

LOCAL.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1883.

Subscription Rates: The subscription rates of the Carolina Watchman are as follows: 1 year, paid in advance, \$1.50...

The big show came, was seen and is gone—and with it your money. Yet we had no fights to make us feel worse over it.

The farmers are rolling in their cotton. Prices ranging from 9 1/2 to 9.87 cents for best grade.

GONE AGAIN.—Our young townsman, Rich. Eades, was to sail on Monday last, returning to Honduras on mining business.

The Boston "Commercial Bulletin" is publishing a series of carefully prepared articles of the North Carolina Exhibit, in that city, the second of which we present on the 18 page of this paper.

Six hundred and eighty people crowded into the Presbyterian church Tuesday night to witness the marriage of Mr. Alexander and Miss Ramsay. Fully that number of more attended the marriage of Mr. McDowell and Miss Graham at the same place a week before.

CHINA GROVE, October 10.—Prof. Gus. Rich gave an exhibition of slight of hand at this place Tuesday night, giving entire satisfaction. Some of his tricks were very fine, and by way of encouraging other public entertainers, I will say the audience was good and the expenses light.

There will be, in Concord, on the 10th of November, a Celebration of Luther's 400th Birthday. Rev. J. Rumble, D. D., of Salisbury; M. L. Wood, D. D., of Trinity College; Gen. Rufus Barringer, of Charlotte; Rev. F. W. E. Peschau, of Wilmington; and Rev. G. F. Schaefer, of Mount Pleasant, have accepted an invitation to deliver addresses on that occasion.

Adam Brown, Esq., showed us a few days ago, a German Bible and spelling book, bought at the sale of the late Miss Polly Hartman, who lived for many years 4 miles south of this place. The Bible is 12 years old, dated at Germantown, probably in Pennsylvania. The spelling book, printed at Philadelphia, is dated 1791.

The Great Eastern Insurance matter, alluded to in our last as having come before the Mayor in the form of charges against agents operating in this community in the name of that concern, went against the agents, who were subjected to fines and costs amounting to about \$80.

We have seen a letter from the Commissioner of Insurance of Maryland, who says these Companies have separate and distinct charters, and make separate and distinct annual reports to him. This being so it is not easily understood how a policy issued by the "Maryland Life Association" can bind the Great Eastern Insurance Co., a matter deemed of considerable importance to those who may have risks on which they are paying out money.

CHARLOTTE BEEF BUYERS.—Two gentlemen of this class called and stayed overnight at my house, near Third Creek, about the 4th of October, and engaged to buy a beef of mine. Under a pretence of looking at another beef beyond my house they went away, promising to return, take my beef and pay for it and their night's lodging; but they did not return, and how I sit, beware of Charlotte beef buyers. One was "Joe Kolerson," and the other "W. W. Thompson."

JOHN A. has been home in this vicinity, Thursday, October 11th. Mrs. MARY HARRISON, consort of John A. Harrison, after a protracted and suffering illness, died about 4 o'clock.

MINING.

T. K. BRUNER, MANAGER.

ROCKY RIVER Mine, in Cabarrus county, will have the balance of its stamp mill on the ground next week.

Mining Notes

FROM MONTGOMERY COUNTY, N. C.

Ex-Sheriff Loftin is still working the Z. Russell, (Little Level), and netting \$2 per day per hand, by a Chilian mill.

D. E. Lyon has a large force of miners cross-cutting at the 80 foot level on the Steel mine vein. They expect to strike the vein in about 12 feet S. E. This property is on the P. Saunders land, adjoining the Steel mine property.

A force of men are at work on the Bunell Mountain property, cross-cutting the quartz veins on the side of the mountain, with the expectation of striking the vein at the rich point where so much large gold has been found below the outcrop of veins.

The Morris Mountain mine is working a full force and taking out some first-class ore. Free gold in slate. They are milling all ore taken out, and it pays well.

ROWAN NOTES.—Gold Hill has been reported on by Prof. Price and Son, of San Francisco, who were brought out here by the London officers. The report has been handed in to the Company, and it has leaked out that it is very favorable. At any rate the balance of the purchase money, past due, has been paid.

The Randolph shaft is sunk to 850 feet. Level drove to Bernhardt shaft and thence to "Gold Field. Stamps are put in operation, and from about 50 assays made by Prof. Price the average ran high—new life instilled, and the future good.

Holt-Housner Copper Mine.—Col. Davidson, of Pennsylvania, and Hon. B. Wilson, of West Va., have commenced operations on their purchase as above. Surface ore shows fine azurite and yellow sulphate of copper.

Dutch Creek is working 20 hands at Copper shaft; are still sinking on the copper vein which, at 70 feet, shows fine ore.

At the Rowan mine work at erecting machinery still progresses. Heilig.—"Dolph" Heilig shows copper and gold at his new find, and the ore is good where the veins cross.

Institute Fair Building.

BOSTON, Oct. 12, 1883.

Messrs. Hussey of the Patriot, and Joseph Caldwell of the Landmark, (two of Carolina's best papers) have been on here to see for themselves what North Carolina has done. They came two days in advance of the State Press Association, and independent of that body. They spent much time in the exhibit and their words of unhesitating commendation were a source of much gratification to all who have been engaged in the work both here and at home.

On Thursday evening of last week, some 25 persons constituting the Press Association of North Carolina arrived. Among them were President London, Secretary Stone, Mr. Ashe and Mr. Hale. The visit of the Association was of the most pleasant character—they were the recipients of many courtesies from the city authorities and from the Boston press. On Friday after their arrival they were taken to Deer Island, one of the reformatories of the city. It is beautifully located in Boston Harbor, some five miles distant from the city. The steamer which carried these guests also conveyed a lot of prisoners, and one of the most interesting features of the trip was the hearing of their examination by the superintendent. Out of the whole lot, some fifty, but one professed that it was the first visit to the place, and but two came back bearing the same name. It seems that when they doff their prison clothes, they also leave their names, taking such names as suits their convenience. After this interesting spectacle was ended the party was shown over the institution. It is very complete in all its departments. There were splendid schools for boys and girls. This State, as you know, has a compulsory educational law. All the truants from the public schools, and all children whose parents do not make them attend the public schools, are brought here, and forced to take a primary education. Everything in this school tends to elevate the child to a higher plane—they have sacred and secular music and a brass band of their own, taught by trained teachers, and also, all the innocent amusements. The last place visited was the nursery. This is filled with infants of all ages—children left on the charity of the world, either by the indigent parents or as orphans. The institution is a monument to a christian community, and is conducted in the most humane manner. Before leaving the Island the party were tendered a reception banquet at the most pleasant character.

The ride back to the city was probably the most delightful one ever enjoyed by many of the party. The evening sun was just sinking to rest behind the great city. Columns of smoke curled above towering domes tinged with golden light. A little later, church spires, index fingers pointing heavenward, out the disk of the lingering sun, and reflected its fading light. Ecstatic vision, savoring of enchantment as the halo died amid the mists of sleeping shade. All on board were hushed in admiration, and seemed in full communion with nature. The scene was linger in the memories of those who saw it; for the glory of that dying day filled every heart. Following those spires as they pointed silently toward the peering stars, the heart was led on, and on, to the Great Creator. God. The striking of the bell and the busy scene on the ward brought back the world. Looking each other in the eye, we saw and felt that we were better for having enjoyed that sight.

On Saturday the editors of the Commercial Bulletin gave the Association an elegant banquet at the Parker House. The occasion was honored with the usual toasts and short speeches. On Sunday, carriages were provided, and the party went for a drive over the city. The Highlands, Brookline, Harvard College, the town of Cambridge and Bunker's Hill were visited. On Monday, an excursion was arranged to Lynn, Lawrence and Lowell, three of the great manufacturing towns of Massachusetts. On Tuesday they took in the foreign exposition, and Thursday night they were tendered an extravagant banquet by the City Press Club. This banquet was the culminating event of their visit, and there will be no attempt made here to describe it. This is a mere outline of courtesies extended to the party while here. They will certainly fill their journals with what they saw, so that your correspondent need not indulge in a twice told tale. It may be well to mention that they all left Boston in fair health. The attendance at the fair has been nearly four times as great this week as last, and is increasing very perceptibly every day. With this constant rush of visitors our little force is kept constantly employed, hardly having time for enjoying meals. Some dark looking mineral brought from Barke county has been carefully examined by eminent men here and in New York, and has been pronounced tin ore, (cassiterite) of high grade, carrying seventy percentum of tin. This is a valuable discovery and will doubtless lead to a thorough exploration of the locality. Mr. McGehee, the Commissioner of Agriculture, leaves for North Carolina this week. He leaves thoroughly satisfied with the work accomplished for the State, and full of bright hopes for her future outcome. Those of us who remain here regret that he finds it necessary to return; for his presence has been an unceasing source of pleasure to those associated with him. His uniform, courteous consideration for those around him, has placed him pre-eminent in their esteem. If your correspondent can find the time, these letters will be continued. T.K.B.

Testing the Graded Schools.

Certain of the tax payers of Shoe Heel and Lunenburg school districts have instituted actions to test the validity of the law establishing graded schools in Shoe Heel and Lunenburg. Upon the issue there hangs the fate of all the schools of that nature in the State. Passing by some minor objections, the one that goes to the merits of the case is that the law is in violation of Act 9, Sec. 2nd of the constitution which provides that there shall be no discrimination in favor of or against any race, color, or religion. In laying the assessment it becomes necessary to assess all persons living within certain boundaries and the opponents of the measure urge that it is wrong to tax the negroes living in those boundaries for the declared purpose of establishing a graded school for white children, though the law provides that all the money paid by the negroes shall be expended in their education. It is a question of great importance and no doubt will be naturally considered. A motion for an order to restrain the county authorities from the collection of the assessment was heard before Judge McKoy at the approaching term of our court.—Robesonian.

Paper Pulp as a Floor Covering.

Your attention has been drawn to a new invention which, in the first place, consists of the utilization of oxidized oil, which, although possessing peculiar and valuable properties, remarkably like india rubber, is not very generally known, and is used to extend to which it might be applied. This oil is of a tough and elastic nature, but lacking the cohesion of india rubber, which is perhaps, the principal reason why its use is limited. It therefore occurred to the inventor of the new floor covering, that if this body could be combined with a felted material, it would form an article of great value. He has, therefore, devised a method by which the oxidized oil can be incorporated with paper pulp. The result is a strong, soft and elastic fibrous material, which can be put to innumerable uses, according to the raw material employed and the method of manufacture. Thus, excellent floor cloth can be produced in a variety of qualities, considerably cheaper than linoleum, and of much more pleasing appearance. With certain bituminous admixtures a material can be made so cheap that it can be employed as a roofing felt, and ship's sheathing felt; and for these purposes it is made almost by the pound. It would be a most valuable material to all classes of engineers as a substitute for india rubber; and as it can be vulcanized and hardened like ebonite, it is suitable for electrical purposes. It would make excellent soles for boots in the place of gutta serena, and it may be employed as a substitute for the latter for many purposes. The inventor has also just patented another process by which the manufacture of paper may be applied to a number of purposes, amongst which, to the manufacture of soft felted fibrous material to be used in the place of felt and other carpets, and where coarseness and smell of oil cloth are objectionable. By this process a material quite as soft as ordinary felt carpets can be produced at a lower price and of a more durable nature.—Printer's Circular.

For the Watchman.

CHINA GROVE, N. C., Oct. 16, 1883.

Mr. J. J. Bruner:

Dear Sir:—Please insert this week in the Watchman the following NOTICE:

It is the desire of the Committee on the Lutheran Celebration, that diligent search be made for any books, records, or other memorials of Luther, in the section called the "German Settlement," and that all persons having the same to bring or forward them for exhibition in Concord, on the 10th of November. Gen. Rufus Barringer will bring with him to the celebration a copy of Luther's Bible, illustrated, expensively bound, very large, and originally belonging to his grandfather, John Paul Barringer. Let all friends of this Union Memorial Service do what they can in this direction.

L. A. BIKLE, Ch'm of Com.

Social Equality.

An Opinion by the Supreme Court which Knocks the Bottom out of It.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—In the Supreme Court to-day, Justice Bradley delivered the decision in the case of the United States vs. Samuel D. Singleton, involving the constitutionality of the act of Congress, of March 1, 1875, entitled "An act to protect all citizens in their civil and legal rights."

He decided that the first and second sections of the act are unconstitutional. Justice Bradley took the ground that the scope of the 13th and 14th amendments did not extend to the social privileges sought to be guaranteed by the legislation in question. The court was unanimous in question. The court was unanimous with the exception of Justice Harlan, who said that under ordinary circumstances he would be slow to oppose his individual judgment to his colleagues but this decision defeated what the people intended to secure, and approved that he secured, and hence he must dissent from the opinion. He had not had time to formulate his views, however, and would, therefore, merely announce his dissent.

Quite a number of prominent lawyers were within the bar to listen to the opinions including the Attorney-General, and Senators Bayard and Garland. The decision will apply to the five civil rights cases in that Court, based on the first and second sections of the civil rights act of March 1st, 1875. They are respectively prosecutions under the act for not admitting certain colored persons to equal accommodations and privileges in inns or hotels, in railroad cars or theaters. The court holds, as stated, that Congress had no constitutional authority to pass the sections in question under the 13th or 14th amendment of the constitution. The decision, however, is held to apply only to the validity of the law in the States and not in the Territories or District of Columbia where the legislative power of Congress is unlimited. The decision is the subject of universal comment here to-night, and it is safe to say that no decision of the Court since the famous Dred Scott decision by Chief Justice Taney has created so much excitement and discussion.

The Louisville Convention of Colored Men bore too much upon the exclusion of the negro from politics and not enough upon his necessities with respect to educational and industrial advancement. Let the race learn to be self-respecting, industrious and thrifty, and they will secure the privileges for which they yearn much more quickly than by vociferating in convention and adopting pretensions fashionable to the prejudice of the white protest most loudly. Think his time is short, and that he cannot, in his own case, afford to wait for the slow processes of natural development.—Boston Post, Dec.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Hyams Bros., wholesale clothing dealers of New York and San Francisco made an assignment this morning. The liabilities are stated at about \$230,000.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The Coran Embassy leaves this city for home via San Francisco and Chicago to-morrow. They will make a few days stay in the latter city.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The tapping of the wires of the Western Union Co., on Saturday by means of which bogus dispatches were sent all over the country, announcing false results of the Jerome park races, and through which nearly \$100,000 was lost by the pool sellers throughout the country, remains as much a mystery as ever. Little sympathy is felt for the victimized pool sellers by the public at large, owing to the enormous odds asked by them on certain horses. Press agent Somerville of the W. U. was seen this morning by a United Press reporter, and in answer to an inquiry said the perpetrators of the tapping had not yet been discovered but a rapid investigation is in progress, and the company will leave no stone unturned to protect its business from such swindles in the future.

DUBLIN, IRELAND, Oct. 15.—Intense excitement has been caused by the action of the Orange Grand Lodge of the county of Termonaghan last Saturday evening. The lodge adopted a resolution that arrangements should be made to convey on Tuesday to the tower of Rossiter, five of each Orange men from counties of Termonaghan, Monaghan, Tyrone and Cavan, in order to break up the national league meeting to be held there to-morrow. Already thousands of land leaguers are on their way from all directions to the place of meeting, and to-day military and police reinforcements to the number of a thousand were sent to Dorchester to assist the local constabulary in preserving order. Should the Orangemen carry out their programme it is not believed that even this large augmentation of the peace preserving force will be enough to prevent bloodshed.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon, the remains of the 107 Confederate dead disinterred from the National Cemetery at Arlington, were placed on board the steamer Geo. Leary at Alexandria for Norfolk, whence they will be forwarded to Raleigh, N. C.

The two funeral cortege bore the remains were escorted to the steamer, flanked by six veteran Confederate and Federal soldiers as pall-bearers, and accompanied by the St. John's Academy Cadets, Alexandria, Regiment Infantry, and the Confederate Memorial Association, and other soldiers of the late war. The city bells were tolled during the march of the procession.

RICHMOND, Oct. 12.—The first challenge to mortal combat on the field of honor between a white man and a colored man was made public here to-day. On Monday night Wm. Flannagan, a candidate for the Virginia Legislature from Chesterfield, knocked a colored man from the platform by a heavy blow with his fist, striking him on the nose. The following day Flannagan was called home by a telegram from his wife, Powhatan county, on receiving the news of a challenge by telegraph to mortal combat from the colored man he had assaulted, Flannagan holds the challenge, and the law officers will hold the colored man if they can catch him.

PROGRESS IN THE SOUTH.—Col. A. K. McClure, editor of the Philadelphia Times, who visited the Louisville Exposition last week, and whose views have been quoted by our special correspondent at Louisville, says the late Atlanta Exposition and the present Louisville improvement upon it may be accepted as dating the new departure of the new South; the departure that is to diversify Southern industry and vastly enlarge the capital and the permanent prosperity of the Southern States. Col. McClure carefully noticed the multiplied evidences of Southern progress in the industrial and mechanical departments of the exposition and concludes that they are far in advance of Northern appreciation. He says the presentation of the coal and iron resources of the Southern States would be worthy of a Pennsylvania exhibition, and that it is gratifying to observe the general and earnest drift of the Southern people to the practical development of her inalienable wealth.

Dr. Ensor, district medical officer at Port Elizabeth, took opportunity to weigh Carey's brain. He reports that, in the whole of his long experience, during which he has given special attention to such subjects, he never knew a brain at once so heavy and so bulky as Carey's. It weighed 61 ounces.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—Some time ago Dr. Cowan, who was a surgeon in Gen. Forrest's Confederate cavalry division, published a letter stating that when Col. Bob Ingersoll was captured in Tennessee he looted Ingersoll ninety dollars which he had never returned. A few days ago Col. Cowan was requested to receive a letter from Col. Bob, enclosing a check for two hundred dollars, being the principal and interest of the amount borrowed.

ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 13.—The indictment against Gov. Conley to-day in connection with the late money order clerk J. O. Nail, charging him with embezzlement of the postoffice funds, by a unanimous vote of the grand jury created a genuine surprise. The first count charges that the defendant, having been postmaster, and with the assistant postmaster having custody of public money, he converted to his own use and to the use of others, the sum of \$100,000, which he failed to deposit in the sub-treasury at New York, as required by law. The second charges him with conspiring to withhold postal revenues of the United States. The third charge is that being officers and agents of the government they unlawfully failed to render to the United States the sum of \$100,000. Great sympathy is freely expressed for Gov. Conley, and but few who know him believe him guilty of criminality.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—A meeting of the Federal and Confederate veterans who participated in the battle of Bull Run, was held at the pension office this afternoon to complete arrangements for a visit to the field of action. Congressman Rosserman presided. It was stated that two hundred veterans would leave on Monday for Bull Run, the object of their visit being to locate the positions held by the several corps of the two armies. The President was invited and will attend if his engagements permit. Secretaries Lincoln and Chandler will be present, also Gen. Rosecrans, Gov. Fairchild, of Wisconsin, Gen's Pleasanton, Meigs, Stoneman, and other prominent Federal soldiers who participated in the battle. Gen. Longstreet and a number of prominent Confederate officers will join the party at Manassas.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The visit today of the veterans who took part in the Bull Run battle of 1861 and 1862 to that historic battle ground was a complete success, the party numbering about one hundred and fifty veterans of the rank and file of the federal army from many different States, some of whom had fought in both battles. Left Washington at an early hour this morning by train for Wellington, near Manassas, Va.

-NEW GOODS!

KLUTTZ AND RENDLEMAN

Have Now Received From New York City One of the Best Fall and Winter STOCKS OF GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS MARKET, WHICH WAS SELECTED in Person, with Great Care as to Prices, Quality, Beauty and to suit the tastes of our Customers, and which we will sell as cheap as the cheapest. Our Department of

Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Boots and Shoes have been largely increased. We have a complete stock of Groceries, and we mean to feed you with the Best

Flour, Meats, Sugars, Molasses, Potatoes, Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Macaroni, Cheese, Canned Fruits, &c., to be had in any market.

A full assortment of Family Medicines. New Stock of Table and Tin Ware. Large lot of Bagging and Ties.

Agents for Coats' Spool Cotton. We buy and sell all kinds of Country Produce. Be sure and see us before you buy or sell, as we will sell you good Goods and save you money.

W. W. TAYLOR, D. J. HOSKIN, & J. A. NEELY, Salesmen. Oct. 1st, 1883.

NORFOLK VA., Oct. 16.—The remains of the North Carolinians dead left this city at 9:15 a. m., on route for Portsmouth preparatory to being taken aboard the Raleigh train, attended by the Light Artillery Bn and Orders of Veterans of Norfolk. The old Dominion Guards met them at the landing of the ferry and headed the line of procession toward the train accompanied by the Ladies Memorial Association, E. A. B. and Old Point Comfort band. The requiem played by the band was beautiful and affected the hearts of thousands of saddened yet patriotic people. The remains in four beautiful caskets were taken aboard the train, and after a few moments of prayer amid the fire of the minute guns, the dirge of the band and tears of the thousands of spectators, accompanied by the Ladies Memorial Association they started for Raleigh the final abode of the brave and gallant dead.

THE NEED IS MUTUAL.—The St. Louis Globe-Democrat says, it is now announced that Mr. Blaine needs a rest from politics. To which we may add that politics needs a rest from Mr. Blaine, too.

MARRIED.

At the residence of J. Rice, Esq., Tuesday the 9th of October, 1883, by Wm. A. Thomson, Esq., Mr. W. C. Winecoff and Miss L. E. Rary, all of Unity Township.

DIED.

At his residence on Taylorsville road, a few miles from this place, Sunday night, Mr. Julius Simonton. He resided with a daughter, and as usual retired to his room the night, and not appearing next morning, she visited his room and found him in bed, dead. Mr. Simonton was a son of the late Ross Simonton, of Ireland, possessed many good qualities, and will be missed in the community.—Statesville American.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Duke's Cigarettes wholesale and retail at Factory prices. Fresh Mackerel (No. 2 Shore), Fat. Lemons by box or dozen. Best Leaf Lard on hand, at A. PARKER'S.

SALISBURY MARKET.

corrected weekly by J. M. KNOX & Co. SALISBURY, OCT. 18, 1883.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Bacon, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Cotton, Flour, Fat, Feathers, Fodder, Hay, Meal, Oats, Wheat, Wool.

Salisbury Tobacco Market.

corrected weekly by JNO. SHEPPARD. Lugs, common to med. 6.00 to 6.25 Lugs, med. to good, 6.25 to 7.50 Lugs, good to fine, 7.50 to 12.25 Lugs, fine to fancy, 12.25 to 17.50 Leaf, common to med. 6.30 to 8.00 Leaf, med. to good, 8.00 to 11.50 Leaf, good to fine, 11.50 to 18.50 Wrappers, com. to med. 12.50 to 15.00 Wrappers, med. to good, 15.00 to 27.00 Wrappers, good to fine, 27.50 to 40.00 Wrappers, fine, 40.00 to 65.00 Wrappers, fancy,—none offered.

The undersigned are prepared to purchase ores of Gold, Silver, Lead, Copper, and Sulphur, in unlimited quantities, to be delivered at nearest railway station, according to market prices. Cash payments. Contracts entered into for one to fifteen years. London and Swansea, England. All letters should be addressed to W. Parry, 20, Abchurch Lane, London, E. C. 4, or to Agents for the United States.

Administrators Notice! Those persons having claims against the estate of T. W. LOWERY, dec'd, are hereby notified to present the same to me for payment on or before the 5th day of October, 1884, or this notice will be filed in bar of recovery. S. H. WILEY, Adm'r. Oct. 4th, 1883.—1m

LAND FOR SALE!

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Rowan County, in the case of J. B. Hooker and others against W. L. P. Eagle and G. G. Eagle, I will sell at the Court House door in Salisbury, on Saturday, October 27th, 1883, at 11 o'clock a.m. forty acres of land, situate in Litcher Township, Rowan County, adjoining the lands of Geo. Barger, Rowan Mitchell and others. Terms:—Cash as soon as sale is confirmed. The above tract contains some good bottom land, and has on it a dwelling house, fences, barn and other out houses, all in good repair. Those desiring to purchase land will find this a good investment. J. B. HOOKER, Commissioner. sept. 22d, '83.

Concord Market. corrected weekly by CANNORS & PETZER. CONCORD, Oct. 17, 1883. Bacon, Hog round, 10 to 12 Butter, 15 to 20 Chickens, 12 1/2 to 20 Eggs, 12 1/2 to 15 Cotton, 9 to 15 Corn, 2 to 3 1/2 Flour, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 Feathers, 20 to 24 1/2 Fodder, per 1000, 1.00 Hay, 5 to 5 1/2 H. S., 80 to 90 O. S., 40 to 45 Wool, 90 to 1.00 25 to

TO FARMERS! The subscription price of the WATCHMAN is only \$1.50, with Kendall's book, "A Treatise on the Horse," free to every subscriber.