

It is said Wade Hampton is tired of Senatorial life, and may be again elected Governor of South Carolina.

A young colored man named Tom Mason, says the Observer, was put on the train at Salisbury, by a man who gave him a ticket, died mysteriously at Charlotte, Tuesday evening.

The Oregon election has resulted in a great Democratic gain. The last Legislature had a Republican majority of 22. It is now ascertained that the best they can count on in the next State Assembly will be a tie—perhaps not that good.

The Salem Female Academy still holds up well, notwithstanding the great increase in the number of high grade schools in the South. Her rolls for the past year had the names of 175 pupils, gathered from many different States.

QUEER.—A man from Charleston, says the Charlotte Observer, has been in the neighborhood of Davidson College buying up all the fat horses he could get, in one case paying \$150.00 for a horse 22 years old. He don't stand much on the price, provided the horse is fat. What use he makes of them has not yet been found out.

DEATH FROM EATING CHERRIES.—A little boy in Charlotte, says the Observer, died in that city Monday evening last, from swallowing a great quantity of cherries on Saturday. He had the best medical attention but could not be relieved. It is said he swallowed over a quart of cherries without chewing them.

FEARFUL TORNADO.—A fearful tornado swept through portions of Iowa on Monday, killing about one hundred people and destroying nearly a million dollars of property. It struck a portion of the towns of Grinnell, Gunnell and Malcome, prostrating everything in its track. It left death, desolation and ruin wherever it touched, nor is the full extent of the damage yet known.

The storm that struck this place between 1 and 2 o'clock p. m., on Saturday, was probably the same that struck St. Louis, Mo., Saturday morning between 12 and 1 o'clock. There was considerable damage to property at St. Louis, but the fury of the wind must have diminished greatly before reaching this place.

The biggest man in Catawba, Mr. W. H. Trott, was one of the representatives of that county in the late "Liberal" Convention. He is a native of Rowan, and for years a citizen of Union, and now of Catawba. If he can make much off the game cocks of the Democratic banner county in the ensuing campaign, he must be smarter than any gambler who has ever yet tried them.

The troubles in Egypt are seriously affecting the cotton factory interests of Lancashire, England, much of the cotton used, being imported from Egypt. The latest telegrams report thousands of poor christian families fleeing from the scenes of riot and disorder, leaving all behind and taking refuge in European States.

A newspaper on our table, speaking of how to head off the wolf from the door when times are hard, says: "The only remedy we perceive is for all the members of a family to become, as far as possible, producers of something, or savers of labor and means of support."

That is the point. Many even among the "intelligent" would rather be suspected of having the seven years itch than of being under the necessity of doing anything for the support or relief of the family. They work (trifle) a little about the house, but it is done for "exercise and health," not because it will help an overburdened father or mother—mercy, no! Ah! but thanks for many brilliant exceptions to this rule, and for the happiness their loving hearts and hands contribute to those about them.

In only one county, thus far, have there been any nominations made for the Legislature and county officers, to wit: New Hanover. The Republican convention of that county has nominated candidates, and for abolitionists three of the nominations were prohibited—the two candidates for the House and for sheriff. What part of a record is this for the great "Anti-Prohibition Liberal" party to begin making here at the very outset of the campaign?—Statesville Landmark.

It is an open proclamation of the hypocrisy of the "liberals," who pretend to be waging war against prohibition. They wanted to get into the Republican camp and feast on the spoils of that desperate party, and mounted the popular anti-prohibition tag to carry them over safely. We shall see the same kind of inconsistency all over the State before the next election, and the smirched and guilty fellows will swear that they are doing patriotic service.

Norwood, in Spawny county, has grown to be quite a village within the last few years. It now has a female academy, six large stores, several wood and smith shops, three doctors and three churches, and an excellent weekly newspaper. New buildings are constantly going up, and prosperity reigns all around.

"WINE OF CARDU" four times a day makes a happy household. At Theo. F. Klutz.

A FALSE IMPRESSION.—We have heard two or three times of late, that Hon. "Wm. M. Robbins is laid on the shelf," and it has been explained to mean, that he killed himself by his open and manly advocacy of prohibition. This is a rise by his political enemies. It is a thing they would rejoice at if it were true, for Maj. Robbins is a terror to his political adversaries. There is not another man in the State, Zeb. Vance excepted, who can so effectively read the pedigree and describe the dark ways of radicalism. No, reader, we think we may safely say that he is neither dead nor on the shelf, if needed, he is not an idler but will surely bear his part in the ensuing contest. He exercised his right on the prohibition question as did almost every voter in the State, and can give a satisfactory account of that or anything else of his actions if you concern the public to know. Count him in where the truth is to be told in a straight forward, manly way, and where hard blows are either to be given or taken.

Preparing for Work.

It is said that the Republican congressional committee in Washington expect to raise \$500,000 to be expended in the coming congressional elections, and that all federal office-holders, even to the pages in Congress, will be required to contribute the amounts assessed against them. That they are going to make a vigorous fight there is not the slightest doubt, and that they know the value of money in such contests there is no doubt, either. But what becomes of all the nice chit about civil service reform while these enforced assessments are going on? What have the reformers in the Republican party to say about it? Why, they will just button their lips till after the election, and then perhaps they will give us some more essays on this interesting topic, and the convictions that must thereafter will find in another plank or two on civil service, and in the meantime the work of assessing will go steadily on.—Charlotte Observer.

The Observer is right in respect to assessments for electioneering purposes, but does not tell all. Assessments will be levied on every man in Tom Cooper's revenue department—every store-keeper and gauger; every day laborer, drawing pay from the government, even to the negroes and unaturalized foreigners employed in building the United States Court Houses and Post Offices, here and there. All the men employed in the Post Office Department, and all engaged in river improvements from the highest to the lowest, will be called on to contribute money for the purpose of paying "Jim Harris" orators to go abroad among the people to misrepresent the truth, blind the eyes of the ignorant and to buy in voters. We know whereof we speak, and we tell the Democratic readers of this paper that the most desperate and infamous effort ever made in North Carolina will be put forth by the Republicans to carry the next election in this State. Forewarned, forearmed. Stand guard on the eternal principles of truth and honesty in politics to the end, and look for a triumph that shall wear no shame and be tinged with no regret.

We have heretofore told the readers of this paper that liberalism and the Republican party was one and the same thing. That they would fully harmonize and unite for the purpose of defeating the Democratic party. We have nothing to take back on the subject. So far from it, we have only to repeat all of this tenor heretofore published; but in order that all may see for themselves how the marriage between the liberals and republicans was accomplished, we publish on the first page of this paper a report of the proceedings of the State Convention of the Republican party, held at Raleigh on the 14th inst. Read. You will see that Dr. Mott was the high priest who officiated both at the adornment of the bride on the 7th of June, and the celebration of the nuptials on the 14th. What Mott has joined together let no man dare refuse.

A crazy woman in Chicago dressed up her four children and put a bunch of flowers in the hand of each and then administered poison, (to which they consented), promising to be with them immediately. She waited until she saw her husband coming before swallowing the dose intended for herself; she conducted her husband to the room where the murdered children were lying, and soon after died herself in great agony. The place was soon thronged by hundreds of people, eager to witness the novel spectacle who had to be kept off by the police. It was found that the husband had only \$12 in money, and was not able to make a decent burial. Some sharp fellow suggested that the money required could be raised out of the gapping crowd. A fee of ten cents was demanded for the admission of spectators to see the dead bodies and \$30 were thus raised.

"Spoonendyke wants his Waterproof Coat," &c. By the way, the Spoonendyke stories remind us of "Constitution Dillard." There never was but one real Constitution Dillard story, although numerous Salls Dillard were afterwards made to write them. Even the author of the original, the late H. C. Jones, Esq., could never again equal it. So with the Spoonendyke efforts. They all run in the old ruts, and although there is a change of the subject, there is no diversity of wit. They are becoming stale.

Norfolk Virginian; R. B. Robinson, the colored editor of the Virginia Argus, published at Woodstock, Shenandoah county, will be a candidate for Congress in that district. He is a straight Republican, and thinks the voters of his race have been duped and imposed upon by Malone and his party leaders, who have used them to secure office for themselves and will give nothing to his race that is worth having.

AN OLD FARMER WITH PECULIAR NOTIONS.—We met with an old and intelligent farmer, last week, who holds to a doctrine on farming avowed to that taught by agricultural journals and the newspapers. He commenced his remarks by saying—"I am falling out with agricultural periodicals—they don't teach common sense. For instance, without an exception, they are always urging farmers to raise all the various crops required for the support of family, laborers and stock; and having secured the necessities of existence, then, if you choose, go on in cotton or tobacco, or both. Now, if every farm was well adapted by soil, &c., for carrying out this advice, and every farmer was skilled in producing all the various crops required for the year, it might do. But that is not the case, neither in respect to soil nor qualifications of the farmer. They differ widely, some farms being admirably suited to the production of grain and grasses, and the farmer with a skill in certain lines which warrant success if he should only follow the bent of his mind and skill. To attempt a coercive system to which neither soil nor farmer are suited, is to insure defeat. Some farmers have natural talent for stock raising and ought to follow it. Others are good tobaccoists or cotton raisers. I think a farmer ought to give his time, talents and labor to those crops he can produce to the greatest advantage, and not frittered away his strength and means in the vain attempt of doing every thing, for many of which he has no fondness, and therefore no ability. This," said he, "is a more outline of my views; but you can see enough to grasp the main principle upon which they are based. The better advice would be, I think, for every man to follow that branch of farming for which he is best suited and with which he is most successful. No two men are exactly alike in tastes, inclination and skill, and it seems to me but common sense for each to mark out for himself a line of duties for which he is qualified to perform."

We give the old gentleman's views for what they are worth, with the single remark that they are more considerate than much of the crude advice published in the newspapers.

Under the Snow.

Finding the Remains of the Perished Arctic Explorers. NEW YORK, June 20.—The Herald has the following particulars of the discovery of DeLong's party: After Melville reached the neighborhood where Ninderman and Nors left DeLong he found the wreck of a scow and soon came upon rifea supported by four sticks. Digging near these sticks they found two bodies under 8 feet of snow. Exploring further Melville found a tent and camp kettle and the remains of five men and approaching nearly stumbled upon DeLong's hand sticking up out of the snow. About 30 feet from the edge of the bank under about a foot of snow they found the bodies of DeLong and Ambler, about three feet apart, and Ah Sen lying at their feet, partially covered by pieces of tent and a few pieces of blanket. All the others, except Alisia, they found at the place where the tent was pitched. Lee and Kerh was close by in a cleft in the bank toward the west. None of the dead had on boots. Their feet were covered with rags tied on. In the pockets of all were pieces of burnt skin clothing, which they had been eating. The hands of all were more or less burned, and it looked as if when dying they had crawled into the fire, Boyd lying over the fire and his clothing being burned through to the skin which was not burned. Collins' face was covered with cloth. All the bodies were carried to the top of a hill thirty feet high, about forty yards to the southwest, from where they were found and there interred in a mausoleum constructed of wood from the scow, built in the form of a pyramid, twenty-two feet long and seven feet high, surmounted by a cross twenty-two feet in height and one foot square, hewn out of drift wood and conspicuous at a distance of twenty yards.

The Lutheran Synod. LAST DAY'S PROCEEDINGS. Rev. S. A. Repass, D. D., read the report of the committee on the state of the church. The report was very encouraging.

Dr. Wiley, general agent of the American Bible Society, addressed the Synod. His work was endorsed. Rev. E. T. Horn proposed various corrections in our liturgy, which were referred to the committee on the revision of the Book of Worship. Rev. Horn was made chairman of the liturgical committee.

Rev. Dr. S. A. Repass reported on a common services-book. Rev. E. T. Horn was made chairman of the committee on Sunday school song and service book, with Professor E. Louis Jide and Dr. O. B. Mayer. This committee was instructed to get the book out at an early day. The committee appointed to consider the subject of organic church union with other Lutheran bodies, submitted the following report, which after a long discussion was adopted:

SPECIAL DECLARATION. Whereas, The question of organic union with some of the other general bodies of our church has been considered in a general and informal way at this convention, and

Whereas, The constrained and limited expression of opinion thus called forth may lead to a misapprehension of our feeling and attitude toward our brethren of said other general bodies, therefore be it

Resolved: 1st. That this General Synod does honestly and earnestly desire to promote true unity and concord between all the parts of our Evangelical Lutheran church in this land, and stands prepared to co-operate in any concurrent movement of other general bodies toward an unequivocal Lutheran basis.

Resolved: 2nd. That we again honestly disavow that we are controlled by any sectional feeling or alienation in maintaining present independent or separate existence, and declare our sincere desire and purpose to promote mutual confidence and a cordial unity among all the people of our common country.

Resolved: 3rd. That our delegates to those general bodies be instructed to lay this declaration officially before them. Upon motion the following was ordered to be appended to this declaration: In view of a deeply felt desire in various parts of the Lutheran church throughout the country for more efficient co-operation in the development of the resources of the churches in the United States; be it

Resolved, That this general body appoint a committee of three ministers and three laymen, in which committee each of its district synods shall be represented whose duty it will be to ask for and meet similar committees of other general Lutheran bodies, that in connection with such measures may be devised as shall most effectually accomplish the desired end.

Refuses to Cripple Himself.

We clip the following from the Washington correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch: WASHINGTON, June 15.—The committee investigating the crookedness in the sixth North Carolina collection district met to-day and had on the witness stand A. B. Gillespie, now United States gauger, and formerly deputy collector in said district. He refused to answer, on the ground that if he did so he would criminate himself. The committee will meet again Saturday, when it is claimed most damaging testimony will be elicited.

A number of witnesses, however, have testified, furnishing thus far but little evidence of importance. It was shown by a paper on record that Jim Harris, colored orator and politician, was on the books as an employee in the Revenue office of the 6th district, drawing a salary of \$125 a month and rendered no service whatever, his time being exclusively taken up in making stump speeches and organizing negroes for the campaign then pending. To get around this it is alleged that he was employed as a spy to ferret out illicit distillers. We don't know how Jim is on the scent, nor whether he spied much, but he drew his salary right along. The committee will no doubt have him on the stand when we may learn what service he rendered for the \$125 a month, unless he, too, refuses to testify on the ground that he would criminate himself.—Char. Observer.

"UNDER WHAT KING?"—The hour is near at hand when it must be determined whether the Republicans of North Carolina are capable of self-government. All over the country there has been aroused a spirit of resentment against the assumptions and arrogance of the bosses, and they begin to tremble as if the day of their doom was at hand. Those who claim to rule the Republican party in North Carolina have become desperate and not only would form alliances without the consent or authority of the party and contrary to its known record, but boldly assume to pack the conventions of the people. The contest now, shall the people choose their own delegates, or shall that be yielded to the machine. Shall North Carolina Republicans be ruled by revenue officers? Collectors have issued orders to their derelicts something after this fashion: 'I wish so and so to be elected from your county. Be sure that so and so are not sent. I look to you to see that my wishes are effected; and you can call on me for the means to effect the ends desired.'

We do not hesitate to say that this is a desperate game—one when discovered no true Republican can endorse, no honest man can submit to. It must result in the complete overthrow of the bosses or in the disruption of the party.—North State, Rep.

Post Office Robbery. William G. Lawrence, a Post Office clerk at Sing Sing, was before United States Commissioner Shields yesterday charged with the embezzlement of letters. Losses of letters have been very frequent lately at the Sing Sing office, and Special Agent Newcombe sent a decoy letter containing \$2. It was traced to the defendant and the \$2 were found in his possession. He was admitted to bail in \$2,500 to appear for examination on Monday.

Lawrence was the confidential clerk of the Sing Sing Postmaster. He has been employed in the office for nine years. He is twenty-four years of age and married.—New York Herald.

This extract throws some light on missing letters sent from this State to Sing Sing. From all parts of this State orders are pouring in for Brandreth's Pills, and Alcock's Porus Plasters, (factors in Sing Sing) a good deal of complaint has been made as to the non filling of orders which may be easily accounted for by the above item.

heard a voice, "Try the lower gauge." The voice was loud and distinct, and he says was the voice of his father, who had been dead for some years. After looking around to see him he opened the lower gauge and found no water. The boiler was foaming, and the engineer says but for his timely warning all would have been blown up in ten minutes.—Ex.

Mt. Ulla Letter.

EDITOR WATCHMAN: The clatter of the reaper and the song of the harvesters are about over for this season, and we are beginning to listen for the hingle of the threshermen, at least we want to hear it as the sound of the grinding is getting low with many of us about this time in the way of wheat, corn or any other kind of bread. Wheat crops are very good, with an unusual heavy crop of straw. Mt. Ulla has always been the country for big wheat and sound Democracy, but some how or other in these latter days a change has come over the spirit of the dreams of a few chronic office seekers (that used to be Democratic) and a few of them hid themselves down to Raleigh to the Anti, Radical, Liberal Sore-headed Convention, and have been baptized in a new faith. One of them got on an ambulance while there and by the aid of a Republican telescope thought he saw a kingdom in the form of a county high sheriff. He immediately fell down and worshipped, and afterwards came home (if not a better) a thorough turned over man. And as he rejects the theory of the world's revolving on the axis he is fully persuaded in his own mind that the inhabitants of Mt. Ulla, Locke and several other townships have all turned over like himself, and will go solid the Anti, Liberal, Radical, Sore-headed ticket. But won't he get fooled when he finds out by waiting. It is true that many of the Democrats of Mt. Ulla were opposed to prohibition and voted against it but they have never entertained the idea of making it a political question, or issue, nor will they ever betray the old Democratic colors into the hands of these Anti, Liberal, Sore-headed office-seekers.

We dreamed a few nights since (with our eyes open) that we saw an old chronic aspirant for the house of Representatives (of our township) one who had his name with the prohibitionist but had a strong fancy for attending the Anti-meeting and instructing the speakers, scolding around cautiously on the trail of this new faugled party and opening occasionally when he got into the thickets to see how his voice would sound.

More anon as the trail gets warmer. Blackmer, N. C. For the Watchman.

German Carp. Mr. Editor: The following shows the weight and dimensions of my carp at different dates:

WALKER'S PATENT FRUIT DRIER. The undersigned is agent for this thoroughly tested and highly approved machine for the county of Rowan. He will have them on sale at George Wright's Store in Salisbury, in a few days. Persons wishing to save their fruit in a merchantable condition should have one of these invaluable driers. Call and see the drier. W. C. SMITHDEAL.

CENTENNIAL LIME! JUST RECEIVED TO-DAY, 100 Bbls. Centennial Lime. For sale by R. J. HOLMES. June 25, 1882.—4t

MT. VERNON LIVERY STABLES. SHAVER & AREY. Present their compliments to the public and respectfully solicit a trial of their Establishment. It is complete in all the requirements of first class business.

Horses, Buggies, Carriages, Phaetons, Wagons, &c. AND ARE CONFIDENT OF GIVING SATISFACTION. Special provision and favorable rates for Boarding and keeping horses. Drivers will find good Stalls and Sheds at our place. All special accommodations for the benefit of Commercial Travelers. Lee Street, Salisbury, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA, IN THE SUPREME COURT. J. W. Mauney, Adm'r de bonis non, with the will annexed of Richard Lowery, Against Harriet Gillespie, J. T. Ray and wife Margaret A. Ray, Rebecca D. Van Eaton, and others. Petition for settlement and distribution of the fund in the hands of the administrator among the parties entitled thereto under the will.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Wm. E. Patterson, Jno. W. Patterson, Robert T. Patterson, David H. Patterson, Jno A. Patterson, Jesse E. Patterson, Ruth P. Patterson, Jos T. Patterson, Oscar Patterson, James M. Patterson, Jno Crowley, and wife Mary E. Crowley, Ann Finley, Jno H. VanEaton, Willie D. VanEaton, Jno D. Van Eaton, Eugene B. Mason, Lawrence M. Mason, Chas. T. Davidson, S. G. Davidson, B. Gully and wife Margaret C. Gully, E. M. Davidson, Sarah L. Davidson, and M. J. Davidson, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks, in the "Carolina Watchman," notifying the said defendants to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for the County of Rowan, at the Court House in Salisbury on Monday the 27th August 1882, and answer the petition, a copy of which will be deposited in the office of said Clerk, within ten days from this date, and let them take notice that if they fail to answer the said petition within that time the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the petition.

200,000 POUNDS OF DRIED PEACHES AND BLACKBERRIES WANTED AT KLUTTZ & RENDLEMAN'S. Their Dry Goods, Notion and Clothing Departments have just been supplied with New and beautiful Summer styles. Good Stock of Shirts and Underwear; SHOES, BOOTS and SLIPPERS as cheap as any in the market—the assortment large. LADIES' and MEN'S HATS MUCH CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE. They mean to feed you with the Best Flour, Meats, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Syrups, Potatoes, Tomatoes, Tapioca, Macaroni, Corn Starch, &c. &c. They have as fine FLOUR as is made in the United States. 25 Bbls. of the best 10 cents Sugar in Town, just received. 10,000 lbs. Shorts and Bran just received New Stock of Glass and Table Ware. Fruit Jars Lower than Ever Sold Before. Agents for Coat's Spool Cotton.—New supply of 5 cents Tricks. Call and see them before you buy as they have a thousand things not mentioned. H. W. TAYLOR, H. F. ATKINS & E. F. TATUM, Salesmen. June 14th, 1882.

A SUCCESS AT LAST. Image of a washing machine. A GOOD WASHING MACHINE. INVENTED AND PATENTED BY T. J. MERONEY, SALISBURY, N. C.

THIS MACHINE is a plain wooden tank lined with copper or galvanized iron, with perforated pipes in the bottom for the admission of steam, with corrugated roller, made of same metal, and of sufficient weight. This roller gathers the air while passing back and forth over the clothes, forcing air and water through the fabric. At same time the steam is thrown up through the perforated pipes underneath from the bottom of the tank. There are wooden strips between the pipes so as to protect them and form a smooth bottom in the tank. The process is simple: any one can operate the machine. First, soap the clothes and distribute them evenly about four or five inches thick in the tank. Turn on enough water to cover them—turn on steam, and move the roller back and forth until the water is colored. Turn the valve and let the water pass off. Add fresh water, and repeat this three or four times, and you find the clothes are thoroughly washed without the slightest injury, for there is no rubbing process employed, the roller having rounded edges so as to prevent any wear or cutting. A lace handkerchief can be washed as well as a bed quilt. This Machine is in operation at Meroney & Bros. Machine Shop, where they will be manufactured at as small a cost as possible. Any one having a steam boiler in operation can use one of my machines at small cost and with satisfactory results. One person can do the work of ten wash-women in one day and do the work better. It is a splendid thing for boiling grain and vegetables for stock. It is also a good wool-washer. State and County rights for sale by the Inventor.

SPRING AND SUMMER BEAUTIES!

JONES, McCUBBINS & CO. ARE NOW IN FULL RECEIPT OF THEIR SPRING STOCK, Comprising full lines of Beautiful and Superior Goods for Ladies and Gentlemen, together with a splendid assortment of staple merchandise, Selected with reference to the daily recurring wants of all—old and young—Farmers, Mechanics, Artisans, Doctors, Lawyers, Miners, &c. If you are going to marry, by all means call on Jones, McCubbins & Co. first, for they have all the pretty things for the occasion.

GUANO! WE ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH THE CELEBRATED EUREKA GUANO. This Fertilizer stands among the highest in analysis. Farmers will find it to the advantage to call on us. We can give you special terms—better than you can get on any other standard guano. JONES, McCUBBINS & CO. We are still Agents for BALDWIN'S AMMONIATED DISSOLVED BONDS. This Fertilizer is well known throughout this community for its unexcelled quality.

MOREY & SPERRY, MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD & SILVER GRINDING & AMALGAMATING MACHINERY. HOWLAND'S PULVERIZER takes the place of the cumbersome Stamp Mill. And can be put up in one day ready for use. Improved Double SINGLE CYLINDER HOISTING ENGINES. WITH OR WITHOUT BOILERS, WITH OR WITHOUT STEAM ENGINES. We construct Mills with Stamps weighing from 500 to 900 lbs. for gold and silver ores. Water rooms 9 and 84 Liberty Street, New York.

LUMBER! LUMBER! NOTICE TO CREDITORS! All persons having claims against the estate of Moses L. Kester, dec'd., are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of June, 1883. This 29th day of Mar., 1883. PARLEY ELLER, Adm'r. MACHINERY all NEW AND First-Class. And we are sure we can give satisfaction both in quality and price. Orders and correspondence will receive prompt attention. Hickory, N. C. W. J. & L. SOUTHERLAND, June 17th, 1882. Refer by permission to Hall Bros. who will fill orders for lumber. 36:4t.

ERRORS OF YOUTH. A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, fell into the hands of a quack, and for the sake of suffering humanity, sent free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the experience of another, can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 26-17 Cedar St., New York.