THURSDAY, DEC. 15, 1881.

We are indebted to our Representative Mr. Anmfield, for the Congressional Record

The :Hessian fly is reported as very destructive to the wheat in portions of Michigan.

Coffee drinkers should read the advertisement in another column headed Good

A horse doctor was on the witness stand the other day and testified that Guiteau is crazy.

Tilmre has just been completed a railroad between Norfolk and Edenton, N. C. Trains are making regular trips. A good thing for Norfolk.

crop they can raise.

COTTON. - The Receipts of cotton at New York from first of Sept. to 9th Dec. show a falling off of more than one-fourth million Orleans 121.

Newbern is rejoicing in a heavy increase of cotton receipts at that place this year. Newbern also holds her own as the best crop coming in finely.

One of our exchanges is enumerating what the editor saw at the Atlanta Exposition just as it came under his observation in passing through. He will finish sometime between this and Christmas

The Statesville Landmark reports the failure of Dr. Powell, of Catawba, heretofore considered on of the most solvent men of his county. The factory in which he was largely concerned, has suspended operations.

The Spiritualists continue to hold seau cies and to "call up spirits" to peep out of cabinets. Two young men in Philadelphia made a dash at a cabinet the other night at the critical moment and exposed the impositor within, who became very angry and abused them.

If it were possible, just for curiosity sake, we would like to see Guiteau's case transferred to one of our North Carolina Courts for trial, before such a Judge as the late D. F. Caldwell, for instance. He would go through quite easily in from 24 to 48 hours, and have justice done him

shown to be in a prosperous condition. paying a dividend of 3 per cent. for the

The Durham Artesian Well has now reached the depth of 1,500 feet. They are now at work on a hard black rock. For that matter, a recent account of the boring going on there, shows that they have had rock of some one kind or another all the way down. We believe that is the case always in making artesian wells. It is expected to strike an outflowing spring at the depth of about 2000

James' Single Track Railway is a candidate for popular favor. Claims to be cheaper than the narrow guage. It is made of four 2x6 inch timber, set up on edge and spiked together, so as to break joints and form a continuous rail for the wheels to rest on. There is a space left of 2 inches between the rails thus formed for a central flang on the wheels, which seems to guide and balance the train. It has been tried at Visalia, Texas, and is well spoken of. Trains run from 10 to 20 miles the hour.

gentlemen may arrive at a more perfect; work. amderstanding of each other without acrimony, as they are both accessary to the well performance of the task with which caring a cent about immaterial differ- fashioned loom amidst the lighting maences, but it would disturb them to see whom there should be harmony.

Atlanta Exposition devoted to 13 different varieties of cotton. Several of these varicties are from India, Egypt, South America and Mexico, and there are some four or five different kinds of North Amerare left standing for the eye of visitors; and to the cotton raiser, it is one of the Exposition. Our North American cotton | sec." is vastly superior to any of the foreign varieties, excelling them in the size of the bolls and the amount and quality of the staple. There is really no comparison between them; but this may be due in part, at least, to the unacclimated valities failing to develope in our country. However this may be, it is very interesting to note the difference from whatever cause produced.

"WINE OF CARDUI" four times a day man's a nappy household.

At The.o F. Kluttz.

Fossils.-Those who visit the Atlanta Exposition will fail to see one of the most interesting subjects on exhibition should beds of South Carolina and Florida. There is in the Horticultural department also, some very remarkable petrifactions; one joint of a back bone, for instance, which is 10 inches long by 8 inches diam eter. What sort of a beast wore a back bone like that ?

Gov. Vance recently visited Boston, Mass., on the invitation of Mr. Best, president of the Boston Syndiente, now building the N. C. Midlaud R. R. from Goldsboro to Salisbury. At a meeting of the syndicate Mr. Best delivered a short address setting forth the progress and prospects of the new road. He said it would soon be completed to Smithfield, but the work would there stop for awhile: that the work already accomplished had RICE has suddenly become a leading been done by citizens along the line : article of trade at Newbern. The farmers that the people of the State were decidedof that section have discovered, says the ly favorable to the enterprise, and he Newbernian, that it is the best paying confidently expected liberal aid from them in the further prosecution of the scheme. He concluded his remarks by

introducing Gov. Vance, who, as usual, talked wisely from the beginning to the bales as compared with same time last year, end. He wanted to become acquainted and yet cotton is low, uplands less than 12, with the men who proposed to invest capital in North Carolina, for whom he had to some extent become surety. He said Mr. Best had not overestimated the popularity of the project in his State: that if carried out as began it would reafish market in the State, her this year's lize the original idea of a continuous railread from the sea across the mountains,

to which the State had been pledged years ago. That he was ardently in favor of the scheme-had never known one that interested him more- and would give to it and the acquisition of the Western N. C. Road, all the aid he could properly bestow.

GOVERNMENT ENCROACHMENTS .- It is admitted that the power and patronage of the general government controled the recent election in Virginia. It is said that similar means are to be employed to carry the next elections in this State, and prominent republicans have spoken with great confidence of success. The Philadelphia Times' Washington correspondeut of Dec. 11th speaks of a delegation of Mississippiaus in the city to consult of To the red inption ofwith President Arthur with regard to Bonds for the staking fund, \$74,371,200 00 the independent movements in Mississippi, where everything is represented as being "ripe for a Mahone movement." This correspondent also speaks of a conference at Metropolitan Hall, where the Gov. elect of Virginia was met by republicans from several Southern States, Consols of 1'67..... among them a North Carolinian, who said "with the recognition of the administration the effort to Mahonize his State would be successful." Let the peo--The annual report of the Wilmington ple of the South, and of North Carolina & Weldon R. R. Company, under the in particular, make a note of these things: supervision of Hon. R. R. Bridgers, is there is a political revolution taking place before their eyes in the very face the year amounted to \$90.786,064.02, which of the sun. The general government is sum included a balance of \$49,817,128.78, last three years, with the prospect of in- the creature of the States; and yet this not provided for during the previous fiscal creasing to 6 per cent. for the time to creature of their hands is assuming to control the States, by interfering in their \$16,305,873 47. The increase of the reveelections. If the people are indifferent nue for 1881 over those of the previous year to these proceedings for a while they may awake too late to preserve their ancient

As a means of producing a sharp and stricking contrast, they have, at the Atlanta Expose, in the midst of the splendid made for the early retirement of silver certifmachinery now employed for carding and | icates, and that the Act requiring their issue daughters, (old time country people in appearance), working with the invole appearance), working with the imple- were accordingly made receivable for all ments of 50 years ago-the hand cotton customs, taxes, and public dues. About cards and spinning wheel. Two of the sixty-six millions of them are now outstandgirls are making the rolls, the other is ing. They form an unnecessary addition to spinning them into yarn. The old lady which may be readily supplied by the nasits by knotting and cutting old style tional banks. fringes. It is a pleasing home scene to young folks at the present day who never witness d these operations before, regard standard silver dollars. One hundred and them with mirth and surprise. One of two millions of these dollars have been alit, stopped and looked on for a moment, and stepping up to the girl at the wheel as she drew out her thread, said-"It is the provision for coinage of a fixed amount Goy. Jarvis is out in quite a lengthy the best way after all, for the girls can letter in reply to two or three points in talk to their beaux and spin, and no time Gov. Vance's last article on the Western is lost." Her quick auswering eye as she N. C. R. R. question, wherein he thinks glauced at him with a smile, was her satinjustice was done him. We trust these isfied answer, and on she went with her

In another place was a regular old time weaver-an old lady who did all sorts of weaving, from plain cloth to linck-a-back they are entrusted. The people are not counterpains-clipping away on her old chines by steam. She was very intent on a controversy between those of whom her work, putting in every stran with care. they wish to think well, and between stopping every now and then to tie up a broken thread of the warp. She remind-Corrow.—There is a plat of nearly one Mrs. Partington to sweep out the enacre of ground within the inclosure of the croaching sea with her mop broom: She was going to do it, and there was no use saving a word.

The glass hen is simply a hatching ican cotton—differing more in pame than the process. A multitude of chickens are \$50,251,113.63 as the amount collected at al in appearance. The plants, with the cot- produced, and they appear healthier and ton still in the bolls or lying on ground, stronger than those when raised in the \$47,977,137.68 was collected on sugar, melordinary way .- News & Observer.

Ah! That is better than we stated it

The Wilmington Star summarizes Guiteau's case thus:

Guiteau's case grows darker. The hereditary isanity dodge is about "play-American people is-hang him.

Take "BLACK-DRAUGHT" and you will never be bilious.

### Government Finances.

The combition of the United States Treasthey omit to see the fossils from the marl dury and the finances of the Government in properly occupy a large space in the Presi-dent's message, and the importance of the subjects discussed and their intimate rela-Excess of exports over imtions with the prosperity of the people deports of merchandise ...... mand attention. He says:

The report of the Secretary of the Trea-sury presents in detail a highly satisfactory. exhibit of the state of the finances and the condition of the various branches of the public service administered by that department sand fielt there sant ment

The ordinary revenues from all sources for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1881, were; From customs ... \$198,159,676 01 From internal revenue... 135,264,385 52 2,201,863 17 From sales of public lands,

From tax on circulation and deposits of national banks 8,116,115 72 From repayment of interest by Pacific Railway Com-

panies, ........ From sinking fund for Pacific Railway Company ... From customs fees, fines, penalties, &c. 1,225,514 86

From fees—consular, letters patent and lands A. .... 2,244,983 98 From proceeds of sales of Government property . . . . From profits on coinage .... From revenues of the District of Columbia.....

harbor improvements and

From miscellaneous sources. 6,206,880 18 Total ordinary receipts, \$360,782,292 57

The ordinary expenditures for the same period were: For civil expenses, ..... For foreign intercourse .... For Indians 6,514,161 09 For pensions...... For the military establishments, including river and

arsenals..... 40,466,460 55 For the naval establishment, including vessels, machinery and improvements, at navy yards ........ 16,686,671 66

For miscellaneous expenditures, including public buildings, light-houses and collecting the revenue. . . 41,837,280 50 For expenditures on account of the District of Colum-

For interest on the public 3,543,912 03 For premium on bonds purchased. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Total ordinary expenses. \$260,712,887 59

Which was applied as fol-Fractional currency for, the Loan of February, 1861.... Ten-forties of 1864 ..... Five twentics of 1'62 ..... Eive-twenties of 1'64 ..... 3,400 00 Five-twentles of 1'65 ... .. 37 300 00 143,150 60 959,150 00 337,400 00

Consols of 1'68 ..... Texan judemnity stock .... Old-demand, compound-interest and other notes ... And to the increase of cash Tutal .....\$100,069,404 98

The requirements of the sinking fund for year. The sum of \$74,480,201.05 was applied to this fund, which left a deficit of receipts during the present fiscal year will reach \$400,000,000, and the expenditures \$270,000,000, leaving a surplus of \$130,000. 000 applicable to the sinking fund and the

redemption of the public debt. I approve the recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury that provision be

In accordance with the act of February the older visitors, while many of the 28, 1878, the Treasury Department has, monthly, caused at least two millions in value of silver bullion to be coined into

our North Carolinians who knew all about | ready coined, while only about thirty-four millions are in circulation. For the reasons which he specifies, I concur in the Secretary's recommendation that

> to supply the demand. The Secretary advises that the issue of gold certificates should not for the present be resumed, and suggests that the national banks may properly be forbidden by law to retire their currency except upon reasonable notice of their intention so to do. Such legislation would seem to be justified by the recent action of certain banks on the occasion referred to in the Secretary's report.

Of the \$15,000,000 of fractional currency still outstanding only about \$80,000 has been redeemed the past year. The suggestion that this amount may properly be dropped from future statements of the publie debt seems worthy of approval.

So also does the suggestion of the Secreed us of the heroic endeavor of the famous tary as to the advisability of relieving the southern district of New York by the transfer to another tribunal of the numerous suits there pending against collectors.

The revenue from customs for the past fiscal year was \$198,159,676.02, an increase of \$11,637,611.42 over that of the year premachine, where eggs are prepared for ceding, \$188.008 502 39 of this amount was was originally limited by law and no in about 100 lbs. gross. The owner is rehatching, and one sees them going thro' collected at the port of New York, leaving the other ports of the country. Of this sum ado, and molasses; \$27,285,624.78 on weel and its manufactures; \$21,462,234.34 on iron and steel, and manufactures thereof; tem has been free, and the amount of circumost interesting things to be seen at the last week, as "among things we did not \$19,038,665.81 on manufactures of silk; \$10,825,115.21 on manufactures of cotton. and \$6,469,643.04 on wines and spirits, making a total revenue from these sources of

\$133,058,720.81. The expenses of collection for the past vear were \$6.419.845 20, an increase over the preceeding year of \$387,410.04. Noted," and the moral character proved is withstanding the increase in the revenue very detestable. The verdiet of the from customs over the preceding year, the gross value of imports, including free goods, degreased over 25,000,000. The most marked Coffee drinkers should read the adver- decrease was in the value of unmanufacturtisement in another column headed Good ed wool, \$14.023,682, and in that of scrap ry which must attend the payment of arimported sugar, on the other hand, showed an increase of \$7.457,474, of steel rails \$4.-At Theo F. Kluttz's, bar, ingots, &c., \$1,620,046.

Contrasted with the imports during the soon be made without material diminution last fiscal year the exports were as follows: of the revenue

Domestic merchandise . . . Foreign merchandise . . . . 

Aggreate of exports and imports ..... 1,545,041,974 Compared with the previous year there was an increase of \$66,738,688 in the value of exports of merchandise, and a decrease of \$25,290,118 in the value of imports. The annual average of the excess of imports of merchandise over exports thereof for ten Coffee.

years previous to June 80,1873, was \$104,-706,922; but for the last six years there has been an excess of exports over imports of merchandise amounting to \$1.180,668,105, an annual average of \$196,778,017. The 80 years. specie value of the exports of domestic merchandise was \$376,616,478 in 1870 and \$883. 935,947, in '81, an increase of \$307,309,474.

or 135 per cent. The value of imports was \$435.958.408 in "70 and \$642,664,628 in '81. an increase of \$206,706,220, or 47 per cent. During each year from 1862 to '79 inclusive, the exports of specie exceeded the imports, The largest excess of such exports over imports was reached during the year '64, when it amounted to \$92,280,929. But during the year ending June 30, '80, the imports of coin and bullion exceeded the ex-

was \$91,168,650. In the last annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury the attention of Congress Landmark. was called to the fact that \$469,651,050 in 5 per cedium bonds and \$203,573,750 in 6 1.098,754 92 per centum bonds would become redeemable during the year, and Congress was ask-50,059,279 62 ed to authorize the refunding of those bonds at a lower rate of interest. The bill for such refunding having failed to become a last, notified the holders of the \$195,690,400

> the bonds would be paid at par on the first day of July following, or that they might be "continued" at the pleasure of the Gov. may be due to parasitic growths, the viruernment, to bear interest at the rate of 31 lence of which may be so reduced by his per centum per annum. Under this notice \$178,055,150 of the (

per cent, bonds were continued at the lower

6 per centum bonds then outstanding that

rate, and \$17,685,250 were redeemed. In the month of May a like notice was given respecting the redemption or contin-uance of the \$439,841,350 of 5 per cent bonds then outstanding and of these \$401, 504,900 were continued at 31 per cent. per annum, and \$38,336,450 redeemed

The 6 per cent, bonds of the loan of February 8, 1861, and of the Oregon war debt amounting together to \$14,125,800, having Leaving surplus revenue of \$100,069,404 98 matured during the year, the Secretary of the Treasury gave notice of his intention t redeem the same, and such as have bee presented have been paid from the surplu revenues. There have also been redeeme at par \$16,179,100 of the 81 per cent "con 109,001 05 tinued" bonds, making a total of bonds re 7,418,000 00 deemed, or which have ceased to bear in 2,016,150 00 terest during the year, of 123,969,650.

The reduction of the annual interest or the public debt through these transaction

By reduction of interest to 1.000 00 Total......\$16,826,292 2 18,330 00

The 31 per centum bonds, being payabl at the pleasure of the Government, are available for the investment of surplus reve nue without the payment of premiums. Unless these bonds can be funded at a

much lower rate of interest than they now bear, I agree with the Secretary of the Treasury that no legislation respecting them is desirable. It is a matter for congratulation that the

business of the country has been so prosperous during the past year as to yield by taxwas \$29,352,901.10. It is estimated that the ation a large surptus of income to the Government. If the revenue laws remain unchanged this surplus must year by year increase on account of the reduction of the public debt and its burden of interest, and because of the rapid increase of our population. In 1860, just prior to the institution of our internal revenue system, our population but slightly exceeded thirty millions; by the census of 1880 it is now found to spinning cotton, an old lady and her three be repealed. They were issued in pursuance exceed fifty millions. It is estimated that

debt could be paid in ten years. In view, however, of the heavy load of taxation which our people have already borne, we may well consider whether it is not the part of wisdom to reduce the revenucs, even if we delay a little the payment of the debt.

It seems to me that the time has arrived when the people may justly demand some relief from their present onerous burden, and that by due economy in the various branches of the public service this may

I therefore concur with the Secretary in recommending the abolition of all internal revenue taxes, except these upon tobacco in its various forms, and upon distilled spirits and fermented liquors; and except also the each month be repealed, and that hereafter special tax upon the manufacturers and dealers in such articles. The retention of only so much be coined as shall be necessary the latter tax is desirable as affording the officers of the Government a proper supervision of these articles for the prevention of fraud. I agree with the Secretary of the Treasury, that the law imposing a stamb tax noof matches, proprietary articles, playing cards, checks and drafts may with propriety be repealed, and the law also by which banks and bankers are assessed upon their capital and deposits. There seems to be a general sentiment in favor of this

In the present condition of our revenue the tax upon deposits is especially unjust. It was never imposed in this country until it was demanded by the necessities of war, and was never exacted, I believe, in any other country, even in its greatest exicalendar of the United States courts in the gencies. Banks are required to secure their circulation by pledging with the Treasurer of the United States bonds of the General Government. The interest upon these bonds which at the time when the tax was imposed was 6 per cent., is now, in most instances 31 per cent. Besides, the entire circulation right ear with a round hole; will weigh the place. - Prices as low as the lowest. crease was allowable. When the existing quested to call for and take her away afbanks had practically a monopoly of the business there was force in the suggestion, 8:2t. that for the franchise of the favored grantees the Government might very properly exact a tax on circulation, but for years the sys-

> lation regulated by the public demand. The retention of this tax has been suggested as a means of reimbursing the Government for the expense of printing and furnishing the circulating notes. If the tax should be repealed it would certainly seem proper to require the national banks to pay the amount of such expense to the Comp-

troller of the Currency. It is perhaps doubtful whether the imme diste reduction of the rates of taxation upon liquors and tobacco is advisable, especially in view of the drain upon the Treasuand pig iren, \$12,810,671. The value of rears of pensions. A comparison, however, of the amount of taxes collected under the varying rates of taxation, which 345 521, of barley \$2,154.204, and of steel in the intimation that some reduction may M. H.

\$883.925,947 The tariff laws also need revision; but, 18,451,399 that a due regard may be paid to the con-flicting interests of our citizens, important 902,377,346 changes should be made with caution. If a 642,664,628 careful revision cannot be made this ression a commission, such as was lately approved by the Senate and is now recommended by 259,712,718 the Secretary of the Treasury, would doubtless lighten the labors of Congress, whenever this subject shall be brought to its

> Coffee drinkers should read the advertisement in another column headed Good

Died in Clemmonsville, on Sunday evening Nov. 20th, Mr. Peter Mock age

DEATH OF REV. T. A. COON .-- The death of the carnest and humble servant of God whose name is mentioned above, occurred at his residence in Mocksviile Tuesday morning of this week. Mr. Coop was a member of the North Carolina Conference and was at the time of his death, in charge of Mocksville circuit. He had been paster of the Methodist church of this place for the four years immediately ports by \$75,891,394, and during the last fis. praceding 1880, and was universally recal year the excess of imports over exports spected and esteemed be our people. He was a native of Alexander county. He fell a victim to consumption. Statesville

M. Pasteur has resolved to extend his studies in vaccination to yellow fever, with a view of determining whether or not the disease is due to parasites and law, the Secretary of the Treasury, in April can be guarded against by inocculation. A broad field of investigation is open to Pasteur, as it is suggested by his discoveries thus far that all contagious maladies method of inocculation as to render this class of disease no longer a matter of

> Beauty, health, and happiness for ladies " WINE OF CARDUL"

At Theo. F. Kluttz's.

### SALISBURY MARKET.

APPLES	
Bacon-Country, hog round,   12% @ 13% 14 a 1   Butter.   20 @ 25   2   Blackberries,   9 @ 10   Beef,   4 @ 6   6	5
hog round,	7
hog round,	
Butter	5
Beeswax 20 & 21 Blackberries, 9 & 10 Beef, 4 & 6	
Blackberries, 9 @ 10 Beef, 4 @ 6 Corron—	70
Beef, 4 6 6	
COTTON-	
Good Middling, 11 @ 1134	
Midling 10 @ 101	
Low Midling 10 (d -	
Stained, 8 (4. 9	
Corn-new 85 @ 90 1.00 n 1.1	0
Meal, 1.10 & 1.12 1.15 a 1.2	
Coffee, 14 a 1	
Chickens, 14 @ 16 15 a 2	_
Eggs 19 @ 15 15 a 2	7.0
Flour, 3.56 @ 3.75 3.75 & 4.0	
Hay 50 @ 65	•
Lard 13 @ 14 15 a 1	
thank a second of the second o	-
	2%
·	
Wheat 1.60 @ 1.75	

## GOOD COFFEE.

Everybody wants it, but very few get it, because most people do not know how to select coffee, or it is spoiled in the roasting or making. To obviate these difficulties has been our study. Thurber's package Coffees are selected by an expert who understands the art of blending various fiavors. They are roasted in the most perfect manner (it is impossible to roast well in small quantities), then put in pound packages (in the bean, not ground,) bearing our signature as a guarantee of genuineness, and each package contains the Thurber recipe for making good Coffee. We pack two kinds, Thurber's "No. 34," strong and pungent, Thurber's "No. 41," mild and rich. One or the other will suit every taste. They have the three great points, good quality, honest quantity, reasonable price. Ask your Grocer for Thurber's roasted Coffee in pound packages, "No. 34" or "No. 41." Do not be put off with any other kind-your own palate will tell you what is best.

Where persons desire it we also furnish the "Ideal" Coffee-pot, the simplest, best and cheapest coffee-pot in existence. Grocers who sell our Coffee keep them Ask for descriptive circular. Respectfully, &c.,

H. K. & F. B. THURBER & CO., Importers, Wholesale Grocers and Coffee

Roasters, New York. P. S .- As the largest dealers in food products in the world, we consider it our interest to manufacture only pure and wholesome goods and pack them in a tidy and satisfactory manner. All goods bearing our name are guaranteed to be of superior quality, pure and wholesome, and dealers are authorized to refund the purchase price in any case where customers have cause for dissatisfaction. It is therefore to the interest of both dealers and consumers to use Thurber's brands.

A black sow, left ear smooth crop; the ter paying charges. HENRY C. GOODMAN.

### MORTGAGE SALE!

On Saturday the 7th day of January, 1882. the undersigned will sell at the Court House highest bidder, for cash, a tract of land in Davidson county, containing 145 Acres, in the crib. whereon J. A. C. Harrison died, and belonging to his estate, (excepting that portion of said land heretofore allotted to Eliza
Harrison, widew, as her dower), adjoining
the lands of Thos. Beams, Jas. Harrison and
the lands of Thos. Beams, Jas. Harrison and others. The said land is sold to satisfy a claim secured to the undersigned by mort-gage executed by J. A. C. Harrison and his

| Making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. wife, Eliza, on the oth day of May, 1879. and recorded in Register's office of Davidson county, in Book No. 5 of mortgages,

ROBT. TYSINGER, Mortgagee. M. H. Pinnix, Atty.

# SPECIAL!

LARGE FALL STOCK OF GOODS AT PRICES TO SUIT EVERYBODY.

Will be sold regardless of cost. Just received a lot of FOSTER'S PATENT LACE KID GLOVES.

### In Black and Colors. If you want a GOOD CARPET

Now is the time to get it. We have a large line of Fresh Samples Super Extra and Three Ply to select from.

JONES, MCCUBBINS & CO.

## **KLUTTZ & RENDLEMAN**

# NEW GOODS

Which are Handsome and Complete in all the Departments.

AND BOOTS THAT WE WARRANT

SHIRTS AND HATS VERY CHEAP.

Flour, Meats, Sugars, TEAS, SYRUPS, POTATOES,

FULL ASSORTMENT OF STOCK FEED.

See us before you buy, as we have one thousand things we can not tell ton of here. COME AND SEE.

W. W. TAYLOR, H. F. ATKINS, E. F. TATUM.

Salesmen.

Sept. 28, 1881.

PRESENTS for Old Folks and Young Folks, for Rich Folks and Poor Folks, for Big Folks and Little Folks.

The most magnificent line of Christmas Goods ever brought to Salishury.

Elegant Box Papers 10 cts. to \$3.50. Picture Books 1 cent to \$3.50. Perfumeries 10 ets. to \$5.00. Christmas Cards 1 et. to \$1.00 Autograph Albums 10 cts. to \$2.00. Photograph Albums 20 cts. to \$5.00. Pearl Card Cases, Toilet Sets, Vases, Games, Puzzles, Checker Boards, Scrap Books, Family Bibles, Hymn Books, Mirrors, Toy Paints, Gilt Edge Poets, &c., &c. Whatever you do, don't buy your Christmas Goods until you have called at

KLUTTZ'S Drug Store.

# AND CAN BE SEEN

I mean the Largest Lot of New Toys, Dolls, Mechanical Toys, Musical Instruments for Children, China Toys from 5 cents to \$5. Toilet Sets and

## CONFECTIONS!

Fine assortment of French Candies, Plain Candies, Sugar Fruits and Toys. Citron, Currants, Raisens, Cocoa Nuts, and assorted Nuts, Oranges, Lemons, Jellies, Canned Goods, Mince Mest.

## CIGARS AND TOBACCO, FULL LINE.

Sugar and Coffee, and everything else in the grocery line. Do not forget

A. PARKER.

## I will sell at public sale, on the 20th of

December, 1881, at my plantation near Thya- hereafter confine my practice to my office, door in Lexington, at public auction, to the fire Church, Rowan County, 9 miles from the town and its immediate vicinity. Salisbury, 500 Bushels CHOICE CORN, shall be compelled to decline all calls to in the crib.

J. G. McConnaughey. the country, unless the visit can be made

The Color and Lustre of Youth are restored to faded or gray hair by the use of Parker's Hair Balsam, a harmless dressing high ly esteemed for its perfume and purity, Oc13-Nov13

### Owing to infirm health and the absolute necessity existing to lead a life free from

exposure and fatigue as possible, I will the country, unless the visit can be made by railway. Persons indebted will please call and

settle their bills, as many of them have been unpaid for a long time. DR. JOHN WHITEHEAD will continue to do as heretofore, a general town and country practice.

M. WHITEHEAD, M. D. Nev. 1, 1881.

"BLACK-DRAUGHT" cures dyspepsis indigestion and heartburn.

At Theo. F. Klutts's.