the sales are likely to reach a very high figure. The work is dedicated most fittingly, "to the women and children of the Southern States" for they were indeed, the greatest sufferers by the great calamity of a sectional war, the results of which will follow them for two or three generations. Parties in this community desiring to obtain a copy of this work may do so by calling on Mrs. Wm. G. McNeely, of the Mt. Vernon Hotel, who is the only agent for its sale in this place.

THE ACTION OF THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS ON LAST MONDAY IN REGARD TO GRANTING LICENSE FOR THE RETAILING INTOXICATING LIQUORS IN SMALL QUANTITIES, HAS BEEN THE SUBJECT OF MUCH TALK BY OUR CITIZENS. SOME ARE GRATIFIED AT THE RESULT, WHILE OTHERS ARE "CURSING A BLUE STREAK."

Now, we are inclined to the opinion that their action was just and right, and that, under the circumstances, there was no other safe action to take. They argued, and justly, too, that in view of the approaching election, which is to decide this question of prohibition, that they could not forestall and force license on the public, should they repudiate liquor at the election. And that if license were granted, they would be in force for nine months after the election. Therefore they thought it best to postpone the granting of license three months, until after the people decide it.

DEATH OF CHAS. F. WAGGONER.

This community has been called to mourn the death of another valued citizen, the Sheriff of the County, Mr. C. F. WAGGONER, who was cut down Friday last in the prime of life by that fearful disease, pneumonia. He was taken sick while absent on a trip to deliver penitentiary convicts to the State prison in Raleigh. He survived the attack nearly three weeks after his return home, where he had the careful attention of friends, and the best medical skill, during his illness. It is a sad thing to lose such a man—one who had gone out and in before us for years in the quiet and faithful performance of the duties laid upon him by his fellow citizens of the county, and who embraced daily opportunities to show gentleness, kindness and liberality to all. It is sad to remember that we shall see him no more in his accustomed place.

The deceased was an eminently practical man, of careful and exact business habits. The county has never had a better sheriff, nor the people an officer personally more acceptable to them. And his strictly moral and upright life was an example to be remembered and imitated. It is to be regretted that he was a member of no church; but it is a consolation to his friends to know that he revered sacred things, and was governed by those precepts obedience to which always adorn human life.

The deceased was aged about 48 years.

DEED.—Albert Long died on the 1st inst., aged 5 years, 3 months and 2 days. He was a son of Mr. Geo. W. Long of Providence Township, and it must be remembered that about last Christmas little Albert was accidentally shot in the head with a pistol. Notwithstanding the bullet in the brain, he gradually convalesced until a few weeks ago when his general health began to fail and so continued until his death. About three weeks before his death, he fell on his head from a wagon, from which time his general health began to fail. Last week he took a severe attack of double pneumonia, from which he died. The case is a remarkable one, and we quote from the Maryland Medical Journal of April 15th, which contains a report of the case, from Dr. C. M. Pool of this county. The report says:

"When I arrived, two hours after the accident, I found the boy totally unconscious, pulse almost imperceptible, with slow, stertorous respiration. Unmistakable brain matter was oozing from the bullet-hole, and there was considerable hemorrhage."

"The bullet had entered about the left supra-orbital line, and by carefully examining the hole in the skull with probe I found that it had gone obliquely from left to right and was lost somewhere in the substance of the right hemisphere."

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

"The best laid plans of mice and men, &c."

The result of our municipal election was a greater success than had been anticipated, though the Democrats were confident all along of a victory, yet it was not expected that the majority would reach as much as 94.

The following is the official returns:

FOR MAYOR: M. L. Holmes 275 J. A. Ramsay 181

Holmes' majority 94

The following gentlemen were nominated on the Democratic ticket, and elected:

North Ward—D. H. Marsh, 449; D. I. Julian, 246.

East Ward—Wm. Smithdale, 420; J. S. Bryan, 273.

South Ward—Ed. B. Neave, 248; C. T. Bernhardt, 225.

West Ward—Kerr-Craige, 250; A. G. Haliburton, 261.

[Those marked thus * were on both tickets.]

There were a great many scattering votes cast for commissioners.

It was reported in the morning that there was to be a prohibition ticket brought out, headed by J. A. Ramsay, the Republican candidate for mayor. This reached his ears and forthwith he wrote and stuck on a shutter near the voting place, the following:

To the Voters of Salisbury: Whereas, certain persons endeavoring to defeat my election as mayor of your town for the ensuing year, have circulated false reports that I am a "prohibitionist," and under pledges to vote the prohibition ticket, and am secretly heading a prohibition ticket,

These charges are utterly false. In June, 1879, the voters of Salisbury township settled that question, and I shall give all casting votes in favor of license until that decision is reversed by the voters of Salisbury, or the State of North Carolina. (Signed) J. A. RAMSAY.

The above is only published for the sake of record. One has to refer to public records to get matter for obituaries occasionally, and this may prove of service.

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

Dr. J. B. Hunt, of Columbus, Ohio, is here looking after mining property with a view of purchasing. He has a nice lot of rubies which he picked up in one of our western counties.

Mr. Augustus Couch, a capitalist of Boston, Mass., was here this week negotiating for mining lands.

One night last week a kiln of fine, selected lumber was burned at the Dunns' Mountain mine.

THE CROWELL CLEAN UP.

We saw the result of the regular weekly clean up of the Crowell, from sixty tons of choice ore. The bar weighed five pounds, nine ounces of flaked gold.

SAM CHRISTIAN.—The Sam Christian Gold Mining Co., have at last gotten exclusive control of the mining lands, (1263 acres) known as the Sam Christian mine. They have been working heretofore under lease, but deemed it better to purchase. Their machinery for doubling the pumping capacity has arrived, and is now being put up. The company propose to push the work as much as possible.

One of the most injurious practices to the mining interests now going on in this section, is that of bonding mineral property. This is generally done by speculators and tricksters, who unhesitatingly take advantage of the property holders, by promising to "open up" and make "sure sale," &c. They always take care that the bond does not bind them to do anything—except in case of sale to pay so much money. This bond system always runs the property clear out of the market by extravagant prices.

Do not bond your property unless you bind the parties desiring the control, to do stipulated work, to really open the mine and have it tested. Otherwise he has the control of your property—you cannot sell or develop it yourself, or if you do, he comes in and sells, taking the profit, while you have done the work. Do not bond your lands, but hold them free to every bidder.

WHAT MON. ALEX DEL MAR THINKS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

We quote a part of his report, our space forbids utilizing all he has to say.

61 Broadway, N. Y. Apr. 22, 1881. To the Editor of the Mining Record.

Sir:—I have just returned from a visit to the gold mines of North Carolina and herewith beg to offer you a few brief notes of the journey.

Professional etiquette forbids my entering into any details concerning the present workings and future prospects of the Crowell Hill property. However, without violating any confidence, I can speak generally of the excursions which affect gold mining here and elsewhere throughout the State.

First among these are the excellent facilities for transportation, which are afforded by the many navigable streams, canals and lakes of the State, and by railways—the latter running in every direction. Second, is the cheapness of subsistence, mining supplies and labor.

At Crowell Hill, miners' board and lodging is eight to nine dollars per month, coal-wood forty-five cents per cord delivered at the furnace, miners' wages thirty to forty dollars per month, and provisions very cheap.

The railway fare from New York to Salisbury is \$21.50; time twenty-four hours.

Third, is the amplitude of the rain fall; the average annual rain of North Carolina is estimated at forty inches; the residue to be accounted for by drainage at thirteen and a half inches; the weight of this set 45,000,000 tons; the average altitude of the State at 610 feet above sea level, and the water power resulting from this amount of drainage to the sea at 1270,000.

It is near the Yadkin that the Gold Hill and Crowell Hill properties are situated. With reference to placer gold, it is to be found all over the State. Every stream has its gold washings, and many of these, from present appearances, attest a considerable production in the past. Gold is also found in gravel beds which owe their existence not to the streams but drifts.

A notable instance of this character is the Zorff mine, which has been worked for fifty years and has yielded upwards of \$1,000,000. Drift beds are to be found all over the neighborhood I visited, and at Salisbury I saw a goblet full of nuggets, which had recently been taken from one of them, and which contained not less than \$200 to \$1,000 worth of gold. Some of the pieces weighed from seventy-five to one hundred pennyweights.

It is well known that I am not enthusiastic about mining, and rather conservative than otherwise in regard to advising people to go into untried enterprises. Moreover, I am not unmindful of the fact that North Carolina has to compete with the great hydraulic and gold quartz mines of California and the Pacific Coast, and that this is no easy matter. Nevertheless, I feel confident that the old North State possesses such advantages in this respect that whenever capital is put into the industry, and mining is prosecuted there on a large scale, it will pay as great and as permanent profits as the same in any part of the world.

ALEX. DEL MAR, Mining Engineer.

FOOD FOR THE BRAIN AND NERVES THAT WILL INVIGORATE THE BODY WITHOUT INTOXICATING IT.

It is what we need in these days of rush and worry. Parker's Ginger-Tonic restores the vital energies, soothes the nerves and brings good health quicker than anything you can use. Tribune. See April 30th 1879

Franklin Zephyrs.

Upland corn is all planted; the stand is good and is now ready for work. Most farmers are done planting cotton.

We do not remember ever seeing wheat looking better or more advanced at this date, and oats bids fair to make a good crop. As to fruits, we will have plenty of every kind excepting peaches, and in a few favored localities there will be considerable even of those.

Mrs. Redwine Barringer has been quite ill with pneumonia, but is now convalescent. The disease has been unusually prevalent this spring, and often fatal.

There will be an exhibition and tableaux at Franklin Academy on the evening of the 20th of May. Let everybody, young and old, turn out and enjoy a pleasant afternoon. W. R. F.

THE GERMAN IMMIGRANTS.

On last Friday, Mr. Theo. Baerbaum received a telegram from A. Pope telling him to come to Richmond and meet the immigrants. There were sixty-nine of them, direct from Castle Garden, landed off the steamer "Manhattan," O. D. S. S. Co., at 2 p. m. on Saturday.

This party arrived here, under Mr. Baerbaum's control, on Sunday at 12 m. They were taken to the only vacant house in the city, on Bank, between Main and Church Streets, where they were quartered as comfortably as circumstances would allow. These people are from the province of Posen, in the extreme eastern portion of Prussia, and have a sturdy, healthy appearance, looking as if they knew what work was, and that they had come to do it. All these people are able to read and write, and will soon acquire enough of English to be able to make themselves understood.

On Monday night, over half of the first arrival had been taken by our most enterprising farmers, and by this time, all probably have homes.

Eight came in on Monday, and forty more have been telegraphed for.

Among those farmers who have taken these laborers, are: S. A. Lowrance, Jesse W. Miller, Wm. A. Leitz, H. G. Miller, Geo. Achenbach, C. T. Bernhardt, Steven A. Clark, S. F. Lord and others.

As yet, no action has been taken by either town or county officers to make Salisbury a central distributing station, and no efforts to organize an immigration and land agency. The town is under obligations to Messrs. S. H. Wiley, R. M. Davis, W. S. Noyes and Theo. Baerbaum for their numerous addresses and attention to the new comers, also thanks are due Mrs. Noyes, Mrs. R. M. Davis, Mrs. Wiley, and Misses Fannie Kelly and Annie Blackmer, for kindly services performed by them. Mr. Baerbaum has been of great service to these people, and we heartily recommend him to the Railroad authorities as a person in every way qualified to conduct the work of settling them. He is better fitted and can do the work more satisfactorily than any other man in this section. Great numbers can find homes in this section and now that the tide has commenced flowing to our county proper steps should be at once taken to provide for and encourage it.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

This body met on last Monday in the Court House, all the members present, and several applications for license for retailing liquors having been postponed from last meeting to this, it was moved that they be acted on first. They were then taken up for consideration; and a motion, by G. A. Bingham, to grant the petitioners their license was lost. J. G. Fleming then moved that further action on said license be postponed until after the election in August, when Messrs. Kerr-Craige and J. M. McCorkle, as counsel for applicants, argued that the Board of County Commissioners now act with same jurisdiction as the old County Courts in the rights and powers of granting or refusing license, they have not an arbitrary but a legal, judiciary discretion in the matter; and, therefore, could not withhold license only when applicant failed to prove a good moral character, and that only as a court could they act in the premises. The law, as understood by them, did not give the Board the discretionary right to refuse all applications for license irrespective of character. [Supreme Court Decision by Rufin.] That if a majority of the people should vote against license at the August election, said vote would nullify all licenses granted prior to 1st of October, 1881; therefore, the Board would be safe in granting license for twelve months as the prohibition Act, if ratified by the people, would virtually annul the action of the Board if petitions of applicants were now granted.

By permission of the Board, Mr. T. P. Johnston attempted to refute the above arguments by stating that he, too, had consulted one or two eminent jurists, and was told that the County Commissioners did have a discretionary right to refuse all applications for liquor license, and that he was certain that if the Board granted them to the applicants now, there was no legal power in the State, outside of the Legislature, that could stop them selling liquor until the expiration of the time for which the licenses were granted. That there was a law superior and above the statutory laws of the State, viz: the law of God. A law that forbids placing an evil before our neighbor, &c.

The chair then rendered an opinion that the law as laid down in the revenue act was clear—that the Board decidedly had the discretionary right to refuse all applications for license at their option.

The motion to postpone further action until after the election on prohibition was then put to a vote and carried. Yeas 3, Nays 2. Messrs. Fleming, Kincaid, and Davis voting in the affirmative, and Bingham and Reid in the negative.

The Board then went into the election

of a Sheriff to fill the unexpired term of Sheriff C. F. Waggoner, deceased.

The following named gentlemen were announced as candidates for the office: Theo. F. Klutz, Chas. C. Kridler, W. M. Kincaid, D. A. Atwell, T. C. Bernhardt, Wiley Klutz, D. L. Bringle, H. G. Miller, G. A. Bingham and I. M. Shaver. The two last named withdrew their names before the balloting began. Upon the 4th ballot Chas. C. Kridler, having received 3 out of the 4 votes cast, was declared elected, and during the session of the Board filed a temporary bond of \$5,000—M. L. Holmes and B. A. Knox sureties—took the required oath of office and entered upon his duties.

The chair called the attention of the Board to a communication from the Superintendent of Public Instruction, asking the Board to call a meeting of the Magistrates, in compliance with the new School Law, for the purpose of electing a County Superintendent of Public Instruction, when it was ordered that the clerk issue notices to the Magistrates to meet at the Court House in Salisbury on the first Monday in June next.

A district composed of parts of Salisbury, Providence and Litcher townships, and another formed of a part Litcher township have held their elections and declared in favor of Stock Law, reports of which were filed, and clerk ordered to have notices posted in said districts notifying all citizens that said law goes into effect immediately after its ratification by the voters of said districts.

A stock law election was ordered for a district formed of a part of Litcher township, to be held on the 16th day of June, at the house of Mr. C. Beaver. Registrar—R. A. Saffir. Judges—Crawford Beaver, W. A. Gallimore, J. E. Misenheimer and Benj. Hess.

W. A. Ramsay was authorized to repair stock law fence between Franklin and Unity townships.

R. J. Haltom asked the Board to raise his per diem to \$2. Not granted.

I. F. Patterson's claim for furnishing polls in casework on public road near China Grove was laid over.

John H. Rice, having been appointed constable for Unity, filed his bond—C. Rice and R. Culbertson sureties—and took the required oath.

A. M. Brown, keeper of the poor, reports 19 paupers for April.

The Board passed upon a number of county claims and adjourned.

BUSINESS LOCALS

J. D. McNEELY HAS

in store and is daily receiving a fresh supply of Lemons, Apples and Augusta Butter. First-class Family Flour always on hand.

WANTED.

A gentleman and lady to learn our system of painting with a view of becoming local teachers. Persons of energy and tact will find it a paying business. EVANS & CO., Boyden House.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Ladies, don't let this pass unnoticed. Thorough instructions given in the art of Millinery Dress Making. Create your homes with your own hands. Our system affords the most pleasant recreation and the most profitable employment. We mean just what we say; we will teach you to make just such lovely pictures as those on exhibition at McCorkle & Co. in G. H. Bingham's, or on charge. Call and see them. Renewing and enlarging a specialty. Work the very best, prices low. We challenge competition. EVANS & CO., Boyden House.

"LIFE INSURANCE" MADE CHEAP.

Table Showing Actual Cost to Members of \$4,000 Insurance for One Year (March 1, 1879, to March 1, 1880):

Table with 4 columns: First Class, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth. Values range from \$17.60 to \$68.00.

J. D. McNeely, Agt.

A Grand Reputation.

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure has reached a reputation that is not limited by the confines of section or country. There are no injurious substances, nor false and temporary stimulants in the preparation. It is purely vegetable, and recommended under a formula that has passed severe tests, and won endorsements from some of the highest medical talent in the country.—N. Y. World.

CONDENSED TIME

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Date, May 15, 1880. Daily. Daily. No. 45. Daily. No. 46. Daily. No. 47. Daily. No. 48. Daily.

Leave Salisbury 8:00 a.m. 8:30 a.m. 9:00 a.m. 9:30 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 10:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m. 12:00 p.m. 12:30 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 1:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 4:30 p.m. 5:00 p.m. 5:30 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 6:30 p.m. 7:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 8:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m. 9:30 p.m. 10:00 p.m. 10:30 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 11:30 p.m. 12:00 a.m. 12:30 a.m. 1:00 a.m. 1:30 a.m. 2:00 a.m. 2:30 a.m. 3:00 a.m. 3:30 a.m. 4:00 a.m. 4:30 a.m. 5:00 a.m. 5:30 a.m. 6:00 a.m. 6:30 a.m. 7:00 a.m. 7:30 a.m. 8:00 a.m. 8:30 a.m. 9:00 a.m. 9:30 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 10:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m. 12:00 p.m. 12:30 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 1:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 4:30 p.m. 5:00 p.m. 5:30 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 6:30 p.m. 7:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 8:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m. 9:30 p.m. 10:00 p.m. 10:30 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 11:30 p.m. 12:00 a.m. 12:30 a.m. 1:00 a.m. 1:30 a.m. 2:00 a.m. 2:30 a.m. 3:00 a.m. 3:30 a.m. 4:00 a.m. 4:30 a.m. 5:00 a.m. 5:30 a.m. 6:00 a.m. 6:30 a.m. 7:00 a.m. 7:30 a.m. 8:00 a.m. 8:30 a.m. 9:00 a.m. 9:30 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 10:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m. 12:00 p.m. 12:30 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 1:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 4:30 p.m. 5:00 p.m. 5:30 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 6:30 p.m. 7:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 8:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m. 9:30 p.m. 10:00 p.m. 10:30 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 11:30 p.m. 12:00 a.m. 12:30 a.m. 1:00 a.m. 1:30 a.m. 2:00 a.m. 2:30 a.m. 3:00 a.m. 3:30 a.m. 4:00 a.m. 4:30 a.m. 5:00 a.m. 5:30 a.m. 6:00 a.m. 6:30 a.m. 7:00 a.m. 7:30 a.m. 8:00 a.m. 8:30 a.m. 9:00 a.m. 9:30 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 10:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m. 12:00 p.m. 12:30 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 1:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 4:30 p.m. 5:00 p.m. 5:30 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 6:30 p.m. 7:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 8:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m. 9:30 p.m. 10:00 p.m. 10:30 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 11:30 p.m. 12:00 a.m. 12:30 a.m. 1:00 a.m. 1:30 a.m. 2:00 a.m. 2:30 a.m. 3:00 a.m. 3:30 a.m. 4:00 a.m. 4:30 a.m. 5:00 a.m. 5:30 a.m. 6:00 a.m. 6:30 a.m. 7:00 a.m. 7:30 a.m. 8:00 a.m. 8:30 a.m. 9:00 a.m. 9:30 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 10:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m. 12:00 p.m. 12:30 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 1:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 4:30 p.m. 5:00 p.m. 5:30 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 6:30 p.m. 7:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 8:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m. 9:30 p.m. 10:00 p.m. 10:30 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 11:30 p.m. 12:00 a.m. 12:30 a.m. 1:00 a.m. 1:30 a.m. 2:00 a.m. 2:30 a.m. 3:00 a.m. 3:30 a.m. 4:00 a.m. 4:30 a.m. 5:00 a.m. 5:30 a.m. 6:00 a.m. 6:30 a.m. 7:00 a.m. 7:30 a.m. 8:00 a.m. 8:30 a.m. 9:00 a.m. 9:30 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 10:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m. 12:00 p.m. 12:30 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 1:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 4:30 p.m. 5:00 p.m. 5:30 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 6:30 p.m. 7:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 8:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m. 9:30 p.m. 10:00 p.m. 10:30 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 11:30 p.m. 12:00 a.m. 12:30 a.m. 1:00 a.m. 1:30 a.m. 2:00 a.m. 2:30 a.m. 3:00 a.m. 3:30 a.m. 4:00 a.m. 4:30 a.m. 5:00 a.m. 5:30 a.m. 6:00 a.m. 6:30 a.m. 7:00 a.m. 7:30 a.m. 8:00 a.m. 8:30 a.m. 9:00 a.m. 9:30 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 10:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m. 12:00 p.m. 12:30 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 1:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 4:30 p.m. 5:00 p.m. 5:30 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 6:30 p.m. 7:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 8:30 p.m. 9:00