

LOCAL.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1883.

Subscription Rates: The subscription rates of the Carolina Watchman are as follows: 1 year, paid in advance, \$1.50...

August—hot, dusty and dry.

"Rutherford Enterprise," is the title of a newly got up newspaper just started at Rutherford College, near Icard, on the West N. C. R. R.

Our thanks are due Hon. M. W. Ransom for a copy of the 10th census of the U. States and Territories.

The Lawn Party at the Presbyterian Manse, Tuesday evening, was a very enjoyable occasion to a number of young people of the city.

Kendall's "Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases" may be had at this office free to our subscribers who will call for it, or for ten cents by mail.

Again this dry weather, and all signs for rain fall, though in the western portion of the county there was a good rain fall Tuesday night. The dust is clouding the streets.

The 33rd annual Fair of the Rocky Mount Agricultural and Mechanical Association will be held at Rocky Mount, N. C., commencing on the 23rd of October, and lasting four days.

A Hartford, Conn., paper is blowing about a sunflower stalk 12 feet high with 40 blooms on it. We can stand in our back piazza and count half a dozen equal to that and one that exceeds it.

Our town was literally overrun on Saturday last with fruits and melons. Prices were not so good as week ago. Wheat, corn, meal, and oats, were also on the market and with the exception of oats, in really demand at good prices.

A good number of our young folks attended the picnic yesterday. Everything passed off quietly, and a degree of civil decorum seemed to pervade the assemblage, with nothing to mar the pleasures of the day except the heat—the thermometer registering 96° in the shade on the grounds.

MR. T. K. BRUNER, editor of the Mining Department of this paper, has been appointed to assist in arranging and superintending the State's exhibit of Minerals, Ores, Woods, &c., in the Boston Exposition, which opens 1st of September, and will probably be absent during the whole term of the Exposition. Those addressing him personally should direct to Boston. Letters on business connected with this office should be addressed to J. J. Bruner, Salisbury.

The Graded School Committee was in session yesterday, and, as we learn, consummated the work of re-arranging the course of studies to be pursued. They have made important changes; and the ability and experience of the men composing said committee, warrant the belief that they were needed. The committee assume all the responsibility of the school except that strictly and properly belonging to the principal and his assistants.

THE HIGH SCHOOL.—The Trustees of Rowan County High School met at the Rectory of St. Luke's church on last Monday, and organized by electing Mr. Thos. J. Sumner Chairman of the Board; L. S. Overman, secretary, and L. H. Clement, treasurer.

Rev. F. J. Murdoch was elected President of the Board of examiners. The election of other examiners for the several branches was postponed until a future meeting. The following course of studies was prescribed:

1st Year—Algebra, General History, Physical Geography, Philosophy, and Latin Exercises.

2nd Year—Geometry and Trigonometry, Rhetoric, Physiology, Chemistry, Latin Grammar and Caesar's Commentaries.

3rd Year—Astronomy, English Literature, Book Keeping, Geology, Latin Grammar and Virgil.

Persons desiring to enter this school must have a good moral character, and stand an approved examination in those studies required for a first grade certificate in the public schools. The admission fee was fixed at \$2, and there will be required from each pupil an annual fee of \$2 additional.

The school is a fixed fact and will be productive of good to the county and the State.

ROWAN COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL.—At the Teachers' Institute on Thursday last nine Trustees were elected to establish and control a high school on a pecuniary plan. A course of studies is to be prescribed, to be pursued by those who after passing an examination on the common school studies are enrolled as its pupils. The pupils are to be examined annually by a corps of instructors appointed by the Trustees, but are not required to attend at any other time. A certificate is to be given to every one who sustains a satisfactory examination on any one branch laid down in the course of study, and a diploma to those who pass through the whole course. The Trustees are Messrs. Luke Blackmer, Kerr Craige, Thomas Sumner, Rev. J.

Rumple, D. D., J. S. Henderson, L. H. Clement, Rev. F. J. Murdoch and J. S. Overman. The school is designed to meet the wants of those who can no longer attend school, but still wish to pursue their studies further; and also those who though they can attend school and be properly instructed, still cannot obtain a diploma setting forth their proficiency. The cost will be but very small to the pupils, and they will be enabled to have not only a prescribed course of studies but some direction and help in carrying them on. A diploma signed by this board of Trustees and by the Examiners of the school will be an unquestionable proof of proficiency, and will be worth much to its fortunate possessor.

During the Teachers' Institute a comparative examination on Arithmetic was held, the questions proposed being those used at an examination for admission into the U. S. Naval Academy at Annapolis. Mr. J. M. Hill passed the best examination, his mark being 100, and received a certificate to that effect. Messrs. R. W. Culbertson and J. M. Bost stood next best with a mark 97, after these were Mrs. Arey, with a mark 94, and then others who did not do so well.

MINING.

T. K. BRUNER, MANAGER.

Active operations were commenced at Dutch Creek Mine this week. The ores will be shipped.

Hoover Hill Mine, Randolph county, was for a short while troubled for the lack of water, but since recent rains have been abundantly supplied. The mill is now running full time.

FOR SALE!

The undersigned offer at private sale, for the next Thirty Days, the property of the GRAYSON MINING COMPANY, Golden Valley, Rutherford County, N. C., consisting of 244 acres, farm and mineral land, on which is located—

Three Houses, Barn and Large Mill with a Stationary Engine of 30 horse-power, 2 Perkins Boilers, 25 horse-power each, and room and power for a twenty stamp mill; also one Foster Crusher, one Stevenson Pan, 60 inches; one 5-Stamp Battery, 600 lbs. stamps each—Beckett & McDowell's best.

Also Shafting, Pulleys, Scales, Tools, &c.; Two Horses, Wagon and Harness. Enquire of C. C. Wilcox, on the premises, or address THE GRAYSON MINING CO., Meriden, Conn. [44:1m]

Meeting of Committeemen.

MR. EDITOR: The recent meeting of the School Committeemen of Rowan county was well attended. Superintendent Rotkreck called the meeting to order, and made some very appropriate remarks on the duties of Committeemen, explaining the law, and various questions. Afterwards, Mr. Rothrock retiring, Mr. J. L. Graeber was called to the Chair and Mr. C. H. Bruner requested to act as Secretary. Resolutions complimentary to the Superintendent and pledging him the united support of committeemen in all his efforts to further the interest of public schools were passed. Altogether the occasion was pleasant and profitable to all present. It may not be amiss in this connection to remind committeemen of the time and manner of taking the school census.

North Carolina's Exhibit at Boston

An Interesting Letter from Dr. Dabney. [Cor. of the News and Observer.] BOSTON, Mass., August 25, 1883.

As our material rolls in one sees better and better what a grand exhibit we will have here at the exposition. Everything is going forward satisfactorily. We found ourselves the first exhibitors here and ours the first material on the ground. But we were none too soon, considering the large space to be filled and the vast amount of the material to be handled. Our space is the central front space, 150 by 50 feet, the banner space in the building. As for the specimens, the best estimate I can make is that we have something over 400 boxes and packages and at least 2,000 different articles.

The carpenters are now at work putting up our tables, shelving, &c. Our timbers, building stones, &c., are being prepared, dressed and polished and next week the installation of the specimens will begin. By the way, the experts in these respective lines haying our timber and building stones in charge express themselves as greatly delighted with them. The lumber men marvel at the magnitude, the variety and the beauty of our woods. They are very enthusiastic over our big cherry trees, our black walnuts, our curly maples, early poplar and curly pine. One lumber man who has made a business of traveling all over this country from Maine to California, said to me yesterday that he did not know that such timbers existed in this country. I was yesterday with the stone workers who are polishing our marbles and granites.

Some of the specimens are ready and I was astonished at their beauty and novelty. The Pee Dee black granite presents now a mirror like surface equal to anything I ever saw. The foreman of the shop said it was as fine as any granite in the world, better than a great deal which is sold here at \$2.50 a foot. Some of our porphyritic granites he pronounced perfectly unique. We have some specimens here containing olive-green feldspar, purple quartz and black horn

blende, which attract great attention, they are so odd. Our gray and flesh colored marbles from Cherokee and Nantahala are as fine, they say, as any to be found anywhere. The flesh colored marble ought to be as valuable for ornamental work as the colored Italian marbles. I only mention a few things which have been prepared and examined by experts. I know that we have enough surprises and delights for these people when we shall get all of our boxes unpacked to keep them in a state of electrical shock for two months at least.

The opening will be quite a grand affair. It will be accompanied with great pageantry. The military will be out. Gov. Butler will preside and make the speech of welcome. This will be addressed particularly to the South, as the great feature of the exposition will be the Southern exhibits. Our own Governor has been requested to respond on the part of the guests of the occasion and the South; a very proper selection, as no Southern State and no executive has been so prominent and successful in this enterprise as North Carolina and her Governor. The secretary of the exposition saw me to day to ask me to beg Governor Jarvis to accept the invitation. Said he: "Considering her improvement in the last few years, and the enterprising spirit exhibited by her executive, we have begun to consider North Carolina as the most progressive Southern State, and her Governor as the exponent of the 'New South.' That is the reason we want him."

We hope very much that our own people will visit this exposition and study the State's exhibit. It is more important that North Carolinians should know something about North Carolina than that outsiders should. There is a vast deal, too, in and about Boston to instruct. It is a great industrial center, and is full of just such lessons as we need. We are delighted to hear that our editors are coming. We can promise them a most delightful and profitable time. I hear to day that the press association here are taking steps to provide for their proper reception and entertainment.

We have solicited the railroads on the subject of cheap round trip tickets from North Carolina to Boston. So far the Northern railroads do not respond very favorably. But there will be no doubt about the steamship lines to the South putting the excursion tickets on sale. A gentleman having the matter in charge tells me to day that at least two routes will be opened to this travel. From East North Carolina the traveler will get his ticket at some of the larger offices, Wilmington, Raleigh, Goldsboro or Fayetteville, reading via Norfolk and the steamer direct to Boston. From the Western part of the State, Greensboro, Salisbury, Charlotte, Asheville, &c., the ticket will read via Richmond and the Old Dominion Steamship Company's line to New York, New York to Boston via the superb steamships of the Fall river line. This will make, in either case, a most delightful trip, far more pleasant than by rail at this season of the year. The round trip will cost from \$25 to \$30. The opportunity will be eagerly taken, I hope, by all parties having lands, mines, or property of any kind to sell, or seeking capital or customers, to visit the East and do their business. The exposition will furnish a very favorable opportunity, especially for those who have supplied us with samples of their products or ores to put on exhibition here.

CHAS. W. DABNEY, JR.

Furman's Farm.

Atlanta Constitution. We find the latest information from Furman's "intensified" farm, as it is sometimes called, in the local columns of the Milledgeville Union and Recorder. Two well known farmers of the vicinity, Mr. Obadiah Arnold and Mr. Wm. Sawyer, recently went out to the famous farm in order to see how matters are progressing. The result of their observations is that both agree in estimating that the sixty acre farm, if the seasons are favorable, will yield 125 bales of cotton of average weight. In addition to this, the cotton is absolutely free from the rust that is to be seen on the cotton of some Judge Furman's neighbors.

We have no doubt there are many farmers tired of hearing of the intensive or "intensified" system of farming, but in spite of this it is the only system that is worth considering in connection with the millions of acres of worn out cotton lands to be found in Georgia. It is probably true that many farmers who have experimented with the intensive system have made partial or complete failures. It is very difficult in such cases to convince either those who fail or their friends that the failure is due to the men themselves and not to the system. The intensive system is no more valuable than any other system or lack of system unless it is carried out with intelligence. Judge Furman has discovered the particular food that cotton requires on his particular land. Any other farmer, by the exercise of a little patience and intelligence, can do the same thing.

After all, farming is pretty much like other pursuits. Those who pursue it intelligently will succeed, while those who pursue it in the old fashioned way will always remain in comparative poverty.

Judge Black.

The Baltimore Sun says the following tribute to his memory: The greatest constitutional lawyer of the present day, the embodied principles of popular government, have lost in him a champion and defender whose like many generations may not produce.

Stong, however, as were Judge Black's convictions on every subject, he showed while on the bench that he was above the reach of any motive which could degrade or smirch his position. No influence, political or personal, could rise to the higher atmosphere of his judicial station to cloud his vision or swerve his course. Absolutely honest, the judicial ermine that he cast aside when he left the bench was whiter than when he put it on. As a just and upright judge, and a model of calm impartiality and blameless integrity, he won a judicial fame that should ever be the pride and ornament of the bench. His public career, though comparatively brief, was sufficient to show that Judge Black combined within himself other qualities than those of a judge or a lawyer. He had in him the powers and possibilities of a great statesman, and under different circumstances and conditions would probably have filled a more prominent page in national history. As it was, he showed in his brief hour of opportunity what he could do, and then, like the valiant man of the people that he was, went back to the ranks without a murmur. But, while not filling any public station his sage advice and counsel were frequently moulding and directing the course of events, and were the secret pages of political history revealed it might be found, perhaps, that some of the brightest inspirations, as well as some of the most striking political phrases and suggestions of more than one administration were drawn from this unfailing source. Great as a judge and lawyer, wise as a national counselor, as a polemical writer, it would be difficult in the whole of modern literature to name Judge Black's superior. Gifted with a remarkable memory, he had swept over almost the whole field of things excellent in ancient and modern writings, and with the mental digestion of an ostrich had assimilated and made them all his own. A master of fence as well as of style he drew things new and old from an inexhaustible store house, and overwhelmed adversaries with the character and extent of his resources. He could give to his arrow a Scythian keenness, and could tip them with feathers of more than oriental brilliancy. If a party can be said to sustain a peculiar loss in a man who belonged so essentially to the whole country, the Democratic party must mourn Judge Black with especial sadness. A wiser counselor it never had, and is not likely to have for many a day. His death comes at a time when his party could least afford to spare him, and when his steady and clear vision was most required.

DEATH OF JUDGE BLACK.—Washington, August 20.—The following circular announcing the death of Judge Black was issued from the State Department to day: DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, Aug. 20.—The President directs the undersigned to perform the painful duty of announcing to the people of the United States that Jeremiah S. Black, formerly Secretary of State, and distinguished by faithful services in various public trusts, departed this life at two o'clock on the morning of the 19th inst. As a mark of respect it is hereby directed that the department of State be closed on Tuesday, August 21st, the day of the funeral; that the building be draped for thirty days and that the flag be placed at half mast until after the funeral. Signed, Frelinhuysen, Secretary of State. A similar notice was issued from the department of justice.

LONDON, August 20.—There was serious rioting in the town of Coalbridge, Lanark county Friday and Saturday between parties of Orangemen and Catholics. Twenty-six of the parties who took part in the disturbance were arrested. Five police officers were dangerously wounded in quelling the disorder. The rioting was resumed this morning when a number of Catholics armed with picks and hammers, paraded the main street of the town in search of their religious antagonists and resisted efforts of the force of police sent to disperse them. The officers who were unsuccessful in their attempt to break up the mob were subsequently reinforced by a body of mounted policemen and the combined forces after a sharp fight charged upon and dispersed the parties, twenty of whom were arrested. The town is in a state of great excitement and fresh trouble is expected.

Decidedly one of the handsomest store-houses in the whole South, and one that would do credit to New York's Broadway, is the newly renovated establishment of Wittkowsky & Baruch. Carpenters and painters have been at work in the house for two months past and have now completed their task, leaving Messrs. Wittkowsky and Baruch in possession of an elegantly arranged and handsome store room.—Char. Journal-Observer.

A DISTRESSING AFFAIR.—Dr. F. W. P. Butler, a son of Senator M. C. Butler, a South Carolina, while out horseback riding with a young lady friend at Lancaster Court House, yesterday, met with a distressing accident which may result it is feared, in his death. The horse he was riding became unmanageable and ran away with him. He was thrown off and as he struck the ground, the horse fell on him, crushing him badly and causing concussion of the brain. He was in an insensible condition yesterday afternoon, and the doctors had but little if any hopes of his recovery. Dr. Butler has been living at Fort Law, S. C., for sometime past, where he is a great favorite with the people.—Journal Observer.

The Stranger.—An Eastern Legend.

An aged man came late to Abraham's tent, The sky was dark, and all the plain was bare, He asked for bread; his strength was well nigh spent; His haggard look implored the tenderest care. The food was brought. He sat with thankful eyes, But spake no grace, nor bowed he toward the east. Safe sheltered here from dark and angry skies, The bounteous table seemed a royal feast. But ere his hand had touched the tempting fare, The Patriarch rose, and leaning on his rod, "Stranger," he said, "dost thou not bow in prayer? Dost thou not fear, dost thou not worship God?" He answered, "Nay." The Patriarch sadly said: "Thou hast my pity. Go! eat not my bread."

Another came that wild and fearful night, The fierce winds raged, and darker grew the sky; But all the tent was filled with wondrous light, And Abraham knew the Lord his God was nigh.

"Where is that aged man?" the Presence said, "That asked for shelter from the driving blast? Who made you master of thy Master's bread? What right hadst thou the wanderer forth to cast?" "Forgive me, Lord," the Patriarch answered, "With downcast look, with bowed and trembling knee, 'Ah me! the stranger might with me have staid, But, O my God, he would not worship Thee.' 'I've borne him long,' God said, 'and still I wait: 'Conldst thou not lodge him one night in thy gate?'" [Harper's Magazine for August.

The Russians are great believers in the evil eye, and foreigners, on Russian children being introduced to them, should beware of praising their beauty, or of showing them any of that admiration which, under like circumstances, would be expected in Western Europe. To praise the child is to bewitch it, to bring it ill luck—to affect it, in short, with "the evil eye." Charms and incantations must then be resorted to, and in some cases the priest is called in. By humility and prayer the influence of the evil eye may be averted, but it is desirable that the stranger on seeing for the first time the children of any family he may be visiting, shall not allow himself to exclaim: "What a pretty girl!" or "What a fine boy!"

The poisoned patients in Camden, who suffered so severely from poison taken in ice cream some time ago, are on the convalescent list.

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MECKLENBURG IRON WORKS JOHN WILKES, PROPRIETOR. CHARLOTTE, N. C. Mining Machinery a Specialty. We invite the investigation of Mine owners and Mill-Men seeking MACHINERY. We can furnish on board at our Works, or set up at the mines anywhere in the southern gold region, on short notice.— STEAM PUMPS, STAMP MILLS, (for wet or dry crushing), REVERBERATORY FURNACES, CONCENTRATING MACHINERY, ROLLS, CRUSHERS, CONVEYORS AND ELEVATORS, HOISTING ENGINES, BELT AND FRICTION HOISTERS, WIRE ROPE, RETORTS, BULLION AND INGOT MOULDS, &c., &c. Estimates furnished and prices quoted on application. 25:6m

Why they sold well: "Yes," said the tobaccoist, "I thought at one time that I should get stuck on those cigars. I bought fifty thousand of them cheap, and tried to sell them for five cents apiece, but it was no use. One day the fifteen cent label got into a box of them by mistake, and I sold a hundred of them in less than 20 minutes. I tumbled to the racket and kept the label in the box. They have gone off like hot cakes since then, and these are all I've got left of the fifty thousand lot."

The Philadelphia Press says: Dennis Kerney dresses like a dude, acts like a fool and looks like an ape, but he still imagines himself a statesman.

DIED.

Miss Zena Johnson, second daughter of Mr. A. L. Johnson, died at her father's residence, August 11th, aged about 21 years.

In this city, Aug. 17th, Carrie Lillie, infant daughter of Charles and Nancy E. Smith, aged 1 year 6 months and 19 days.

Mr. Charles Dismukes, of Chatham county, aged about 80 years.

In this county, August 15th, Cora Belle, infant of Isaac and Ellen Lyerly, aged 11 months and 14 days.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Duke's Cigarettes wholesale and retail at Factory prices. Fresh Mackerel (No. 2 Shore), Fat. Lemons by box or dozen. Best Leaf Lard on hand, at A. PARKER'S.

SALISBURY MARKET.

Corrected weekly by J. M. Knox & Co. SALISBURY, Aug 16, 1883.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Bacon 11 to 12 1/2, Butter 15 to 20, Eggs 10 to 12 1/2, Cotton 9 to 10, Corn 60 to 65, Flour 2.25 to 2.50, Feathers 40 to 45, Fodder 30, Hay 60, Meal 30 to 35, Oats 80 to 90, Wheat 30 to 35, Wool 30 to 35.

Salisbury Tobacco Market.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY JNO. SHEPPARD.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Lugs, common to med. 5.00 to 6.25, Lugs, med. to good. 6.25 to 7.50, Lugs, good to fine. 7.50 to 12.25, Lugs, fine to top. 12.25 to 17.50, Leaf, common to med. 6.50 to 8.50, Leaf, good to fine. 8.00 to 11.50, Wrappers, com. to med. 12.50 to 15.00, Wrappers, med. to good. 15.00 to 27.50, Wrappers, good to fine. 27.50 to 40.00, Wrappers, fine. 40.00 to 65.00, Wrappers, fancy, none offered.

The breaks for the past week have been good and prices have ruled high for all grades. All tobaccos have found ready sale at the above quotations. Quotations are changed whenever there is any advance or decline in the markets. Our manufacturers require over one million pounds of leaf tobacco which they desire to purchase on this market and will pay the highest market prices for all manufacturing stock. Wrappers, cutters, smokers are in demand and high.

Concord Market.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY CANNON & FETZER. CONCORD, Aug 16, 1883.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Bacon, Hog round, 12 1/2 to 13, Butter 20 to 30, Chickens 15 to 25, Eggs 10 to 12 1/2, Cotton 64 to 92, Corn 60 to 65, Flour 2.25 to 2.50, Feathers 30 to 45, Fodder, per 100lbs., 75, Hay 50, Meal 65 to 75, Oats 40 to 42, Wheat 90 to 90, Wool 25 to 35.

DRS. J. J. & E. M. SUMMERELL.

ICE: CORNER MAIN AND BANK STREETS. OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 10 A. M. and 3 to 5 P. M. 37 6m

GREENSBORO Female COLLEGE.

Greensboro, N. C. The 55th Session of this flourishing Institution will begin on the 22nd of August, 1883.

Home Comforts, Good Fare, Thorough Instruction. Special care of health, manners and morals. CHARLES MODERATE. For particulars apply to T. M. JONES, Pres. 38:2m-pd

NEW GOODS, CHEAPER than EVE! We have received our new Spring and Summer Goods. Our stock is Large and Complete, consisting of

DRY GOODS GROCERIES, HATS AND STRAW GOODS Boots & Shoes, Drugs and Medicines, NOTIONS, QUEENSWARE, CLOTHING,

everything kept in a First Class Store—all of which we offer as CHEAP as the cheapest for Cash, Good Produce, or First Class Chattel Mortgage. If you would SAVE MONEY, do not buy until you examine our stock.

FERTILIZERS We keep constantly on hand THE VERY BEST BRANDS OF COTTON and TOBACCO Fertilizers. We have a special preparation for Tobacco that we warrant to give entire satisfaction. Don't fail to get it. Last but not least, is the large brick Tobacco Warehouse in rear of our Store, conducted by Messrs. Gray & Bell, w.c.e. you can get the highest prices for your tobacco, and good accommodations for man and beast. Give them a call. No. 1. Murphy's Granite Row. J. S. McCUBBINS, Sr. Salisbury, N. C., April, 1883.

To Mine Owners and Mining Co's. The undersigned are prepared to purchase ore of Gold, Silver, Lead, Copper, and Sulphur, in unlimited quantities, to be delivered at nearest railway station, according to market prices. Cash payments. Contracts entered into for one to fifteen years. RICHARDSON POWERS & COMPANY. London and Swansea, England. All letters should be addressed to W. Farry Gosset, Thomasville, Davidson Co., N. C., sole agent for the United States. 27:1pd

EVAPORATING FRUIT Full quantity on improved machinery, for the purpose of preserving fruit, and other articles. AMERICAN M'FG CO. GREENSBORO, N. C.

MEDICAL BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF NORTH CAROLINA. TARBOROUGH, May 14th to 17th, 1883. Dr. E. Mitchell Summrell, of Rowan County, having passed an approved examination before the Board has been licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, according to law, see chap. 258, p. 356, Private Laws of 1868-'59. P. E. HINES, M.D., Pres't. H. T. BARNSON, M.D., Sec'y. 37:1m

DRS. J. J. & E. M. SUMMERELL. Two of the oldest and best remedies are ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS and BRANDRETH'S PILLS. They are celebrated household necessities. For sprains, rheumatism, pains in the side, back, or chest, or any ailing that is accessible from the exterior, Allcock's Porous Plasters are perfection, while for regulating the blood, Brandreth's Pills are unequalled. Always keep them on hand. 18:1y